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THE LOWELL SUN

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22ND YEAR. LOWELL, MASS. WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1899. 8 PAGES 1 CENT



MR. THOMAS HIGGINS OF ARIZONA, NOW VISITING HIS SISTER AND COUSINS ON PEARL STREET.

ROMANTIC EVENT

Thomas Higgins Meets His Niece in This City

FROM ARIZONA AND NEW ZEALAND

Both Entertained by the McGovern Family

MR. HIGGINS A WEALTHY COPPER MINER

He Tells of the Beautiful Arizona Climate

A most extraordinary event took place at the residence of Miss Mary McGovern of the Weed street school, and her brother John, a few days ago, in the meeting of relatives, it might be said from the uttermost ends of the earth. It could not be called a reunion for the parties had never seen one another before. It had all been arranged by correspondence and the fact that Thomas Higgins, a wealthy copper miner of Arizona met his niece, Miss Mary Higgins of New Zealand at 31 Pearl street indicates that at the present stage of civilization neither oceans nor continents can keep friends apart who are determined to meet and who have the wherewithal to travel.

Mr. Higgins is a cousin of the McGovern family who left Ireland when a mere youth and settled in the mining districts of Arizona. He began work in what was then a mere mining camp but which is now known as the town of Bisby with a population of 5,000. The growth of the mining camps resembled that of all similar districts rich in mineral wealth; by jumps and bounds. The Copper Queen mine was the most successful of those started some twenty years ago but there are many others of various degrees of wealth and development. For a time after Mr. Higgins' arrival there were many prospectors in the copper regions and some of them made immense fortunes by holding their claims and having them developed. At first the output of copper in the Copper Queen was comparatively small as but fifteen or twenty men were employed in working it, but now there are as many as 1200 employed and the output reaches fifty or sixty tons a day. The United Verdi mine at Jerome is the most productive copper mine in the world. It is the mine that gives the greatest returns for the least amount of labor, and the smallest outlay for development while the amount of gold and silver embedded in the ore is often worth more than the copper. This mine was first sold by a prospector for the paltry trifle of $10,000 while at the present time it would sell easily for more than $50,000,000.

Among the early prospectors who operated in the copper country was Mr. Higgins himself and according to the statement of Mr. Hanchard of this city, he has been very successful. He has sold to Mr. Hanchard as the representative of the Lowell and Arizona Copper Mining company a rich copper field in which a mine has been opened with marked success. Mr. Higgins has still more to dispose of or to develop as he may decide; but he says there will be a great influx of people to the mining regions during the next few years.

The climate, Mr. Higgins says, is most delightful. Although hotter in summer than it is here in New England, yet the heat is not oppressive owing to the absence of humidity in the atmosphere. But no matter how high the temperature in the daytime in summer, and it sometimes reaches 110 and 115 degrees there is a delightful during the night which affords ample opportunity for sound sleep.

It is also quite cool in the shade on the hottest day, a peculiarity of the climate characteristic of inland elevated regions, and Arizona is quite mountainous. The temperature in the winter seldom falls below 7 above zero. The scenery is not so diversified as that of New England as for the want of water it alternates between mountain and plain, while as a result, the two chief industries in these regions are cattle raising and mining.

Speaking of Klondike, Mr. Higgins said that while gold is found there, the prospect open to late arrivals is very poor, as he believes that all the valuable gold fields were taken up before the real Klondike craze started. He believes there is a great future before Arizona, so far as mining is concerned, and judging from the recent boom in copper stocks, it would appear that money is made faster from copper than from gold.

Mr. Higgins gives a very graphic account of the push, enterprise and growth of the west and he personally seems to be one of the men who have achieved success, although he is exceedingly modest about his own business, but those who are acquainted with him in business, state that he has made an independent fortune in the Arizona copper fields.

In his visit to Lowell he united business with pleasure and arranged to meet his sister, Mrs. Riordan, residing with the McGovern family, and his niece already referred to.

MISS HIGGINS' TRIP.

Miss Higgins states that she had a most delightful voyage from New Zealand having visited several of the leading ports in Australia, including Adelaide, Albany, in western Australia, Sydney and others. She also visited Colombo, the capital of Ceylon, notable for its pearl fisheries and its cinnamon gardens.

Miss Higgins gives a glowing account of her voyage through the Red Sea and the Mediterranean, past the rocks of Gibraltar, en route to London, which was reached in six weeks after leaving Auckland in New Zealand. Her voyage from London to this country was made in a week, and she reached her destination in this city as fresh as if she had only come from New York.

When asked whether she would prefer this country to New Zealand, she said she likes the latter, but is not here long enough to express an opinion.

Edward Everett Adams has just begun his 11th year as teacher of the piano and voice at Mitchell's Boys' school, Billerica.

Give Us Your Hand

WE'LL GLOVE IT.

With a pair of those $1.00 Gloves. We were certain you'd like them and you did. This tells the story. A fobber who was in our store last week was asked by our buyer who submitted a pair of these gloves to him: "Can you furnish us this glove at $9.00 a dozen?" Upon thorough examination he replied: "No, they are imported stock and can't be made for less than $13.50 per dozen." But we bought them nine months ago and are making our profit in the buying and not in the selling. Don't wait, it's glove time, try these, the new and swell shades of brown, softer, more pliable more body than any $1.50 glove, you or we ever saw. But we're making friends for this famous furnishing department in selling them for

$1.00.

Other street and dress gloves at 50c, 75c, up to $1.75.

2000 PAIRS of Driving and Working Gloves just closed out from one of the foremost glove makers in the country, John C. Allen of Gloversville, N. Y., at less than the actual cost of the leather. If these gloves had been placed on sale at the time the cool weather existed, there would none of them left now to advertise. The prices range 25c, 48c, 50c, 75c.

Lowell One-Price Clothing Company.

72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

J. F. O'DONNELL, UNDERTAKER.

INTEREST BEGINS NOV. 1

On Money Deposited

Friday, Nov. 3rd,

Or Before, In SAVINGS DEPT.

TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK

Rate of 4 Per Cent. per annum, compounded semi-annually.

Open Saturday Evenings. Street Floor. Ladies' Entrance, 44 to 46 Middlesex Street.

BOERS STILL ACTIVE

Gen. Joubert Occupies New Castle in Natal.

The Transvaal Buying Up Provisions—The British Parliament to Call Out the Military Reserve Force.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PRETORIA, Oct. 16 (Delayed in transmission)—General Cronje, after warning the women and children to leave Mafeking opened fire upon the town with cannon this afternoon. No response was made. The report current at Delagoa Bay that 6,000 Boers have been repulsed at New Castle is false.

BUYING UP PROVISIONS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LOURENZO MARQUEZ, Oct. 18.—A representative of the Transvaal government has arrived here and is buying up all the provisions obtainable. One hundred and thirty prisoners just released from the Barbeton jail in the Transvaal, have been put over the Portuguese border.

GENERAL JOUBERT ENTERS NEW CASTLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PRETORIA Oct. 17. (Delayed in transmission) — Commandant-General Joubert has arrived at New Castle, Natal. He found only a hundred men there when he entered the town.

CUT DUNDEE RAILWAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PRETORIA, Oct. 17. (Delayed in transmission)General Jan H. M. Koob, second in command of the Boer forces, is still at Ingogo. He has cannon commanding Bothas and Lennet passes, and has cut the railway between Dundee and De Jaagers' Drift.

LOSS REPORTS UNCONFIRMED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—Up to noon today, no confirmation had been received of the report of serious Boer losses at Mafeking; but stories arrived from various points so persistently and circumstantially that it appears probable that the burghers had met with a measure of reverse. Accounts of the action at Mafeking are now beginning to arrive from Pretoria. Therefore if the Boers had any success it is bound soon to be known. As foreshadowed yesterday they have succeeded in cutting off the water supply at Mafeking; but it is said that there are sufficient wells in the town to supply the inhabitants. A new and serious element in the military situation is the rising of the warlike tribe of Basutos under Chief Moheko, against the Orange Free State.

PARLIAMENTARY ACTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—In the house of commons today the first lord of the treasury and government leader, the Right Honorable Arthur J. Balfour, brought in the following message from the queen:

"The state of affairs in South Africa having constituted in the opinion of Her Majesty, a case of great emergency within the meaning of the act of parliament, Her Majesty deems it proper to provide additional means for military service. She has therefore thought it right to communicate to the house that Her Majesty is, by proclamation, about to order the embodiment of the militia and to call out the militia reserve force or such part thereof as Her Majesty may think necessary for permanent service."

GRAND JURY TERM

Attracts Many Witnesses to Court House

CIVIL SESSION FINALLY ADJOURNED

Tremont and Suffolk Cases Resumed

This is the busiest day that the court house on Gorham street has seen in many a month unless it was yesterday when in addition to the other sessions the probate court held forth.

The corridors and waiting rooms of the new building were crowded all morning, the crowd consisting of witnesses summoned before the grand jury which is sitting in the new superior court room.

Ten out-of-town cases preceded the Lowell aggregation and the latter were reached about noon. Among the Lowell cases is that of William A. H. Kelly charged with murder and some 25 witnesses have been summoned including Tom McLaughlin, J. Joseph Lacey and several others from Lawrence who will give testimony in the case.

Another case which has attracted about eight witnesses and which is not generally known is that resulting from a fire in the house of George H. Scovily at 143 Forrest street, on the night of July 17. After the fire an investigation was made and an inquest held by Fire Marshal Shaw and as a result the evidence is being submitted to the grand jury.

Another fire case that will come before the grand jury is that which occurred in the Wentworth building some time ago.

A majority of the police force, it would appear is before the grand jury in local cases, including Inspectors Laflamme and Allen who will be obliged to temporarily abandon the Boyd murder case.

The grand jury in all probability will make its report on Saturday.

CIVIL SESSION CLOSES.

The most peculiar civil session of the superior court held in Lowell in some time came to a conclusion this morning there being no more cases ready for trial. But few cases were tried at it, though a considerable length of time was consumed owing to the week's delay awaiting the opening case and the lengthy case of Gage vs. the City of Lowell. The jury in the case of Fadden vs. Lawrence Mfg. Co. this morning returned a verdict for the defendant.

THE TAX CASES.

In the probate court room the Tremont and Suffolk tax cases were resumed before Commissioner Lord and Captain James G. Hill, the expert was on the stand all morning. He testified in detail regarding the valuation of the mill property.

FUNERALS.

KEEP—In the death of Mrs. Isabel A. Keep, wife of Mr. Harry A. Keep of 44 Parkview avenue, her husband has suffered the most crushing of a series of bereavements and in this he has lost the loving partner who shared his sorrows and consoled him by her cheerfulness and devotion even when her own heart was bowed down by the weight of woe. Within the past two years Mr. and Mrs. Keep have buried three children, the first a lovely girl of five years, the other two mere infants. Both were just recovering from the sorrows that had befallen them when Mrs. Keep was taken suddenly ill and in spite of all that medical skill could do, passed away after one week's illness. Besides her husband, she leaves a boy eleven years old and a sister, Mrs. Nellie Hayes. Her maiden name was Parmenter and she was quite well known and highly esteemed, especially in the Highlands where she formerly resided. She was a lady of many beautiful and lovable traits of character, one who endeared herself to all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance by her kindness, her geniality and sunny disposition.

The funeral occurred on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock and was largely attended by relatives and friends of the family. Rev. R. A. Greene conducted a simple service at the house and also at the grave in the Edson cemetery, reading appropriate selections from the scriptures and offering a touching prayer. The bearers were all relatives of deceased, namely Clarence A. Parmenter, Fred H. Keep of Milton, Mass. Howard H. Keep and Charles D. Keep, both of Hartford, Conn., the three last being brothers of Harry A. Keep.

There were many floral tributes. Those from the family consisted mainly of a profusion of beautiful cut flowers, roses, pinks, chrysanthemums, with wreaths of immortelles. The others included a large wreath of 33 white chrysanthemums and maiden hair fern representing the age of deceased from Mr. and Mrs. L. Evans; large basket of white pinks and ferns Mr. and Mrs. P. P. Davine; large spray of pink chrysanthemums, Whitney Bros., Boston; spray of pinks and roses, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Prince; spray of roses, Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Sullivan; spray of roses, Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Gardner; basket of pink roses and maidenhair fern, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Weinbeck; plaque of pink carnations, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Burbank; spray of white chrysanthemums, Mr. and Mrs. Albert F. French; spray of white chrysanthemums, Misses Agnes and Winifred Berry; spray of white pinks, Mr. and Mr. M. E. Garland; spray of pinks and maiden hair fern, Miss Elvah M. Hayes. Among those from out-of-town besides those mentioned were the uncle of deceased, Mr. C. W. Thurston and his daughter, Miss A. Gertrude, of Exeter, N. H.; Mr. Parmenter from Portsmouth, Mr. and Mrs. John B. Cone, Mrs. Howard H. and Mrs. Charles D. Keep, all of Hartford, with many others.

In his sad bereavement Mr. Keep has the profound sympathy of many friends who sincerely hope that the brightness of his future will compensate for the afflictions of the past and especially for the loss of a true and devoted wife and mother.

She had pined for the little ones
snatched from her breast
Till the cup of her sorrows ran o'er.
From the skies still they called her to
heavenly rest.
To the joys of eternity's shore.

CASEY —William Casey, aged 76 years, a former resident of this city, and well known here, died Sunday at his home, Turner Falls, Mass. His remains arrived in this city yesterday afternoon and the funeral took place from the northern depot being largely attended. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery under the direction of Undertaker J. F. O'Donnell.

COTTRELL—The funeral services of Mrs. Thomas S. Cottrell were held from her late home, 44 Crowley street, Monday, at 2 p. m. The house was filled with friends who mingled their tears of sympathy with those whose grief was almost unbearable. A fond and loving husband, father, mother are left to mourn their loss. The following list of flowers, sent by loving friends, testifies to the esteem in which she was held. A pillow inscribed "My Wife" husband; lyre with dove inscribed "Our Lottie" father and mother; star with base inscribed "Lottie" Emma Cottrell; wreath with dove, inscription on base, "Dear Lottie," Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Cottrell; spray of white pinks with ferns, Mr. and Mrs. Bert F. Tabor; bouquet of dahlias, Mr. and Miss Stuart of Lynn; basket of roses, chrysanthemums and ferns, Mrs. Ida F. Rowe of Somerville; crescent and star, on base, inscribed "U. O. P. P." Garfield Colony of Pilgrim Fathers; cross of ivy and chrysanthemums, with "Classmate" inscribed on base of pinks and roses, Sunday school class of Paige Street church; set piece composed of pink roses and white pinks, an emblem of the Barnes Sunday school class of the First Baptist church of which Mrs. Cottrell was a member; spray of pinks L. L. Trull's Sunday school class of the First Baptist church; a spray of 22 white roses, Frank D. Proctor; roses and pinks, Mrs. Willard O. King. The following named friends sent sprays of pinks: Mr. and Mrs. Daniel P. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Munson, Mrs. George F. Allen, Mrs. George H. Morse, Mr. and Mrs. Jewett, Mr. and Mrs. W. Rogers, Mabel D. Allen, Etta B. LaRoe, Bernice Gilman, Mr. and Mrs. Neber Noyes, James Flemings, Miss Gullfine, Mr. and Mrs. John Moir, Frank W. Beault and Ella M. Chapman. Rev. Mr. Wilson of the Paige street church officiated. Selections were sung by eight young ladies of Mrs. Cottrell's Sunday school class. The bearers were Frank Osborne, Charles Blake, Leon Brown and Frank D. Proctor. Interment was in the Edson cemetery under the direction of Mr. Weinbeck.

IN FOR ASSAULT

Young Man Fined in Police Court

THE PLAINTIFF AN ARMENIAN BARBER

A Number of Drunks in Court.

Ten drunks appeared before Judge Hadley in the police court this morning.

One simple offender, a woman, was released by the court.

Patrick Mahon, a first offender, was assessed $6.

John T. Harrihan, John C. Crotty and William F. McKenna were second offenders and were taxed each $6.

It was Arthur J. Shanley's second offense for drunkenness within a year. He is only a young man. He pleaded guilty, but the court ordered him placed in charge of Probation Officer Tuttle.

Thomas Hagan was a third offender. He received a sentence to the state farm at Bridgewater.

Patrick Vail, drunkenness, was sent to the same institution.

Patrick Costello was charged with assault and battery and drunkenness. He pleaded not guilty to both charges and was defended by D. J. Donahue, Esq.

Costello was charged with assault and battery on an Armenian, named K. Garabadian. The complainant is a barber with his shop on Charles street. The Armenian claimed that shortly before 12 o'clock yesterday the defendant, in company with another man, came to his shop. Costello asked the Armenian what he charged for a shave. The latter said five cents. Costello then said he would pay him ten cents if he gave him a good shave. An argument about shaves followed, and it soon got too hot for the Armenian, who suspecting the men would do him some injury, rushed from the shop and went in search of an officer. He did not find one, and soon returned to the shop.

The men were still there. The Armenian claimed that as soon as he went into the shop, he was attacked by the men. They knocked him down and in the scuffle the Armenian's spectacles were broken. The Armenian yelled for help and after they had got tired beating him the men left the shop and began to run.

Officer O'Brien was told of the trouble started to search for the men. Officer Welch found Costello in Church street and placed him under arrest. The officers testified that the defendant was under the influence of liquor when he arrested him. The man who went into the barber shop with Costello was not caught.

Costello was sworn and testified in his own behalf. He denied assaulting the Armenian, but said it was vice versa, the Armenian assaulting him. He showed a large cut in his left arm which he claimed was the result of a blow of a board used by the complainant. He was also struck in the head and showed a large lump. His explanation for running was that he wanted to get away from the Armenian. Costello denied he was drunk.

The court found Costello guilty of both charges. For assault and battery a fine of $10 was imposed and he was fined $3 for drunkenness.

Daniel Wood of the Middlesex Tavern pleaded guilty to maintaining a liquor nuisance and was fined $100.

In Lawrence police court yesterday, Alexander Bean of this city was taxed $1 for drunkenness.

STRIKE IS ENDED

Trouble at Stover's Shop Short Lived

MEN RETURNED TO WORK THIS MORNING

Having Gained the Point at Issue

The 35 lasters who went on strike at Stover's shoe shop yesterday afternoon won their point and returned to work this morning. They left work because two Greeks were given employment in preference to skilled American labor. The lasters state that they did not object to the Greeks simply because of their nationality but because though green hands they were taken in in preference to skilled labor.

They were informed last night by their employers that the Greeks would be discharged and they returned to work this morning.

J. L. THAYER

FUNERAL OF A PROMINENT ROYAL ARCANUMITE HELD YESTERDAY.

But two short weeks ago, J. Loring Thayer of the Dorchester district addressed Industry Council, Royal Arcanum and urged the members to increased zeal in support of the order.

Last week he fell from an apple tree breaking his neck and his funeral occurred yesterday in Boston. It was one of the most largely attended of any that has been held in the Dorchester district for some time. The sad and unfortunate accident which had deprived him of life was at once a terrible shock and bereavement to the host of friends whom he had made during the course of an entire life of probity and usefulness. He had a wide circle of acquaintances in business, fraternal and benevolent associations and all were present.

The service was held at the family residence, 86 Ashmont street at 3 p. m., and the capacity of the house was taxed to its utmost. The service was conducted by Rev. Arthur Little, pastor of Second Congregational church of Dorchester. The musical portion of the service was furnished by the Boston Four male quartet. The selections rendered were: "Consolation," "I Cannot Always Trace the Way," and "Nearer, My God, to Thee." Dr. Little delivered a brief and touching eulogy.

The floral tributes from the various organizations of which Mr. Thayer was a member, as well as from personal friends, were of a large variety and were beautiful in design.

The pallbearers were Frederick Cate, representing the bank officers' association; C. R. Dane, representing the Royal Arcanum; Carroll A. Thayer, representing the grand consistory; W. G. Baker, representing the A. O. U. W.; William F. Greene, representing the republican committee of ward 2; A. J. Winter, representing Boston lodge, 134, K. of H.; J. B. L. Bartlett, representing the K and L of H., and C. F. Bruce, representing Boston lodge, 116, A. O. U. W.

The interment was at Mt. Hope cemetery.

The Albion club gave a supper and entertainment at their rooms, Elm street, Saturday evening. The principal features were the singing by Miss Annie Wayne and recitations by H. Brown.

Miss Sadie Benson has returned from a month's sojourn in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Interest on taxes will begin after Friday, Oct. 20.



CAPTAIN C. M. CHESTER, WHO IS TO COMMAND THE BATTLESHIP KENTUCKY.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., Oct. 18.—The first class battleship Kentucky, sister ship of the Kearsarge, which had such a successful trial trip last month, will go out on her builders' trial trip in a week or ten days. While the date has not been finally determined, it is certain that the ship will be tried this month. The official trial will take place about two weeks later. The Kentucky has aboard most of the guns of her main battery in the superimposed turrets. She will be painted white in a few days.

Captain C. M. Chester, formerly of the cruiser Cincinnati, and in command of the South Atlantic station, who has been assigned to command the Kentucky, is at the shipyard daily observing the progress on his new ship.

Putnam & Son

There's No Question

but that a well tailored, well fitting suit gives most men a feeling of satisfaction obtainable in no other way.

The ordinary ready-made will not produce it—few men can afford to pay the high prices asked by a first class tailor.

Right here the elegantly tailored clothes made by Rogers, Peet & Co. come in.

These makers of the finest ready-to-wear clothing in the world are in closest touch with the high class tailors of New York, reproducing the same ideas, using the same cloths—cloths not to be had in other ready-made.

Besides a saving of $10.00 to $20.00 there's this advantage in buying these clothes, you can come here, make your selection, try the suit on and wear it away—the whole business done in a few minutes.

If any alterations are needed we make them, just as the tailor does.

These fine suits are shown in Cheviots, Undressed Worsteds and the new grey shades of striped and checked Worsteds, at $9.98, $13.95, $19.95, $21.95, $22.95, $23.95.

FALL TOP COATS

of Rogers, Peet & Co.'s make, some lined with silk, some with fine Italian; Whipcords, Covert Cloths and Black Cheviots, at $13.45, $14.85, $17.95, $24.50.

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

BRAVE MEN FIGHT

Burghers Compelled to Face an Armored Train

British Destroy Bridges to Prevent Boers' Advance—Fighting Since Saturday Night at Mafeking

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—A special dispatch from Pretoria, dated October 11, by way of Delagoa Bay, says:

"A cyclist dispatch was received from Ottoshoop, near Mafeking, at six this evening, asserting that heavy fighting had been in progress all day long north of Mafeking. The British troops on board an armored train acted as a covering for the military engineers engaged in repairing the tracks. A Maxim on the train kept up a continuous fire.

"Conspicuous bravery was displayed on both sides, but it soon became apparent that the rifles of the burghers were ineffective against an armored train. The latter, however, was once forced to retreat before a particularly strong assault; but it soon returned, accompanied by a British mounted contingent, and the fighting was renewed fiercely.

"Fighting still continues, the Boers holding their positions well. A dozen Boers were killed or wounded; but the British casualties cannot be ascertained.

"Heavy firing can be heard south of Mafeking, where General Cronje's commando is operating.

"A Corps of experienced continental engineers, former officers, has left Pretoria for the southwestern borders, escorted by a commando of picked Boer shots. It is probably intended for large

"A big engagement is expected shortly in the vicinity of Ladysmith. The forces of Commandant Piet Vys are encamped on a mountain overlooking Dundee, from which point they will be able to observe the movements of the British troops."

According to a dispatch from Pretoria, the Transvaal government received an offer from a wealthy European recently to supply a fleet of completely equipped torpedo boats for the purpose of blowing up the British transport on arrival in South African waters. The offer was curtly rejected, President Kruger refusing even to consider it.

The originator of the scheme, who had been in Pretoria only 21 hours, left immediately.

THE BOERS REPULSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 17.—From Colesburg come persistent reiterations of the report that the Boers have attacked Mafeking and have been thrice repulsed with heavy losses. From other towns on the border similar reports are received. Small pox has broken out among the natives from Johannesburg. Eight cases have been discovered.

ALIWAL NORTH ISOLATED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 17—Aliwal North, Cape Colony, is now isolated.

EXTREME MEASURES ADOPTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PRETORIA, Oct. 11—(delayed in transmission)—The executive council have decided to release all burghers undergoing a year's imprisonment or less. All other prisoners who are in the same category will be sent across the border.

The French, German and Italian consuls have issued proclamations calling upon their respective citizens to remain neutral.

As it has been discovered that attempts are being made to tamper with the railways, the Landrosts have been authorized to shoot on sight all persons found near railways with dynamite.

APPEAL FOR PEACE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 16.—The archbishop has issued a pastoral earnestly reminding the clergy and laymen that men of honor and integrity equal to their own may espouse the opposite side, seeing that warm friends and even families are divided in this crisis.

In concluding the appeal, he says: "I beg you all to avoid rash talking and endeavor to pave the way to a durable peace and to friendly relations when by God's mercy, the war shall be a thing of the past."

FROM LONDON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 17—Belated despatches from the scene of action in South Africa throw little fresh light upon the situation. The Boers appear to be strengthening their position in Natal and bidding their own time for attack. The Orange Free State Burghers are apparently threatening to invade Cape Colony by way of Norvals Pont and Aliwal north, both of which are at their mercy if they possess artillery.

So far as is know the only British force stationed at Aliwal north is detachment of the Royal Berkshire regiment.

300 BOERS KILLED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—A special dispatch from Cape Town says that 300 Boers and 18 British have been killed in a battle near Mafeking.

SEVERE STORM

HAS RAGED IN MOUNTAINS SURROUNDING LEADVILLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LEADVILLE, Col., Oct. 17.—For more than a week a snow storm of unprecedented severity for this time of the year has been raging in the mountains surrounding Leadville. One band of 1100 sheep and the herder with them are lost. The name of the sheperd is unknown. Other large flocks have reported heavy losses and no word has been received from others known to be still in the mountain pastures.

Two prospectors from Tennessee Park attempted to cross Mt. Leon Tuesday and one has just arrived in Leadville. He says the blizzard came upon them when they reached the summit. It was only by the greatest exertions that they made their way. They were nearly frozen to death when they reached a wood-cutter's cabin, the second night. They passed a band of 2,000 sheep, many of which had perished in the storm.

SUICIDE'S BODY

STOOD LIKE A POST IN THE RIVER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—The body of a man sticking in the mud of the Harlem river, under High bridge, was found yesterday afternoon. He apparently had jumped from the bridge. There was a bullet wound in the head and a rope tied to both his neck and his waist from the ends of which stones were hung. He still held the pistol in his hand.

The man was Frank Gehlna, thirty-five years old, formerly employed in the Van Twiller hotel, at Twenty-fifth street and Lexington avenue. The body was found by Patrolman Woodlin of the High bridge station.

The policeman, with boards and the help of a few men, got the body out after cutting it loose from the stone weights. It was taken to the High Bridge station. It is believed that the man had tied the ropes and rocks about his waist and neck, then stood outside the railing of the promenade on the bridge, shot himself and then fell.

Mr. Edmund C. Little, son of Mr. Moses Little of the firm of Cook, Tayler & Co., is in Chicago visiting relatives. Mr. Little may decide to permanently locate in the west.

"Like Diamonds Raindrops Glisten."

Drops of Hood's Sarsaparilla are precious jewels for the blood which glisten in their use, and, like the rain, disappear for the good of humanity. Each dose when taken is in a very short time thoroughly mixed with the blood and actively getting in its work of purification.

Run Down—*"My husband was run down in health and all tired out. Those excellent medicines, Hood's Pills and Sarsaparilla, built him up again." Mrs. H. L. Mowry, Towanda, Pa.*

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

SECRET MARRIAGE

BROUGHT TO LIGHT BY SICKNESS

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Clifton Garfield Raynor of No. 263 Hawthorn street, Flatbush, was secretly married to Miss Nellie Frankenburg of No. 691 President street, Brooklyn, July 22. The marriage was opposed by the bride's parents and the couple eloped to Paterson, N. J.

Young Mr. Raynor is a clerk in a sporting goods house in Nassau street Manhattan, and at the time of his marriage was getting $10 a week. Miss Frankenberg's parents had no objection to the young man except that he was not making enough money to support a wife. The sweethearts were told that they might marry when Mr. Raynor was financially able. At the time of the ceremony they agreed to keep the marriage a secret for two years. By this time Mr. Raynor hoped to be in a more lucrative position. Then they would simply produce their marriage certificate. Mrs. Raynor went back to her parents as if nothing had happened. She accompanied them to Southold, L. I., for the summer. While the husband was visiting at his bride's home she became ill with gastric fever with symptoms of typhoid.

The young husband was sent for the doctor. He was greatly agitated and in his excitement he begged the physician to hurry and save his wife. Then the young man had to come out with the whole story. The doctor thought it best to inform the parents of the patient. When Mrs. Raynor was in a condition to hear the shock her mother informed her that she knew of the marriage and the young couple received the parental blessing. Mrs. Raynor was able to be brought home a few days ago and is almost well again. She will be able to go to her husband's home in a few days. The notice of their marriage was published yesterday. Raynor's salary has been raised to $12, and he declares that he will be amply able to support his bride on that.

THE PATRIA

A MANILA NEWSPAPER HAS BEEN SUPPRESSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, Oct. 17, 7.25 p. m.—The newspaper Patria has been suppressed, and its editor, Senora Unta, a Spaniard, placed under arrest on charge of printing and publishing seditious documents. For some time the Patria has been hostile to the Americans.

Recently pamphlets attacking the Americans and the friendly Filipinos have been circulated, and the police believe that Unta wrote and printed them.

WEEDEN INDICTED

FOR THE MURDER OF HIS WIFE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

KINGSTON, R. I., Oct. 17.—The grand jury of the court of common pleas, division of the Washington county court October session, today returned an indictment against Andrew Weeden, charged with the murder of his wife Mary at Narragansett Pier, on August 16 last. The defendant when arraigned in court pleaded not guilty and was remanded to jail without bail. True bills were also found against Bert Johnson and Burnside Rhodes for engaging in a fight by pre-arrangement at Narragansett Pier last July. Both men pleaded guilty.

CABINET MEETING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—The cabinet met this morning at the residence of Mr. Arthur J. Balfour, first lord of the treasury and government leader in the house of commons, instead of at the foreign office, it being the first time during the existence of the present ministry when this has occurred.

From Yesterday's Late Editions.

LOWELL SYRIANS

Arrested in Lawrence Yesterday For Disturbance

THERE WERE FIVE ARRESTS MADE.

Wife Deserted Husband for a Cousin.

There was quite a disturbance on Essex street in Lawrence yesterday, in which Lowell people figured. The row drew a crowd of several hundred spectators and ended in the arrest of five of the Syrian colony.

As usual, a woman was the cause of it all. Two Lowell Syrians were endeavoring to bring a young woman, the wife of a Lawrence Syrian, to Lowell. The woman was willing, but the husband was not, and he was backed up in his efforts to prevent the scheme by several of his neighbors.

Two weeks ago, George Thom and Mary Hinde were married by Assistant City Clerk Riley. The marriage was performed one night about nine o'clock and it was noticeable at the time that the bride was reluctant to have the ceremony performed, but was coerced by Thom and several older Syrians, who were present.

Less than a week after the marriage the young woman deserted her husband and went to Lowell to live at the home of her cousins, Elias and Colet Matta, the latter of whom, it is said, was a suitor also for her hand.

Saturday the young woman came back, and her Lowell cousins, thinking she was being detained here against her will, came down to bring her back.

The young woman was satisfied to go, evidently, but her husband was not. Owing to the shut down at the Washington yesterday, the Syrians were not at work, and a good many of them took a hand in the factional quarrel. The Matta brothers and several other friends from Lowell had the young woman in charge when they were encountered on Essex street by the husband and his friends, one of whom was the wife's sister. At the transfer station a general row seemed imminent, but the timely arrival of Officers Kelleher and Benoit, who had previously warned them to go about their business, prevented hostilities. The two women with Thom and his brother Michael were placed under arrest for disturbance. Special Officer Caffrey a few minutes later handed over Joseph Ferris, who was also mixing in the trouble. The Lowell men got out of the way, but the rest of the bunch were given a ride to the station.

THE TAX CASES

Resumed at the Court House This Morning

FOUR COURTS WERE IN SESSION.

Verdict for Defendant in the Stiles vs. Glines Case.

The court house on Gorham street was the scene of a busy place this morning. The grand jury was in session in the upper court room, and between 75 and 100 witnesses were outside in the corridor waiting to be heard on various cases.

The probate court was in session down stairs and Judge George F. Lawton had a big grist of business before him. The court of bankruptcy held forth in the old probate court room, and Referee Barnes was kept busy finding out just what the assets and liabilities were in various cases.

The corporation tax cases were heard in the county commissioners' room. Upstairs in the old court room Judge Lilley held the session of the superior civil court. Take it all in all, there was not a busier spot in the city than the court building this morning.

The court officers and Theodore Adams, janitor, were kept busy directing people to their proper places.

SUPERIOR COURT.

The case of George F. Stiles vs. Josie A. Glines went to the jury yesterday, and the court adjourned until this morning. The jury in the case returned a verdict for the defendant. W. H. Anderson for the defendant; C. H. Conant for plaintiff.

The case of James McFadden vs. Lawrence Mfg. Co., was then called. Edward D. McVey appears for the plaintiff; G. F. Richardson for the defendant. This is an action of tort to recover damages brought by the administratrix of the estate of James McFadden (his widow) for the death and conscious suffering of the deceased, caused as the plaintiff says, by the negligence of the defendant corporation. On the morning of February 17, 1897, Mr. McFadden was ordered by the superintendent to put on a belt. McFadden said "All right, but tell the engineer not to start up." While McFadden was actually engaged in putting on the belt the speed was started up and he was drawn up and around the shafting and received injuries from which he died in a short time.

TAX CASES.

The cases of the Tremont and Suffolk against the city of Lowell for abatement of taxes was resumed this morning. Commissioner Arthur Lord presided. The greater portion of the morning session was taken up by City Solicitor Qua, in a long and intricate legal argument, tending to show that the theory of taxation held by the corporation was entirely wrong. F. E. Dunbar, attorney for the corporation and A. S. Covell, treasurer, listened attentively to Mr. Lord.

BANKRUPTCY COURT.

Charles J. Barnes, referee, ordered to be dissolved the cases of John F. Cosgrove and William Cogger.

Adjourned first meetings: M. T. Murphy, E. P. Eutredge & Son, J. A. Honey, William P. Fey, James B. Carr, Mary A. Harris, Forsyth Bros., Noble W. Stephenson, Benjamin S. Stephenson, Horace B. Osborn, Horace H. Sweetser, Delancy C. Tranter, Conville & Lavasseur, Ralph R. Lyman, Emery D. Robinson, Thomas F. Brennan, Mary M. Fabre, David P. Cavanaugh, E. N. Wood & Co., Hiram D. Hale, Fred A. George, Charles A. Kendall, Charles T. Melvin, T. S. Cobb & Co., Mrs. Charles Payne, J. Henry Collins.

First meeting: John J. Rooney, Thomas F. Hill.

James J. Kerwin was appointed trustee in the case of J. Henry Collins. Charles H. McIntire was appointed trustee in the case of John J. Rooney.

PROBATE COURT.

Wills presented for probate: Dexter Washburne, Marlboro; James M. Coburn, Dracut; Elizabeth L. Brigham, Margaret Carton, Joseph Couta, Mary Hodge, Mary McCann, all of Lowell; John P. Dextra, Tewksbury; Josephine Pierce, Woburn; Mary E. Dean, Everett; Daniel O. Garrison, Cambridge.

Administrations: Margaret Bell, Everett; Honora McKelleget, Cambridge; Edwin G. Champney, Arlington; Mary P. Sanborn, Westford; John Logue, Chelmsford; Betsey L. Parmenter, Lowell; Charlotte L. Newton, Sudbury; James Skillion, Lowell; Catherine O'Rourke, Lowell.

THE DENSE FOG

Impeded Navigation in Boston Harbor

FERRY BOAT WAS BADLY DAMAGED.

Street Railroad System Also Tied Up.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 17.—Navigation in Boston harbor and along the coast was again impeded by a dense fog early this morning. The East Boston ferry boat Noddle Island while making one of her regular trips to the city lost her bearings and instead of making for her berth, headed up the Charles River, where her progress was blocked by a pier of the Warren bridge. The vessel crashed into the pier with considerable force and was considerably damaged. Her frame work was damaged and her cabin twisted out of place. No one was injured.

The railroad hands had difficulty in seeing signals at one time and several trains were delayed while the switching of freight trains was done under difficulties.

Fog was not the only element of delay this morning. For many hours the entire street railway system in the central part of the city was tied up. The trouble was caused by an explosion of gas in manholes in Albany street about midnight, causing the destruction of the feed wires leading from the central power house. At 2 o'clock the great cables on Albany street were burning furiously. The system was partially restored at daylight but many exasperating delays occurred just as the army of suburbanites was coming in to work. At times there were long lines of motionless cars on several out-of-town routes. Many persons were obliged to walk long distances and were late in arriving at their places of employment.

The ferry boat Winthrop of the South East Boston ferry in command of Captain Johnson, while making one of her early morning trips lost her bearings and ran into one of the wharves near her slip, resulting in some damage to the boat.

During the 7 o'clock trip from East Boston to the city, the ferry boat Gen. Hancock, was in collision in midstream with a small stone-laden schooner and a lighter in tow of the tug. There was scarcely any headway on the ferry boat at the time and she was doing little more than drifting in the fog. Consequently the damage sustained was not material, the vessels merely coming together lightly. The local steamers from eastern points reached port on time not having been delayed by the atmospheric conditions.

The arrivals included the Penobscot from Bangor, and Bay State from Portland.

ROBBED OF $4000

A SPECIAL POLICEMAN TAKES MONEY FROM POOL ROOM.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 17.—Austin's pool room, the largest in the city, was robbed of $4000 yesterday, by Robert J. Bolken, an ex-policeman, who has been for some time employed as special policeman at the club. The place had been closed for some time, but Bolken induced the cashier to return to the room and with a revolver compelled him to open the safe. He took all the cash, including $90 in coin. He then made his escape. Bolken is a dead shot and has already killed two men. He served part of a term in the penitentiary for killing a deputy sheriff who resisted, while Bolken, who was then a policeman, was trying to arrest him. He was released through the action of the supreme court. Every effort is being made to apprehend the desperate robber but it is feared loss of life will result.

ONLY A FEINT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LADYSMITH, Natal, Oct. 16.—The threatened assault upon Glencoe is believed to be a feint in the hope of weakening the garrison here and exposing the town to an attack from the westward. The Boers are resting preparatory it seems to completing their encircling movement for the expected attack upon Dundee. They cannot advance much further without coming into contact with the British cavalry, who screen the position. Nevertheless, the situation is such that little fighting is expected in the near future in this section apart from desultory outpost skirmishes. All the women and children have left Dundee.

CAKE WALK AT NASHUA.

Thomas McHenry and Jennie Hullis of this city will give an exhibition of cake walking at Nashua this evening.

Special Offer

-FOR-

ECONOMICAL BUYERS.

500 pairs trousers at $1.50, of extra heavy strictly Pure Wool Cassimeres in four shades, well worth $2.50.

150 pairs Trousers at $2.00 in six new choice patterns for fall and winter, guaranteed all worsted, the greatest bargain ever offered at this price, well worth $4.00.

See Our Middle Street Trousers Window.

Men's Winter Overcoats at 2-3 regular prices.

Men's Winter Suits at 2-3 regular prices.

Men's Winter Underwear at 2-3 regular prices.

Boys' Winter Clothing at 2-3 regular prices.

The price difference here over regular prices is quite enough to bring out the economical; but besides that very pleasing condition you've greater choice of desirable clothing and a showing more in touch with the season's best styles than are afforded elsewhere.

J. L. CHALIFOUX.

Central and Middle Sts.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

GOEBEL WILL WIN

Bryan Effects a Mighty Change in Kentucky

THE DEMOCRATIC LEADER WARMLY RECEIVED

Urges Surpport of the Regular Candidate

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CENTRAL CITY, Ky., Oct. 17.—Mr. Bryan entered the Kentucky political battlefield yesterday. In spite of all threats of assassination, and before night he had justified the wisdom of his bravery in supporting Senator Goebel, the regular democratic candidate for governor.

Instead of hisses and revilings, he was greeted with cheers. Instead of bullets, roses and field flowers were pelted at him.

The democratic leader stirred the multitude gathered to acclaim him when he told them again and again that if Kentucky had been represented in the senate by Joe Blackburn, instead of a republican, the Bacon resolution promising independence to the Filipinos would not have been adopted, and a bloody conquest averted. This was the keynote of his appeals for Goebel. Unless there was a democratic victory this year Joe Blackburn could not be re-elected to the senate next year.

Mr. Bryan charged that Kentucky had been stolen for McKinley by the republican election office in 1896.

Everywhere great crowds swarmed in from the farms, men and women on horseback, on foot, in wagons, rough picturesque processions trudging over every road and trail. Not a single note of dissent was heard, not a groan, not a hiss.

Mr. Bryan was accompanied on his special train by Senator Goebel, Capt. Blackburn, Ollie James and other Kentucky politicians. Mrs. Bryan, too, was at his side, constantly guarding him against over-exposure. His voice was somewhat husky, but he seemed to be in the form he showed in 1896. He now wears a tiny opal on his shirt bosom instead of the famous little diamond which aroused the republican writers.

This day's work is the most delicate task that has been presented to Mr. Bryan since he assumed the supreme and unchallenged leadership of his party. He had to choose publicly between two candidates, each claiming to be the true democratic nominee.

It was worth a trip to Kentucky to see him as he faced his first audience at Hartwell this morning, and declared, without faltering or evasion, that the election of Goebel and the whole democratic state ticket was necessary to democratic success in 1900.

The hired agents of the Louisville & Nashville railway company, who are supporting Brown for governor, at first declared that Mr. Bryan would not dare to enter Kentucky or take part in a family fight. But when threats of personal violence and hints of knifing next year were found to be of no avail, the democratic conspirators then announced that, although Mr. Bryan might come to Kentucky, he would ignore the local fight and confine his speech to national issues. It was confidently proclaimed that he would not endanger his authority as leader by mentioning Goebel's name.

They did not know him. With Goebel standing by his side he proclaimed him as the regular democratic candidate, and boldly attacked the Brown movement as a scheme to elect a republican governor. As the day wore on he became more and more emphatic in his advocacy of Goebel.

HUNTER SHOT

BANGOR ARCHITECT WOUNDED BY COMPANION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BANGOR, Oct. 17—Ellsworth C. Hodgins, architect in this city, has been brought to his home in Hampden suffering with serious injuries as a result of being shot, he being taken for a deer.

He and a companion, Edward Ellingwood, of this city, located a deer and one of them fired at it. The shot was fatal, so the men separated in order to find the game.

They had been apart but a few minutes when Ellingwood saw a movement in the bushes and fired.

There was a cry and running to the place he found that he had shot Hodgins.

It was found that the ball had gone into the wounded man's clothing on the right side and passed behind his back, grazing the skin and leaving its black mark, and then came out on the left side at a point parallel with his elbow and had struck the bone.

Had the ball gone a quarter of an inch closer to his body Hodgins would have been killed.

NEW COPPER COMPANY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LANSING, Mich., Oct. 17—Articles of incorporation of the Peak Copper Co., were filed with the secretary of state yesterday. The capital stock is $2,500,000. The company paid $12,500 franchise fee. The corporators are: W. L. Laffer, Cleveland; O. E. Lewis, Boston; H. T. Carleton, Cleveland; W. J. Prince, Bessemer, Mich. Laffer will be president and Carleton, secretary-treasurer.

SHOT BY ROBBER.

EUGENE HERRICK ATTACKED BY UNKNOWN ASSAILANT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 17.—This morning, a hostler, named Eugene Herrick, employed at the Congress square livery stable, was shot in the left shoulder by an unknown assailant, and as he claims, robbed of $25 in money.

Herrick says that he went to the back part of the stable and opened the door that leads into an alley. As the door opened a shot was fired at him and he fell to the floor. Then two men seized him and dragged him out into the alley and went through his pockets taking what money he had. The assailants made good their escape. Herrick notified the police, who are making investigations. The only description apparently that Herrick could give was that they were very large men.

The wounded man was removed to the Maine General hospital, where his injuries were found to be very serious.

LIVERITA

THE UP-TO-DATE LITTLE LIVER PILL

CURES Biliousness, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick-Headache and Liver Complaint.

SUGAR COATED.

100 PILLS 25 CTS.

Sold by all druggists or sent by mail. Nervita Medical Co., Chicago

For sale by Ellingwood & Co., Druggists, Lowell, Mass.

ARE YOU AWARE

That the mornings and evenings are getting cool and that you will have to get out your Winter Clothing? Well, here is where we come in to play. If you find out that your winter garments are soiled or faded bring them at once to the

BAY STATE Dye Works

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and we will cleanse or dye them and make as good as new at a very slight expense. All work guaranteed first class at

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CONSUMPTION

To the Editor - Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C., No. 183 Pearl Street, New York.

Music Hall

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Matinee, Oct. 16, 17, 18.

New City Sports Big Show

Phil Sheridan, Sole Prop. and Mgr.

The BARNUM of its class. Everything new and up-to-date

Three Nights Commencing Thursday, Oct. 19, Matinee Saturday.

A play of heart interest, pure comedy and brisk Americanism

The American Girl

By H. Grattan Donnelly, author of "Darkest Russia." Introducing the Comedian, Geo. F. Hall, with two rays of brightness, the American twins Prince Roy and the Little Lady

Direction of A. Q. SCAMMON.

Star Theatre, 232-234 Middlesex Street, FRANK KNIGHT, Proprietor. This Week

SCANLON & MILEY, Comedy Sketch Artists.

GRACE WHEELER, Balladist.

BLANCHE WILSON, Musical Artist.

LEOPOLD & WESTON, Kings of Komedy.

GERTRUDE RIGGS, Serio-Comic.

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For Drawing School.

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Ladies' Capes, Jackets, Suits, Skirts and Millinery.

Gent's Suits, Overcoats, Dry Goods

SAME PRICES CASH OR CREDIT.

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26 Central Street,

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TODAY

Is none to soon to have glasses righly fitted. No "guess-work" fitting is satisfactory. Scientific accuracy is what is wanted to preserve the sight and prevent eyestrain and blindness.

GEO. G. ROGERS,

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138 Merrimack St.

GOING AWAY?

Hope you'll have a good time and we know you will if you . . . . . .

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and all kinds of supplies. Also all leading makes of cameras. . . . .

ONE OF OUR

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19 LBS. BEST

Granulated Sugar

For $1.00.

Delivered free to our Tea and Coffee customers.

O'Brien Bros.

FISKE BUILDING.

227 Central Street. Tel. Con

FOR MORE POLICE

Common Council Votes an Appropriation of $1100

Councilman Markham Addresses Council in Favor of Appropriation—"To Much Deadwood and a Needless Probation Officer" Says Councilman Saunders—Other Business Transacted

The common council went their brethren of the upper board one better on the matter of better police protection last evening for while the aldermen recommended more police, it remained for the council to make it possible to have more police by passing an order appropriating $1100 for police.

In the absence of President Paige, Councilman Mullaney of ward two was chosen chairman, and he proved himself an able presiding officer.

The session began a little before 8.30 with 17 members present. Half a dozen came in later, however.

A petition from the Sisters of Notre Dame that a portion of Adams street be paved with asphaltina was referred to the committee on streets.

The monthly reports of the city messenger and the building department were placed on file.

The mayor vetoed the resolution appropriating $300 from the general treasury fund to procure apparatus for the recovery of drowned persons. The general treasury fund is already overdrawn, the Mayor stated in his veto the resolution was therefore illegal. He suggested that money be taken from the fund for incidentals. The chair asked if the resolution should be passed over the mayor's veto. The vote resulted 9 in favor and 11 against, sustaining the mayor's veto.

Later in the meeting Mr. Badger introduced an order appropriating $300 from the fund for incidentals, for procuring apparatus for the recovery of drowned bodies, the appropriation to be charged to the police appropriation. The order was passed.

The joint resolution appropriating $600,000 from the general treasury fund in anticipation of taxes, was given final passage in concurrence with the upper board. The joint resolution to borrow $5000 for the extension of Aiken to Merrimack street was given final passage, 21 votes in favor and none against. Mr. Lebrun gave notice of immediate reconsideration and on the second vote on final passage, the former vote was sustained, but this time with only 20 in favor.

A bill establishing the pay of election officers was passed, no votes in opposition. The pay for all precinct officers is fixed at $10 for the day.

MORE POLICE WANTED.

Alderman Taylor's order introduced into the board of aldermen Monday night, providing for the addition of six officers to the police force, started a discussion that was continued when a joint order to borrow $2000 for the benefit of the police department in the employment of new patrolmen, was read. This order was introduced by Councilman Markham.

Councilman Markham moved as an amendment to Alderman Taylor's order that 10 officers be added to the force, instead of six, as there are more than six men on the supernumerary list, who have waited two years or more. The cost would be about $1000 a year for each.

Councilman Saunders then opposed the measure saying: "While I believe in the protection of life and property, I also believe in a little discretion. It is a serious question in my mind whether the police department does not need a little revision. We cut just as close as we could in making the appropriations this year, and at the present time the police department has barely enough to carry them through the year, so that the proposed addition to the police force means a substantial appropriation to pay the cost.

Mr. Markham's amendment was defeated and the original order of Alderman Taylor passed.

The joint order to borrow $2000 for the police department then came on its adoption.

Mr. Wiggin believed that as only two months of the present year remain, $1000 would be enough. Mr. Markham, however, maintained the need for $2000, disclaiming any other desire than to add to the efficiency of the police patrol service. "Last year," he said, "the chairman of the board of police asked for $125,000 for the department, but received only $123,000. Before the year was out the money was gone and more had to be appropriated.

"There is a great deal of crime in the city and a lack of police protection. Five men were taken off the force this year to strengthen the liquor squad and as a result the beats had to be lengthened. There are about 100 patrolmen in the city for 85,000 people. Cambridge is smaller, but has a greater force and Fall River and Worcester also are better protected. The city has grown and the police force should grow too. Last week the officer called to Pawtucketville had to cover a district from Fletcher street around to the ice houses. What sort of police protection is that? What police protection have they in Pawtucketville? What have they in Ayer City, where there is crime nearly every night? It is coming to a time when you will have to appropriate more money for the police department. Money is not wasted when it goes into a department like that. It is for the people of the city and they get all the benefit. If there are 10 more men it means 10 more routes. The patrol beats would be cut down and the whole city benefited.

"We've got about as good a police board as there is in the state. I have nothing to say against it. Ten more men on the force at $2.75 a day for the last two months this year would be about $1700. The department is doing the best possible work under the circumstances. It is we who are to blame who can give the needed money."

Mr. Saunders took the floor. "The trouble is not with the appropriation," he said. "There is money enough but it is spent for a lot of deadheads who believe we need better protection in the suburbs, but what do you need of a probation officer at $1200 a year. I believe money should be judiciously spent. Let us cut where money is needed and spend where it would be used to the best advantage. I do not object to six or even ten more men on the police force."

"The probation officer is appointed by the judge and paid by the state," the chairman said, replying to Mr. Saunders.

"So much the worse for the state," retorted Mr. Saunders.

Mr. Wiggin offered an amendment that $1000 be substituted for $2000 in the order and the amendment was defeated, 7 in favor and 14 against.

The order of Mr. Markham was also defeated, 13 in favor and 8 against, the order requiring a two-thirds vote to pass it.

Mr. Markham gave notice of reconsideration at the next meting but later he withdrew it after a consultation of he members during the session. Mr. Wiggin, after an understanding had been reached, gave notice of immediate reconsideration. The amount in the order was made $1100 and was passed, 22 in favor.

A few minor petitions were referred to proper committees and several petitioners given leave to withdraw.

DEATH ENDS SLEEP

A SOMERVILLE WOMAN SLEPT THREE WEEKS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 18.—Death has at last ended the sleep which held Mrs. Ann McCullough in its power, at her home, 222 Pearl street, Somerville, ever since Sunday night, Sept. 24th. She passed away peacefully and painlessly shortly after 5 yesterday afternoon in the presence of her family.

Her case is one of the strangest ever handled by Somerville physicians, and as to its cause there is no little disagreement. She apparently fell asleep one night over three weeks ago, and with the exception of infrequent intervals, had never awakened. Even at the intervals her awakening was only partial. She would at those times drowsily open her eyes, ask for a glass of water in a sleepy voice, and after having her desire satisfied would at once sink in a deep slumber.

Four local physicians had attempted to arouse her, and Dr. Couch, the last attending physician, resorted to pins and hot water, but these agencies failed to awaken the woman.

In assigning the cause of her affliction, Dr. Couch gave it as his opinion that Mrs. McCullough was suffering with paralysis of the entire nervous system, superinduced by indigestion and a weakened heart.

Carl E. Bohonan, for many years a huckman of Lowell, who moved to Chelsea, Vt., some four years ago, has returned to this city to reside.

Dr. O. M. Humphrey and family have taken Mrs. Thurlow's house on Westford street for the winter.

Alderman Edward B. Pierce is still at his camp among the trees at Haggett's Pond. The quiet life there has been of great benefit to him and he is in better health than he has been for many weeks.

A SCIENTIFIC REPORT ON COFFEE.

Shows It Can be Used by Some and Is a Poison to Others.

A gentleman connected with the Newberry Library, Chicago, has gone very carefully through the medical department, consulting and compiling from the best works of this country and abroad on the value of coffee.

There is abundance of evidence to show that in some cases coffee used as a stimulant is of advantage while with many human systems it is a decided poison which will build up chronic conditions of disease if made use of steadily.

The investigator writes: "We have used for years your Postum Food Coffee and found nothing to fill its place." Among his quotations appears the following:

"One of the highest authorities in Materia Medica and Therapeutics in England says: Caffeine which is the stimulating part of coffee is in general terms a stimulant first and subsequently a paralyzant to the nerve centers of the cerebellum, medulla and the spinal cord. In small doses it quickens the activity of the heart and raises arterial tension. Larger doses often over-stimulate the cerebral circulation causing great heaviness of the head, flashes of light before the eyes, insomnia, restlessness and even delirium. Administered in sufficient quantity it would doubtless prove fatal to man.'

"To thousands of people, coffee, of which caffeine is its chemical structure, is therefore a poison. Languor, restlessness and prostration follow as a result in the system when the habit of its continuance is acquired. This is followed by muscular tremor and sometimes dizziness, with nervous dyspepsia and insomnia; in fact, a train of depressing ails frequently not traceable to the beverage which never inebriates, but is in reality the source."

The gentleman concludes his long and very interesting paper on the subject with the statement, "Companies similar to that of the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., of Battle Creek are to be multiplied and stand as benefactors of the race. Whatever our personal preferences, let us not class these changes in dietary to peculiar views and theories but rather as generally recognized and accepted truths, a valuable acquisition of progress and investigation, scientific and philanthropic."

The rapid pace lived by American brain workers has forced them to seek food and drink that quickly and surely rebuild the exhausted energies and such people as a rule feel the disastrous effects of a continued use of coffee. It is to furnish this class of people with correct food and drink, selected and manufactured in the most scientific manner that Postum Cereal Food Coffee and Grape Nuts have been placed on the market. All first class grocers furnish these.

AGE NO BAR

Everybody in Lowell is Eligible.

Old people stooped with suffering.
Middle age courageously fighting.
Youth protesting impatiently.
Children, unable to explain
Baby crying cant tell why.
All in misery from their kidneys.
Only a little backache first.
Comes when you catch a cold.
Or when you strain the back.
Backache is the first step of kidney trouble.
Many complications follow.
Urinary disorders, Diabetes, Bright's disease.
Doan's Kidney Pills cure backache.
Cure every form of kidney ills.
Plenty of proof that this is so.

Mr. Almond Slader of 20 Richard St., says: "I was bothered for a long time with excessive action of the kidney secretions. Procuring Doan's Kidney Pills at Ellingwood & Co.'s drug store the use of one box corrected the secretions to the extent of making them nearly normal. I believe Doan's Kidney Pills a thoroughly effective remedy for the kidneys."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Doan's and take no other.

TOUR OF OVATIONS

Col. Wm. J. Bryan Getting Splendid Ovations

AT EVERY TOWN IN KENTUCKY

He Gives Admiarl Schley Credit of Santiago

By Associated Press to The Sun.

STANFORD, Ky., Oct. 18.—Mr. Bryan set Kentucky on fire politically. In a drenching storm yesterday he moved through the Blue Grass region and among the dripping crowds of the foot hills of the mountains, counseling, pleading, arguing for the election of Goebel for governor. Each hour he grows more passionate, more reckless in his bravery. It is now plain to the observer that Mr. Bryan is for the first time testing his power as the acknowledged leader of his party. It was easy to see from his speech yesterday what his attitude will be in Ohio. Mr. Bryan publicly gave Admiral Schley the whole credit for the naval victory at Santiago.

"I ask you why we should retain the Philippine Islands as a part of the American territory," he said. "You tell me it is because Dewey destroyed a Spanish fleet at Manila. I reply that Admiral Schley destroyed a Spanish fleet at Santiago and yet we promised to give Cuba her independence."

The thunderclap shout which followed would have shaken the nerves of Admiral Sampson had he been present. At each point in the voyage, Senator Goebel and Senator Joe Blackburn made speeches.

Mr. Bryan at Frankfort read a telegram from the leading members of the democratic national committee now in St. Louis, which staggered the Brown insurgents.

I was with Mr. Bryan when he went through Kentucky in 1896 and I have carefully observed the bearing of the people now. He is stronger than ever in the hearts of the Kentucky people. If he was their adored leader then, he is their idol now. As he moved through the mud-splashed crowds of mountaineers and townsmen, his ears were filled with sounds of affection, men and women alike calling down upon his head the blessing of God.

The gentlemen who loll about the corridors of the Waldorf-Astoria in evening dress may argue as they will that the Bryan sun has set, but here are the masses pouring in from every quarter acclaiming him as their leader and redeemer. Let no man in New York or Boston or elsewhere deceive himself in this matter. The evidence is overwhelming that Mr. Bryan is stronger in the south than he ever was before. Right or wrong, his popular strength here is increasing by leaps and bounds. Think of 8000 persons, many of them gathered from remote districts standing in a heavy rain for hours at Mt. Sterling today simply to see the leader's face and hear the sound of his voice.

Before Mr. Bryan came to Kentucky the passions of the democratic bolters had swelled almost to madness, but, although he has trodden their flag of revolt under foot, I have not heard a single hiss or an unkind word. Democrats may divide and make little war against each other but all acknowledge Mr. Bryan as their leader. The democratic state committee at Frankfort reports that every hour news of fresh desertions from Brown is received.

FINED $65

FOR SOLICITING MEMBERS FOR MONTREAL ORDER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FITCHBURG, Oct. 18.—There was an insurance case of considerable interest to members of fraternal societies in court this morning.

Napoleon La Chance of Montreal was charged with soliciting for and aiding the business of La Societe des Artisans Canadian, Francais de la Cite de Montreal, a fraternal insurance society not admitted to do business in this state.

He pleaded not guilty and was represented by counsel, while the commonwealth's case was also conducted by an attorney.

Defendant was arrested at Attleboro Sunday on a warrant. He was taken from Attleboro to Taunton, where he gave bail. He came to this city by agreement with the state officials for trial.

J. C. Joseph Flamand, private secretary for Richard Henry Dana of Boston, testified that on Jan. 22 Sunday, he saw La Chance in St. Joseph's hall. There was quite a number present and Mr. La Chance made an address. Officers of the Artisans, were chosen and clothed by Mr. La Chance with the insignia of their office.

He was fined $65.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Watts Whitman, both very pleasantly known in musical circles, have left this city for Watertown, Mass., where Mr. Whitman will engage in business.



ABRAHAM WOODRUFF, ROBERTS' BOYCOTTING FRIEND, MORMON APOSTLE AND PROTEGE OF THE POLYGAMOUS CONGRESSMAN-ELECT, WHO ADVOCATES A GENERAL MORMON BOYCOTT IN UTAH AGAINST ALL ANTI-POLYGAMISTS. HE IS A SON OF THE LATE PRESIDENT WOODRUFF.

A FALSE REPORT

Of an Arrest in the Murder Case

POLICE ARE STILL ACTIVELY WORKING

Suspected Men Are Being Carefully Shadowed

A sensation was caused down town last night by a widespread report to the effect that a well known resident of ward two had been arrested as one of the alleged murderers of Mrs. Boyd. How, where and by whom the report started is a mystery which even the police cannot surmise, but it spread rapidly and many inquired at the police station and newspaper offices to learn that no such person had been arrested. The friends of the man mentioned were much relieved upon learning the truth.

As The Sun suggested some time ago it is now generally believed that if four men were in the case the "fourth man" or the murdered woman's escort was either in the plot with the other three to outrage the woman or else he ran away from her at the beginning of the trouble and is ashamed to have his cowardice exposed.

If it could be learned where the woman purchased the liquor if she did purchase any, it would aid the police materially and the speak-easy keeper informing them would undoubtedly escape prosecution.

The police have by no means given up their diligent search for the murderers and several suspects are being carefully shadowed and any suspicious actions on their part are reported to Inspectors Lallamme and Allen who are working untiringly on clues, a majority of which amount to nothing.

The friends of the murdered woman have told conflicting stories concerning her actions and company, but have told nothing that would aid in the detection of the men who caused her death.

THE CONVENT BAZAAR.

The following is a list of the awards on the St. Francis table of the Immaculate Conception bazaar:

Fr. Lawrence's large portrait awarded to Mrs. Annie Wilkins, 20 Hudson street; couch, Lizzie Cahill, Nesmith street; $10 gold piece, W. Fitzgerald, 271 Hildreth street; tea set, Mary Wallwood, 8 Blinkhorn avenue; painted banner, Miss Louise ——, West School street; statue of St. Anthony, Mrs. John A. O'Hearn, 59 Phillips street; a box of cigars, Dan O'Brien, 315 Nesmith street; picture of St. Cecelia, Delia Duffy, Moody House; willow rocker, Hannah O'Connell, New York city; jardiniere, Bridget Gallagher, 6 Dutton street; fern, Maggie Donoghue, 43 Central street; jardiniere, Annie Moran, 42 Keene street; jardiniere stand, Bridget Donovan, 257 Andover street; communion set, Annie Welch, 9 Chestnut street; barrel of flour, Katie Lonsdale, 61 Chestnut street; sofa pillow, Mrs. Bennett, 6 Lawrence street; Infant Jesus of Prague, H. M. Brodeur, 56 Willow street; sofa pillow, Hattie L. Egan, 16 Lawrence street; shrine of St. Anthony, Mrs. James Gill, 9 Chestnut square; handkerchief case, Mary Sullivan, 55 Merrimack street; pair of slippers, Annie V. Conlon, 42 Common street; ladies' hat, Mary Boycott, 33 Concord street; bed spread, W. Sullivan, 277 Fayette street; lemonade set, Lizzie Guthrie, 32 Chapel street; picture of St. Anthony, Mary Graham, 61 Walnut street; silk umbrella, Annie V. Hostey, Coburn street; picture of St. Anthony, Jennie McQuaid, 230 Concord street; picture of Our Lady of Victory, Dan O'Brien, 315 Nesmith street; small picture of Fr. Lawrence, D. Sullivan, 250 Lakeview avenue; cake basket, Louise Turner, 42 Livingston street; table cover, Maggie Flannery, 86 Dummer street; fancy cracker jar, Lena Lawson, 230 Concord street; silver spoons, Nellie Barry, 156 Fayette street; willow rocker, James Shalow, North Billerica; embroidered picture frame, K. Higgins, 273 Concord street; willow rocker, Catherine Sullivan, 1 Front street; water set, Mary Hurney, 278 Adams street; picture of St. Cecelia, Fr. Lawrence, O. M. I.; sofa pillow, Henry A. Doucite, 51 Cabot street; sofa pillow, Blanche Lavingean, 39 Farmland road.

Prizes on combination tickets: Dolly John Dillon, Concord street; cracker jar, Katie Craig, 42 Swift street; pin cushion, Nellie Dallagher, East Merrimack street; picture of St. Cecelia, Mr. Henry ——, 158 Parker avenue, Lidy, C. Santesson, 345 Thorndike street; picture throw, B. Horan, 267 Worthen street.

Miss Mary D. Adams has returned from an extended trip abroad.

THE BURKES

Held a Rousing Meeting Last Evening

A BIG GAIN IN THE MEMBERSHIP

Meeting Followed by a Smoke Talk

A rousing meeting of the Burkes was held last evening in their hall on Middle street. It was the largest and most enthusiastic meeting of the Institute holdin a long period, and goes to show that The Sun was right when it said a few weeks ago that the organization has taken a new lease of life.

The spacious hall was fairly taxed to its utmost capacity, so large was the attendance. Last evening 50 candidates were initiated and 30 applications for membership were received and accepted. The society has made an enormous gain in membership within the past three weeks and the total membership now is 295, a gain of more than 100 members in three weeks.

The first Sunday in November will be observed by the society as Memorial Sunday. The members will march in a body to the Catholic cemetery and the grave of Michael Sexton, a former president of the institute and founder of their building, will be decorated. In the evening, as usual there will be memorial exercises in the hall. It is expected that the society will turn out more than 350 in the memorial procession that day.

Arrangements are being made for a dance to be held in Associate hall, on Thanksgiving eve. The feature of the affair will be a basket ball game between the Burkes and another strong team, most likely the champion Hudsons.

After last night's meeting, a smoke talk was enjoyed. A fine entertainment program was managed for the occasion and thoroughly enjoyed by all present.

The opening number on the programe was a piano solo by Arthur Mills. Frank White followed with a vocal solo and Mr. Edward O'Brien then entertained with a number of excellent phonographic selections. Thomas McCaffrey and Owen Feely rendered pleasing vocal solos and were followed by Thomas Flynn who gave a pleasing whistling solo. A general smoke followed and closing remarks were made by the president, Henry J. McCarty.

CRUSHED TO DEATH

A BRAKEMAN KILLED AT LAWRENCE LAST NIGHT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LAWRENCE, Oct. 18.—Peter Welsh, 21, a brakeman employed on the Boston & Maine railroad, was caught between two freight cars and crushed to death last night.

The accident occurred a short distance north of the Salem street bridge in the vicinity of which there have been two other fatalities within a comparatively short time.

Welsh was preparing to make a coupling between two box cars and a train of several cars backed down unexpectedly against one of them. Death was probably instantaneous.

The man was unmarried and came to this city from Blackstone, R. I., where he had a sister. His father met a similar fate in Blackstone about a year ago. The body will be taken to Woonsocket.

MR. GILBRIDE'S CASE.

Editor of the Lowell Sun:

It was J. J. Gilbride, ex-overseer of the poor of ward four who was brutally assaulted by James Meers on Gorham street last night. The Citizen wrote it up as a prize fight. As a friend of Mr. Gilbride I would like to correct the impression that he is a fighter outside of the political ring. I defy any man in Lowell and I have known Mr. Gilbride for the past 20 years to prove that he has ever fought or assaulted any one in that time and he has come in contact with as many people as any man in ward four. He has fought some of the hardest political battles that have been fought in old ward three and with all the scheming that is going on to throw dirt on him I think when the votes are counted on caucus night, he will head the list as he has consented at the earnest request of his friends to again represent them as overseer and was to announce it this week. I wish Mr. Gilbride would publish or allow me as a friend to publish the dirty work that was put up two years ago when he was defeated not by Mr. Gorman, his opponent, but by parties who were behind him and who wanted him elected. The majority of the voters of the ward do not need to look around to see who is doing the scheming or what they are scheming for. I will say in conclusion that if Mr. Gilbride gets the nomination he will control his own vote. It will not be pledged to any candidate.

ONE OF THE OLD TROOPS.

Mr. Frank O. Small of New York gave a delightful art talk at the training school last night.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

A PEREMPTORY SALE OF

JEWELRY

A grand opportunity to purchase the very newest novelties at a mere trifle. The entire sample line of the

Eureka Diamond Co. of New York City

Bought by us at 25c on the dollar will be placed on sale today at prices that will make it an object for people to anticipate their wants even to the extent of preparing for Christmas presents. See our display in window and compare values with anything you've ever seen.

Ladies' Opera Chains, solid gold, front slide, sold by jewelers at $2 each
Manufacturer's sale Price 48c. each.

Chain bracelets, with perfect lock, Jewelers' price, 50c,
Manufacturer's sale price 10c. Each.

Stick pins, sold by Jewelers, from 10c to 25c each.
Manufacturer's sale price 5c. each.

Hat pins sold by Jewelers, 25c to 50c,
Manufacturer's sale price 5c. and 10c. each.

Gold plated collar buttons, Jewelers' price 10c,
Manufacturer's sale price 2c. each.

Ladies' and Gents' cuff buttons, Jewelers' price 50c
Manufacturer's price 10c. a pair.

Pocketbooks, regular prices $50c to $1.
Manufabturer's price 25c.

The latest style brooches, regular prices 25c and 50c,
Manufacturer's sale price 10c. and 25c. each.

Sash buckles, regular value 50c to $1.
Manufacturer's sale price 25c. each.

Dress pins, 3 on a card, sold everywhere 25c,
Manufacturer's sale price 10c.

Ruby pins with chain considered good value at 25c
Sale price 10C. each.

Hundreds of other articles we cannot enumerate suffice it to say you may buy jewelry of the reliable kind in this sale at prices lower than you would bid for superior grades at public auction,

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

BRIDEGROOM DIED

Of His Own Volition on Wedding Day

COULD NOT RENT A WEDDING SUIT

And Consequently Jumped Under a Train

By Associated Press to The Sun.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Oct. 18.—On his 22d birthday, which was also to have been his wedding day, George Barnholzer of Summer street ended his life in a most horrible manner. Barnholzer failed to obtain on credit a new suit he desired to wear at his marriage to Miss Tillie Hutton.

Twice trains stopped just in time to avert running over him. The third time he either was not noticed on the track or he had boarded a train in order to drop between the wheels, his mangled body being found on the West Shore track.

The company were all assembled at the Lutheran church, awaiting the coming of the bridegroom, and a carriage stood in front of Barnholzer's door. His fiancee waited anxiously for him, and when he did not appear her father went to Barnholzer's home to ascertain the cause. He saw the body and learned of the tragedy.

Miss Hutton is a very beautiful girl.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Walter Sutcliffe left Boston today for Denver, Col., where he is to spend the winter. His friends wish him a safe journey and hope that he will return improved in health.

Rev. W. H. Meredith will rest from his pastoral duties for two weeks. Wesleyan College and New York city are among the places that he will visit Rev. Dr. Dorchester, at one time a pastor in this city will preach in the Central M. E. church next Sunday.

Agent E. W. Thomas of the Tremont and Suffolk mills returned from Europe on the Oceanic last Wednesday.

Mr. Clarence Lockhart of Sixth street will spend the next four weeks rusticating in the wilds of Maine.

Mr. George Connell of Dracut has accepted a position in Waterbury, Conn. He leaves for that place today.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Bolar of 16 West Ninth street called on them last evening and presented them with two parlor chairs and a clock. After a social hour lunch was served.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Welcome Shoes

$3.00.

This is our ladies latest shoe. Made by expert workmen expressly for our store. We name this shoe Welcome Shoe. It is a welcome to the ladies feet. Made on the very latest mannish last. We guarantee this shoe to give satisfaction or your money back. Sold only by the

SUNLIGHT

Shoe Store

100 CENTRAL ST.

High Grade Repairing.

W. S. CRADY

Oil Stoves

You will need some more heat in your house next month. Why not get ready for it.

We have oil and gas stoves at a price that will please you.

OUR

Oil and Gas Stoves

Are all first class. NO SHODDY goods amongst them. The best is none too good for you, and that is just what we have.

GAYNOR & CO.

35 Prescott St.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month



NOT A GAME OF CHANCE.

Advertising is not a game of chance, it is a game of skill. The skill in advertising is to prepare good, attractive and truthful advertisements, and then place them where they will receive the widest publicity, for the least money.

This can be done only by using the papers with the largest circulation in the field you wish to cover.

The Sun has a larger circulation than any two other papers in Lowell.

It is in every way ...Lowell's Greatest Newspaper...

THE BOERS' STRUGGLE.

The Boers have met the British and have been repulsed in some hard battles. There is no doubt whatever that England can conquer them within a reasonable time. It is all a question of the force necessary to accomplish this object, and England has soldiers enough, ships enough and money enough to wipe out half a dozen republics like the Transvaal. The Boers will make as good a fight as possible with their limited numbers, and more limited resources. They have the advantage of having justice on their side, inasmuch as the country is theirs and England precipitated the war by interfering in their internal affairs in behalf of her subjects who have no other interest in the Transvaal than to secure as much as possible of the mineral wealth.

The evening schools are now open and there is a great opportunity for those who wish to advance in education. The ordinary branches of an English education are taught in these schools and those who are deficient in any particular branch can improve by availing themselves of the opportunities offered. The High school is especially well equipped to aid young people in improving their minds. The textile school is also open to those old enough to enter it in the evening and the course of instruction is absolutely free. It behooves young people to examine the course in the public evening schools and also that of the textile school and see whether they cannot benefit themselves by entering one or the other. The drawing schools constitute one of the strongest features of our evening schools, the instructors being eminently qualified for the positions they hold while the ground covered is varied and comprehensive.

The Norwich Record, speaking of the license question in Connecticut, says:

"There was no special interest this year in the question of license or no-license in Connecticut, which, according to the laws of the state, comes up annually in towns where the voters desire to vote on it. In a few places more than usual interest was taken in this question, notably in New London, where a warm contest took place, resulting, as is the rule in Connecticut, cities, in a victory for license; but as a rule the vote on this question was no larger than usual and perhaps a little less than in some years. The result of the voting is to leave the state just where it stood last year on this question. Of the 168 towns in the state 93 towns are no-license and 75 license. Four towns shifted to no-license this year and four also forsook no-license.

All the 17 towns in the state containing cities are now license, as are all but two of the towns containing boroughs. The largest towns that have the no-license system are Stonington, with 7184 population; Thomaston, with 5580; Plainfield, with 4552; Glastonbury, with 3457, and Bethel, with 3161. Bethel this year went back to no-license after trying the license system for a year. But it is so near Danbury that those who want to patronize saloons have not far to go to quench their thirst. As a whole, this year's voting on this question leaves the situation precisely as before."

Again the Columbia has won a complete victory over the Shamrock, this time sailing over the course alone on account of an accident to the Shamrock. It would have been a more satisfactory race if the Shamrock had been able to complete the course or even to keep in the wake of the Columbia on the former occasion. There is now little probability that the Shamrock will be able to win the next race with the Columbia and one other defeat will decide the contest in favor of the Columbia as the conditions are that the cup shall go to the boat that wins three out of five races. If the Columbia wins the third race of course it will not be necessary to run off the other two; and so we expect that this international contest which has hung so long will be settled in favor of the Columbia tomorrow.

The accounts of the Boer war that come from Cape Town will come through English sources, and will be subjected to English censorship. It is needless to say that the Boers will be painted in the darkest of colors. Already they are reported to have kept carloads of women and children stalled upon sidetracks for thirty hours without any opportunity of sitting down, and without food or drink. These reports are censored.

Hon. William Jennings Bryan has aroused such democratic enthusiasm in Kentucky that already the republicans concede the election of the democratic candidate. The ovations tendered him on his tour through Kentucky were the greatest ever witnessed in the state, and the enthusiasm over the election of the democratic ticket surpasses all precedents.

Rev. Dr. Peabody, at the meeting of the New England Association of Colleges, said:

"What we want is not so much intellectual development, but a race of upright men, who, though dull scholars, can see their duty and stand up for it. It is a question of persons, not of methods. The teachers make the school. We must have a scholarly man as schoolmaster. More than this, he must be active, of fine character, and a lover of boys. Where sympathy does not exist between a master and his pupils, there exists a gap."

There are two wars in progress, that in the Transvaal and that in the Philippines. They are both wars of conquest waged by great powers against two insignificant powers. We venture to predict that the Boers will not hold out as long against England as the Filipinos have held out against the power of the United States.

General Otis is suppressing seditious publications in the Philippines. The articles complained of breathe the spirit of patriotism and urge the people on against the invading foe. The American publications devote their space to maligning the people rather than to conciliating them.

Sampson has added his condemnation to popular acclaim against General Shafter. He wants to be with the people on some point. But he took a queer time to give out his criticism of Shafter. Between Shafter and Sampson there is little choice in heroic qualities are sought for.

The Boston aldermen have come out strongly in favor of the imperial policy, while the councilmen have as strongly denounced it. The councilmen represent the people, and the aldermen the silver-top republicans who do not consider justice or right.

Why should not the police department on behalf of the city offer a reward for the detection of the murderers of Mrs. Boyd. The police have thus far been unable to find any tangible clue.

The Brockton Times is agitating for the appointment of district nurses for the people in addition to city physicians, in spite of the fact that Brockton has a tax rate of over $21 per $1000.

Sir Thomas Lipton shows the best of good nature on the defeat of his boat. When asked what he thought of the race, he simply said the best boat won.

Hon. John R. Murphy of Boston is determined to put up a good fight for the mayoralty nomination. He will give Collins a good race for the office.

This is surely a delicious Indian summer; but do not be surprised if it is cut short by the arrival of cold, stormy weather.

Supt. Cheney will have to get his men to hustle if he expects to finish all the jobs of macadamizing now under way.

There seems to be a gang of burglars in Lowell. The police have heard of them but have not made their acquaintance.

Frank P. Bennett is now doing some hard work in the speakership contest. Myers is making great headway backwards.

Registration for the state election closes tonight. See that your name is on the list or have it put on.

Another strike in stovers. Whose fault is it this time?

CRISP GOSSIP.

Lowell sends out some queer specimens. For instance, there was a very peculiar one landed in this city yesterday morning. He stopped over a car or two here, and then went on to Haverhill. The man wasn't feeling particularly good-humored and had a good deal to say because the conductor collected two fares on the way down to the shoe city, and also talked because the motorman didn't get the car over the ground faster. He relapsed into an uneasy slumber as the car rolled into the city.

"Haverhill!" called the conductor, as the motorman put on the brakes at the transfer station.

"All out; this car returns to Lawrence," he called.

Everybody got out—everybody but the Lowellite. He slumbered on.

The conductor went up to him:

"This is Haverhill, sir."

"Yesh yesh! Just where I want to be—in Haverhill," the man muttered thickly, but contentedly, as he settled himself to a yet more profound slumber.

"But you must get out here; this is as far as we go."

"No, no! I'm comfor'ble, thank you; I'll stay right here in Haverhill—and sit thish very comfor'ble," and his eyes closed again.

"You must get out here, I say. We're going back to Lawrence," and he gave [illegible] a little shake to rouse him again.

"[illegible] back and be d—d," the Lowellite muttured, as he rose wearily and stumbled out of the car. "I'll stay here, yesh, I'll stay here."—Lawrence Sun.

Since the new jury law went into effect few talesmen have been excused in Brooklyn. In the county court Chief Clerk Van Doren yesterday, after calling the names of the talesmen summoned to serve, said:

"There are only four excuses that can be given in order to be relieved from jury duty. They are: Being under age, not able to read or write, being of bad character and being an alien. Are there any talesmen who desire to be excused?"

"I want to be excused," said one of the talesmen.

"On what ground?" asked Chief Clerk Van Doren.

"Because I'm an immoral character," was the response.

The answer caused a sensation in the court room and Judge Aspinall looked surprised.

"What is your name and address?" asked the judge.

"Eugene T. Victory, 945 Gates avenue," replied the man.

"Why are you a bad character?"

"I've been arrested three times for intoxication," he replied.

"Well," said Judge Aspinall, "at any rate you are honest enough to acknowledge the fact. Under the circumstances, I do not see but what I'll have to grant your request. You are discharged."

THE TOWN HOUSE

Where Dracut Selectmen Hold Their Meetings

NOT HAVING A TOWN HALL

They Meet in a Little Stone Building

Dracut, our thriving suburb, is one of the few towns in the state not having a town hall. Dracut has never had a town hall, although on one occasion, only a few years ago, the citizens assembled in a special town meeting, voted to erect one, but for some reason or other the hall was not built.

It will undoubtedly be of interest to the readers of The Sun to know inasmuch as there is no town hall, where the town meetings are held and where the town officers hold their business sessions.

For more than 100 years the citizens of Dracut have always held their town meetings in the old Yellow Meeting House, and many of the caucuses, both democratic and republican, are held there also. The town meetings and caucuses are held in the basement of the church.

The town officers, however, do not hold their meetings in the church, nor have they for more than 50 years. Instead, the selectmen and the other town officials hold all their business sessions in a small stone building which is located on Willard street, on the poor farm property.

In this quaint little building the board of selectmen meet sometimes three and four times each month to transact the business of the town. It is sometimes called the selectmen's office, as it was erected for their sole use, although the board of registrars of voters and other town officials hold their sessions there, but they don't meet so frequently during the year as the selectmen.

The town house, as the selectmen's office is also known, was built about 55 years ago. Five years previous the poor farm property was purchased and the farm opened.

The selectmen had previously always held their meetings in the basement of the old Yellow Meeting House. The town fathers were not satisfied with the church basement as a place of meeting, because there was no place to keep the records and other town documents, which were kept securely in a large safe provided by the town at the home of the town clerk. The selectmen recommended that a town hall be erected, but this did not meet with the approval of the majority of the voters of the town, and not only in one town meeting, but in a number, articles calling for an appropriation for a town hall were always voted down.

Being unable to have a town hall built, the selectmen next asked that they have a special office. This was readily voted by the citizens, and about 55 years ago the present building was constructed and has been used by the selectmen since.

It is a one-story building and constructed entirely of stone with the exception of the roof, which is of slate. The walls are more than a foot in thickness and are very strong. The building is 24 feet long and 20 feet in width, and contains two rooms, both of which are comparatively small. In one of these rooms is a large vault in which is kept all the records and other town documents. The vault was put in in 1876 and is made of stone and brick, with a heavy iron door. The records and documents had previously been kept in two large iron safes, which are still kept in the building, but are not used so much as in former years, that is before the vault was put in.

The second room is the selectmen's office. This room is the larger of the two. It is about 16 feet square and contains a desk for the use of the town clerk, a large table, a number of chairs, a small stove and the two iron safes. If all these were removed the room would hold only 50 people at the most.

That the majority of the voters of Dracut desire a town hall goes without saying. About three years ago a special town meeting was held to see whether the citizens would vote to appropriate a sufficient sum of money to build a town hall. The Navy Yard and Collinsville to a man were in favor of the town hall, but the Dracut Centre people were strongly opposed to it, unless it was erected in that part of the town. They would not tolerate its being built at the Navy Yard.

After a stormy meeting it was finally voted to build the town hall and the site selected was at the Navy Yard. There was something wrong in the warrant and the Dracut Centre people and the farmers succeeded in preventing the bank loaning the money.

The matter has never been brought up before the voters since, although it is possible that it will come up again before many years, but whether after so many unsuccessful attempts the voters in favor of the town hall will be successful, of course, remains to be seen.

FOOTBALL NEWS

There is considerable trepidation at Princeton over the game with Pennsylvania State college today. This little university confidently expects to defeat the Tigers, and many students of old Nassau believe they will do the trick. The Princeton 'Varsity is in a crippled condition. As an aftermath of the Columbian game, Booth, the plucky big centre, and Wheeler, the fullback, are now on the hospital list. Booth is suffering from a twisted neck and Wheeler has a wrenched knee. Besides these men, Hillebrand, Hutchinson, Duncan and Pell are temporarily out of the game, and Kafer has retired for good on account of his studies. Captain Edwards has his troubles.

When the [illegible] condition of the Cornell team is taken into consideration, it is little wonder that the Ithaca men were beaten by the well drilled team of the Chicago university. Cornell has not yet had a steady coaching this season. Had the Chicago game been scheduled three weeks later a different story might have been told. The Chicago experts outplayed the Cornell men in everything except [illegible]. The Cornell backs and [illegible] failed to bring down their [illegible].

The Harvard-Pennsylvania game is still three weeks off. [illegible] of Harvard, realizes that the Quakers will be a different aggregation by November 4. Harvard's weak point is now at the tackles but they seem to be up to the standard of Yale and Pennsylvania. There is a great scarcity of substitute tackles at Cambridge, and the present good men for this position will be carefully nursed. [illegible] has shown considerable improvement [illegible] has been shown in both the offensive and defensive work of the team.

Drastic measures are to be taken to

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Goodale's Drug Store, cor. Central and Jackson Streets

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER
Is the only preparation that will restore the hair to its original healthfulness.
—AT ALL DRUGGISTS—

knock the Pennsylvania team into shape for the coming big games. Former Quaker gridiron stars have already been summoned to the assistance of Coach Woodruff. George Brooke and John Hinds will be asked to look after the backs; Byron Dickson and Hedges will take care of the ends; Carl Williams will coach the quarter-backs, and Boyle, Carnett and Colbert will look after the men individually. Woodruff will give his attention to team work. The Quakers are deeply chagrined over their defeat by the Indians.

Dartmouth proved no easy foe for Yale. The men from the Granite state put up the hardest kind of a game. The Yale men returned to New Haven so exhausted that only light work will be given them for the next day or two. An effort will be made to get the injured men Sharpe, Keane and Gordon Brown, back into shape for the Wisconsin game next Saturday. Yale is apprehensive over this game.

Daly, Harvard's clever little quarterback, never played more brilliantly than he did in the game with the West Point Cadets. Sawin, left half-back, and Hallowell, left end, also did splendid work. Hallowell made a try for a goal from the field and came very near it. An odd thing about the game was that not a Harvard player was injured.

It is certain that Yale cannot use Kiefer or Adams in the Wisconsin game next Saturday. Their injuries are severe enough to keep them off the gridiron for several weeks. Sharpe, who merely has a bad muscle bruise, will be all right with a little careful handling. On the whole, the Yale team is in a satisfactory condition.

Harvard students are joyful, and with good cause. While Yale had a desperate time to defeat little Dartmouth and the Quakers went down before the Indians, the Harvard eleven defeated the strong team of West Point by the neat score of 1 to 0. Many Harvard men saw the Yale-Dartmouth game, and they declare that the Sons of Old Eli are overrated.

Yale sent a fast and snappy freshman eleven to play the St. Paul school boys at Garden City, but the Long Island youngsters proved that they are a cleverer lot by defeating the visitors handily by a score of 17 to 0. The St. Paul team comes pretty nearly being the best school boy team in the country.

Columbia will meet the New York university at Manhattan Field today. It is very doubtful whether the N. Y. U. team will score, as they are a rather light aggregation to buck against the heavy Columbia line. It is probable that Coach Sanford will give the substitutes a trial in the N. Y. U. contest.

Coach King, with his string of Wisconsin football players, have left for the east to do battle with Yale next Saturday.

The men are all in good condition at present and every means will be taken to keep them so. Water will be taken along for them to drink.

The squad will go directly to Hartford, Conn., where arrangements have been made to practice on the grounds of Trinity college grounds. Some practice also be played with the Eastern college men.

Especial attention will be paid this week to strengthening the defence. Wisconsin's game will undoubtedly be to use O'Dea's kicking and keep the ball in the air as much as possible.

If the defence can only be improved sufficiently to hold the Yale rushers on downs, the Badgers should have a good chance of doing some scoring.

Twenty-two men will be taken along. The players and substitutes constituting the squad are:

Captain O'Dea, Comstock, Rodgers, R. Chamberlain, A. Chamberlain, [illegible], Blair, Curtis, Crego, Cochems, Juneau, Hyman, Wright, Wilmarth, Yeager, Skow, Tratt, Peele, Jolitte, Hamilton, Patterson, and Driver.

The work of Rogers at centre in Saturday's game makes him the probability for that place.

The coming week's work is likely to bring about a general shaking up of the team.

At present it looks as though they would line up in about the following order:

Rodgers centre, R. Chamberlain and Comstock guards, Blair and Curtis tackles, Cochems and Juneau ends, Wilmarth quarter, Peele and A. Chamberlain halfs, and O'Dea full.

BASE BALL.

The baseball season just ended was a profitable one for all the teams in the pennant race, with the possible exception of the Cleveland club, which quit about even. The other eleven clubs cleared about $252,000.

The Brooklyn club, the pennant winner, made in the neighborhood of $[illegible]. According to reports and estimates the Phillies heads the list with $[illegible].

The Giants, according to a man closely connected with the New York management, made $12,000 in the season. This is good when it is considered that the team made the worst showing of any team of Giants in the history of the league.

The Louisville club quit on about an even basis with the New Yorks, according to a member of the club.

The winnings of the Pittsburg team are estimated at between $2,000 and $5,000. While the club's owners are apparently satisfied with that amount they are not entirely pleased with the team's standing. They think it should have been higher up in the race.

The Baltimore end of the Brooklyn syndicate cleared about $15,000 on the season. Low salaries were paid to all but the star players on the team, and expenses were therefore smaller than usual.

The Chicago outfit did well. According to "Pop" Anson, who is a minority stockholder of the club, about $25,000 was made on the season.

The Boston's profits are figured at [illegible]. It is thought that amount would have been increased by $5,000 had the ex-champions not slumped toward the end of the season.

The management of the Washington club hasn't figured up on the season yet, but those who ought to know say the club is ahead to the good.

A conservative estimate places Cincinnati's profits on the season in the neighborhood of $30,000.

The St. Louis club's profits, it is said, will only amount to $6,000. The gross receipts of the club are placed at $150,000.

"Charley" Snyder, the umpire, was a catcher on the Louisville team at the time that Hall, Devlin, Craver and Nichols were boycotted for throwing games. Snyder recently related the facts of the disgraceful scheme which disgraced the four culprits. Here is his story:

"The lamented Hurlbert was indeed the saviour of baseball," says Snyder. "The crew of gamblers who followed ball players and stood hand in glove with the athletes of the diamond were so crooked that they were forced to sleep in a bed shaped like a corkscrew. At least that is what Mr. Hurlbert said about them. It was the receiving end of the Louisville battery in the seventies when Devlin twirled for the Colonels. I caught in every game that was said to be one of the 'sold' or 'thrown' games but I never suspected Hall, Devlin, Craver and Nichols of any crooked work. The president of the club was the first to inform me one night after a game in Cincinnati. I refused to believe him until I read of the wholesale sale of baseball games by the four conspirators on the Louisville club.

"During the investigation made by President Hurlbert I was called on to testify in behalf of the prosecution, but I was absolutely without any possible proof that could be used against the four culprits. After this investigation it struck me for the first time that Devlin had pitched rather shady ball in certain games that I recalled. He seemed to lose both speed and control, and said that his arm was sore.

"In a game between Chicago and Louisville Hall made a two-bagger to right. I followed him to the bat and hit a two-bagger to deep right field. I can see Hall in my mind's eye even to this day and recall the peculiar fall he made as he started to run to third on my hit. He stumbled and fell on his side, got to his feet, limped down the line toward third and was caught by Johnnie Peters, the shortstop, on the return throw from the outfield. Hall complained that his ankle was sprained. My hit would have driven him home with the winning run, but the Chicagos took their last turn at the bat and batted out a victory. After the games I met Hall and Devlin at the Sherman house.

"They were playing billiards and I noticed that Hall skipped around the table without the faintest sign of a sprained ankle. I found out afterward that this particular game in which Hall made a bluff at falling down was one of a bunch of half a dozen that were thrown.

"The newspapers at the time exaggerated the prices for which Hall, Devlin, Craver and Nichols sold their honor. But a friend of one of the gamblers who was in on the play told me that $1,000 was the paltry sum which these four crooks split. Devlin never recovered from the shame and disgrace and died of a broken heart. He absolutely offered to pitch the next game without pay, but Hurlbert was iron willed and refused to reinstate any one of the four, in spite of the influence that was brought to bear in their favor. Hall vanished. He disappeared from Louisville and secured a position in some eastern city at his trade. He was an expert engraver. Hall and Nichols were regarded as the main conspirators in this thrown game sensation that disgraced the game. This pair enticed 'Jimmy' Devlin into the plot. They painted visions of thousands of dollars, and Devlin succumbed."

BILLERICA NOTES

Are the hen roosts of Billerica to be protected? This important question will be decided at the mock court trial under the auspices of the Billerica Historical society, Wednesday evening, October 18, at the town hall.

Mr. Jacob Murphy, conductor on the Stony Brook branch, B. & M. R. R., is resting comfortably at his home on Main street. Mr. Murphy is troubled with diabetes.

M. J. C. Caverly has closed his bicycle repair shop for the winter.

The Hillhurst has closed for the winter. It will reopen April 1, 1900.

David Coulter and Chester Page have gone camping for a week at Long Pond.

The house occupied by E. E. Cole on Main street is being painted.

Several houses are being built on Fordway Road.

Mr. James McDermott of North Billerica has purchased the house which belonged to Wm. Hutchins on Churnstaff Lane. Mr. Hutchins has bought V. Rollins house at Jones' Corner.

The excursion to the food fair which was to have been held last Saturday by the Congregational Sunday school and was postponed will be held next Saturday, October 21.

The cows are expected to come home from pasture up country Oct. 20.

Many people went from this town to see Dewey Saturday.

The rails for the intended electric road between Arlington and Billerica are laid along the roads as far as South Billerica.

CHELMSFORD

Mr Patrick Havey of Philadelphia has returned home after spending several weeks here as the guest of his cousin, Mr. Bernard Maguire.

There was a large number of North Chelmsford people in Boston Saturday afternoon attending the Dewey celebration.

Next Monday evening, the North Chelmsford Debating society will hold its opening debate for this winter and it is expected that a large number of the village people will be in attendance. "Resolved, that General Robert E. Lee was a greater general than General U. S. Grant" will be the subject that the society will debate on.

During the winter months several joint debates will probably be held between the North Chelmsford Debating society and the West Chelmsford Debating society.

As Admiral Dewey passed through here on Friday afternoon there was a large delegation of the village people present at the depot and they loudly cheered the hero of Manila.

Mr. Richard Davis has returned home after spending several days in Boston with his relations.

The town hall will undoubtedly be the scene of a large gathering Friday evening, when Squad 1 of Troop F cavalry will hold their first social dance. The event promises to be a success.

Troop F Cavalry took part in the Dewey celebration in Boston Saturday.

The enrollment of the Centre school the present term is 259. Highest per cent. of attendance 97.5 first grammar room, Miss Bliss, teacher; next is the second primary room, 95, Miss Litchfield, teacher.

The family of Wm. A. Hoyt who is in Alaska received a letter from him a short time ago. He had been several hundred miles towards the interior but at the time of writing was drawing near the coast. He had not decided whether to return home this season or remain over another winter.

NEW APPARATUS FOR Y. M. C. A.

Dr. Dietz, the physical director of the Y. M. C. A., tells us that he is daily expecting the lot of new anthropometric apparatus recently ordered by the association. The order was very complete and when it comes the association will be in the very best possible position to put the matter of physical culture on a scientific and yet intensely practical basis. Dr. Dietz is having printed some cleverly arranged examination cards by means of which he will be able to place on paper after he examines a man, the man's exact physical condition, together with a prescription of exercise that he needs. It is so arranged that on the second examination the man's improvement will be clearly shown. The classes are filling up well.

BOARD OF POLICE

APPOINTED A NEW PATROLMAN LAST NIGHT.

At the regular meeting of the board of police last evening the following business was transacted:

Licenses granted: Job and express—Charles W. Maker, 153 Merrimack street; Henry F. Pitcher, 312 Woodward avenue. Common victualler—Carrie A. Fletcher, 29 Church street; Alice Phillips, of Concord; Frank W. Reeves, 25 Middlesex.

Hawker and pedlar—Albert O. Fuller, Tyngsboro, Mass.; Ida A. Flanders, 5 Westford, Mass.; Adelard Rochette, 5 Middlesex street; Norris B. Harrington, Westford, Mass.; Sydney H. Whitney, Groton, Mass.; Joseph Bilodeau, 11 Second street; Isaac Harris, 518 Middlesex street; Louis Harris, 518 Middlesex street; Augustus K. Newhall, 317 Middlesex street.

The following petitioners were given leave to withdraw:

Pool and billiards—Armand V. Sicard, 739 Moody street.

Common victualler—Mary McHale, 59 Church street; Ovide E. Baril, 126 Moody.

The following licenses were revoked:

Job and express—Daniel J. Kelly, 37 Court street; common victuallers George W. Enright, 378-82 Broadway; pool room, eligible list supplied by the secretary of Fox & Devlin, Gorham street.

From a list of three names from the the board of civil service examiners, the board selected Henry E. Somers and voted that he be appointed a patrolman on the probationary reserve force.

AN INFORMALE MUSICALE.

The students of the Rogers hall school enjoyed an informal musicale in the school hall yesterday. The artists were: Misses Villa Whitney White, vocalist; Emma Grebe, pianist; Miss Gleason, violinist. Miss White rendered songs from the German, Spanish, Old Flemish and Russian with the beautiful translation and exquisite expression that has already gained the favor of well known critics. Miss Gleason is a student of Joachim and her finished playing showed great advancement in her study. She leaves for Berlin in a few days to complete her course.

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GOT INTO A SCRAP

Tom Corbett and McVey Make Things Lively

FIGHT IN A NEW YORK SALOON

Grist of Bright Boxing and Sporting News

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Mr. Con McVey and Mr. Tom Corbett, who has the distinguished honor to be Mr. Jim Corbett's brother, last night clashed in the saloon of the Delevan House on Broadway of which Mr. Tom O'Rourke and Mr. John Bittner are the present proprietors. Mr. McVey was long time the training and sparring partner of Mr. James Corbett. It was Mr. McVey who jumped into the ring that night at the Lenox Athletic club when Mr. James Corbett was engaged in a personal altercation with Mr. Thomas Sharkey.

Mr. McVey was one of the seconds of Mr. Corbett, and since the event various explanations have been given of his interruption of the combat of which Mr. Corbett was not getting the better. At any rate, "Honest John" Kelly, the referee, promptly gave the decision to Mr. Sharkey, and since then there has been or there has seemed to be bad blood between the Corbetts and Mr. Con McVey.

Mr. McVey, in language and demeanor, is not the Chesterfield of prize fighters. Mr. McVey weighs about 225 pounds in the buff. He has fists which, in color and size, may be deferentially compared to hams. Mr. Tom Corbett has been passing some time at his brother's place of refreshment. He is a husky chap, not nearly so big as McVey. Mr. Tom Corbett, since he has been in New York has been adding to his own amusement and to the gaiety of the Tenderloin by getting into impromptu scraps. A week or so ago Mr. Tom Corbett went into that watering place for man and beast kept by Mr. John L. Sullivan. Mr. Corbett and Mr. Sullivan's bartender found themselves antagonistic, and Mr. Sullivan's bartender "done up"—that's what they call it up there—"done up" Mr. Tom Corbett. Incidentally Mr. Sullivan's bartender split Mr. Tom Corbett's upper lip, and afterward Mr. Corbett, to keep a stiff upper lip, wore a piece of court plaster over the cut.

Mr. Corbett removed the piece of court plaster yesterday. He met Mr. Con McVey and some other friends and they went into Delevan's room to take a drink. Mr. McVey and Mr. Corbett exchanged some gentle persiflage; it was really impossible to learn last night to what subject their wit turned. However the bad blood between them boiled, they dropped their glasses, they sprang at each other. Mr. McVey delivered the first blow. Mr. Corbett caught it on the shoulder and countered. Mr. McVey warded the blow and struck Mr. Corbett, smash on the chin.

Mr. Corbett measured his length on the floor. Mr. McVey jumped on him, and instantly they were scrambling and batting in a rough and tumble fight, contrary to all the rules of polite society and the ring.

All the men in the barroom, all the women and men in the dining-room, became much agitated. A phalanx of waiters, headed by Caterer Hoetzer, rushed into the barroom and yanked Mr. McVey from Mr. Corbett. Mr. McVey was gently led to Broadway through the front door of the hotel. Mr. Corbett was conducted to the remote recesses of the barroom. Mr. McVey broke away from his friends and again rushed into the barroom. Mr. Corbett, nothing loathe, ran toward him, and again the phalanx of waiters interposed. This time Mr. McVey was somewhat hurriedly thrown into Fortieth street.

Nobody was arrested, but Capt. Price, who is somewhat of a fighter himself is anxiously anticipating what will next happen in the saloons of Corbett, Sullivan and O'Rourke.

"Mysterious Bill" Smith and Charley McKeever, the crack Philadelphia boxer, are to have another encounter in the roped arena. They were matched on Saturday by Tom O'Rourke to try conclusions in a twenty-five round bout at the Lenox Athletic club on Nov. 8. This will be the third time these clever men have exchanged uppercuts and jabs, and it is expected their battle this time will settle, once for all, the much-discussed question as to their superiority. In their first fight Smith was awarded the decision after a hard battle. Their second encounter was another fast battle, in which McKeever made a great showing and received a draw. A great many experts claimed that McKeever had clearly outfought and outpointed Smith and should have been awarded the decision. They are to box the next time at 145 pounds for 50 per cent. of the gross receipts. Both men will begin training this week.

The rumor which has been in circulation in sporting circles for the last ten days, that the Lenox Athletic club would shut down, turns out to be untrue. Tom O'Rourke, manager of the club, when asked if the club would cease giving boxing shows, said: "There is no truth whatever in the rumor which is being circulated, that the Lenox club will close, and I really don't know how such a rumor was circulated. The transferring of a few of the fights which we had booked to the Broadway A. C. no doubt, was responsible for the false rumor. One reason for shifting these fights is that the officials of the club have decided to hold only big fights, such as McCoy and Maher and others at the Lenox club."

One of the fights which was to have been decided at the Lenox club, but which has been transferred to the Broadway Athletic club by Tom O'Rourke, is the twenty-round bout between Gus Ruhlin, the Akron giant, and Jim Jeffords, the Californian heavy-weight. They will box a twenty-five-round bout at the Broadway club, the latter part of the month, the date for the battle not having been agreed upon as yet. Both fighters are training hard and faithfully for the battle and should enter the ring in fine fettle. Jeffords is looked upon as one of the most promising heavy-weights that has been brought out on the Pacific coast, but as the same deceiving talk was heard about Kennedy before he tackled Peter Maher, the sports had better wait until Jeffords meets Billy Madden's big husky slugger before talking of his merits. The men are to fight at catchweights for half the receipts of the shows.

Matty Matthews did not leave for Louisville last night, where he was booked to meet Tom Williams Monday, owing to the fact that the Monarch Athletic club failed to advance the necessary expenses for transportation and seemed undecided as to the date. Johnny Dunn, of the Coney Island Sporting club who was to look after the New Yorker's interest there, decided that prospecting for pugilistic fame and no gain is a bad business and unless the guarantee is posted at once, Matthews will cancel his engagement. The club management lost prestige by failing to pull off successfully the Choynski-O'Donnell "go," scheduled for last Wednesday and blames the carnival and fair now being held there for its misfortunes. Matthews will now keep himself in shape to meet Eddie Connolly before the Broadway Athletic club on Oct. 25, the night after the big championship and hopes to win within the limit, owing to his desire to meet Dick Burge for the 135-pound championship of the world.

George Dixon, the colored wonder and Eddie Lenny, the crack feather-weight, of Philadelphia have been matched by Tom O'Rourke in a twenty-five round bout at the Lenox Athletic club on Nov. 15. Lenny is the young lad who has been doing such remarkable fighting during the last two years and who also gave Joe Bernstein such a hard fight at the Greenwood Athletic club recently, which was declared a draw. The rapid improvement of Lenny was instrumental in his getting this fight. O'Rourke thought that as Lenny is a coming boy in the feather-weight class he would make a good match for Dixon. While Lenny is a fairly clever boxer, he, nevertheless, is no match for Dixon, and it is very doubtful if he will last fifteen rounds at the most with the dusky champion. They will fight at 120 pounds for 50 per cent. of the receipts.

ELIOT LITERARY UNION

SEMI-MONTHLY MEETING HELD LAST NIGHT.

John Eliot Literary union held their semi-monthly meeting last night in the vestry of the Eliot church and a large number were present.

There were some fine addresses given by prominent members and each was given splendidly. At the end of the different addresses the speakers were liberally applauded for their good work. The program of the evening was as follows: Piano solo, Mrs. Spencer, followed by an able address on "The Situation in the Transvaal," by Miss Mabel Forrest. Mr. Ernest D. Chase then followed with a fine address on the "Discovery of Wireless telegraphy," and the program concluded with an address on a "Talk on Costa Rica," which was delivered by Mr. George B. Holden.

PROMISING ATHLETE.

Mr. Herbert L. Trull of the Dartmouth College Athletic club, son of G. N. Trull of North Tewksbury, is winning great honors as a winner this season. Wednesday, Oct. 11th, he defeated several of the best college men and came within one second of breaking the college record in the 880 yard run. He also came in second in the 220 yards dash, adding a gold and silver medal to the collection of trophies.

REGISTRATION HEAVY.

Registration was quite heavy last night, 54 names being added to the list and the most gratifying feature is the preponderance of democrats who registered. The registration last night was as follows: One, 15; two, 13; three, 17; four, 9; five, 9; six, 9; seven, 5; eight, 6; nine, 11.

MEETING OF MINISTERS.

A meeting of the Andover Association of Ministers' was held Tuesday at the Riverside church of Lawrence, Rev. Henry E. Oxnard, pastor.

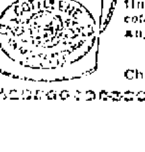
The meeting was held between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m. Rev. William E. Walcott of Lawrence presided and Rev. Mr. Oxnard was the scribe. Papers were read by several of Lowell's clergymen, among whom were Brothers Warfield, Kenngott and Wilson. At the conclusion of the meeting an enjoyable lunch was served by the ladies of the church.

POOL EXHIBITION.

Prof. McKewen, the pool expert of Boston was present last night at the rooms of the Spindle City Wheelmen. He gave a fine exhibition of artistic pool playing.

STILL UNCONSCIOUS.

The condition of little Alice Brunelle who fell from the roof of Fletcher Block, off Moody street, Monday afternoon, has not improved. She is still unconscious and Dr. Patnaude, the attending physician, told the reporter late last night that the chances of recovery are still doubtful and it is feared that she will die from the injuries.

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From Yesterday's Late Editions.

CHELMSFORD OUT

Again Robbed in Republican Convention.

RAMSAY HAS THE APPORTIONMENT CHANGED

So That Chelmsford Loses a Year.

McKINLEY, WATSON AND ROBBINS NOMINATED.

Convention Held in Slipshod Manner.

The 25th district republican representative convention was held this afternoon at republican headquarters, Wyman's exchange, and everyone looked wise upon entering the scene of the meeting, as a rumor had gone abroad that a few Hayes sympathizers unable to realize the completeness of their defeat, would attempt to bring Bill Hayes' name into the convention.

Prior to the calling of the convention there was much conferring in the private room and it was quite noticeable too, that among the delegates were men from wards 5, 6 and 9, which are not in the 25th district.

In the absence of the chairman of the district committee, Secretary Wallace P. Butterfield of Tyngsboro called to order.

On motion of Ed. Lachance, ex-Councilman Fred H. George of ward 8 was elected temporary chairman. After half a dozen had declined the honor of temporary secretary Edward S. Houle was elected and ex-Councilman Sykes of ward 9, a ringer, was so pleased with the selection that he wanted the temporary organization made permanent at once.

Before the committee on credentials was appointed James P. Ramsay announced that his ward had received no credentials owing to a mistake in the advertising of the date. He vouched for the ward five delegation present and his word was taken.

With nothing done so far the convention had proceeded far enough to be irregular, if not illegal, as the call was not read and a number of delegates had been voted seats before the committee on credentials had even been appointed.

Chairman George, when "tipped" by a friend that no call had been read, stated that he knew nothing of any call.

Arthur P. Salmon suggested reading the call and the chairman said that the call couldn't be found.

The following committee on credentials was appointed: James P. Ramsay, ward five; George D. Kimball, ward seven; Cyrus Barton, ward nine; Samuel J. Garland, Chelmsford; Dexter Butterfield, Dunstable; Wallace P. Butterfield, Tyngsboro.

The call could not be found, and on advice of George W. Poor, whose duty as burdenbearer includes the ironing out of such matters, the minutes of the meeting of the district committee were read appointing this day and place for the convention, and it went.

It took the committee on credentials a tiresomely long time to report, as the ward eight delegation was short and the committee didn't care to report until it was filled. Ward eight was six men short, being entitled to 25.

Finally, the committee reported as follows: Ward four, 8; ward seven, 18; ward eight, 25; Chelmsford, 9; Dunstable, 2; Tyngsboro, 2; total, 64. The six delegates from ward eight were seated without credentials, as were those from ward four and one from ward seven.

Mr. P. P. Perham moved that the temporary organization be made permanent.

Mr. Perham kept on the floor and moved the nomination of Martin Robbins of Chelmsford, by acclamation, as one of the candidates for representative.

James P. Ramsay, who had a sad experience in Chelmsford, seconded the nomination with a nice speech.

Charles M. Erskine of ward seven moved the nomination of James McKinley of ward seven by acclamation, and it was done.

Ed. Lechance of ward eight moved the renomination of Walter S. Watson of ward eight, by acclamation, and it was voted.

It was moved that the chairman of each ward and town committee be the district committee for the next year.

CHELMSFORD ROBBED.

James P. Ramsay moved that the apportionment agreed upon last year be rescinded, stating that he wished to bring up an important matter for discussion. He then took the center of the hall and said: "When the apportionment was made last year it was an amendment to the apportionment of 1896. The amendment was done in good faith and not to take from Chelmsford its year but to join the terms of representation in ward four and get better representation thereby. I think however that we should go back to the old apportionment."

Mr. P. P. Perham said he was sorry to see the matter come up and he thought that too many years in the legislature is bad for any man as it made him incline to political trickery. The apportionment is a sacred thing and should not be tinkered with every year.

Mr. Salmon called Ramsay to account for last year's action.

Mr. Ramsay then accused the Chelmsford republicans of doing him for Mr. Quigley who was brought up in the town and was elected by the republicans of Chelmsford, was the one a representative of Chelmsford and his term should count in the apportionment. He said further that with two more republicans Chelmsford would have had three terms and he wanted ward four to have three years in succession.

The republicans of ward four could defeat the Chelmsford candidate if they wanted to.

Mr. Bartlett of Dunstable took the floor and started to call Ramsay down, when the latter jumped up and asked him if he voted for the ward four candidate (Ramsay) last year and Mr. Bartlett promptly replied that he did not vote for Mr. Ramsay.

Mr. Butterfield of Dunstable stated that no Dunstable men asked for change in the apportionment and Mr. Ramsay immediately yelled at him: "Did you vote for the ward four republican candidate last year?"

"I'm not discussing that point," promptly answered Mr. Butterfield.

The question was then put to the convention though the chairman stated the motion wrongly, stating that all in favor of the original allotment of 1896 standing henceforth, rise, and 32 arose, while 16 representing the country towns voted against it.

Again Mr. Ramsay and the city delegates did up their country friends.

Messers. McKinley and Watson passed around the cigars, and Messrs. McKinley and Robbins were presented to the convention. As Mr. McKinley entered he was loudly cheered. He made a brief speech of thanks: "I am a republican and am with the ticket from top to bottom," said Mac amid much applause.

Mr. Robbins, who expects to be elected, told what he'd do if elected.

Adjourned.

TWO DEATHS

FROM SMALL POX IN EVERETT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

EVERETT, Mass., Oct. 17.—Considerable alarm is manifested here over the news which has leaked out that two deaths from small pox have occurred here within the past five days. The victims were Mrs. Harriet Towle and her daughter, Annie Towle of Chelsea. They were visiting Mrs. Towle's daughter, Mrs. Lee, in this city, when the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Lee was stricken with the disease, which he contracted in the barber shop of a negro in Chelsea. The condition of the boy has improved, and the doctors have hopes that he will recover.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Oct. 17.—About 200 Christian Endeavor delegates swarmed into this city this morning to attend the state Christian Endeavor convention.

Most of the delegates went at once to the city hall, where the morning session opened at 10.30 o'clock. Here they registered and were asked to sign a petition praying that Brigham Roberts be prevented from taking his seat in the house of representatives.

Rev. Franklin S. Hatch of Monson, presided at the morning session. The session was opened with reading the scriptures and a prayer by Rev. Allen Cross of this city. This was followed by an address of welcome by Rev. F. L. Goodspeed, and it was responded to by Rev. James T. Black of East Boston.

The annual report of the secretary, H. N. Lathrop of Boston, and the treasurer, Charles H. Wells of Fall River, followed.

The address of the day was given by Professor Amos R. Wells of Boston on "The Christian Endeavor Shears."

ADMIRAL DEWEY

IS IN WASHINGTON ONCE MORE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 17.—Admiral Dewey has resumed the quiet existence he left as a commodore upward of two years ago to achieve fame and glory in the far east. He arrived in Washington at 4 p. m., yesterday, about six hours behind schedule time, his special car having been delayed in New York by fog, which made it dangerous to ferry down the East River. He was accompanied by Lieut. Brumby, Gen. R. T. McKeever of the Rutland railway and his Chinese valet.

The party was driven in a closed carriage direct to the Everett, the apartment house where the admiral made his home during his previous residence in Washington and where Rear Admiral Schley now resides. There was a vast difference between the arrival of Dewey today and his advent into the capital two weeks ago. No curious gathered at the station and the hero of Manila went about his business undisturbed and with the same freedom that any other citizen might enjoy.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY

MAN ASSAULTED AND ROBBED OF $25.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 17.—John McSweeney was the victim of highway robbers on Dix place, this city, early this morning, when he was relieved of $25. Two men came up behind him and while one of them grasped him by the throat, the other went through his pockets. The police found a man at the corner of Hollis street, who answered the description given by McSweeney. He was taken to the police station, after a hard fight, and identified as Michael Meeney of Philadelphia, an old offender with a long criminal record. When searched $3 was found. His companion was arrested shortly afterwards and gave the name of Daniel Kelleher.

A WOMAN CHOKED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WALTHAM, Oct. 17.—One of the boldest and most sensational assaults ever reported to the local police took place yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. T. F. Scott, residing at 21 Farwell street, was the victim and her assailant was evidently a tramp. About 3 in the afternoon, according to the story told by Mrs. Scott, she was sitting in her dining room engaged at her sewing when a man suddenly placed his hands over her eyes and pulled her backwards upon the floor. When she fell his hands were released and she saw a strange man standing over her. She screamed and the intruder caught her by the hair and attempted to hold her down. She fought and scratched him at the same time shouting at the top of her voice. The man choked and beat her, but she finally succeeded in eluding him and ran to another part of the house whereupon the man hurriedly left the premises.

After she had become calmed she was able to give the police a fairly good description of her assailant. She said that he was about 5 feet 9 inches in height, rather slim, light complexioned and was a rough-looking person. He wore blue trousers and a light-checked coat, with cap of the same material. He was about 30 years of age.

Mrs. Scott states that he never spoke once during the struggle. Tonight she had not recovered from the shock and was reported as very ill.

The search for the man was continued all afternoon and when the night officers went on duty they were instructed to bring in all suspicious characters that tallied with the description given by Mrs. Scott.

SHAMROCK ACCIDENT

HAS CAUSED GREAT DISAPPOINTMENT IN LONDON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—At Marlborough House, London, keen disappointment was expressed at the accident to the Shamrock this morning, the news of which was conveyed to the Prince of Wales just as he was preparing to leave town. Mr. Thorneycroft, when informed of the accident, expressed keenest regret. He said: "It is impossible, with the meagre data at hand, to give any definite opinion, as we do not know which topmast was employed."

Young children, to avoid marasmus, scrofula, or rickets, and develop healthy tissues, bones and teeth, need fats and hypophosphites. Dr. W. Gilman Thompson, Prof. Materia Medica and Therapeutics, in the University of New York, asserts that Cod-liver Oil is the best fat for the purpose.

Scott's Emulsion is cod-liver oil partly digested and combined with hypophosphites, it gives children material for rich blood, solid flesh, bones and teeth.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

SECRETARY LONG

Praises the Work of the Navy

IMPERIALISTS ARE NOT TYRANTS.

Expansion the Natural Law of all Life.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 17.—At the banquet of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' association last night, in honor of President McKinley and his cabinet, Secretary Long in his speech delivered very late, said in part:

"I appreciate very much the compliment you pay to me and to the navy. The navy has achieved a great victory and it is the same fleet and the same people who have enthused us with a new spirit and new and broader ideas because it is full of the same enterprise that it found in your own city and in your own state. You know it was said that our men fought like fiends in the battle but when the battle was over they were as gentle as women. It was our duty to strike at the Spanish sea power because that was the only secret of their power. We struck at the Philippines because it was theirs. We destroyed the Spanish fleet under Dewey because it was theirs. Could we withdraw our fleet from Manila? (Voices, 'No, No.') Because our hand was on the enemy's throat and his surrender was sure to come. It came and when it came the acquisition was confirmed by an act ratified by the senate and by the house of representatives by its appropriation of $20,000,000. The president had but one course to take. These islands are the property of the United States, the territory and the land of the United States. He could no more abandon them than he could abandon Hawaii, Porto Rico, or Alaska. He could not give them up. He could not declare independence any more than he could declare the independence of Alaska or the district of Columbia. There were two ways for congress to act, either to hold the islands or to alienate them, which latter course it did not pursue, and the president is left to carry out the only course possible, namely, to hold on until congress shall make some disposition of them and that he is doing in a straightforward business like manner.

"If imperialism means tyranny and violence, there is not an imperialist in the length and breadth of this land. If imperialism means peace in these islands, and then a stable government under the sovereignty of the United States or under such disposition as congress shall make of these islands, we are all imperialists.

"Expansion is the natural law of animal, vegetable and mineral life. The tendency of the age is toward expansion. Are there not some great fundamental laws in operation here? Is there not a higher power that is guiding things? Is it not the mission of the United States to enlarge, grow and carry its happiness, felicity and prosperity wherever its influence extends?"

MINISTER HAUNTED

BY AN OLD CRIME WHICH HE COMMITTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Because he told the truth concerning a conviction of theft which took place eighteen years ago, the Rev. William Sloman, an English evangelist who had done 13 years of evangelical work was detained yesterday at the barge office.

Mr. Sloman, who is a tall, distinguished looking man with frank blue eyes and black curling hair and beard, was a second cabin passenger on the Allan State Liner Laurentian which arrived here yesterday from Glasgow.

When he embarked in Glasgow the question as to his ever having been convicted of anything involving moral turpitude was put. He admitted stealing a watch eighteen years ago in Winnipeg, Manitoba. The watch proved too great a temptation. It was found in his possession but even in Canada where the courts are unusually strict, a sentence of only one month in prison was imposed upon him.

But the record went down on the steamship manifest and the immigration boarding officer at quarantine saw it and sent the clergyman to the barge office. There he again was asked the question and he explained to the board of inquiry. He referred the board to Mr. Taylor of Taylor & Monahan of No. 452 Grove street, Jersey City, and to the Agricultural Assurance society. Both, he said, would vouch for his integrity. But the board of inquiry could only discern two things, the law and Mr. Sloman's admission. They detained him. A telegram was sent to Mr. Taylor, who is expected to call at the barge office today. Assistant Commissioner MacSweeney expressed great sympathy for Mr. Sloman.

PRES. McKINLEY

ADDRESSED VETERANS IN MILWAUKEE TODAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 17.—Notwithstanding the fact that President McKinley did not retire until early this morning, he was up bright and early, and at 9 o'clock, the party was driven out to the National Soldier's Home, in the extreme western portion of the city. Arriving at the home the president's salute of 21 guns, was fired by the First Light Battery, W. N. G.

The president addressed a few words of greeting to the old veterans, and as the time for making for the train was very limited, took a hurried departure. The streets which were traversed by the presidential party were thronged with people, including many thousand school children and the entire distance the president was kept busy bowing his acknowledgements to the hearty greetings.

The return trip from the soldiers home grounds was made via the south side. On arriving at one of the big manufacturing plants, the president was greeted by 2000 artisans. The president's carriage halted long enough for the president to thank the workmen for the greeting.

The president bade good bye to the Wisconsin metropolis a few minutes after 11 o'clock, bound for Chicago.

HEART FAILURE.

Joseph H. Goodrow of 765 Broadway, while coming home ... from the Dewey celebration in Boston late Saturday afternoon, had an attack of ... He was found a short time after by a man passing by and taken to the police station in Medford. He soon revived, and was allowed to pass the night at the station. He returned Monday morning, and is now apparently as well as ever. He says he never before had an attack of heart trouble.

EXPLOSION IN A MINE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Oct. 17.—Shortly before 11 o'clock this morning, an explosion of mine gas occurred at Shenandoah City colliery, by which 22 men were entombed. Ten of them were rescued alive. It is feared the others are dead. The mine took fire and burned fiercely, and the Shenandoah fire department went to the rescue. Great excitement prevailed.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought

DEATH WON

FATHER OFFERED THOUSANDS TO SAVE HIS CHILD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—It was the fate yesterday of an agonized father and mother to watch the slow death by strangulation of their little child. A button, one of a hundred in a cardboard box left by the father, Vincenzo Gerardi, who owns many bootblack stands in Brooklyn, on a shelf in his flat, No. 272 State street, Brooklyn, brought about the mischief.

Little Alice Gerardi, two years old, and her elder sister, Marie, began to play store. By Alice's side was the box of buttons representing so many coins. There was a sudden shriek from Marie and Mrs. Gerardi ran in to find the baby stretched upon the floor in convulsions. She had swallowed one of the buttons.

Five doctors were presently around Alice. Gerardi is wealthy, and in this moment he thought of his money and what it might do.

"A thousand to save my child," he said. "Two thousand—five—ten—all I have in the world. My blood, my life itself for hers."

But death outbid him and won the child.

LASTERS STRIKE

THIRTY-FIVE WENT OUT THIS NOON.

Yesterday thirty-five lasters of Stover's shoe shop in Little Canada went out on a strike. The lasters claim that some first class men have applied for positions and were refused and that the company hired two Greeks to learn the business. There is only one laster and the two Greek apprentices now working. It is understood that the lasters want the Greeks discharged.

BRYAN AT MAYFIELD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MAYFIELD, Ky., Oct. 17, 1899.—There was an audience of about 5000 at Mayfield, and while Mr. Bryan spoke he could see a desperate fist fight in progress on the roof of a railway station before him. Here in the heart of the staunchest democratic county in the state, Goebel himself was greeted with quick, frantic applause. It is plain to be seen that the Brown movement has broken down.

All along the route of today's journey the multitudes uttered the undivided cry that means democratic victory this year.

When the train reached Eddyville Mr. Bryan addressed a large crowd, and six feet away from him stood Captain W. J. Stone, the leader of the democratic revolt against Goebel. Mr. Bryan made a passionate appeal for unity among democrats.

"What do the democrats of the rest of the country know about your personal quarrels?" he cried. "They only know that Kentucky owes a duty to the rest of the nation. Let no man call himself a democrat who helps to put a republican governor in power in his state, and to imperil the future of the party in the nation."

Captain Stone squirmed under this lashing. The face of Goebel was beautiful to look upon as he regarded his wincing foe. The crowd shrieked with delight.

There was immense enthusiasm at Hopkinsville, a strong republican centre. Here Mr. Bryan again declared that a great victory in Kentucky would be almost decisive in its effect upon the country next year. He said that the republican party had gone to England for a financial policy in order to induce foreign investors to send money into this country, and then had gone to England again for a colonial policy in order to find a place to which money might be sent for investment out of the country.

Everywhere Mr. Bryan announced to the disgruntled Brown men that if any other democrat had been nominated for governor he would have come to his support. Again and again he said that the youngest man in the country would not live long enough to see the democratic party remove one plank from the Chicago platform. This was always received with tremendous applause.

At every stage Mr. Bryan seemed to expect attacks and to invite them, but the Brown men seemed to be overawed. The silence of Goebel's enemies since Mr. Bryan's arrival in Kentucky is absolutely dramatic. There can be no doubt that Goebel will be elected. A bet of $10,000 was offered on Goebel today and was not taken. Even republicans high in authority say Goebel will be elected.

Rheumatism

Miss Eleanor M. Tippell, 3711 Powellton Ave., Philadelphia, writes:

"I had inflammatory rheumatism, which was for weeks so intense that I was unable to walk. I was treated by several prominent physicians, and tried many patent medicines, but without relief. I felt so much better after taking two bottles of S. S. S., that I continued the remedy, and in two months I was cured completely, and have never since had a touch of the disease."

S.S.S. For The Blood

(Swift's Specific) is the only remedy which reaches this painful disease, and is guaranteed purely vegetable. Send for valuable books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

LOAD YOUR PIPE WITH

Butler's Tobacco

Light and Dark Plug

AND

Cut Plug.

Large piece and best goods for the money.

Union label on every plug and package.

SPECIAL SESSION

Of Parliament Opened in London Today

TO CONSIDER THE BOER WAR.

Queen's Speech Dealing With the Situation.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—Parliament opened today in special session to consider the South African situation.

In the speech from the throne, Her Majesty said:

"My Lords and Gentlemen:—Within a very brief period after the recent prorogation I am compelled by events deeply affecting the interests of my empire to recur to your advice and aid.

"The state of affairs in South Africa has made it expedient that my government should be able to strengthen the military forces of this country by calling out the reserve. For this purpose the provisions of the law render it necessary that parliament should be called together.

"Except for the difficulties that have been caused by the action of the South African republic, the condition of the world continues to be peaceful.

"Gentlemen of the House of Commons—Measures will be laid before you for the purpose of providing the expenditure which has been or may be caused by events in South Africa. Estimates for the ensuing year may be submitted to you in due course.

"My Lords and Gentlemen—There are many subjects of domestic interest to which your attention will be invited at a later period when the ordinary session for the labors of a parliamentary session has been reached. For the present I have invited your attendance in order to ask you to deal with an exceptional emergency and I pray that in performing the duties which claim your attention, you may have the guidance and blessing of Almighty God."

Prior to the meeting of parliament, the prince of Wales, the premier, the marquis of Salisbury met at the foreign office.

Both houses assembled in the chamber of Peers at 2 o'clock, the Queen's speech being read by commission.

Immediately after reading the speaker of the house of commons, the Right Hon. William Court Gully, returned to the chamber of the commons, the house adjourned at 4 o'clock.

Mr. Henry Labouchere, liberal, member for Northampton, will move an amendment to the address to the speech from the throne in favor of arbitration in the Transvaal imbroglio, even at this late date.

Mr. John Redmond, parnellite, member for Waterford, will move an amendment protesting against the war.

Sir Henry Seton Karr, conservative, member of St. Helens, Lancashire, has given notice of a question for Thursday concerning the alleged disloyal utterances of certain Irish nationalist members of the house, which he will contend are in violation of the oath of allegiance.

He will take especial exception to an expression by Mr. Patrick O'Brien, parnellite, member of Kilkenney, of a hope that the Irishmen in the British regiments, instead of firing on the Boers, would fire on Englishmen. He will also refer to similar declarations by Mr. Michael Davitt, nationalist, member for South Mayo and Mr. William Redmond, parnellite, member for East Clare.

The opening ceremony occupied a quarter of an hour. Scarcely a score of peers were present when the Lord High Chancellor, Baron Halsbury, took his seat on the wool sack. The black rod was directed to desire the immediate attendance of commons, and after a brief interval the speaker and other officials of the house of commons followed by the members, appeared at the bar.

The galleries of both houses were crowded with ladies. United States Ambassador Choate and Mrs. Choate were present when the members of the embassy were in the diplomatic gallery of the house of lords.

Mr. Charlemagne Tower, United States Minister to Russia, was also present.

United States Senator Nelson and Mr. R. McCormick of Chicago witnessed the proceedings in the house of commons.

The regular formality of searching the vaults under the houses of parliament for traces of treasonable conspiracy was carried out by the Beef Eaters.

Large crowds waited in the precincts of St. Stephen's for the re-assembling of Lords and Commons and heartily welcomed the favorites, especially Mr. Joseph Chamberlain. The Prince of Wales was loudly cheered while driving to the House of Lords.

Within the house cordial receptions marked the arrival of Mr. Balfour and the other members of the government. The house listened to the usual protest of James Lowther (Conservative), Isle of Thanet, Kent) against the alleged interference of Peers in elections, but Mr. Chamberlain's coming put everybody into good humor and was the signal for an immense outburst of applause. He entered carrying a big dispatch box.

Mr. Balfour gave notice of a motion tomorrow that no private business should be taken up during the autumn session.

The speaker then read the queen's speech, shortly after which Sir Alexander Fuller Acland Hood, Conservative, West Somerset, rose to move the address in reply.

Sir Alexander Hood said the house had never met in graver circumstances, not only for South Africa, but for the whole empire. Dwelling upon the horrors of war, he declared that war should not be undertaken except from absolute necessity, but that in this case all peaceful means had failed and war had become necessary "to establish equal rights for the white races in South Africa, and to remove the grievances of the Outlanders."

After reviewing the course of the negotiations between the British government and the Transvaal, he said that President Kruger, by his own act, had removed all chance of peace. He declared that unless the question of British supremacy was settled now, British rule in South Africa would go. He asserted that the British government, under exceptional provocation, had shown great patience and forbearance, and that Great Britain had no option but to repel attack. (Loud cheers.)

Mr. Clement Molyneux Royds, Conservative, member for Rochdale, seconded the address.

Ladies' Lace Shoes

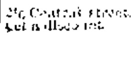
Whose distinctive quality is their all round excellence, making them leaders in their line. They have many imitators, proving their popularity, but no superiors at this price,

$2 a Pair.

In button also.

J. J. LONERGAN,

215 DUTTON ST.



Artificial Teeth, the very best that can be made, $8.00, upper or lower. You make no mistake if you go to

DR. SIMMONS, Dentist,

26 Central street. Health tolerated, and you get a discount.

Boston & Maine Railroad

Corrected to October 2, 1899: Trains leave Merrimack street depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.43, 6.25, c6.12, *7.15, *8.50, c9.15, *9.13, 11.00 a. m.; 1.19, c3.00, 4.25, c4.11 p. m.

SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.

Trains leave Middlesex street station Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 6.16, 6.28, c6.15, w6.50, 7.01, *7.20, *7.28, 7.34, *7.18, w*8.00, *8.01, c8.10, w9.25, *9.50, w10.50, 11.13, *11.42 a. m.; w12.05, 12.16, w12.16, 1.43, w2.30, w*3.03, 3.40, *3.47, w3.65, 4.28, w5.25, 5.55, c5.45, w*6.15, *6.22, 7.00, *7.19, w9.25 p. m.

SUNDAYS, 7.10, 7.28, w8.15, 8.18, 9.13 a. m., w12.05, w1.05, 4.25, w7.24, 5.58, w7.25, p. m.

For Lawrence, 6.28, w6.50, z7.31, w8.30, w9.25, 10.05, w10.50 a. m.; w12.15, w2.31, w3.19, w3.55, 4.18, w5.15, w6.15, w1.03, w5.25, wb11.25 p. m.

SUNDAYS, w8.15 a. m.; w12.05, w5.50, w7.25 p. m.

For Salem, Mass., w6.28, 7.33 a. m.; w12.05, 1.28, w5.15, 5.63 p. m.

For Haverhill, 6.28, 6.50, z7.33, 8.28, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.10, w3.55, w5.15, 6.15, 7.00, 9.25, bll.26 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 12.05, 5.50, 7.25 p. m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.25 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.55, 6.15 p. m.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.28, 6.50, z7.33, 8.50 a. m.; 12.05, 3.10, 3.55, 5.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.50 p. m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 3.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, z7.33, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.50 p. m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.31 a. m.; 12.05, 3.35 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.50 p. m.

For Lewiston, 6.50, 8.30, a. m.; 12.05, 5.15 p. m.

For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland, 8.30 a. m.; 3.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For St. John's, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 3.15 p. m. (3.15 does not run Saturdays). SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (via steamer from Portland), on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12.05 p. m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.15 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.25, 7.04, 7.33, *7.18, 11.03 a. m.; 1.13, 4.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 4.25, 5.53 p. m.

For Ayer Junction and Way-Stations—7.10 a. m.; 12.09, 5.01 and 5.12 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2.15 p. m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.12 a. m.; 1.00, 3.41, 5.40 p. m. SUNDAYS, 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene, 9.12 a. m.; 3.41 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Hillsboro, 2 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.10, 9.12, *9.40 a. m.; *12.12, 1.00, *1.10, 3.41, *6.15, 6.27, *8.10, *8.40 p. m. SUNDAYS, 10.00 a. m. (to Nashua only), 3.03 a. m.; 2.00, 6.02, 8.13, 8.10 p. m.

For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.12, *9.10 a. m.; *12.12, *1.10 (to Franklin only), 5.10, *a8.10 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.) Claremont and Claremont Junction, 7.10, 9.22 a. m.; 1.00 p. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville, via Wells River, *9.40 a. m.; *1.10, *a8.40 p. m.

For Montpelier, Essex Jct., Burlington, St. Albans, St. Johns and Montreal, via Central Vermont Line, *9.40 a. m.; *12.12, *a8.10 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line, *9.40 a. m.; *a8.10 p. m.

QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Sherbrooke, *1.40, *a8.10 p. m.

References:
*Express. aDaily
bWednesdays and Saturdays only.
wVia Western Division.
cVia Bedford. zVia Wilmington Junction.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.
H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

BLOOD POISON

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Blood Poison permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide, potash, and still have aches and pains, mucous patches in the mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcer on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this secondary blood poison we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians; $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed upon application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 183 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

Exhausted Vitality.



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Nervous and Physical Debility,

Premature Decline, Impotency, Atrophy, Frost-bite, Varicocele, Stricture, the Errors of Youth, the Excesses of Mature Years, and all DISEASES and WEAKNESSES of MEN, from Whatever Cause Arising, scientifically treated, quickly and radically cured at the old reliable

PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

No. 4 Bulfinch St., (opposite Revere House), Boston, Mass. Established in 1860. This renowned Institution publishes the staunch and far famed, popular and unequaled Medical Treatise entitled

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE; or SELF PRESERVATION,

a Book For Every Man, married or single, young, middle aged or old. It is a private Treasure Casket on the above named and kindred subjects. It contains 370 pp., 12 mo., 125 invaluable prescriptions for Acute and Chronic diseases, each one of which is worth more than five times the price of the book and should be in the possession of every sensible prudent man for ready reference. It is the Grand Prize Essay, for which was awarded the Gold Medal by the National Medical Association. Price, only $1, by mail, double sealed and strictly private, guaranteed as represented in every instance. The distinguished author and Chief Consulting Physician to the Peabody Institute graduated from the Harvard Medical College, class of '64, and was Surgeon to the 5th Regt. Mass. Volunteers during the war of the Rebellion. The first assistant Physician to the Institute graduated from the old College of Physicians and Surgeons, class 1874. These Physicians Cure Where Others Fail. After many years of careful study and extensive research they guarantee a positive cure in every case of Rheumatism treated. Consultation in person or by mail, 9 to 6. Sundays, 10 to 1. The Diagnostician's Know Thyself Manual, a Vade Mecum of Medical Science for All; price 50 cents, but sent free sealed, to every male reader of this paper of this date, mentioning this paper, enclosing 6c. for postage.

"The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators, but no equals."—Boston Herald.

DAILY BARGAINS.

$100

UPRIGHT PIANO.

seven and one-third octaves. Used but little. Condition fine.

GEORGE A. GARDNER

10 PRESCOTT STREET.

TAXES

Collector's Notice.

The assessors have committed to the Collector of Taxes the

TAX LIST OF 1899.

With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and by the Ordinances of the City of Lowell, the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein, and he is now ready to receive payment of said Taxes at his office in City Hall.

When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes. WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.

SUMMONS, bearing costs, will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.

INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent. per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1899, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to and considered a part of said Taxes. Poll Taxes are assessed upon every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the Tax. Each partner is liable for the whole Tax assessed under the partnership name.

If any taxable inhabitant, by removing his residence since the first day of May or from any cause should not receive his tax bill, he must consider the tax demanded by this notice and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a Tax has been assessed.

All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay, will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.

THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1899 IS $19.60 ON $1000.

OFFICE HOURS—From 9 o'clock a. m. to 4 p. m. For the convenience of the Tax-paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from Oct. 9 to Oct. 14, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock p. m. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, from Oct. 16 to 20, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock p. m.

Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence, May 1st, 1899 and bring it with you.

CHARLES F. COBURN,
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.

J. F. ROGERS,
UNDERTAKER,
OFFICE—315 Central Street.
RESIDENCE—29 Cedar Street.
Telephone connection. Hacks furnished for all occasions.

A Great Offer

If anybody is looking for a nice Diamond, it will pay to call in these times to

LEGAULT & CO.,
RELIABLE JEWELERS.
70 Central St., cor Prescott

When it comes to making overcoats we are right in it with the best of them for style and quality and as for price here is where we distance all our competitors. Our rent is low and we have a practical knowledge of our business. These are the plain facts of our being able to undersell our neighbors.

Call at A. M. BERTRAND,
The Fashionable Tailor,
24 MIDDLE STREET.

"GLORIA"

IS NOT A MEDICINE.

GLORIA is sold only from the bottle with GLORIA on the label. GLORIA is better and costs the dealer more than other drinks, making it tempting to sell imitations.

Our verse maker trying to get the taste of imitation out of his mouth, says:

I fear you ancient hypocrite,
I fear your skinny hand
Will pour an imitation out
And cheat me if you can.

Look out for imitation.

S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

H-O-P-S viz H-O-P-S

Just received, 1,700 pounds of fresh, kiln-dried loose hops.

Good for Hop Beer.
Good for Hop Bread.
Good for Hop Pillows.
Good for Home Brewing

These hops are strictly first class high-grade goods, raised and cured this year, on specially prepared ground, for home use, by an expert hop grower. Place your order at once, as the amount is limited.

STILES & CO.,
Charles and Central Sts., Lowell.

The Latest and Best Sewing Machine is the

"SINGER"

Oak, Maple and Mahogany Wood Work. Sixteen Millions of these Machines have been sold.

Needles and Parts for all kinds of Machines. Old Machines taken in exchange.

The Singer M'f'g. Co., 175 Middlesex Street.

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Undertaker and Funeral Director
169 WORTHEN STREET.

Telephone connection 464-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

DR. DONEHUE DENTIST

A GREAT MEETING

In Opposition to the Imperial Policyat at Chicago

Speeches Delivered at Yesterday's Session—Scathing Denunciation of the Administration Boutwell's Letter

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Following are a few of the principal addresses delivered yesterday at the anti-imperialist meeting in Chicago. The meeting was one of the most important of the kind yet held.

MR. BOUTWELL'S LETTER.

The following letter from Hon. Geo. S. Boutwell was read:

"Boston, Mass., Oct. 11, 1899.

I am compelled by Mrs. Boutwell's long and continued illness to put aside at once all thought of acceding to your request to me to be present at the conference of American anti-imperialists to be held at Chicago the 17th day of the present month.

Massachusetts will be represented in the conference, but the state has already so declared its opinions that its further action can be forecast. The democratic party has denounced the war in the Philippines, and the republican party has refused to sanction the doings of the president, and it has traversed his policy by demanding peace and recognition of the right of self-government in those whom the president is seeking to subdue to his will.

There are several points on which the conference may declare its opinions and announce its policy with entire freedom and with much power.

1. The president should be held responsible for the war in the Philippines and for the sacrifice of life and the expenditure of treasure incurred in its prosecution.

2. The conference, in the name of the anti-imperialists of the country, should announce its purpose to oppose his re-election and its further purpose to oppose the election of members of congress who may sustain his policy.

3. The conference may declare its intention to oppose the re-election of any member of congress who may sustain an appropriation of men or money for the prosecution of the war. On these points there should be no compromise, no concessions.

Thus far the president alone is responsible. Should congress endorse and sustain his policy we can then carry the contest into the states and districts for the purpose of uncseating the men who may have suported and sanctioned the doings of the president.

At present we are not in co-operation with any political party. Let us reserve and preserve our right of action and our freedom of action in the presidential election of 1900, until that contest has been organized, coupled with the understanding that it is our purpose to contribute to the defeat of any party that demands the subjugation of the Philippine Islands. Our republic, thus far, and certainly since the 13th amendment was adopted, has rested upon two great propositions: The equality of men in the states and the equality of states in the Union. The president's policy is an abandonment of both of these propositions and the substitution therefor of a colonial empire on the model of the British Empire. We demand peace in the Philippine Islands and the opportunity for the exercise of the right of self-government in Cuba, in Porto Rico and in the Philippine Islands, and the only means by which our country can be saved from a disgraceful abandonment of the principles on which the republic has rested for a long century and a degrading acceptance of wars and policies which we have denounced through the same period. Republic or empire? That is the question before the country.

Your obedient servant.

(Signed) George S. Boutwell.

To Messrs. Edwin Burritt Smith and Erving Winslow."

PROFESSOR TOLMAN'S ADDRESS.

Prof. Albert H. Tolman of the Chicago University said in part:

"Just one important official message was sent to the Filipinos by this government previous to the outbreak of hostilities at Manila. This was the proclamation of President McKinley, dated Dec. 21, 1898, and made public in this country on Jan. 5, 1899.

"There is one adjective that will describe this document fully and fairly. It is a Spanish proclamation. Just such a one as the Filipinos had many times listened to. There is the same parade of benevolent purposes, and the same tyrannical substance. The natives recognized the document as one of the kind to which they were accustomed.

"Not only are the most un-American things present in this proclamation, but all the most important things that should have been stated are omitted. It has been well said that this document takes not the slightest notice of any rights on the part of the people of these islands except what we are graciously pleased to grant them. It contains no recognition of their long struggle against Spain, their arduous struggle for liberty, no recognition of their long sufferings under her rule, no acknowledgement of their fitness for self-government, no expression of our desire or even of our willingness that they should govern themselves. Mr. McKinley simply promised the Filipinos protection 'in their personal and religious rights' and a 'full measure of individual rights and liberties.' Nothing is said about those political rights for which our ancestors fought as these people are now fighting. There is not one word in this document, not one, which says or sugests that the Filipinos will be permitted to have self-government at any time, either soon or late, either as a right or as a privilge.

"The indifference and even contempt which President McKinley here displayed toward American ideas and toward the proper aspirations of a brave people, I for one cannot forget, and, politically speaking, cannot forgive. He has done his best to turn the great statue in New York harbor, of Liberty, enlightening the world, into a colossal joke. He has made us and our boasted ideals the derision of the people of Europe. He has caused the nations of our own continent to drill armies and stand guard against the United States as a great free booter, watching to rob them of their birthright. He and his councillors have largely thrown away our finest national possession, our moral influence. He has put into our history a black page which will shame us forever. My humble vote he cannot have again. The gold of our coinage is not so precious to me as the fine gold of our history.

"This proclamation was in reality a declaration of war, made not by congress as the constitution requires, but by the arbitrary act of the executive. It is Mr. McKinley's personal declaration of war. Because of this personal declaration of war many brave American soldiers and brave Filipino patriots have died and are dying. And when shall we see the end of William McKinley's war?

"Some may say that only congress could make promises to the Filipinos concerning the form of government that would be allowed them. I reply that President McKinley has since made them promises concerning their form of government without consulting congress. In any case, if he could make them un-American threats and promises, he could make American promises. He certainly had as much right to make promises in accordance with the Declaration of Independence as he had to make promises contrary to it.

"God never required Mr. McKinley to issue this proclamation.

"Who can think that the Deity would have been displeased if this document had congratulated the Filipinos on the successful outcome of their long struggle for liberty, had promised them the self-government for which they had prayed and fought and suffered, and had assured them of our help and protection?

"Hon. Whitelaw Reid, Senator Davis and Senator Frye, three of the five commissioners who made the treaty with Spain, have defended it heartily on the ground of the pecuniary and commercial advantages likely to result to the United States from our possession of the Philippines. This has been the burden of their utterances. The welfare of the Filipinos, to say nothing of their self-government, has not occupied a prominent place in their thoughts. Not destiny and duty, but dollars put us into the Philippines. And who will get the dollars? Millionaires and syndicates will secure any small gains which could not just as easily be obtained without enforcing our sovereignty. Millionaires and syndicates are virtually saying to our common soldiers: 'You stop the bullets and we'll do the rest.'

"The proclamation issued at the beginning of April by the American commissioners to the Philippines declared that hostilities had broken out because the 'pure aims and purposes of the American government and people' had been misinterpreted. If this means that the Filipinos misunderstood the president's previous public letter, I deny it. They understood it; that was not the trouble; and I challenge anybody to understand it differently. It is true, however, that in the meantime the president had himself come to understand better the meaning of his own statement, and the commissioners were allowed to promise the Filipinos 'the most ample liberty and self-government reconcilable' with good government 'and compatible with the sovereignty and international rights and the obligations of the United States.' Since this promise was expressed in somewhat vague terms, and since it came two months after the war began—so that it had to be shot over the enemy in the form of gun-wadding—it is not strange, perhaps, that it did not have much effect in pacifying the natives.

"The terms of the president's original proclamation make it plain that we are really carrying on in the Philippines a war against liberty; we are not simply restoring order. There was no disorder in Luzon and had been none for months until our president deliberately demanded that the Filipinos accept taxation without representation and government without consent. Soon after that there was disorder in the form of armed resistance, and thank God that there was! It was time for it.

"Our treatment of the Filipinos constitutes a case of tyranny if there is any such thing as tyranny. Our peace commissioners at Paris paid no attention whatever to the desires and protests of the Filipinos themselves. The terms of the treaty absolutely ignored the natives. President McKinley's official interpretation of the treaty, issued in advance of its ratification, we have just examined. During the senate debate upon the treaty we refused to pay any regard to the representatives of the Filipinos. We called them adventurers because they opposed our projected adventure and faithfully represented the sentiments of their own people. If this course of treatment and our subsequent war of conquest do not constitute a case of tyranny, then there is no such thing as tyranny. Perhaps the idea of tyranny is only one more of those old-fashioned notions that we must give up. Perhaps the first clause in the Anglo-Saxon alliance for the suppression of young republics will declare that the word tyranny must not be used any more. But if there is such a thing as tyranny, we have displayed it toward the Filipinos. George III. demanded of a distant people that they accept taxation without representation and government without consent and sent armies to enforce the demand. What else has William McKinley done? The same conduct cannot rightly be called tyranny in George III. and then called 'destiny and duty' and 'priceless principles' in William McKinley.

"But some say, 'Why discuss these old matters. Our present position and its demands upon us are the only important things to be considered.' To this I answer that the rights and duties of our present position are to be determined largely by a careful consideration of the course of action that brought us into this position. As soon as the American people understand how thoroughly our leaders have put us in the wrong, how unjustly and tyrannically we have treated the Filipinos, I believe that enough Americans are really civilized and Christian as civilization and Christianity were understood before the Philippine war, to demand that our policy be changed and to enforce that demand. Of course all those who think that Christian missions of the peaceful type are practically a failure, those who have little faith in the power of ideas except when supported by guns, and those who believe that the weapons of the Christian warfare are primarily not spiritual but carnal, together with many others, will still oppose us and will loudly call for more bloodshed.

"It is not clear that there were any great difficulties in the Philippine problem until we made them. It is not clear that there exists now any important obstacle to a speedy settlement except pride of consistency on the part of our leaders. First, the wanton blundering and then the foolish and wicked pride which stands by the blunder.

"Many competent observers tell us that the capacity of the Filipinos for self-government cannot be doubted. But you tell me that some competent witnesses have doubted their capacity for this. Yes. But how long is it in this country since the presumption has been against self-government? Since William McKinley became president.

"A man cannot fairly be said to believe in self-government at all who believes in it only for its own nation. The way in which imperialists believe in self-government for themselves makes me think of the prayer of a certain selfish man which John B. Gough used to recite:

Lord, bless me and my wife,
My son John and his wife,
Us four
And no more.
Amen.

"Many say that we must go on with this war even though we ought not to have begun it. Well, there are some men and some nations, so weak morally that when they have once begun upon a wrong course, they are unable to turn back. But are you willing to be one of those men? And are you willing that the United States shall be one of those nations? France after doing injustice to Dreyfus turned squarely about and set her face toward justice. Is there any better way?

"Fellow citizens, I warn you against the constant talk about good government. President McKinley promised 'Good and stable government' to the Filipinos. We talk about giving 'good government to the discontented Cubans. The great principle for which this country stands is not good government but self-government. The American idea is not that self-government is necessarily the best government; the true American idea is that wherever it is at all possible, self-government is a better thing than the best government. Good government means that the governmental machine runs well; but self-government produces the best men. Self-government is the best man-factory. Self-government is the American idea. Let us remember this. And let Lincoln's noble words once more ring through our minds:

"Those who deny freedom to others deserve it not for themselves and under a just God cannot long retain it."

REV. Mr. BIGELOWS SPEECH.

The Rev. Herbert S. Bigelow of Cincinnati said:

"The nation is standing at the parting of the ways. Two paths lie before her. Two voices are speaking. One voice is asking 'Which path will pay?' The other is demanding 'Which path is right?' The course we take will depend upon our answer to these questions. The two questions are in reality one. But if it is conceivable that even temporarily we might profit by the wrong, still, unless the soul of the nation is already lost, we will agree that before the question of profit shall have a hearing the question of right must be settled.

"The American people believe in the golden rule. They have not lost all faith in justice. They believe in the divine brotherhood. They know that one man has as much right to justice as another. According to their code or ethics, no man has a right to deprive another of life except in self-defence; no man forfeits his right to liberty unless he seeks to appropriate the liberties of others. They know, furthermore, that if the individual is bound by this principle of equal justice to all men, of much greater importance is it that the nation should act in the same faith. I do not fear the apostacy of the American people. Their religion is the religion of justice. The declaration of independence is the political expression of that faith. Never knowingly will they repudiate it. If a war of aggression ever receives their support, it will be only because their public servants have not trusted them with the facts; it will be only because the soothsayers have persuaded them that the war is righteous, that it is waged in defence of the principles of the declaration of independence, and that it has the sanction of patriotism and religion.

"The task that we have before us is not to dissuade the people from a desire to commit wrong. Our task is to save them from the sophistries of the tyrants who endeavor to turn their good intentions to bad account. Humanity has a tender conscience. You cannot get the masses of the people to continue in a wrong course unless you can half persuade them that they are doing right. The people are not depraved, but they may be deceived.

"The vice of mankind is the desire for dominion, the lust of power and possession. Today, as so often in the past, that vice comes to the people in the mask of humanity. It is our task to tear off the mask. Our message to the people is that justice cannot be done through injustice, peace cannot come through violence, liberty cannot grow out of oppression, the gospel of humanity cannot be proclaimed by the mouth of cannon.

"We are told, Mr. Chairman, that there are imperialistic designs lurking in the mind of General Aguinaldo, that he is seeking to establish over the islands a tyranny, and that in suppressing the insurrection we are fighting for the right of Filipinos to rule themselves. Why not say that to them? Aguinaldo is keeping up the fight under the pretext of resisting American sovereignty. Take away the pretext; let congress issue a proclamation declaring the right of the Filipinos to rule themselves and promising to recognize the government of their choice. Then what cause would there be for disorder in those islands? But how do we know that Aguinaldo does not represent his people? Suppose they are overwhelmingly with him. Would the censorship vouchsafe us this information? Would it help the administration to have that fact known? But if we are not permitted to know anything that would injure the administration we can only use our own best judgment as to the probable state of affairs. Is any man ready to say of the finest armies the worldever saw that they have been unable in all these months of costly warfare to suppress an insignificant uprising of a few ambitious leaders who are looked upon even by their own countrymen as dreaded tyrants. Is there any man so blinded by partisanship as to believe that the management of the war could possibly have been so incompetent as that? If the majority of the Filipinos dread a Tagal tyranny and look to us as their deliverers, why do they not enlist in large numbers to help us save them from their enemies. We have heard of Aguinaldo and his rebels. Why have we heard nothing of Artacho and his patriots? It is said that Aguinaldo does not represent the wealth of the islands. I can see how that would seem unpardonable in the eyes of a clique that represents nothing but wealth. The argument that the war is justified because Aguinaldo does not represent his people is an argument with a double edge. I suspect that the man who is willing to lead a forlorn hope against gigantic odds in defence of the declaration of independence is closer to the hearts of the American people and more representative of their sentiments than those who tell us that the constitution is no longer worth discussing, and that it is time we were learning the absurdity of the principle for which the men of Bunker Hill and Valley Forge gave their lives.

"But suppose it be admitted that the Filipino people have faith in Aguinaldo and desire their independence? Still it is said that they are not fit for self government; that after centuries of darkness, the full light of liberty would blind them; that to give them their independence now would be to deliver them up to anarchy; but that after a generation or so of benevolent tutelage they may be given their liberty with some hope of retaining it. We do not question the sincerity of those who take this position, though, as Macaulay suggested to tell a people that they may have their freedom when they are fit to use it is like telling a boy that he may learn to swim but warning him not to go near the water. How can we tell when a people are fit for freedom? Why, sir, when they will die for it.

"But suppose that in the end a larger degree of freedom would come to their people by first recognizing our sovereignty. Then it would be best for them to submit. And those who are sincerely interested in their welfare would hope that they would submit. But if they refuse, have we a right at the point of the bayonet to force them against their will to take the course which we believe to be for their best good? Does our responsibility end when we have exhausted every peaceful means? If they were encroaching upon our liberties it would be legitimate for us to resist them by force if necessary. But have we a right to murder them because they are not as good to themselves as we think they ought to be? That is a power that God Almighty has not dared to exercise over a human soul? When we deny to a people the right to determine in freedom what their life shall be, we subvert the constitution of nature and substitute our ways for the ways of God. What right have we to compel a people to act contrary to their wish in matters which are their own concern? What right but the rigat of might? What right but the divine right of kings. Away with these savage wars of peace.

Let us call tyrants tyrants and maintain
That only freedom comes by grace of God.

"Amazing indeed that doctors of divinity should stand in their pulpits and advise sending the sons of the nation to wade through seas of blood to compel these Christians to accept our version of the gospel. We are to bestow the blessings of a good and a stable government upon them? Sir, we have been reared in the politicel faith that governments are derived and not bestowed. Tell the coolies of China, tell the fellahin of Egypt, tell the pariahs of India that governments are bestowed upon them. But tell the president of the United States upon whom we have bestowed some limited power for a brief season, that such language is offensive to the American ear.

"We paid twenty millions for a pretext to call criminal aggression 'benevolent assimilation.' We have paid twenty millions for a tablet on which to write the epitaph of the republic. To the cry for peace we say 'the war must go on to the grim end,' and we call that Christianity. To men who dare to fight for freedom we say 'surrender or die,' and we plead the decree of Providence. If that is Providence, then I appeal from the decision of Providence to the conscience of the American people.

"Humanity—what are the claims of humanity, what is the offence of polygamy, what is the crime of slavery compared with the insult of the rebel Aguinaldo in refusing to bend the knee to the Emperor William and his great high priest Hanaulus?' If I were a Filipino and any cunning Methodist came to me with the proclamation of sovereignty and the ultimatum to disarm and be baptised, I would say to him: Son of Iasolence, bombard our cities, set fire to our villages, mow down our crops, make of every woman a widow, of every child an orphan and every home an ashheap and then when you have left enough evidences of your Christianity, go back with your blood-stained hands and gold that drips with tears and boast of the desolation you have wrought. The people you have vanquished, but forget not to tell that though you have established the order of a graveyard and the peace of the dead, you have yet to conquer the soul of the Tagal.

"But many say: 'Now that we are in it there is nothing to do but to establish order. It is too late to turn back.' Why? Because of our honor? Honor. The great republic, professing faith in the inalienable right of self-government, invading the homes of the brave little Filipinos, whose only hope is in the justice of their cause. Honor. Do they advise us to go on because we no longer have our honor? If not honor, what then? Is it pride that should goad us on to the completion of these wrongs? Would pride advise us thus if honor were not dead? Nay. If not our honor, then our pride should save us. In sight of all the world this nation has been plunged into war, not by constitutional act of congress, but by the arbitrary will of a president. Thousands of lives and millions of treasure have been asked for, but our opinions have not been solicited, our wish has not been consulted. We have been proud of our right of self-government. Must that pride be humbled? Is liberty dead? Have we lost the power to rule ourselves? Shall we confess it to the cynics of the other world? Rather let us teach these who, in contempt of the nation's will, have dared to haul down the flag from the pinnacle of a century of glory, that the American people are too proud to bend their neck to the yoke of empire, while traitors scoff at sacred principles and tyrants exult in the death of the republic. Tell the nations of Europe that we cherish the memory of Washington more than we covet partnership in their crimes. Tell them that we had rather keep the grave of Lincoln green than cultivate the sins of monarchy. Tell them that we are willing to carry the white man's burden ourselves and therefore have no use of subject colonies. Tell the oppressed of all the world that the Western Continent has been christened by the blood that flowed for freedom, that it is dedicated to the eternal principle of self-government, that by the grace of God it shall remain the land of the free and the home of the brave, and that when the hand of the oppressor grows heavy upon them they may find refuge beneath the altar of American liberty, where no tyrant ever comes and no yoke is ever worn. Tell the recreants who would tear down the flag that stands at its eagle height bidding welcome to the home of freedom, tell them that they trifle with the nation's pride and that they make merchandise of the nation's honor, that, as the nation's faith in liberty is pure, so shall its judgments be swift and certain.

But, Mr. Chairman, perhaps we ought not to talk of war and carnage and murder. We are not fighting the Filipinos. They are simply undergoing a process of assimilation. They are being digested. We are merely loving them to death. 'Criminal aggression' is shocking. Imperialism is too bad. Expansion is only tolerable. Duty, destiny, the logic of events, Providence, benevolent assimilation—these make better battle cries, especially for a presidential campaign.

"Let us speak plain; a lie may keep its throne a whole age longer, if it skulk
Behind the shield of some fair-seeming name."

"If we or next against destroying the first republic in Asia with an army organized for the purpose of expelling the last monarchy from America, why, if we protest, then we are traitors. What is treason? The traitor is the patriot who fails; the patriot is the traitor who succeeds.

"Off with the mask of tyranny! Away with the despot's whine! God and the King, patriotism and religion, the Bible and the flag, what are these but the emblems of that authority in church and state that have always appealed when they have wished to arrest the thought of the people or warp their moral judgment? The worship of bunting deprives patriotism of principle and makes slaves of freemen. The worship of a book deprives conscience of intelligence and makes superstitution religion. The devil is in his element when he can get good people to practice iniquity for the Lord's sake. The tyrant bids the people fix their gaze upon the stars and stripes that his conduct may escape their scrutiny. It is the duty of the patriot to save his country from the treason that lies coiled and hissing beneath the folds of the flag. The devil is never so defiant as when he comes in the garb of a priest with a Bible in his hand and a text on his tongue to enlist in his service the people who mean well and who go his bidding in the name of faith and fatherland.

"Ah, Mr. Chairman, I would have the apostate sons of Washington and Lincoln listen with tears of repentance to the sacred words of the patriotic Rizal, who said as he gave his life for the freedom of his beloved Filipinos:

"I go where all are free. I go where there are no torturers, where the oppressor's power shall be destroyed, where faith kills not, where He who reigns is God.'"

THE SERENADE

OF ANDOVER YOUNG MEN AT BRADFORD REPULSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HAVERHILL, Oct. 18.—Three Andover young men met more than they bargained for in Cornelius Noonan and Timothy Linehan, two porters at the Bradford academy, yesterday morning while attempting to serenade the young women of that institution.

W. J. Burns, who belongs in Andover and is employed by a tailor in that place, Augustus Kimberly and M. M. Thurlow were the trio. The two latter attend the Phillips academy and are from the west. They had another companion but during the trouble at the academy he escaped. The serenade took place about 3 o'clock yesterday morning and it was shortly after that hour that the trio were arrested. Thurlow was asleep in the carryall which the quartet had during all the afternoon and he knew nothing until he was arrested by Policeman Mack.

It appeared that the four young men came down to this city with a pair of horses and a carryall early last evening from Andover. This morning about o'clock Captain Ryan received a telephone message of a disturbance at the academy. Patrolman Mack went up to the academy and found the two porters and Superintendent Elliott, who had charge of the outfit and young Thurlow. The policeman drove the team over to the city and the trio were locked up. An examination at the police station showed that Kimberly had three bad scalp wounds as a result of his encounter with the porters. City Physician Donahue was summoned and he took 16 stitches in the cuts.

This morning the trio were admitted to bail and later appeared in court. They were charged with disturbing the peace and also with trespass. Each pleaded guilty. In reviewing the case, Judge Abbott said that he had always thought that the spending of a night in a cell and an arraignment in court were a part of a liberal education. He beleived they had suffered from imprisonment and that it would be a lesson, as their parents would also feel the disgrace. "The chief punishment," said he, "has already occurred and I will only impose a fine of $5 on each complaint."

The trio promptly paid their fines and soon afterward left for Andover.

VETERAN SEARLE

CORRECTS A MIS-STATEMENT OF A SPANISH WAR VETERAN.

John S. Searle, the local Mexican war veteran, says that the statement of the speaker last Saturday in Boston that he was returning the first flag of Massachusetts carried on foreign soil is not correct.

Mr. Searle says that a Massachusetts regiment carried a flag in Mexico and it was returned to the state when the regiment came back in 1848, by Col. Wright.

Mr. Searle says that at a meeting of the Mexican war veterans in Boston attention was called to the condition of the flag at the state house and a committee appointed to consult with the adjutant general. It is intended, Mr. Searle says, to have the flag placed in a glass case when the legislature makes an appropriation for the purpose.

Mr. Charles Foley, the well-known penman, has moved to his new house on Gorham street.



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800 MILE RIDE

Mrs. Lindsay Riding Ahead of Time

SHE IS ENDEAVORING TO BREAK ALL RECORDS

Up to the 800 Mile Mark

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Anyone who wants to see the fiercest exhibition of pure pluck in the neighborhood of New York ought to go down to Valley Stream, L. I., and have a look at Mrs. James Lindsay. Tanned and freckled by exposure to the sun during many centuries of bicycle riding, dishevelled and grimy by reason of her never-ending journey on the dusty road, she certainly is not a beauty at this moment. When not engaged in her pet pastime of breaking records she is an exceedingly attractive young woman. Just now she is remarkable solely for one of the greatest exhibitions of dogged grit ever seen on a bicycle.

Mrs. Lindsay is trying to ride 800 miles in four days. That will smash Jane Yatman's record. Mrs. Brush's record and all the other women's records. It may take ten years of Mrs. Lindsay's life or it may not—doctors are equally cocksure in the affirmative and in the negative. The woman is scorned by the Century Road club, the official sponsor for these heart-breaking performances. She has no official scorers. The club officials say that they've got to draw the line somewhere or the women will century-scorch themselves to death. Therefore they have begun by drawing the line against Mrs. Lindsay.

So this little woman, who weighs only 110 pounds and who is not rich enough to afford a big staff of trainers and handlers and helpers, is out on the Long Island roads grinding away at an awful task, "just to see if she can do it." That is her only explanation. Her track is the smooth high road from Tom West's hotel at Valley back by way of Lynbrook. It is the regular century course.

Mrs. Lindsay went to bed about one o'clock Monday morning for the first time since she left her home last Saturday. She rolled and tossed and could not sleep. She dozed now and then, but in these fitful snatches of sleep, she still kept grinding away, her feet performing quite involuntarily all the movements of pedalling. At 3 a. m., she arose and began the task once more. She had discarded her skirt and put on her husband's knickerbockers.

Will R. Pitman ("Happy Days") took her over twenty miles of the road behind one of his revolving searchlights, which brightened her pathway in spite of the mist and fog. The darkness was awful. The road, which by daylight is as smooth as a putting green, seemed in the misty twilight full of yawning chasms.

At daylight the woman's knees and wrists were stiff and needed rubbing with liniment. One can imagine the meagreness of her training outfit from the fact that there was not a drop of alcohol or arnica or vaseline or anything else to use for rubbing. "Little Mother" Van Kleek, a tiny woman of 4 feet 9 inches, with a heart as big as her body, ran off to the village and bought the things. She is helping her friend, Mrs. Lindsay, simply as a matter of affection. Her own son, Bitte Mason Van Kleek, plays around Tom West's hotel, so as to be near his mother.

It was noticeable yesterday that, whereas these two women were cheerfully riding centuries, the poor man they had brought down from Brooklyn to act as pacemaker was busy sitting still and grumbling.

Mrs. Lindsay finished her fifth century at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon. She was sponged and rubbed down and dressed in dry clothes by Mrs. Van Kleek. She sat in an easy chair for a while and ate some chicken broth and drank milk and limewater. She is always hungry for solid food, but that would hurt her, so she isn't allowed to have it. She came out to mount her wheel again at 3.20 p. m. She was cranky, peevish, irritable, full of worry shaky as to her knees and seemed quite done up. A reporter rode alongside of her during her 515th and 512th miles. She was placid, cheerful, almost jolly—all the irritation charmed away by the monotonous grind of the wheel.

"If the rain will only keep away," she said, "I won't do a thing to the record. The only thing that bothers me is the big wagons on the road at night without lamps. They're dangerous. I'm more than nine hours ahead of my schedule now, and unless some accident happens I'll finish away ahead of time."

Mrs. Lindsay finished her 510th mile at 7.30 p. m., and after a little rest and some chicken broth she began the 511st mile at 8.10 p. m. The night was fine, almost clear, and she was in excellent spirits.

HUGH J. MOLLOY

Discussed the Expansion Question Before Mathews

IS OPPOSED TO PRESENT POLICY

Believes We Should Honor Our Pledge

Mr. Hugh J. Molloy of the normal school discussed the question of expansion before the Mathew Temperance Institute last evening, and presented a paper complete with information on the subject, and of great value and instruction to his audience. Mr. Molloy's subject was "The New World Power," and in no uncertain tone he criticised the policy of the administration and ranged himself on the side of the anti-expansionists. His audience was at all times prepared to grasp the prominent points of his address, and his witty contrasts and references caused much laughter.

For an hour, Mr. Molloy held the undivided attention of the young men, who followed the trend of his argument with considerable interest. The speaker has an easy, conversational style of oratory and does not appear to exert himself in the least. He said in part:

"So far as we can discover that there is any doctrine, the doctrine of the government means that we must cut adrift from all our old traditions. The president plainly says that there is no intention on the part of the government to annex the Philippine Islands or to admit them on the same terms of citizenship as we enjoy. Then it must be that we will give to these islands the kind of carpet-bag government that the southern states had for some time after the civil war.

"I claim that miles and miles of railroad and unlimited territory and commerce crowding all the oceans, and improvements in mechanical lines, do not necessarily make for the success of a nation, if it lose sight of the other imperishable things, those things so long associated with our ideas of government.

"I claim that we have as a government always occupied a unique position in the world's affairs. We have been set off here by ourselves in a position which, though it may be called isolated, is still one of great strength and independence. We have not been obliged to maintain a great navy and standing army, and we know that all great governments today are trying to bring down the expense of these things.

"That famous statement of the president, that the flag has been put up there, and 'who shall pull it down?' does not mean anything. When we speak of the flag we do not simply mean a piece of bunting, we mean the things that it stands for; and I claim that many of those things have been pulled down, when the flag was put up. It is not the flag, after all, but what the flag stands for, that we are interested in. It should not be made to stand for oppression and subjugation of a weak people.

"The president's ill-advised friends have attempted to put him in the position of not being open to criticism. I claim that unless the people are able to weigh the acts of the president and all other officers of the government, they are not able to vote intelligently and to elect men to represent them in congress. Our president is far from being a king, and there is no danger of criticism of the president being considered treason. The president, nor congress with him, are not the United States. They are the servants of the people.

"The expansionists or imperialists rely largely on two lines of argument. One is that the battle of Manila found us unexpectedly facing a great problem. That is what they call manifest destiny. Whatever manifest destiny may mean, I confess to being ignorant. How there can be anything but manifest duty to a government, is a hard question for anybody to face. Our government should have in a friendly way, told the inhabitants of the Philippines that it was going there with its strong arm to assist them in establishing a government, and when that government was established, they would be left to their own devices. Our own history would not allow us to follow any other course.

"There is one other reason why we should not withdraw from the Philippine islands. It has been openly claimed that the Philippine islands are the door to China, and there are men closely connected with government circles, who plainly say today that that is one reason why we want to hold the Philippines.

"The last part of civilization that has been carried into different quarters of the world by our government has never been carried with rifles. Our missionaries have differed from the missionaries of other governments. They have not gone with the commercial idea strongest, and they have done the best work. It is rather questionable when a powerful government with plenty of missionary work to do at home is so anxious to carry the benefits of civilization to those who do not want it. Electric railways, the telephone and telegraph, are not necessarily accompaniments of civilization any more than it follows that the dum-dum bullet is an adjunct of civilization. Great Britain wants the dum dum bullet retained because it is more efficient in crippling those natives that they are trying to civilize.

"I believe that the big, true heart of the American people is with the Philippine people, and not with our regiments that are there. That may sound like treason, but it does not compare with the treason that was uttered time and time again by British orators, concerning the villainous policy of the British government against the United States.

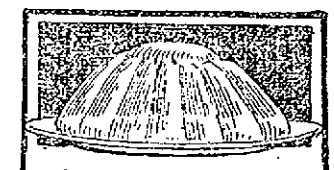
"I say, if we are wrong, it is not the place of our government to follow any foolish policy, whether it be called manifest destiny or manifest incompetency. I think it is the latter, rather than destiny. Our government is playing Micawber and when it is not playing Micawber it is playing Pecksniff. Having read everything that comes to us on both sides of the question, I believe that the Filipinos are in the right and that we are in the wrong. I believe that there is a destiny that follows government that turns deliberately from the right and from the truth."

At the conclusion of the lecture, a vote of thanks was extended the speaker for his able address.

The whist tournament will be opened soon, and all who desire to enter should make application to James A. White.

SOCIAL DANCE.

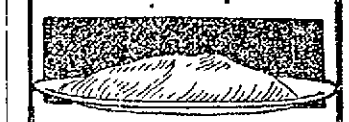
The second weekly social dance by Professor Wells, the dancing master, was given last night at Manchester Unity hall, and a good number was present. Wells' orchestra of three pieces furnished the music for the occasion.



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POLITICAL FLIMFLAM

Worked Successfully on Chelmsford Yesterday

How the Ramsay and Watson Delegates Combined to do Their Country Brethern—McKinley's Supporters Kept Away From it—the Probable Result

Unfortunate Chelmsford! The little northern town appears to be a special mark for the selfishness and wrath of Jim Ramsay and his urban cohorts.

Last year Ramsay and his city delegates robbed Chelmsford of its just representation in the legislature, promising it the other year in the near future. This year the convention has come again and Ramsay and his ward four and ward eight delegates marked the event by again robbing Chelmsford of a year's representation, adding insult to injury by informing the country delegates that they had had a democrat, Mr. Quigley, and that they should be satisfied with him. Only 16 stood out against the robbery, a few of the McKinley supporters from ward seven standing by the towns.

It was a clear and cold blooded case of robbing the town of its right to representation, and the voters of Chelmsford are not like people who will not again resent such action.

Last year, it will be remembered, ward four was not to have a candidate Ramsay having had two terms and the right to a candidate passing on to Chelmsford. But Ramsay was ambitious, and having the votes behind him got Robert Mountford of ward four to propose a change in the apportionment so that ward four would have a candidate not only in 1897 and 1898, but also in 1899. Then to soothe the ruffled feelings of the Chelmsfordites, the new apportionment proposed a candidate for Chelmsford in 1900, 1901 and 1902, and the argument was used that best results could be obtained by giving each place three successive years. The old apportionment had Chelmsford down for a candidate in 1899, 1900 and 1901. This proposition, it will be remembered, started a hot row in the convention, the country delegates opposing under the leadership of Stuart McCay of North Chelmsford. Witnesses were brought in from Chelmsford to give testimony that they had attempted to vote in the caucuses for Cushing and Ramsay, but had been denied that right. Hon. Fred Lawton and other more conservative republicans counselled a change in the apportionment would injure the party. But Ramsay's backers cared for nothing but nominating their candidate, and when the vote was taken the Ramsay men were victorious by about four votes, and Chelmsford was robbed in cold blood of her right to representation on the republican ticket.

The republicans of Chelmsford were justly enraged at such high handed proceedings, and when the democrats put up as a candidate, William J. Quigley, a native of the town and one of its ablest and most popular young men in the town, many of the republicans who wouldn't be coerced into voting for Ramsay crossed their ballots for Quigley and elected him, while Ramsay was left at home.

This year Ramsay aspired to be senator and assured his district that the Chelmsford affair had been forgotten and that he loved the voters of that district even better than before. But Ramsay wasn't nominated for senator, and then there came rumors of an attempt on the part of his friends to get square with the Chelmsford people for their action last year. It was thought that some move against Mr. Robbins, the Chelmsford candidate would be made. When, yesterday afternoon in the convention, Mr. Ramsay arose and seconded the nomination of Robbins, the delegates from the towns thought that all past differences were forgot.

There were no "forgets" with that crowd, however, and just before adjournment Mr. Ramsay sprung the apportionment back to the original argument of 1896, which meant the taking away of Chelmsford's right to a candidate in 1902, leaving it only 1900, 1901 for candidates, neatly dim-damming it out of our representation. Of course the country delegates were wrathy and demanded an explanation from Mr. Ramsay.

The only excuse that Mr. Ramsay gave them was that as Mr. Quigley was a Chelmsford man and was elected by the republicans of Chelmsford, he was properly Chelmsford's republican candidate; that his term, 1899, should be considered one term in Chelmsford's apportionment, and that 1900 and 1901 would fill out Chelmsford's three successive years.

The flim-flam was too barefaced not to be noticeable to even the most dense and the Chelmsford men fought for their just due, the three republican candidates in succession irrespective of what the democratic party might do.

The vote was taken, however, and Chelmsford men were robbed of their representation, the followers of Ramsay and Watson voting against them and only the supporters of Candidate McKinley giving them anything like a fair show.

It might be interesting for the Chelmsford republicans to know just how they were done. The convention was delayed nearly half an hour by the absence of six ward eight delegates. The plan to do Chelmsford had been cooked up by ward four and ward eight men, and the committee on credentials did not report until the ward eight vacancies were filled. The committee reported 61 delegates, 8 from ward five; 15 from seven; 25 from eight and 13 all told from the three towns. When the vote was called, the motion to change the allotment was favored by 32 votes, which included the entire eight delegates from ward four, and 24 of the 25 from ward eight, Chairman George of ward eight not voting. Against the motion were 16 votes, 13 from the town and 3 McKinley men from ward seven, the other 15 declining to vote either way. Thus only ward seven was disposed to be at all fair with Chelmsford.

After the convention there was talk of what would happen to Mr. Robbins when the ward four and eight people got at him, and there was also talk of what the town voters will do to Mr. Watson on the same day and from all present accounts there will be all kinds of cutting on the republican side in the 25th district this year, while a united democracy will certainly help the cutters out in giving Rep. Quigley a second term and if possible Messrs. Rourke and McNabb their first.

Overseer of the Poor James Gorman has begun an active battle for renomination in ward four. It will be his second term, and he has a fine record or one term to help him on to a second.

One man who was quite conspicuous by his absence from the 25th district convention yesterday was Rep. W. H. I. Hayes, who probably didn't quite feel able for the task of placing McKinley's name in nomination.

SAUGUS RACES

Little Dick Wins the 2-16 Race

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SAUGUS, Oct. 18.—Everything was favorable for good racing yesterday at the Old Saugus track. The unfinished 2:19 pace was finished in a single heat as only the winners started. Little Dick won out in the stretch in a close brush with Vesbra.

The 2:30 trot took five heats. C. W. B. Brandy Wine and Billie King fought every heat from wire to wire, but C. W. B. captured the money by taking three straight heats.

The 2:16 pace was a feature. Halo 2d, Yukon and Ned Wilkes went a dead heat in the second making the mile in 2:15¼, the best event. Halo beat out Ned Wilkes in the fourth and Yukon in the fifth, thus splitting six heats among the three. Darkness caused its postponement.

The summary:

2:16 class, pacing; purse, $200. (concluded.)

Little Dick, b. g. by Dor Pi-					
zarro (Palmer)	1	6	4	3	1 1
Vesbra	3	4	ro	1	2 2
Brent Wells	7	1	3	8	7 3
The Duke	9	8	9	2	4 ds
Gauntlet	5	2	5	5	6 ro
M. S.	8	3	7	6	5 ro
Mars Chan	4	5	6	4	5 ro
Tommy L.	6	7	8	7	8 ro
Satan	9	dr			

2:30 class, trotting, purse, $700.

C. W. B., b. g. by Alcantara					
Brandy Wine (McDonald)	1	1	2	3	3
Billy King	2	2	1	1	1
Jen F.	3	3	3	2	2
Lew Glenn	5	5	4	4	4
Time—2:21½, 2:20¾, 2:20, 2:20¼.					

2:16 class, pacing; purse $300 (unfinished.)

Halo 2d, b. m. by Gen. Han-					
cock (Sanborn)	5	4	3	1	1
Yukon, b. g. by Garnet Wilkes (Warren)	1	6	2	3	2
Ned Wilkes, ch. g. by Wilkes (Cahill)	6	0	1	2	4
Ben Wilkes	2	5	5	4	3
Hallie Barnden	3	6	4	dr	
The Duke	4	3	ds		
Time—2:16¼, 2:15¾, 2:15½, 2:16, 2:17.					

YOUNG FELLOWS

EASILY DEFEATED COLUMBIAS AT BOWLING.

The Young Fellows easily defeated the Columbias in the warmest tournament last evening and thus captured three points in standing. Henry Farrell, as usual, was high man, with a total of 573. Henry led the tournament with his first score made last week and now he has beaten his own record. The score:

YOUNG FELLOWS.

H. Farrell	200	204	184—573	10	16 1
K. [illegible]	151	153	176—480	4	15 3
F. Farrell	134	142	105—382	3	12 3
O. Donohue	138	127	155—420	6	11 1
D. Donohue	107	165	190—462	5	11 4
Totals	522	513	753-2135	55	71 23

COLUMBIAS.

Campbell	158	137	185—480	6	14 0
Chisam	171	189	107—417	3	13 2
G. Kelley	124	155	156—435	5	15 1
Shamess	115	145	175—435	6	6 12
Howes	148	177	182—507	7	16 3
Totals	716	713	751-2,180	27	64 27

CREAMER GETS 30 DAYS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

METHUEN, Oct. 18.—Chief of Police Gordon went to Boston Monday to testify before the grand jury in the case against Ernest C. Creamer, alias Allen, alias Long of this town. A bill was found against Creamer and in the afternoon he was arraigned in the United States circuit court before Judge Colt on the charge of using the United States mails to cheat and defraud. He pleaded guilty and the court imposed a sentence of 30 days in the Cambridge jail. This is considered a very light sentence. His mother had refunded the money collected by him on the advertisement inserted in the Boston papers and had also settled for the railroad book alleged to have been stolen by him from Kelly Bros., Lawrence.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

The foot ball game between the Nashua high and the Lowell high schools Friday afternoon promises to be an interesting one.

Dave O'Brien is playing good foot ball.

Arthur King would add great strength to the foot ball team, as he is a quick starter and a fast runner.

It is doubtful if the high school will have a basket ball team this season.

The outlook for a bowling league this winter is not very bright. There seems to be a lack of enthusiasm in this line.

The first hour will be omitted tomorrow.

Miss Ethel Clayton Ranger sang at the Union Mission church last Sunday.



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Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest
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Dr. Hallock's Wonderful Electric Pills are perfectly safe to take. They do not contain narcotics. The pills are for sale by medicine dealers everywhere at $1 per box or 6 boxes, sufficient to cure the most obstinate cases, $5.

Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street, Lowell, Mass., or sent direct from laboratory prepaid to destination on receipt of price. Circulars free. Address HALLOCK DRUG CO., 110 Court street, Boston, Mass.

BOUT POSTPONED

Jeffries and Sharkey Will Meet Nov. 3

CHAMPION'S INJURED ARM THE CAUSE

Tom O'Rourke Will Not Claim Forfeit

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—The championship battle between James J. Jeffries and Thomas J. Sharkey has been postponed one week. Jeffries' right arm is badly strained and Dr. Reginald Sayre declared he will not be able to use it for anything like an emergency in less than the time named.

The Big Californian came up to New York from Asbury park yesterday. He learned that no bones are out of place, and no ligaments are snapped, but the muscles are badly strained and swollen, and to go into the ring against such an opponent as Sharkey would be "worse than suicide.

Sharkey has not trained any during the past two days pending the decision of Jeffries, but will go to work and in dead earnest. He is now ready to fight for five cents or a king's ransom and it is only a question of keeping on edge.

O'Rourke was seen by a reporter and asked whether he had agreed to a postponement of the fight said: "I agreed to have the fight postponed a week and one week more of training will do Sharkey no harm."

CREEDON WHIPS READY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Dan Creedon the Australian walloped Pat Ready of Washington last night at the Broadway A. C. A swift uppercut toward the close of the eighth round touched the spot, and there was no fight in Ready when the count was up. Only a small crowd was present.

Ready led a light left that Creedon threw off when the first round started. The pair feinted all around the ring for an opening. Ready slammed his left on the wind. Creedon went in and Ready whipped his left to the ear and Creedon backed away. He came in again with the same result.

Ready ran into a stiff left in the second. Creedon drove in his left again and Ready crossed. They mixed and Ready fell. He took the rest. Ready was inside of Creedon's lead with a left. Creedon smashed his right to the jaw. Then he sent the same hand to the ribs.

Ready led with light left to body in third bringing up his right to the face. Creedon swung his right to the jaw. Ready reached his left to the same spot. Creedon smashed a left to the face and followed with right and left swings. They rocked Ready until he could barely raise his hands. Then he flung a left to the jaw and Ready fell like a log. He was up at time.

Ready kept away as best he could in the fourth.

Creedon waited his chance and sent Ready to the floor again with a terrific right swing. The gong saved the setter.

Ready was shifty in the next and avoiding the right, with which Creedon was trying to drop him.

Creedon planted his right on the head repeatedly in the sixth and three times Ready was dropped and took a limit.

Both were weary in the seventh. Creedon tried with his right, but was short. He followed Ready about. Ready whipped his right to the body. Creedon planted right and left to the body and Ready closed. Ready slammed a right to the face and then jolted the Australian with a left to the jaw.

Ready's left visited Creedon's face as the clinch opened. It reached again. Creedon was after him and smashed his left to the side and then to the head. Ready rushed but did nothing. He swung a left that landed and Creedon shot in another and Ready's left missed. Ready reached with a left and Creedon sent Ready away. He rushed into a mix and clinched.

As they broke, Creedon lifted up his right to the point of the jaw like a streak. Ready went down in a heap and writhed in a vain endeavor to get up. There was a second more to go after the 10 seconds were ticked off.

PURTELL KNOCKS OUT NEEDHAM.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LEADVILLE, Col., Oct. 18.—Two thousand persons saw Paddy Purtell knock out Danny Needham of St. Paul in the sixth round of one of the hardest battles ever fought here.

TWO SAD DEATHS

Child Burned in Crib by Lighted Matches

A BROOKLINE CHILD HAD A LIKE DEATH

A Lesson to Parents About Stray Matches

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LACONIA, N. H., Oct. 18.—The little 4-year-old adopted daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Odell of Sanbornton met a tragic death yesterday.

The child was put upstairs to take its usual afternoon nap. While alone the little one got some matches and set a fire, and then innocently crept into her crib again to lie down to sleep.

After a time smoke permeated the house, giving the alarm. The room was entered by creeping along the floor beneath the dense smoke and the child removed.

The little one was untouched by fire, but life was extinct from suffocation.

The fire spread rapidly and burned two farm houses owned by Mr. Odell. The barns were saved by hard work. The loss will be from $5000 to $6000, partially covered by insurance.

ANOTHER CHILD BURNED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 18.—A sad tragedy, enacted under most distressing and mysterious circumstances, which deprived Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Heber Perkins of Walnut street, Brookline, of the joy of their home, a baby boy of 21 months, occurred at the residence of Mr. Perkins Saturday afternoon.

The father of the child is in the insurance business on Milly street, Boston, and is reputed to be one of the wealthy residents of Brookline. His home in Walnut place is such as only a man of means could maintain. Saturday morning last, Mr. Perkins came to Boston as usual, and later in the day Mrs. Perkins joined him in order that they might together witness the parade and exercises in honor of Admiral Dewey.

Upon leaving home the mother left her infant son in the care of a nurse, with instructions such as only a mother can give regarding precautions for his safety. This was not due to any lack of confidence in the nurse, but it seems rather in the nature of something prompted by an intuitive sense of impending harm to the child.

A few hours elapsed without incident and the little boy, who had been christened John Anthony Perkins, lay quietly and contented in his cradle on the second floor, while the nurse, little dreaming of the presence in the chamber of the specter of death, sat beside him. Presently, however, she realized that the time had arrived when he should receive his customary afternoon nourishment, and she left the room and went down stairs to prepare it for her precious charge. This was the last time she saw the little fellow alive.

The child evidently got matches and started a fire in his crib in which he was burned to a crisp. The funeral occurred yesterday and the parents are heartbroken.

the ghastly terror of consumption stares a man in the face who neglects a cold.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

It's no simple to get rid of a cough or throat trouble by Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Acts like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.



REV. DR. WILLIAM H. P. FAUNCE NEW PRESIDENT OF BROWN UNIVERSITY.

ALLAN LINE.

NEW YORK to GLASGOW
Via Londonderry.

From company's Pier, foot West 21st St., New York.

Numidian, Oct. 7, Nov. 11. State of Nebraska Oct. 14, Nov. 18. Mongolian Oct. 28, Dec. 2.

First Cabin, $45 to $65 single. $85 to $117 round trip. Second Cabin, $30 single, $57 return. Steerage, $23.50; prepaid, $25.

Glasgow and Boston, via Londonderry and Galway; Second Cabin, $30 prepaid; Steerage, $21 prepaid.

For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allen, 92 State street, Boston, or

Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

For Women.

Dr Tolman's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women; have never had a single failure; longest cases relieved in 2 to 5 days without fail; no other remedy will do this; no pain, no danger, no interference with work; by mailor at office $2. write for further particulars. All letters truthfully answered. Dr E. M. TOLMAN CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

FOR GENUINE BARGAINS IN

Household Furniture

YOU SHOULD CALL AT

PETER DAVEY'S, on Market St.

He is selling the best and most economical Refrigerators and Ice Chests; the Crescent has no superior for a cold blast. Also a full line of Baby Carriages will be closed out at almost Cost Prices.

Call and examine before purchasing.

PETER DAVEY,

134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer

TELEPHONE. RESIDENCE—458-2. STORE—314-2.



TRADE MARK. Palmo Tablets

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.

stop *forever* all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bearing throughout every part of the system, making every organ active and exacting you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and a perfect man. The great NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets work quickly and forever. Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold), $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Tan R. I. P. A. N. S. for five cents at druggists. One gives relief.

WAGONS—I will sell a high grade Democrat, Concord, top buggy and square wagon, less than cost, also new and second-hand wagons and carriages very low. Libby, 9 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—In Belvidere, cottage house, small barn and large lot of land; this is a bargain. Price $1,250. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On the Boulevard and Varnum avenue, some of the best building lots in Lowell for a home. Very low and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—At a low price, cottage house with large lot of land near Salem street. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central st.

FOR SALE—On Moody street, one of the best boarding and lodging houses in Lowell. Lots of boarders and a good place to make money. Price very low. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On line of cars, small farm of 10 acres of good land with lots of fruit, fair house and barn. Price only $500. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Bridge street, good house of 10 rooms, good sized lot of land. Price only $3,500. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MICHAEL GROSSE, the Original and Celebrated Whistler will furnish music with the finest Harry Gurdy in the country. The best of dancing music that can be had and the latest music plays for dances, parties, balls, etc. at reasonable rates. Michael Grosse, 15 Tyler street, Lowell.

LEONA—Celebrated card reader and palmist, has returned, can be consulted on love, marriage and business at 7 Merrimack street, room 3.

MADAM VONNIE the celebrated palmist and life reader reveals past, present and future. Call and be convinced, 37 Elliot street. Ladies, 50c; gentlemen, $1.00. Office hours from 2 p. m. until 9 p. m.

MRS LAUGHLIN, late of New York, the wonderful seer, born with a double veil, can be consulted on all affairs of life, at 119 Merrimack street, for a short time only. Hours 10 to 10. Sittings, 50c. Card reading, 25c. Sittings by mail, $1.00.

DR. J. H. Breton of 101 Grand street has removed to 52 Jackson street.

HIGH Cash and highest prices for second-hand furniture at 463 Merrimack street. Tel. 686-4.

WATER CLOSETS and bath tubs from $5 up. All first class plumbing at lowest prices. J. B. Barry, 498 Market street.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOPLE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS, upon their own names, without security, easy payments. TOLMAN, room 30, Associate Building.

WE WILL EITHER Buy or store second hand furniture at No. 50 Charles street. When we buy we pay the highest price and make a specialty of antique pieces. Will be on premises every day from 2 to 6 p. m. E. O'Heir, attorney.

RUBBER STAMPS — At wholesale prices. 1 inch one line stamps 10; 1½ inch 15c; 25c ink pads 25c; 35c ink pads 15c. 50c linen markers 25c; business stamps 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 168 Merrimack street.

A WONDERFUL WOMAN.

Madam Oler, the clairvoyant, the queen of life readers. Do not miss meeting one of all marvels, nothing like it ever witnessed before. Madam Oler is not to be thought of in connection with that class who use a real or nominal power of clairvoyance as a means of misleading or deceiving the public.

No matter what troubles you may have with yourself or others, come and she will guide you, she will advise you with a certainty by a higher than human power.

Honest, fearless and capable, she is the foremost medium of the day.

Her readings are most wonderful and of the highest order. The troubled and unfortunate should seek her counsel. Thousands long separated have been reunited by her efforts. Call and be convinced of her superior power. Advice on business, love and marriage, law suits, divorce, death. Uniting the separated, restoring lost love. Not one failure. I am at the Bon Marche, Room 11. Take the Elevator. From 9 to 9. Sundays, 2 till 5.

$1.00 reading this week. 50c.

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

Office, 22 Shattuck St., Cor. Middle.

SEWALL G. MACK, President. JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. E. RAYMOND, Clerk.

DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George B. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, Edward N. Burke.

Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, 1.

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $1.00 per chaldron, $2.55 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

Peter J. Brady, Grocer.

NEW STORE:
Cor. Gorham and South Highland Streets.

Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices

Try our New Brands of Flour, the Best in the City: "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold," and Lancaster."

Stable Pails

15 Cents.

25c.

35c.

Stable Pails

50 Cents.

C. B. Coburn & Co.

63 Market Street.

WANTED.

WANTED—House Girls at the Employment office, 681 Gorham street.

$10 A DAY CAN BE MADE CLIPPING Horses with our New Bicycle Clipper Attachment. Fits any bicycle; Price $6.75. Anyone can clip with it. Send for catalogue. It will pay young men to investigate this. Chicago Flexible Shaft Co., 188 Huron Street, Chicago or 97 Chambers street, New York.

WILL THE PERSON who found the revolver in the gentlemen's toilet room of the Middlesex street station Monday morning kindly return same to Officer Gurney at the police station and be rewarded.

WANTED—Woman with dependent family wishes position of trust, would take charge of store and have use of a few unfurnished rooms connected with same in part payment. Experienced matron or housekeeper. Good references. Apply at 15 Walnut street.

WANTED—A Good Wife—A gentleman with four children, ages 8, 10, 13 and 15, wishes to correspond with a good and respectable lady of about 35 or 40 years of age, that a good home in town and a farm in the country. Please write and send photo of self and state your circumstances. Address to Box 117, Copenhan, Michigan.

WOMEN Weavers wanted at once on satins; either families or single women. Steady work. Good pay. Inexperienced families will be taken in and learned or families who have worked in cotton mills. Address 21, 31, Co., Box 863, Worcester, Mass.

WANTED—Experienced house girl. Must be capable and neat. No other need apply. Call at Sun office.

WANTED—Stone Masons and derrick man at once. Apply 34 Middlesex street, room 1, this afternoon or evening, W. H. Ward.

WANTED—Thomas Dons, 158 Merrimack street, opposite Bon Marche, wants reliable domestic help, all nationalities, white or colored.

WHEN you want a nice stiff hat and nice fit, come to De Lorme, 261 Middlesex street.

WANTED—Salesman drumming Bibliographers, printers, etc., can add line whereon N. Y. man earns $1500 yearly. Free outfit. P. O. 1371, New York.

WANTED—Old and young men to bring their old hats to Deforme, the hatter, the only hatter in town where they make hats to order, 261 Middlesex street.

CALL AT GONZALES, the Cutter, 127 Gorham street, if you want a first-class razor or strop. He has the new Xavier razor which excels all others. Razors concaved and honed.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

TO LET.

TENEMENT—Of five rooms, 48 Fremont street. Rent $7. Call 83 Central street, room 7.

TO LET—Tenement of 6 rooms at 103 Powell street, near Shaw's Hosiery. Inquire at 101 Powell street.

TO LET—Tenement with barn at 33 Fourth avenue, Pawtucketville.

TO LET—A pleasant room where the sun shines in all day, suitable for an invalid lady. Furnace heat, bath, hot and cold water, corner of Tolman avenue and Mammoth road. Rent reasonable. The lady of the house is a trained nurse.

TO LET—Some first-class tenements in all parts of the city. Apply to A. G. Scharrell, Room 8, Bon Marche Block.

TO LET—A convenient 4-room tenement. Inquire at 79 Chestnut street.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St, Opposite American House.
COUNSELLOR—AT—LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack street,
PHOTOGRAPHERS

W. A. LEW, 49 John St.
CLOTHING CLEANED, DYED AND PRESSED

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 873 Bridge St.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS

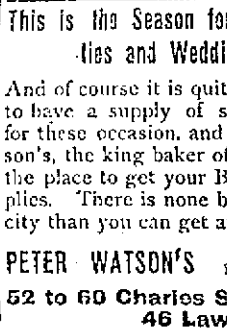
LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A gold watch with monogram L. S. Saturday afternoon between Merrimack and Central street. Finder return to 7 Clark street and receive reward.

NEW CONFECTIONERY STORE

218 Merrimack Street

Will open this afternoon with tons of Pure Candies. Everything bright, fresh, and new. Do not fail to call today and purchase your candles for Sunday.



INCANDESCENT GAS LAMPS and MANTLES,

BURNERS, SHADES, CHIMNEYS AND GLASSWARE.

Wholesale and Retail.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 Central Street.

NOTICE.

We have just received a large line of up-to-date Goods, Clocks, Rich Cut Glass and a complete line of Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry. Ask to see our 60c. Umbrellas. We are headquarters for Fine Watch Repairing. Eyes examined free, by F. E. Walker, Optician.

J. D. Grant

64 Merrimack Street.

This is the Season for Ball Parties and Weddings

And of course it is quite necessary to have a supply of sweet bread for these occasion, and Peter Watson's, the king baker of the city, is the place to get your Bakery Supplies. There is none better in the city than you can get at

PETER WATSON'S Home Made Bakeries
52 to 60 Charles St.,
46 Lawrence St.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE SUN ON SALE IN BOSTON.

The five o'clock edition of The Sun is on sale at the news stand in the Union Station, Boston.

V. A. MARET.

Merchant-Tailor, Dyeing, Cleansing, Repairing, Pressing, etc. Goods called for and returned. 49 Cheever street, Lowell.

YOUR SUGAR BILL

Will be much less if you trade with us. 19 lbs. best granulated for $1.00. Delivered free to our tea and coffee customers. Dickson Bros., 58 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Steamship tickets to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown, Liverpool and all parts of the world sold on the Cunard Bonindion, White Star, American Anchor, Allan, French and German lines. Drafts issued for £1 and upwards on Ireland, England and all parts of Europe. English sovereigns bought and sold at Murphy's, steamship agency, 15 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Try Horne's Coal.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Hot advertising—Stanley's coal.

Have you had Pelham cigars?

Dress Suit cases at Devine's, 88 Mer'k.

Coat Maker Wanted, 49 Cheever St, Telephone 533-3.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 394-4.

And now about coal. We can sell you any of the standard grades as low as they can be sold. D. T. Sullivan, 954 Gorham St. Tel. 713-2.

City treasurer's office will be open for receipt of taxes on the evenings of Monday, Tuesday, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 9, 10, 13 and 14, and on evenings of Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday Thursday and Friday, Oct. 16 to 20, inclusive from 7 to 9.

LABOR NEWS

The committee appointed at the last regular meeting of the woolen spinners' union to make preparations for a smoke talk, met last night at Bay State hall. The smoke talk will be given Nov. 7, and all the woolen spinners of the city are cordially invited to be present. Refreshments will be served.

The Carpenters' union met last night in Spinners' hall and admitted 25 men to membership. A committee was appointed to wait on the master builders in an effort to induce them to recognize the union.

The Curders and Pickers' union was addressed last night by President George Conley of the Mule Spinners' union. Mr. Conley congratulated them on their recent rapid growth in members, finance and influence and assured them that it is their destiny to become the strongest link in the chain of the textile unions. As a mule spinner he felt a just pride in finding them in pleasant, well furnished quarters for it is a proof that the efforts of the mule spinners and their example has had good results with their brothers and sisters of the card room. Messrs. Coppinger, Frayne and Callaghan entertained the members with appropriate songs that received the tumultuous plaudits of the members and they were given a rising vote of thanks. Fifteen new members were admitted and the union voted to postpone the pending social until Saturday, Nov. 7, 1899. After the meeting an hour was spent in dancing to the music of Vezina's orchestra by the members and their guests.

Pay your taxes now and avoid interest.

ANOTHER BREAK

Said to Have Been Made Saturday Night

BARBER ARRESTED FOR ASSAULT

Mr. Batchelder Finds His Pocket Book

It is now reported that an attempt was made last Saturday night to break into the house of Frank E. Flint, 16 Belmont street, in the Highlands.

When questioned last night concerning the report Capt. Kew stated that a telephone message was received at the police station at a late hour Saturday night stating that an attempt had been made to enter the house but that when he investigated he came to the conclusion that it was a false alarm notwithstanding the fact that the women servants who were alone in the house at the time with the child, declared that they had heard someone at the back door and windows.

Capt. Kew says the women found the back door unlocked and that they shut and locked it and then went to an up stairs window and gave an alarm by calling to some of the neighbors. He also says that if there had been any person at the rear of the house he must have made his escape past the front of the house for there was no sign of a track in the back yard.

The next night it was again reported that a man was seen at a late hour sitting on the back fence apparently sizing up the premises but that he was scared off before making any attempt to break and enter.

MONEY GONE.

The pocketbook which was picked from George W. Batchelder's pocket, Saturday, while he was boarding a car in the square, a story of which appeared in Monday's Sun, was found in a Prescott street doorway later and taken to the police station. The thieves took the money from the purse before throwing it away.

EXCITING CHASE.

Patrolman John A. Walsh had a warrant for the arrest of a man yesterday noon and the latter taking to his heels, they had an exciting race from Tilden street to the Tremont and Suffolk mills. The officer won in an exciting finish.

ARRESTED FOR ASSAULT.

Patrick J. Costello, a barber, was arrested yesterday by Officer Redmond Welch for assault and battery on an Armenian barber on Charles street.

FOR EMBEZZLEMENT.

Deputy Moffatt brought from Cambridge last night a man named George Milmotel who is charged by a woman named Mary Chase, with having embezzled nearly $5000 from her.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Dr. Coffin DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

BURKES AND P.A.C.

Will Battle For Basket Ball Supremacy

AT ASSOCIATE HALL FRIDAY NIGHT

An Exciting Game is Anticipated

On next Friday night the patrons of basket ball will have an opportunity of witnessing one of the greatest games ever played in Lowell. The contesting teams will be the champion Burkes and the strong P. A. C. team and the game will be played at Associate Hall as the feature of the annual harvest fete of the Mathews.

The game promises to be a corker in every respect and will undoubtedly be the most hotly contested basket ball game ever played in this city. The reason for this assumption is the fact that great rivalry exists between the opposing teams and as victory means everything, both teams will play, for all they are worth to win.

The Burkes are the champions of Lowell and their right to the championship cannot be questioned. They defeated all opposing teams for the title last season including the P. A. C. and in consequence the coveted title is theirs until they are defeated by a local team. The Burkes have been the champion of the city for four years, since they were organized.

The most conspicuous aspirants for the title this season are the P. A. C. They say they are going to win it, too. That, however, is a matter of conjecture. While their rivals from the other side of the river may be determined, it is safe to wager that the Burkes with a stronger team than ever, are not going to dispense with their laurels so easily as some people think. On the other hand they are just as determined they will retain the championship, as their opponents in the coming game, are that they will gain it, so there you are.

At all events it will be a great game and one worth witnessing. Both teams have been training faithfully for more than a month in preparation for the contest and when they get on the floor Friday night, it is expected that they will be in fine shape. They will need to be certainly.

But who will win?

That is a very delicate question to discuss at this time, to be sure, but there are opinions and prejudices in all lines of sport, and basket ball, I am sure, is no exception. The admirers of the champions, of course, one and all can see only the Burkes winning and with the P. A. admirers it is P. A. C. in a walk. This, however, is only to be expected.

That both teams are pretty evenly matched goes without saying, yet the Burkes have a slight advantage over the Pawtucketville boys. From all reports the Burkes have been playing much faster than their coming opponents in practice.

The P. A. C. are handicapped by the loss of adequate quarters for practice as the Burkes were until within the past three weeks.

The P. A. C. players are crowded up in a little gym, where they can only play a close game and when they get into a large hall such as the Burkes use, they are bewildered for a time. With the Burkes this lack of practice room does not exist. They practice two nights each week in Urban hall where the floor space is entirely inadequate for the game to be played as it should be. There is plenty of room and the boys can do some fine passing and work several other good plays, which would be impossible at the Burkes own gymnasium. You will find that their practicing in Urban hall will be a big advantage for the Burkes in the coming game.

The P. A. C. rooters say their team will have a decided advantage over the Burkes on the baskets. They claim that the champions have been accustomed to play with 14-inch baskets, while the P. A. C. have always played with the 18-inch and as 18-inch baskets are going to be used in Friday's game, the Pawtucketville team will be more accustomed to the baskets than their opponents.

No doubt the Burkes have played but very few games when the 16-inch baskets were used. And the P. A. C. have always used the 16-inch baskets. But it is only fair to reason that if the Burkes can roll up such large scores as they have been with the small baskets, why can't they make a still larger score with larger baskets, as the 18-inch are. While the Burkes have not played many games with the 18-inch, yet in practice they always use two 14-inch and two 18-inch baskets, so they ought to be quite accustomed to the large baskets.

Both teams will play their strongest players. The P. A. C. will in all likelihood have "Abby" Allard at centre, Mike Mack and Jack Halloran as guards, and John Dixon as forwards. These are the best players that the P. A. C. are capable of putting on the floor and all of them are capable of giving a good account of themselves.

The Burkes, will, like their opponents, have their best players on the floor. At centre they will have Jack O'Neil while the forwards will be the little phenom, "Pete" Reagan and John Tierney, and Bill Kelleher and either Neville or Bill Marley will play guards. The latter has until this season always been a member of the P. A. C. team. He was not satisfied, however, with the way the affairs of the team were being managed and left it. He was considered one of the best players in the team and is one of the best guards in the state. Marley was not long idle, when Manager Redmond signed him for the Burkes. That he will greatly strengthen the team is a fact admitting of no debate. He may play only one half and the only Bill Neville the other. Neville needs no other introduction to the local basket ball lovers. He played great ball all last season and was considered one of the best players in Massachusetts.

He is not yet in fit condition, however. If the Burkes think that they are going to have a walkover, they are gravely mistaken for the P. A. C. are going to give them the battle of their lives. The champions, however, are not over confident and are leaving no stone unturned in the way of getting into the best possible shape for the game. Both teams are confident and are fit for the game of their lives.

The game will be refereed by that well known basket ball authority, Dr. Urban, Bowers of Hudson. He has no favorites in either team and will give both an equal deal, which means that the best team will win.

MATRIMONIAL.

Mr. Timothy Vincent Wholly and Miss Elizabeth Veranda Skeffington were united in matrimony yesterday morning at 11 o'clock at the parochial residence of St. Patrick's parish, Rev. John J. McHugh performing the matrimonial ceremony.

The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Catharine Skeffington, and the best man was Horace Flynn of Fitchburg, a cousin of the groom.

The ceremony was followed by a reception at the home of the bride's parents, 67 Mt. Grove street, where the numerous friends and relatives of the contracting parties gathered to wish them good luck and partake of the refreshments.

The young couple left on the 1.40 train for Orange, N. J., where they will reside for a short time. They will be at home to their friends at their new home on South Loring street in about two weeks.

HANSBURY—FOY.

Mr. James W. Hansbury and Miss Anna M. Foy were joined in marriage last evening at 6.30 o'clock at St. Peter's parochial residence Rev. Michael Honan officiating. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Julia G. Foy, and Mr. Joseph Hansbury, a brother of the groom, was best man. The bride looked charming in a gray traveling dress and carried bride's roses. The bridesmaid was attired in a becoming dress of blue silk and wore white pinks.

Immediately after the marriage ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, 409 Pine street. A bountiful wedding repast was served by the D. L. Page company. Among the out-of-town guests present were Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Foy of Hillsboro Bridge, N. H., and Miss Kittie Mason of Springfield.

At about nine o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Hansbury took their departure for an extended honeymoon which will include New York and Old Point Comfort. Upon their return they will reside at 483 Fletcher street where they will be at home to their friends Thursdays in December.

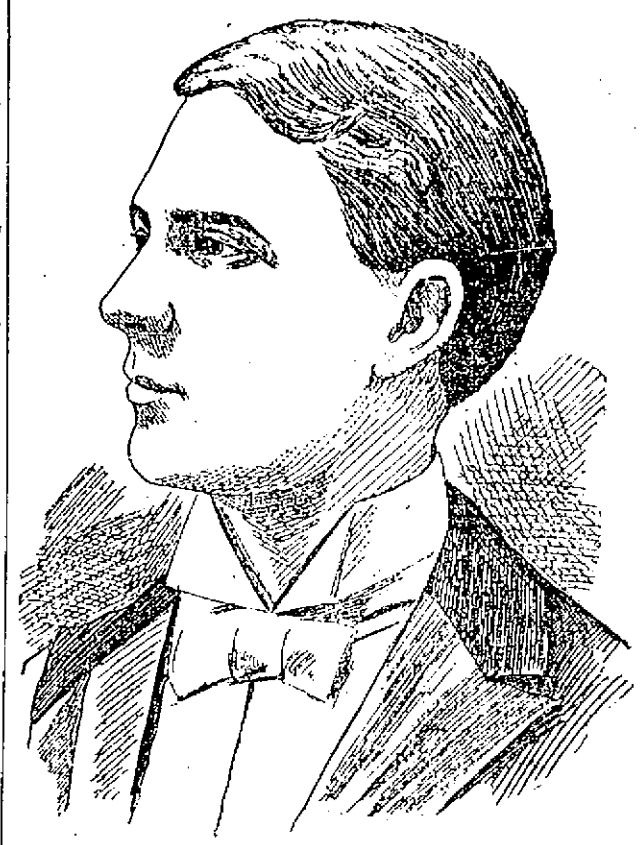
MERCIER—PIGEON.

At the parochial residence of St. Jean du Baptiste church, yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, Mr. Joseph A. Mercier and Miss Ida Pigeon were united in marriage by Rev. Fr. Porron, O. M. I.

Miss Evangeline Demers was bridesmaid. The bride wore white silk muslin over silk and carried bride's roses. The bridesmaid wore a like costume and carried pink roses. Mr. Edward Mercier, nephew of the groom, was best man. A wedding supper was served from 4 to 6 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, 129 Summer street.

A reception was held in the evening and the guests were entertained with vocal and instrumental music. Among the out-of-town friends present were: Mr. Romeo Godbois of Worcester and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Smith of Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. Mercier left Lowell on a late train bound for Boston. They will also visit New York and Washington and will be at home to their friends at 3 West Eleventh street after Nov. 15.



CHARLES E. MACRUM, UNITED STATES CONSUL IN THE TRANSVAAL, TO WHOM IS INTRUSTED THE CARE OF BRITISH INTERESTS THERE DURING THE WAR.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

Only routine business was transacted at the regular meeting of Garfield colony, U. O. P. F., last night.

At the regular meeting of Oberlin lodge, I. O. O. F., last night, the first degree was conferred on three candidates.

Routine business only was transacted at the regular meeting of Lincoln lodge, I. O. O. F., last night.

There was a large attendance at the meeting of Lowell commandery Knights of Malta, last night. The Malta degree was worked on eight candidates and ten applications were received.

Only regular business was transacted last night at the regular meeting of Samuel H. Hines lodge, K. of P.

One candidate was initiated at the regular meeting of Court Samuel de Champlain, F. of A. last night.

Five candidates were initiated and six propositions received last night at the regular meeting of Star of Lowell circle, C. of F.

Bleeu lodge of Good Templars recently appointed the following committee to have charge of the coming public entertainment: Hector Turnbull, Frank Kipp, Robert Smith, Charles A. L. Dane, G. F. Tilton, Jr., Thomas A. Dickson, A. W. Snow, Robert Day, Mrs. Ada E. Craigie, Mrs. Eva Johnson, Miss Lizzie Woodman, Misses Leola Craigie, Jessie Frost, Etta Bernhardt and Cora Burton.

FUNERAL OF MR. LYONS.

The funeral of Mr. J. F. M. Lyons, the Boston newspaper man, who died at St. John's hospital from injuries sustained in a runaway accident, took place from his late home in Dorchester yesterday. The Boston newspaper and insurance fraternities being largely represented. Interment was in Mt. Auburn cemetery.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

The most valuable medicine for all Stomach Ills is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It has hundreds of dangerous imitators. Be sure you get the genuine if you want to get rid of dyspepsia or any stomach ill.



This is a good time to attend to your TEETH. If you need a tooth filled or a new set of teeth, go to the Lowell Dental Rooms. You can avoid wearing a plate if you go to Dr. Simmons, Dentist, 219 Central street. The best teeth $8.00. Teeth reset on new base $5.00.

DR. MARTEL'S BOOK. "Relief for Women" Sent free, in plain, sealed envelope. Write today for this Book, containing Testimonials of DR. MARTEL'S French Female Pills. Praised by thousands of suffering ladies as safe, always reliable and without an equal. Sold by all druggists for a metal box. Ladies, Ask on top in Blue. White and Red. Take no other. French Drug Co., 881 & 883 Pearl St., New York City.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand. PENNYROYAL PILLS. Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. Ladies, ask your Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand Pennyroyal Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. All Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name this paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., General Agents. Boston, Mass.

The Central Street Store, Centrally Located,

Offers This Week

Handsome Plaids, New Black Dress Goods, New Shades in Satin, Prunella Cloth, Poplins, Serges, Cheviots, Imperial Twill Homespuns, Camel Hair, Coverts, etc.

Your careful inspection of our very large stock of both Black and Colors in Dress Goods is earnestly solicited.

We are without question giving our customers the very best value in Black Storm Serge at 59c a yard, and Black Cheviot at 50c a yard, ever offered in Lowell.

Black Camel Hair is the coming thing for Suits or Separate Skirts. Its a little rough, very glossy handsome Black and our price is only $1.25 a yard. Boston houses get $1.50 for same goods.

If you would see our Black Storm Serge, (English goods) 54 inch wide, which we are selling at 98c a yard, you would be satisfied to buy without spending time to look elsewhere.

We've got the best line of Plaids in Lowell, (so say the ladies) the prices range from 25c to $1.50 per yard; and our line of Plaids at 49c contains the choicest styles in town. Come and see.

Our reputation of having the best line of Black Crepons, the handsomest designs and dainty patterns still holds good. Would like to show you some of the choice bargains at $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 a yard; worth 25c a yard more.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Notwithstanding the warm and rather unfavorable weather, our Basement is doing its share of business, and a little more in Blankets and Comfortables. There is good reason for it too. Prices when they are all right always draw the people.

Come to the Popular Low Price Bargain Giving House.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

CENTRAL STREET STORE.

ACKNOWLEDGED HEADQUARTERS

Bon Marché

HEADQUARTERS FOR NOTIONS, FANCY GOODS AND DRESS TRIMMINGS.

We can tell quite a story on Millinery—This store conceded "The Millinery Store." The most stupendous assortment of Hats an d Hat Trimmings ever shown in Lowell. Paris, London, New York, and Berlin latest styles are shown as fast as brough tout. Our odd little prices are quite a feature.

Dress Makers' Supplies, Dress Trimmings, Notions Fancy Goods

SMALL WARES.

Hump hook and eye, black and white, 5c card.

4-yard piece dress bottom braid, 8c piece.

Brush binding, all colors and black, 5c yard.

Cantopen hooks and eyes, black and white, 1c card.

100-yard spool silk, all colors and black, 5c spool.

Best waste silk put up in card boxes, all colors and black, 5c box.

New home linen fine thread, 3c spool.

Bone buttons, all colors, 2 dozen on card, 5c card.

Fancy black buttons, 2 dozen on card, 2c card.

Brooks' thread, 100 yards, all colors, black and white, 2c spool.

Le Bon Ton dress stays will never break, rust or push through the ends, 10c set.

Buttonhole twist, all colors and black, 12c a dozen spools.

200 yards basting cotton, 2c spool.

Velveteen binding, 4-yard pieces, a 10c quality, not all colors, 3c piece.

Dress shields, 10c pair.

Ball and socket fastener, 25c a doz.

1-2 doz. spool silk, black and white, 25c spool.

1 doz. spool silk, black and white, 49c a spool.

Button sets for backs of skirts, 25c a set.

Taffeta binding, black and colors, 12 1-2c roll.

The famous Warren Featherbone, gros grain silk, covered, all colors, black and white, 15c a yard.

NOTIONS.

10 packages hair pins, 5c.

Fancy silk elastic, all colors, 15c

Pins, full count, 2c paper.

Kingston safety pins, No. 1, for 4c dozen.

Kingston safety pins, No. 2, 6c dozen.

Pin tablet, 4 dozen on card, heads warranted not to come off, black, white and colors, 5c card.

Darning cotton, 1c card.

Cubes of pins, 5c cube.

Thimbles, all kinds, 5c.

Hair pins, assorted in box, 5 styles, all for 10c box.

Needle cases, contains crochet, darning and machine needles, also 14 hat pins, all for 15c.

Mourning pins, 2 boxes for 5c.

Morse & Raley mending worsteds 5c ball.

Side elastics, fancy and plain black, 10c pair.

The hook-on hose supporters, with bodice, metal hook, 15c pair.

Madam Loui hair crimpers, 5c bunch.

Fine tooth combs, 5c each.

Pocket hair combs, small size, 3c each.

Large rubber and horn hair combs 10c each.

Goodyear unbreakable hair combs, 19c each.

Tooth brushes, 5c.

Curling tongs, 5c.

Hair brushes 10c.

A good bristle Hair Brush for 25c.

TYPES of FEET

There are several distinct types of feet the "Crooked" the "Straight" the "Long and Thin," the "Short and Thick," the "High Arched" the "Low arched." Queen quality shoes furnish special shapes for these various types. That is why women find in these shoes a delightful ease in walking. Our price



$3.00

SOROSIS SHOES the new shoe for women, $3.50. New fall lasts all in. We are sole agents.

MEN'S SHOES. Still we can fit you in Man's Box Calf and Patent Leather Shoes. Box Calf, $4.00, now $2.69. Patent leather, $3.50, now $2.25.

DRESS TRIMMINGS

No question about it. We are headquarters for Dress Trimmings.

Special lots of corded and tucked all over silks in black, white and colors, at 98c, $1.49, $1.97, $2.49, and $2.98 a yard.

BRAID TRIMMINGS in all the new and fancy designs in blacks at very low prices commencing at 19c a yard and running upwards to 98c a yard.

NARROW GIMP TRIMMINGS. We make a specialty of narrow gimp trimmings in white and colors. Start the price at 5c and run up to 25c yard.

PLAIN BRAID TRIMMINGS. These are very desirable. Used extensively for skirt trimmings, all widths, 18 to 2 1-2 inches wide in black and colors. The prices talk, sell—1c yard to 32c yd.

FUR TRIMMINGS Great variety including Mink, Persian, Sable, Marten, Astrachan, Thibet, Skunk, Angora, Swansdown, Beaver, Coney, Black and Brown Bear, Lambswool, Opossum, Chinchilla and Electric Seal, etc., in various widths. A selection to suit "most anybody" at prices ranging from 25c to $2.00 per yard.

JET BELTS. Immense variety lots, cut, bodice and fancy clasp at prices from 39c to $2.00. These are very stylish in popular prices. We can scarcely meet the demand. Also the black corded silk belts, they are among the late arrivals. The price is 50c.

JET TRIMMINGS—Never any more used than now for better dresses and the spangle. All our laces and trimmings are very stylish, our line most replete. The prices a feature, 10c and almost any price as high as $5 a yard anyway.

FANCY GOODS.

All linen stamped tray cloths, 25c.

New embroidered hemstitched doyles in all shades of embroidery, size 13 x12, 25c.

A very large assortment of vellings at prices that the people like, judging from our sales. The newest thing is the large dots. Our price 25c yard.

We have a tremendous assortment of handkerchiefs. See the hand drawn all linen handkerchiefs, our special at 12 1-2c.

Initial handkerchiefs at 12 1-2c.

A regular 15c. fine embroidered handkerchief now 2 for 25c.

VERY SPECIAL! A very pretty Japanette handkerchief with neat silk initial and lace inserted corner, 5c.

Fancy tinted table covers, with fringe to match, 25c.

Art prints one lot mounted in a variety of subjects, only 6c.

Matted art prints, beautiful pictures, various subjects, 14c.

All linen stamped tray cloths 12 1-2c

Eureka knitting silk, 35c spool, for 12 1-2c.

Pretty sash buckles in jet, gilt, steel, silver, enamel, grey and fancy stone, our price 25c.

The new "ZaZa" comb, in shell our price 49c.

See the stone rings we sell at 17c.

Special sale of perfume, Rickseckers' Renaud's and Browns at 21c an ounce. Special counter front of main entrance.

STORY ABOUT CLOAKS.

Scheyer, Potts & Co.'s Stock to be placed on Sale Friday. Read Friday's Papers.

ABOUT INFANTS' WARE.

Children's Bonnets, Coats and Dresses. Special showing just now. Going fast.

ALL READ IT. Rich and poor, high and low, read The Sun and freely conceed it to be Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

THE LOWELL SUN

The Sun Reaches The homes of more readers than any two other papers in Lowell. It is therefore the best medium for advertisers to use.

22ND YEAR. LOWELL, MASS. WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1899. 8 PAGES 1 CENT

SUN LATEST FIVE O'CLOCK.

A SERIOUS FIRE

In Which Three Lives Were Lost

FIREMEN WERE CRUSHED TO DEATH.

The Masonic Temple Was Destroyed.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

KNIGHTSTOWN, Ind., Oct. 18.—4 a. m.—The most disastrous fire in the history of this town broke out at 1.30 o'clock this morning. Three and possibly five lives were lost, and property worth $100,000 or more was destroyed. The dead are: Truman Rhodes; Charles Schutter, and E. Davey.

The men were members of the volunteer fire department and were fighting the fire when the front wall of a three-story building fell outward. They were caught by the falling bricks and crushed to death and it is believed that at least two others met with the same fate. The Masonic Temple, the largest building in the city, was in the path of the flames and was destroyed, together with the buildings occupied by E. S. Anderson, dealer in household goods; Green Brother, saloon, and Davey Brothers, dealers in notions. The fire is supposed to have originated from an explosion of natural gas.

BODY OF A MAN

Found Floating in the Lower Cocheco River

PROBABLY THAT OF EDWARD J. GOULD.

The Man Probably Committed Suicide.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DOVER, N. H., Oct. 18.—The body of a man thought to be that of Edward J. Gould of Manchester, N. H., a traveling salesman for the United States Tea company of New York city, was found floating in the lower Cocheco river here today. The coroner examined the body and decided that death was not due to violence, but that the man either had fallen into the water by accident, or had committed suicide. Letters from the United States Tea company addressed to Edward J. Gould, were found in the pockets. He was apparently about 25 years of age and well dressed. The coroner expressed the opinion that the body had been in the water about ten days.

The facts in the case have led many people to believe that the man committed suicide. He was arrested for drunkenness in this city two or three weeks ago and was released after paying a fine. Those who came in contact with him say that he felt the disgrace very keenly and blamed himself very severely for it. It is thought he may have brooded over the matter until he yielded to the impulse to take his life.

The authorities are in communication with Manchester and New York about the matter. The body is being held pending the arrival of friends or relatives.

NAVAL MANEOUVRES

WILL MAKE A GREAT DEMONSTRATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 18.—Advices from Japan are that about April next, naval maneouvres will be held on the largest scale yet attempted in Japan. About 100 ships will participate. The emperor will assume command and maneouvres will be carried out as though the vessels were actually engaged in conflict with a foreign power.

Much interest is taken in the announcement that the Japanese government will issue a loan of $10,000,000 dollars to provide pensions for former retainers who have hitherto failed to have their claims recognized.

MARTHA WILLIAMS

HELD FOR GRAND JURY WITHOUT BAIL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ATTLEBORO, Mass., Oct. 18:—Miss Martha Williams, the young woman arrested in Boston a few days ago on a charge of infanticide, was to have been tried in the district court here today. Her counsel did not deem a hearing necessary. The same testimony as that given at the inquest of the death of the child would have been given. Miss Williams waived examination and was bound over to the grand jury of Bristol county without bail. She was taken to the county jail at Taunton.

HORACE SMITH DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Horace S. Smith, former vice president of the Illinois Steel company, died at his home in this city last night. He was 73 years of age and was one of the best known men in steel and iron circles in the United States and he was also known in Europe. It was through is efforts that the Illinois Steel company was established.

MARRIAGE INTENTIONS.

The marriage intentions of City Auditor David Chase and Rosanna Hurd were recorded today in the city clerk's office.

Edward Everett Adams has just begun his 11th year as teacher of the piano and voice at Mitchell's Boys' school, Billerica.

You can order the best coal by telephoning 715-2. D. T. Sullivan, or send postal card to 984 Gorham street.

MURDER CHARGED

Joseph Hill Arraigned in Court Today

HE WAS HELD WITHOUT BAIL.

Edwin R. Snow Was Also Arraigned.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BARNSTABLE, Mass., Oct. 18.—Joseph A. Hill was called before the court here today to answer to a charge of murdering his wife, Mary E. Hill, at Hyannis, last August. He pleaded not guilty and was remanded for trial. The prisoner stated that he had no counsel, and the court will assign a lawyer later.

Edwin R. Snow of Yarmouthport, also arraigned today, charged with the murder of James T. Whitemore of Dennis, early in September. He pleaded not guilty, and was ordered held for trial. When the court inquired if he had counsel, Snow replied that he had not, but supposed that his parents would look out for it. The prisoner's father, who was present, stated that he could not provide counsel and the court announced that a lawyer would be assigned before the present term ends.

Neither Hill nor Snow showed the slightest agitation today. Each answered the charge against him in a firm voice and without a quiver.

GEN. EZETA

TRYING TO OVERTHROW THE GOVERNMENT IN SAN SALVADOR.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—A special from El Paso, Texas, says:

General Ezeta, expresident of San Salvador and an exile from that country, who disappeared mysteriously from his home in Oakland, Cal., where he had lived for three years, came to El Paso Saturday last and has left for the city of Mexico. General Ezeta said he preferred to die in an attempt to free his people from tyranny than to remain an exile for life. General Ezeta said he and his party would confer with the Mexican executive on the subject of a revolution in San Salvador for the overthrow of the present administration. From President Diaz the general expects assistance and support.

It is understood that General Ezeta will offer to turn over San Salvador, when subjugated to the republic of Mexico in return for the financial aid of the Mexican government in his venture.

Give Us Your Hand

WE'LL GLOVE IT.

With a pair of those $1.00 Gloves. We were certain you'd like them and you did. This tells the story. A jobber who was in our store last week, was asked by our buyer who submitted a pair of these gloves to him: "Can you furnish us this glove at $9.00 a dozen?" Upon thorough examination he replied: "No, they are imported stock and can't be made for less than $13.50 per dozen." But we bought them nine months ago and are making our profit in the buying and not in the selling. Don't wait, it's glove time, try these, the new and swell shades of brown, softer, more pliable more body than any $1.50 glove, you or we ever saw. But we're making friends for this famous furnishing department in selling them for

$1.00.

Other street and dress gloves at 50c, 75c, up to $1.75.

2000 PAIRS of Driving and Working Gloves just closed out from one of the foremost glove makers in the country, John C. Allen of Gloversville, N. Y., at less than the actual cost of the leather. If these gloves had been placed on sale at the time the cool weather existed, there would none of them left now to advertise. The prices range 25c, 48c, 50c, 75c.

Lowell One-Price Clothing Company.

72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

WANTED—Good carriage wood worker. Apply at B. A. Stanley's, Charles st.

J. F. O'DONNELL, UNDERTAKER.

INTEREST BEGINS NOV. 1

On Money Deposited

Friday, Nov. 3rd,

Or Before, In SAVINGS DEPT.

TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK

Rate of 4 Per Cent. per annum, compounded semi-annually.

Open Saturday Evenings. Street Floor. Ladies' Entrance, 43 to 45 Middlesex Street.

BOERS STILL ACTIVE

Gen. Joubert Occupies New Castle in Natal.

The Transvaal Buying Up Provisions—The British Parliament to Call Out the Military Reserve Force.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PRETORIA, Oct. 18 (Delayed in transmission)—General Cronje, after warning the women and children to leave Mafeking opened fire upon the town with cannon this afternoon. No response was made. The report current at Delagoa Bay that 8,000 Boers have been repulsed at New Castle is false.

BUYING UP PROVISIONS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LOURENZO MARQUEZ, Oct. 18.—A representative of the Transvaal government has arrived here and is buying up all the provisions obtainable. One hundred and thirty prisoners just released from the Barbeton jail in the Transvaal, have been put over the Portuguese border.

GENERAL JOUBERT ENTERS NEW CASTLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PRETORIA Oct. 17. (Delayed in transmission) — Commandant-General Joubert has arrived at New Castle, Natal. He found only a hundred men there when he entered the town.

CUT DUNDEE RAILWAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PRETORIA, Oct. 17. (Delayed in transmission)General Jan H. M. Koch, second in command of the Boer forces, is still at Ingogo. He has cannon commanding Bothas and Lennet passes, and has cut the railway between Dundee and De Jaugers' Drift.

LOSS REPORTS UNCONFIRMED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—Up to noon today, no confirmation had been received of the report of serious Boer losses at Mafeking; but stories arrived from various points so persistently and circumstantially that it appears probable that the burghers had met with a measure of reverse. Accounts of the action at Mafeking are now beginning to arrive from Pretoria. Therefore if the Boers had any success it is bound soon/to be known. As foreshadowed yesterday they have succeeded in cutting off the water supply at Mafeking; but it is said that there are sufficient wells in the town to supply the inhabitants. A new and serious element in the military situation is the rising of the warlike tribe of Hasutos under Chief Moheko, against the Orange Free State.

PARLIAMENTARY ACTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—In the house of commons today the first lord of the treasury and government leader, the Right Honorable Arthur J. Balfour, brought in the following message from the queen:

"The state of affairs in South Africa having constituted in the opinion of Her Majesty, a case of great emergency within the meaning of the act of parliament, Her Majesty deems it proper to provide additional means for military service. She has therefore thought it right to communicate to the house that Her Majesty is, by proclamation, about to order the embodiment of the militia and to call out the militia reserve force or such part thereof as Her Majesty may think necessary for permanent service."

BRITISH CAMP OCCUPIED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LOURENZO MARQUES, Oct. 18.—Volksten, the Boer official organ at Pretoria, gives the following account of the occupation of the British camp at Ramathlabama, just north of Mafeking:

"The British camp at Ramathlabama has been captured and sacked by General Cronje, after severe fighting. Many burghers were killed or wounded. The British loss is not known."

The Volksten adds that "success has thus far everywhere attended the burghers," although it admits that in the various skirmishes near Mafeking and at other points the Boer casualties number some 60 or 70 killed and wounded.

THE ZULUS ARMING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—According to a special dispatch from Durban, Natal, the Zulus are arming with assegais. Chief Dinizulu says he is unable to restrain them. It is expected that they will be joined by the Swasolo.

DESTROYING RAILROADS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PRETORIA, Oct. 16 (delayed in transmission).—The Boers continue to close in upon Mafeking and to destroy the railway north and south of the town.

Among the prisoners captured at Lobatsi was the Rev. Adrian Hofmeyer. He has since been released.

MILITARY PRISONERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PRETORIA, Oct. 17—(Delayed in transmission).—The first batch of military prisoners is expected here this evening.

REPULSED MOUNTED POLICE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—The Boers, according to a special dispatch from Pretoria, yesterday repulsed a small force of Cape mounted police near Barkley West, Cape Colony, capturing two.

WAGE QUESTION

Will be Discussed in Fall River

BY THE TEXTILE COUNCIL OF THAT CITY.

Believed That Trade Warrants an Increase.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Oct. 18.—The wage question is to be discussed at a meeting of the Textile council Friday night. The council is made up of representatives of the different labor organizations of the city, excepting the spinners. The latter, Tuesday evening, were of the opinion that the profits being realized on cotton goods at the present time, warranted an advance in wages and that the manufacturers ought to consider this matter and give a voluntary advance.

Such a course would prevent a long agitation of the wage question, strengthen the market, promote the good feeling existing between employers and employes and bring peace, contentment and prosperity to the city. The president, secretary and treasurer of the Spinners' union will represent that body at Friday night's meeting of the Textile council.

CREMATED IN MANSION

YOUNG WOMAN OF WINTERPORT, ME., BURNED TO DEATH.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BANGOR, Me., Oct. 18.—The greatest calamity in the history of Winterport, a town 12 miles below this city, occurred yesterday, when fire destroyed the finest residence in that section and burned to death the mistress of the mansion, Miss Mary Hubbard, one of the wealthiest young women in this vicinity.

The fire originated around a fireplace beneath the room where Miss Hubbard slept and in which a fire was kindeld Monday night when a party of friends called to bid Miss Hubbard goodby, prior to a trip to Europe on which she was to have started today.

The fire was discovered at 5 a. m. by Amos Wilson, a near neighbor. He rushed to the house to see what had become of Miss Hubbard and her two servants.

He found the interior of the mansion in flames and when he burst in the door of Miss Hubbard's room he was almost blinded by the rush of fire and smoke. He was obliged to flee in order to save his own life.

The servants managed to escape in their night clothes and after the mansion had been totally destroyed the remains of Miss Hubbard were found in the ruins directly under the former location of her room.

The Hubbard house was a notable mansion and one of the finest in Maine. It was long the home of Colonel Nathaniel Hubbard, for many years a prominent Maine lawyer. Miss Hubbard was the only survivor of a family of seven children and leaves a large fortune.

THE SHAMROCK

IS BEING REMEASURED BY OFFICIALS TODAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18—The re-measuring of the Shamrock began this morning at 7.40 at Erie Basin. The yacht was laid between one of the army transports and the steamship Remus. There were on board besides the Captain, William Butler Duncan, Jr., representing the New York club, and Mr. Iselin; Mr. J. Connell representing the Royal Ulster Yacht club and the owner of the Shamrock, Captain Nat Herreshoff and John Hyslop, official measurer of the New York yacht club. Three thousand three hundred and eighty pounds of lead ballast were put on board the yacht during the night. This is said to have changed her waterline a few inches. She now appears to set by the stern. After the waterline had been measured in the usual way, the measurement aloft took place.

The new top-mast was hoisted and to obtain the measurements of it. Mr. Hyslop sent a man up to the mast-head in a boatswain's chair, going aloft in another himself to the heel of the top-mast, so that an accurate measurement would be taken. At 9.30 the yacht was cast off and Mr. Connell said that she was going direct to Sandy Hook bay where the top-mast would be rigged and the yacht made ready for tomorrow's race.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 18.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity: Fair weather tonight and Thursday; cooler tonight; variable winds, becoming westerly.

FUNERALS.

CASEY.—William Casey, aged 76 years, a former resident of this city, and well known here, died Sunday at his home, Turner Falls, Mass. His remains arrived in this city yesterday afternoon and the funeral took place from the northern depot being largely attended. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery under the direction of Undertaker J. F. O'Donnell.

KEEP.—In the death of Mrs. Isabel A. Keep, wife of Mr. Harry A. Keep of 44 Parkview avenue, her husband has suffered the most crushing of a series of bereavements and in this he has lost the loving partner who shared his sorrows and consoled him by her cheerfulness and devotion even when her own heart was bowed down by the weight of woe. Within the past two years Mr. and Mrs. Keep have buried three children, the first a lovely girl of five years, the other two mere infants. Both were just recovering from the sorrows that had befallen them when Mrs. Keep was taken suddenly ill and in spite of all that medical skill could do, passed away after one week's illness. Besides her husband, she leaves a boy eleven years old and a sister, Mrs. Nellie Hayes. Her maiden name was Parmenter and she was quite well known and highly esteemed, especially in the Highlands where she formerly resided. She was a lady of many beautiful and lovable traits of character, one who endeared herself to all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance by her kindness, her geniality and sunny disposition.

The funeral occurred on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock and was largely attended by relatives and friends of the family. Rev. R. A. Greene conducted a simple service at the house and also at the grave in the Edson cemetery, reading appropriate selections from the scriptures and offering a touching prayer. The bearers were all relatives of deceased, namely Clarence A. Parmenter, Fred H. Keep of Milton, Mass, Howard B. Keep and Charles D. Keep, both of Hartford, Conn., the three last being brothers of Harry A. Keep.

There were many floral tributes. Those from the family consisted mainly of a profusion of beautiful cut flowers, roses, pinks, chrysanthemums, with wreaths of immortelles. The others included a large wreath of 38 white chrysanthemums and maiden hair fern representing the age of deceased from Mr. and Mrs. L. Evans; large basket of white pinks and ferns Mr. and Mrs. P. F. Devine; large spray of pink chrysanthemums, Whitney Bros., Boston; spray of pinks and roses, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Prince; spray of roses, Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Sullivan; spray of roses, Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Gardner; basket of pink roses and maiden hair fern, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Weinbeck; placque of pink carnations, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Burbank; spray of white chrysanthemums, Mr. and Mrs. Albert F. French; spray of white chrysanthemums, Misses Agnes and Winifred Berry; spray of white pinks, Mr. and Mr. M. E. Garland; spray of pinks and maiden hair fern, Miss Elvah M. Hayes. Among those from out-of-town besides those mentioned were the uncle of deceased, Mr. C. W. Thurston and his daughter, Miss A. Gertrude, of Exeter, N. H.; Mr. Parmenter from Portsmouth, Mr. and Mrs. John B. Cone, Mrs. Howard H. and Mrs. Charles D. Keep, all of Hartford, with many others.

In his sad bereavement Mr. Keep has the profound sympathy of many friends who sincerely hope that the brightness of his future will compensate for the afflictions of the past and especially for the loss of a true and devoted wife and mother.

She had pined for the little ones snatched from her breast
'Till the cup of her sorrows ran o'er.
From the skies 'Alll they called her to heavenly rest.
To the joys of eternity's shore.
Here behind her a husband will deeply deplore
The sweet babes and the wife of his love,
Ever trusting to meet them and dwell evermore
In the glories of Heaven above.

COTTRELL.—The funeral services of Mrs. Thomas S. Cottrell were held from her late home, 44 Crowley street, Monday, at 2 p. m. The house was filled with friends who mingled their tears of sympathy with those whose grief was almost unbearable. A fond and loving husband, father, mother are left to mourn their loss. The following list of flowers, sent by loving friends, testifies to the esteem in which she was held. A pillow inscribed "My Wife" husband; lyre with dove inscribed "Our Lottie" father and mother; star with base inscribed "Lottie", Emma Cottrell; wreath with dove, inscription on base, "Dear Lottie," Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Cottrell; spray of white pinks with ferns, Mr. and Mrs. Bert F. Tabor; bouquet of dahlias, Mr. and Miss Stuart of Lynn; basket of roses, chrysanthemums and ferns, Mrs. Ida F. Howe of Somerville; crescent and star, on base, inscribed "U. O. P. F." Garfield Colony of Pilgrim Fathers; cross of ivy and chrysanthemums, with "Classmate" inscribed on base of pinks and roses, Sunday school class of Paige Street church; set piece composed of pink roses and white pinks, an emblem of the Banca Sunday school class of the First Baptist church of which Mrs. Cottrell was a member; spray of pinks L. L. Trull's Sunday school class of the First Baptist church; a spray of 22 white roses, Frank D. Proctor; roses and pinks, Mrs. Willard C. King. The following named friends sent sprays of pinks: Mr. and Mrs. Daniel P. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Munson, Mrs. George F. Allen, Mrs. George H. Morse, Mr. and Mrs. Jewett, Mr. and Mrs. W. Rogers, Mabel D. Allen, Etta B. LaRoe, Bernice Gilman, Mr. and Mrs. Nebe Noyes, James Fleming, Miss Gulline, Mr. and Mrs. John Moir, Frank W. Brault and Ella M. Chapman. Rev. Mr. Wilson of the Paige street church officiated. Selections were sung by eight young ladies of Mrs. Cottrell's Sunday school class. The bearers were Frank Osborne, Charles Blake, Leon Brown and Frank D. Proctor. Interment was in the Edson cemetery under the direction of Mr. Weinbeck.

CARRICK—The funeral of the late Mary Carrick took place this morning at 10 o'clock from St. Michael's church where a requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. Fr. Gilday. The funeral was largely attended and there was a large number of floral offerings. The pall bearers were Martin W. and Thomas F. Graney, John J., Patrick F. and Thomas F. Carrick and P. J. Stillman. The remains were shipped to Amesbury, Mass., by Undertaker J. F. O'Donnell.

Miss Sadie Benson has returned from a month's sojourn in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Interest on taxes will begin after Friday, Oct. 20.

Putnam & Son

There's No Question

but that a well tailored, well fitting suit gives most men a feeling of satisfaction obtainable in no other way.

The ordinary ready-made will not produce it—few men can afford to pay the high prices asked by a first class tailor.

Right here the elegantly tailored clothes made by Rogers, Peet & Co. come in.

These makers of the finest ready-to-wear clothing in the world are in closest touch with the high class tailors of New York, reproducing the same ideas, using the same cloths—cloths not to be had in other ready-made.

Besides a saving of $10.00 to $20.00 there's this advantage in buying these clothes, you can come here, make your selection, try the suit on and wear it away—the whole business done in a few minutes.

If any alterations are needed we make them, just as the tailor does.

These fine suits are shown in Cheviots, Undressed Worsteds and the new grey shades of striped and checked Worsteds, at $9.98, $13.95, $19.95, $21.95, $22.95, $23.95.

FALL TOP COATS

of Rogers, Peet & Co.'s make, some lined with silk, some with fine Italian; Whipcords, Covert Cloths and Black Cheviots, at $13.45, $14.85, $17.95, $24.50.

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

THE SUN EXTRA

OFFER TO BETRAY

The Filipino Cause by One of the Generals

BELIEVED TO BE A HOAX

Or Intended to Deceive Americans

GEN. PIS DEL PILAR HAS 3000 MEN

He Offers to Deliver Aguinaldo to Americans

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, Oct. 18 8.55 a. m.—General Otis has received messages purporting to come from the insurgent general, Pio del Pilar, offering to sell out his army and to deliver Aguinaldo into the hands of the Americans. Although he is not satisfied that this offer is authentic, it is not intrinsically improbable. The policy of General Otis is firmly set against buying any surrenders.

Pio del Pilar offers for the sum of $50,000 to refrain from attacking Manila with his army, for the sum of $250,000 he offers to surrender his army after a sham battle, both sides firing into the air; and for the sum of $500,000 he says he will procure the overthrow of the insurrection and the capture of Aguinaldo, Paterno and the other leaders.

In the course of the communication he refers to Aguinaldo in contemptuous terms, indicating that strained relations exist between them.

Reports are being received from the districts occupied by the enemy that the Filipinos believe that Pio del Pilar has an audacious plan to break the American lines into Manila and to seize General Otis and the archbishop, with an idea of helping him to make a deal with the Americans. It is unnecessary to say that the Americans would welcome an attack of that sort. There has been much speculation of late regarding the whereabouts of Pio del Pilar. The recent attack at La Loma is credited to him. It is believed that he is now in the vicinity of San Mateo valley with a force of rom 1800 to 3000 men.

SHOT TO DEATH

CAPTAINS KILLED BY THEIR OWN MEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—The minister of the colonies, M. Decrais, has received an official dispatch announcing that Captain Voulet and Chanoine of the outlawed French expedition in the Soudan whose members recently massacred most of the members of the expedition under Lieut. Col. Klobb sent to arrest those officers on charges of cruelty and insubordination have been shot by their own men.

SERIOUS STORMS

HAVE CAUSED GREAT DAMAGE IN ITALY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ROME, Oct. 18.—Serious storms, accompanied by floods, prevailed in the southern districts of Italy working widespread damage. At San Giorgio, a bridge and twenty houses were swept away and it is believed that there was considerable loss of life there. At Monte Mesola, a church was struck by lightning during mass, three persons being killed and forty others, more or less seriously injured.

INSURGENT ULTIMATUM.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CARACAS, Venezuela, Oct. 18—Senor Matos, the peace envoy, bringing an ultimatum from the insurgent commander, General Cipriano Castro, returned to Caracas today from Valencia to meet President Andrade, who is expected to give an answer in the course of the day. President Andrade cannot do otherwise than accept the conditions imposed by General Castro as he is virtually abandoned by all his supporters. Notwithstanding this he still maintains that it may be possible to transfer the seat of government to Maracaibo and continue the fight. The situation here is extremely critical. A French warship is expected tomorrow.

PENSION CHANGES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18—The following pension changes resulting from the issue of September 29, are announced: Massachusetts: Original: Phineas E. Gould, Byfield, $12; Renewal: Edward M. North (dead), Malden, $12. Increase: Albert W. Pratt, Salem, $8 to $8. Original widows, etc.: Florence P. North, Malden, $8; Emeline Jeffers, of Fitchburg, $8; Mary M. Jones, West Barnstable, $8; Elizabeth S. Warren, Newton, $8; minors of John S. Lane, Chelsea, $20; minors of John Long, So. Boston, $10.

ROCKEFELLER BUYING MINES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 18—It is stated that John D. Rockefeller, the Standard Oil magnate, is about to increase his mining business to a large extent on Texada Island.

GOING TO KENTUCKY.

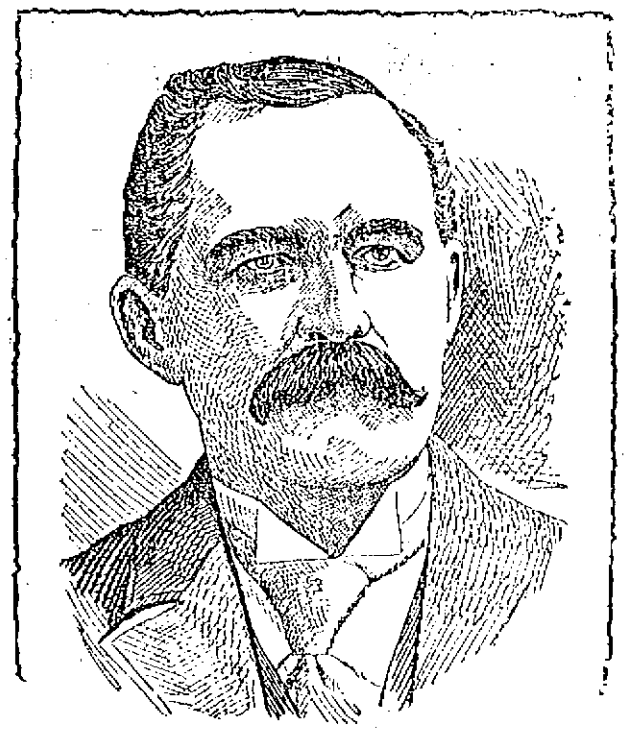
By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Two hundred and fifty members of the Cook county democracy left Chicago today for a campaign tour through Kentucky in the interests of Goebel for governor and through Ohio for McLean for governor. They will put in several days in Indiana also.

The Albion club gave a supper and entertainment at their rooms, Elm street, Saturday evening. The principal features were the singing by Miss Annie Wayne and recitations by H. Brown.

THE SUN LATEST!

5 O'CLOCK



MR. THOMAS HIGGINS OF ARIZONA, NOW VISITING HIS SISTER AND COUSINS ON PEARL STREET.

ROMANTIC EVENT

Thomas Higgins Meets His Niece In This City

FROM ARIZONA AND NEW ZEALAND

Both Entertained by the McGovern Family

MR. HIGGINS A WEALTHY COPPER MINER

He Tells of the Beautiful Arizona Climate

A most extraordinary event took place at the residence of Miss Mary McGovern of the Weed street school, and her brother John, a few days ago, in the meeting of relatives, it might be said from the uttermost ends of the earth. It could not be called a reunion for the parties had never seen one another before. It had all been arranged by correspondence and the fact that Thomas Higgins, a wealthy copper miner of Arizona met his niece, Miss Mary Higgins of New Zealand at 31 Pearl street indicates that at the present stage of civilization neither oceans nor continents can keep friends apart who are determined to meet and who have the wherewithal to travel.

Mr. Higgins is a cousin of the McGovern family who left Ireland when a mere youth and settled in the mining districts of Arizona. He began work in what was then a mere mining camp but which is now known as the town of Bisby with a population of 5,000. The growth of the mining camps resembled that of all similar districts rich in mineral wealth, by jumps and bounds. The Copper Queen mine was the most successful of those started some twenty years ago but there are many others of various degrees of wealth and development. For a time after Mr. Higgins' arrival there were many prospectors in the copper regions and some of them made immense fortunes by holding their claims and having them developed. At first the output of copper in the Copper Queen was comparatively small as but fifteen or twenty men were employed in working it, but now there are as many as 1200 employed and the output reaches fifty or sixty tons a day. The United Verdi mine at Jerome is the most productive copper mine in the world. It is the mine that gives the greatest returns for the least amount of labor, and the smallest outlay for development while the amount of gold and silver embodied in the ore is often worth more than the copper. This mine was first sold by a prospector for the paltry trifle of $10,000 while at the present time it would sell easily for more than $50,000,000.

Among the early prospectors who operated in the copper country was Mr. Higgins himself and according to the statement of Mr. Hanchett of this city, he has been very successful. He has sold to Mr. Hanchett as the representative of the Lowell and Arizona Copper Mining company a rich copper field in which a mine has been opened with marked success. Mr. Higgins has still more to dispose of or to develop as he may decide; but he says there will be a great influx of people to the mining regions during the next few years.

The climate, Mr. Higgins says, is most delightful. Although hotter in summer than it is here in New England, yet the heat is not oppressive owing to the absence of humidity in the atmosphere. But no matter how high the temperature in the daytime in summer, and it sometimes reaches 110 and 115 degrees there is a delightful coolness during the night which affords ample opportunity for sound sleep.

It is also quite cool in the shade on the hottest day, a peculiarity of the climate characteristic of inland elevated regions, and Arizona is quite mountainous. The temperature in the winter seldom falls below 7 above zero. The scenery is not so diversified as that of New England as for the want of water it alternates between mountain and plain, while as a result, the two chief industries in those regions are cattle raising and mining.

Speaking of Klondike, Mr. Higgins said that while gold is found there, the prospect open to late arrivals is very poor, as he believes that all the valuable gold fields were taken up before the real Klondike craze started. He believes there is a great future before Arizona, so far as mining is concerned, and judging from the recent boom in copper stocks, it would appear that money is made faster from copper than from gold.

Mr. Higgins gives a very graphic account of the push, enterprise and growth of the west and he personally seems to be one of the men who have achieved success, although he is exceedingly modest about his own business, but those who are acquainted with him in business, state that he has made an independent fortune in the Arizona copper fields.

In his visit to Lowell he united business with pleasure and arranged to meet his sister, Mrs. Riordan, residing with the McGovern family, and his niece already referred to.

MISS HIGGINS' TRIP.

Miss Higgins states that she had a most delightful voyage from New Zealand having visited several of the leading ports in Australia, including Adelaide, Albany, in western Australia, Sydney and others. She also visited Colombo, the capital of Ceylon, notable for its pearl fisheries and its cinnamon gardens.

Miss Higgins gives a glowing account of her voyage through the Red Sea and the Mediterranean, past the rocks of Gibraltar, en route to London, which was reached in six weeks after leaving Auckland in New Zealand. Her voyage from London to this country was made in a week, and she reached her destination in this city as fresh as if she had only come from New York.

When asked whether she would prefer this country to New Zealand, she said she likes the latter, but is not here long enough to express an opinion.

By J. E. CONANT & CO. - - - - Auctioneers

OFFICE, LOWELL, MASS.

TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

THE BEST CORNER now open for BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT there is left on Gorham street is to be sold at public auction tomorrow, October 19, 1899, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. The sale to begin promptly and to take place rain or shine. Before giving the description of the real estate it is my purpose to sell, I have a favor I should like to ask. It is this: That you carefully read this advertisement through before you make up your mind what I propose to do.

The property to be sold is known as the Slavin estate; is numbered 473, is situated on Gorham street at the corner of South Highland street, is opposite the Harrington Bros.' block, now owned by Mr. Peter J. Brady; has a frontage on Gorham street of 45 feet, a frontage on South Highland street of 104 feet, contains a little over 5000 square feet, is on the right side of the street, is about half way between the post office and Davis Corner, is perfect grade and practically ready for any improvement the purchaser might contemplate putting upon it. All city conveniences are in both streets; all assessments for same are paid; the purchaser can have three quarters of the purchase money on mortgage for a term of three or five years at 5 per cent. interest. There never was a better time to buy real estate in Lowell and there never will be a time when you can buy it so cheap again; particularly well located property adapted to business purposes. Upon the premises at the present time is a cottage house used as a store and tenement; a stable and wagon or storage shed. There is income enough derived from these buildings to pay almost five per cent. upon the price the property will undoubtedly sell for and they are totally inadequate and out of place on the premises. Proper buildings upon this corner, beyond any question or doubt would pay from 16 to 20 per cent., net upon the cost of improvement of the property today. The purchaser must deposit with or secure to the auctioneers $500 as soon as the property is struck off, the highest bidder will get it. Bear in mind that chances of this kind do not grow; neither do they occur with any frequency, no matter what the condition of the market.

JAMES SLAVIN.

GRAND JURY TERM

Attracts Many Witnesses to Court House

CIVIL SESSION FINALLY ADJOURNED

Tremont and Suffolk Cases Resumed

This is the busiest day that the court house on Gorham street has been in many a month unless it was yesterday when in addition to the other sessions the probate court held forth.

The corridors and waiting rooms of the new building were crowded all morning, the crowd consisting of witnesses summoned before the grand jury which is sitting in the new superior court room.

Ten out-of-town cases preceded the Lowell aggregation and the latter were reached about noon. Among the Lowell cases is that of William A. H. Kelly charged with murder and some 25 witnesses have been summoned including Tom McLaughlin, J. Joseph Lacey and several others from Lawrence who will give testimony in the case.

Another case which has attracted about eight witnesses and which is not generally known is that resulting from a fire in the house of George H. Scully at 143 Forrest street, on the night of July 17. After the fire an investigation was made and an inquest held by Fire Marshal Shaw and as a result the evidence is being submitted to the grand jury.

Another fire case that will come before the grand jury is that which occurred in the Wentworth building some time ago.

A majority of the police force, it would appear is before the grand jury in local cases, including Inspectors Laflamme and Allen who will be obliged to temporarily abandon the Boyd murder case.

The grand jury in all probability will make its report on Saturday.

CIVIL SESSION CLOSES.

The most peculiar civil session of the superior court held in Lowell in some time came to a conclusion this morning there being no more cases ready for trial. But few cases were tried at it, though a considerable length of time was consumed owing to the week's delay awaiting the opening case and the lengthy case of Gago vs. the City of Lowell. The jury in the case of Fadden vs. Lawrence Mfg. Co. this morning returned a verdict for the defendant.

THE TAX CASES.

In the probate court room the Tremont and Suffolk tax cases were resumed before Commissioner Lord and Captain James G. Hill, the expert was on the stand all morning. He testified in detail regarding the valuation of the mill property.

J. L. THAYER

FUNERAL OF A PROMINENT ROYAL ARCANUMITE HELD YESTERDAY.

But two short weeks ago, J. Loring Thayer of the Dorchester district addressed Industry Council, Royal Arcanum and urged the members to increased zeal in support of the order.

Last week he fell from an apple tree breaking his neck and his funeral occurred yesterday in Boston. It was one of the most largely attended of any that has been held in the Dorchester district for some time. The sad and unfortunate accident which had deprived him of life was at once a terrible shock and bereavement to the host of friends whom he had made during the course of an entire life of probity and usefulness. He had a wide circle of acquaintances in business, fraternal and benevolent associations and all were present.

The service was held at the family residence, 86 Ashmont street at 3 p. m., and the capacity of the house was taxed to its utmost. The service was conducted by Rev. Arthur Little, pastor of Second Congregational church of Dorchester. The musical portion of the service was furnished by the Boston Four male quartet. The selections rendered were: "Consolation," "I Cannot Always Trace the Way," and "Nearer, My God, to Thee." Dr. Little delivered a brief and touching eulogy.

The floral tributes from the various organizations of which Mr. Thayer was a member, as well as from personal friends, were of a large variety and were beautiful in design.

The pallbearers were Frederick Cate, representing the bank officers' association; C. R. Dane, representing the Royal Arcanum; Carroll A. Thayer, representing the grand consistory; W. G. Baker, representing the A. O. U. W.; William F. Greene, representing the republican committee of ward 24; A. J. Winter, representing Boston lodge, 124, K. of H.; J. B. L. Bartlett, representing the K and L of H., and C. F. Bruce, representing Boston lodge, 110, A. O. U. W.

The interment was at Mt. Hope cemetery.

DEWEY CAN HAVE THE OFFICE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 18.—The military order of the Loyal Legion will meet here today and a strong movement is on foot to elect Admiral Dewey its new commander. The term of Admiral Gherardi, the present commander, is about to expire, and there is a great rivalry among the candidates for the place. Among those whose names have been mentioned are Gen. John M. Schofield, Gen. Nelson A. Miles, Gen. Grenville H. Dodge, Gen. O. O. Howard and Gen. Russell A. Alger.

Admiral Dewey knows nothing of the movement in his favor. It is understood that the honor will be tendered him not only as a compliment for his great service to the country but to settle the rivalry of the candidates.

The council in chief of the order held a meeting here yesterday and transacted routine business.

STRIKE IS ENDED

Trouble at Stover's Shop Short Lived

MEN RETURNED TO WORK THIS MORNING

Having Gained the Point at Issue

The 35 lasters who went on strike at Stover's shoe shop yesterday afternoon won their point and returned to work this morning. They left work because two Greeks were given employment in preference to skilled American labor. The lasters state that they did not object to the Greeks simply because of their nationality but because though green hands they were taken in in preference to skilled labor.

They were informed last night by their employers that the Greeks would be discharged and they returned to work this morning.

IN FOR ASSAULT

Young Man Fined in Police Court

THE PLAINTIFF AN ARMENIAN BARBER

A Number of Drunks in Court.

Ten drunks appeared before Judge Hadley in the police court this morning.

One simple offender, a woman, was released by the court.

Patrick Mahon, a first offender, was assessed $5.

John T. Harrihan and William F. McKenna were second offenders, and were taxed each $6.

It was Arthur J. Shanley's second offense for drunkenness within a year. He is only a young man. He pleaded guilty, but the court ordered him placed in charge of Probation Officer Tuttle.

Thomas Eagan was a third offender. He received a sentence to the state farm at Bridgewater.

Patrick Vail, drunkenness, was sent to the same institution.

Patrick Costello was charged with assault and battery and drunkenness. He pleaded not guilty to both charges and was defended by D. J. Donahue, Esq.

Costello was charged with assault and battery on an Armenian, named K. Garabodian. The complainant is a barber with his shop on Charles street. The Armenian claimed that shortly before 12 o'clock yesterday the defendant, in company with another man, came to his shop. Costello asked the Armenian what he charged for a shave. The latter said five cents. Costello then said he would pay him ten cents if he gave him a good shave. An argument about shaves followed, and it soon got too hot for the Armenian, who suspecting the men would do him some injury, rushed from the shop and went in search of an officer. He did not find one, and soon returned to the shop.

The men were still there. The Armenian claimed that as soon as he went into the shop, he was attacked by the men. They knocked him down and in the scuffle the Armenian's spectacles were broken. The Armenian yelled for help and after they had got tired beating him the men left the shop and began to run.

Officer O'Brien was told of the trouble started to search for the men. Officer Welch found Costello in Church street and placed him under arrest. The officers testified that the defendant was under the influence of liquor when he arrested him. The man who went into the barber shop with Costello was not caught.

Costello was sworn and testified in his own behalf. He denied assaulting the Armenian, but said it was vice versa, the Armenian assaulting him. He showed a large cut in his left arm which he claimed was the result of a blow of a board used by the complainant. He was also struck in the head and showed a large lump. His explanation for running was that he wanted to get away from the Armenian. Costello denied he was drunk.

The court found Costello guilty of both charges. For assault and battery a fine of $10 was imposed and he was fined $5 for drunkenness.

David Wood of the Middlesex Tavern pleaded guilty to maintaining a liquor nuisance and was fined $100.

In Lawrence police court yesterday, Alexander Bean of this city was taxed $1 for drunkenness.

Charles T. Brady, charged with larceny, who was continued yesterday for sentence, was fined $10.

The case of Michael Nearney, charged with assault and battery on Matthew Coupe, was placed on file, the complainant not wishing to press the complaint.

George W. Milmore was charged with obtaining money under false pretences.

The complainant is Mary E. Chase of this city, while the defendant hails from Cambridge, where he claims, he is manager of the Western Union Telegraph office. It is alleged that the complainant some years ago loaned him a considerable amount of money after he had falsely represented himself.

The defendant did not plead. He was represented by D. J. Donahue, Esq., while George H. Richardson, Esq., appeared for the government. The case was continued until October 27th on agreement of counsel. Milmore was held in $200 for trial.

BOAT ON FIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TACOMA, Washington, Oct. 18.—The American bark, Wilna, Captain John Slater, caught fire in her hold and will be a total loss. She was loading at the St. Paul & Tacoma company's mill for Australia and had 400,000 feet of lumber below decks at the time of the fire. The total loss will be $31,000.

PROTEST AGAINST RESOLUTIONS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Oct. 31—As the result of resolutions adopted by Division No. 1 Ancient Order of Hibernians, Montreal, expressing their sympathy with the Boers in the South African war, five of the divisions of the A. O. H. in St. John and vicinity and the Moncton division, have drawn up a protest. They also passed resolutions declaring that the order in this province was loyal to Great Britain.



CAPTAIN C. M. CHESTER, WHO IS TO COMMAND THE BATTLESHIP KENTUCKY.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., Oct. 18.—The first class battleship Kentucky, sister ship of the Kearsarge, which had such a successful trial trip last month, will go out on her builders' trial trip in a week or ten days. While the date has not been finally determined, it is certain that the ship will be tried this month. The official trial will take place about two weeks later. The Kentucky has aboard most of the guns of her main battery in the superimposed turrets. She will be painted white in a few days.

Captain C. M. Chester, formerly of the cruiser Cincinnati, and in command of the South Atlantic station, who has been assigned to command the Kentucky, is at the shipyard daily observing the progress on his new ship.

LOWELL HORSES

In the Race at Nashua N.H. Fair Yesterday

AND MANY LOWELL HORSEMEN THERE

One Local Man Got Fourth Money

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NASHUA, N. H., Oct. 17—With the fairest of skies and under the most favorable conditions possible for good horse racing, the first race of the fall meet of the Nashua Driving Association and incidentally the last one of the season, was held at the Driving Park today. About 500 horsemen and spectators were in attendance and they witnessed one of the cleanest exhibition of horse racing ever seen at the park.

There was a large list of entries but there were a few among them, A. L. Barker's bay gelding, Mark, and D. J. Murphy's chrome mare, Lida A., of Lowell, who did not put in an appearance.

Among the Lowell people present were: Ex-Mayor Charles Dana Palmer, who officiated in the judge's stand as usual; John Lennon, Doc Campbell, O. H. Stafford, D. J. Murphy and family, Dr. Hamblett, Mr. and Mrs. John McEvoy and A. J. Kingsbury.

There were two events, the 2.21 class for trotting or pacing and the 2.28 class for trotting only. Both purses were for $250 each.

Two Lowell horses were entered in the 2.21 class and were Dan Murphy's black mare, Lady Gloddy and A. L. Barker's bay mare, Belle H. Murphy's mare took fourth money.

The summary:

2.21 class, trotting or pacing; purse $250.

Jerome Belle, bm, J. T. Brown, So. Berwick, Me.	2	1	1	1
Savanah, H. H. Ridge, Portsmouth, N. H.	1	3	2	2
Little George, bg, E. W. Train Saugus	7	2	4	4
Lady Gloddy, bm, D. J. Murphy, Lowell	9	7	3	5
I. York, brg, W. R. Cox, Manchester, N. H.	3	6	8	8
Belle H., bm, A. L. Barker	5	5	5	7
Ida J., N. H. Gilbert, Somers	6	4	7	6
Van Alystyne, chh, I. C. Knox	8	8	6	3
Frank Wilkes, bg, C. E. Swain	4	9	9dr	

Time—2.21 3-4, 2.20 1-2, 2.21 3-4.

2.28 class, trotting; purse $250.

Ponemah, chg, Cook & Burnham, Medford	6	1	1	1
Navara, bg, N. E. Marlin, Concord, N. H.	1	5	4	2
Spira Sprague, bm, Dr. J. N. Murray, Littleton	2	2	5	4
Salvini, chs, O. F. Winslow, Nashua, N. H.	3	3	6	3
Lady Thorndike, rm, R. M. Durland, Lynn	5	4	2	3
Jack Spinn, Jr., C. F. Churchill, Centre Barnstead, N. H.	4	6	3	5

Time—2.28 1-2, 2.25 1-4, 2.28 3-4, 2.27 1-2.

The judges were: Charles Dana Palmer, Doc Shea, Ed. Wasson, and A. A. Flynn; starter, A. H. Merrill; scorer, T. A. Crowley.

"Like Diamonds Raindrops Glisten."

Drops of Hood's Sarsaparilla are precious jewels for the blood which glisten in their use, and, like the rain, disappear for the good of humanity. Each dose when taken is in a very short time thoroughly mixed with the blood and actively getting in its work of purification.

Run Down—*"My husband was run down in health and all tired out. Those excellent medicines, Hood's Pills and Sarsaparilla, built him up again." Mrs. H. L. Monny, Towanda, Pa.*

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HIGGINS—FAGAN.

The marriage of Terrence Higgins, a popular resident of ward five, and Miss Della Fagan, sister of City Messenger Frank Fagan, took place this afternoon at five o'clock at the Sacred Heart parochial residence in Moore street, by Rev. Fr. Reynolds, O. M. I. The bridesmaid was Miss Margaret Higgins, a sister of the groom, while City Messenger Fagan was the best man.

After the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride, 18 Newhall street, where the happy couple received the congratulations of numerous friends. A wedding supper was served by the D. L. Page Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Higgins left on a late train for their honeymoon, which will be to New York and Washington, and on their return they will reside in Concord street. The happy couple were the recipients of many valuable wedding gifts.

Special Offer

—FOR—

ECONOMICAL BUYERS.

500 pairs trousers at $1.50, of extra heavy strictly Pure Wool Cassimeres in four shades, well worth $2.00.

1000 pairs Trousers at $2.00 in six new choice patterns for fall and winter, guaranteed all worsted, the greatest bargain ever offered at this price, well worth $4.00.

See Our Middle Street Trousers Window.

Men's Winter Overcoats at 2-3 regular prices.

Men's Winter Suits at 2-3 regular prices.

Men's Winter Underwear at 2-3 regular prices.

Boys' Winter Clothing at 2-3 regular prices.

The price difference here over regular prices is quite enough to bring out the economical; but besides that very pleasing condition you've greater choice of desirable clothing and a showing more in touch with the season's best styles than are afforded elsewhere.

J. L. CHALIFOUX.

Central and Middle Sts.

ARE YOU AWARE

That the mornings and evenings are getting cool and that you will have to get out your Winter Clothing? Well, here is where we come in to play. If you find out that your winter garments are soiled or faded bring them at once to the

BAY STATE

Dye Works

54 Prescott Street.

and we will cleanse or dye them and make as good as new at a very slight expense. All work guaranteed first class at

BAY STATE DYE WORKS

Tel. 821-3.

CONSUMPTION

To THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C., No. 181 Pearl Street, New York.

Music Hall

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Matinee, Oct. 16, 17, 18.

New City Sports Big Show

Phil Sheridan, Sole Prop. and Mgr.

The BARNUM of its class. Everything new and up-to-date

Three Nights Commencing Thursday, Oct. 19. Matinee Saturday.

A play of heart interest, pure comedy and brisk Americanism

The American Girl

By H. Gratton Donnelly, author of "Darkest Russia." Introducing the Comedian, Geo. F. Hall, with two rays of brightness, the American twins Prince Ray and the Little Lady

Direction of A. Q. SCAMMON.

Star Theatre,

182-184 Middlesex Street. FRANK KNIGHT, Proprietor. This Week

SCANLON & MILEY, Comedy Sketch Artists.

GRACE WHEELER, Balladist.

BLANCHE WILSON, Musical Artist.

LEOPOLD & WESTON, Kings of Komedy.

GERTRUDE RIGGS, Serio-Comic.

DRAUGHTING INSTRUMENTS

For Drawing School.

W. T. S. Bartlett

The Up-Town Hardware Store,

653 MERRIMACK STREET.

FALL OPENING

—OF—

Ladies' Capes, Jackets, Suits, Skirts and Millinery.

Gent's Suits, Overcoats, Dry Goods

SAME PRICES CASH OR CREDIT.

LOWELL CO-OPP. SUPPLY CO.

26 Central Street,

Up One Flight Open Evenings

TODAY

Is none to soon to have glasses rightly fitted. No "guesswork" fitting is satisfactory. Scientific accuracy is what is wanted to preserve the sight and prevent eyestrain and blindness.

GEO. G. ROGERS,

OPTICIAN.

138 Merrimack St.

GOING AWAY?

Hope you'll have a good time and we know you will if you . . . . . .

Take One of Our

CAMERAS!

We carry a full line of

Eastman's Kodaks,

and all kinds of supplies. Also all leading makes of cameras. . . . .

ONE OF OUR

Hammocks

will make things easy for you. Prices from

75c to $6.00.

The Thompson Hardware Co.

SOLE AGENTS.

19 LBS. BEST Granulated Sugar

For $1.00.

Delivered free to our Tea and Coffee customers.

O'Brien Bros.

FISKE BUILDING.

227 Central Street. Tel. Con

FOR MORE POLICE

Common Council Votes an Appropriation of $1100

Councilman Markham Addresses Council in Favor of Appropriation—"To Much Deadwood and a Needless Probation Officer" Says Councilman Saunders—Other Business Transacted

The common council went their brethren of the upper board one better on the matter of better police protection last evening for while the aldermen recommended more police, it remained for the council to make it possible to have more police by passing an order appropriating $1100 for police.

In the absence of President Paige, Councilman Mullaney of ward two was chosen chairman, and he proved himself an able presiding officer.

The session began a little before 8.30 with 17 members present. Half a dozen came in later, however.

A petition from the Sisters of Notre Dame that a portion of Adams street be paved with asphaltina was referred to the committee on streets.

The monthly reports of the city messenger and the building department were placed on file.

The mayor vetoed the resolution appropriating $300 from the general treasury fund to procure apparatus for the recovery of drowned persons. The general treasury fund is already overdrawn, the Mayor stated in his veto the resolution was therefore illegal. He suggested that money be taken from the fund for incidentals. The chair asked if the resolution should be passed over the mayor's veto. The vote resulted 9 in favor and 11 against, sustaining the mayor's veto.

Later in the meeting Mr. Badger introduced an order appropriating $300 from the fund for incidentals, for procuring apparatus for the recovery of drowned bodies, the appropriation to be charged to the police appropriation. The order was passed.

The joint resolution appropriating $500,000 from the general treasury fund in anticipation of taxes, was given final passage in concurrence with the upper board. The joint resolution to borrow $5000 for the extension of Aiken to Merrimack street was given final passage, 21 votes in favor and none against. Mr. Lebrun gave notice of immediate reconsideration and on the second vote on final passage, the former vote was sustained, but this time with only 20 in favor.

A bill establishing the pay of election officers was passed, no votes in opposition. The pay for all precinct officers is fixed at $10 for the day.

MORE POLICE WANTED.

Alderman Taylor's order introduced into the board of aldermen Monday night, providing for the addition of six officers to the police force, started a discussion that was continued when a joint order to borrow $2000 for the benefit of the police department in the employment of new patrolmen, was read. This order was introduced by Councilman Markham.

Councilman Markham moved as an amendment to Alderman Taylor's order that 10 officers be added to the force, instead of six, as there are more than six men on the supernumerary list, who have waited two years or more. The cost would be about $1000 a year for each.

Councilman Saunders then opposed the measure saying: "While I believe in the protection of life and property, I also believe in a little discretion. It is a serious question in my mind whether the police department does not need a little revision. We cut just as close as we could in making the appropriations this year, and at the present time the police department has barely enough to carry them through the year, so that the proposed addition to the police force means a substantial appropriation to pay the cost.

Mr. Markham's amendment was defeated and the original order of Alderman Taylor passed.

The joint order to borrow $2000 for the police department then came on its adoption.

Mr. Wiggin believed that as only two months of the present year remain, $1000 would be enough. Mr. Markham, however, maintained the need for $2000, disclaiming any other desire than to add to the efficiency of the police patrol service. "Last year," he said, "the chairman of the board of police asked for $125,000 for the department, but received only $123,000. Before the year was out the money was gone and more had to be appropriated.

"There is a great deal of crime in the city and a lack of police protection. Five men were taken off the force this year to strengthen the liquor squad and as a result the beats had to be lengthened. There are about 100 patrolmen in the city for 85,000 people. Cambridge is smaller, but has a greater force and Fall River and Worcester also are better protected. The city has grown and the police force should grow too. Last week the officer called to Pawtucketville had to cover a district from Fletcher street around to the ice houses. What sort of police protection is that? What police protection have they in Pawtucketville? What have they in Ayer City, where there is crime nearly every night? It is coming to a time when you will have to appropriate more money for the police department. Money is not wasted when it goes into a department like that. It is for the people of the city and they get all the benefit. If there are 10 more men it means 10 more routes. The patrol beats would be cut down and the whole city benefited.

"We've got about as good a police board as there is in the state. I have nothing to say against it. Ten more men on the force at $2.75 a day for the last two months this year would be about $1700. The department is doing the best possible work under the circumstances. It is we who are to blame who can give the needed money."

Mr. Saunders took the floor. "The trouble is not with the appropriation," he said. "There is money enough but it is spent for a lot of deadheads who believe we need better protection in the suburbs, but what do you need of a probation officer at $1200 a year. I believe money should be judiciously spent. Let us cut where money is needed and spend where it would be used to the best advantage. I do not object to six or even ten more men on the police force."

"The probation officer is appointed by the judge and paid by the state," the chairman said, replying to Mr. Saunders.

"So much the worse for the state," retorted Mr. Saunders.

Mr. Wiggin offered an amendment that $1000 be substituted for $2000 in the order and the amendment was defeated, 7 in favor and 14 against.

The order of Mr. Markham was also defeated, 13 in favor and 8 against, the order requiring a two-thirds vote to pass it.

Mr. Markham gave notice of reconsideration at the next meting but later he withdrew it after a consultation of he members during the session. Mr. Wiggin, after an understanding had been reached, gave notice of immediate reconsideration. The amount in the order was made $1100 and was passed, 22 in favor.

A few minor petitions were referred to proper committees and several petitioners given leave to withdraw.

DEATH ENDS SLEEP

A SOMERVILLE WOMAN SLEPT THREE WEEKS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 18.—Death has at last ended the sleep which held Mrs. Ann McCullough in its power, at her home, 222 Pearl street, Somerville, ever since Sunday night, Sept. 24th. She passed away peacefully and painlessly shortly after 5 yesterday afternoon in the presence of her family.

Her case is one of the strangest ever handled by Somerville physicians, and as to its cause there is no little disagreement. She apparently fell asleep one night over three weeks ago, and with the exception of infrequent intervals, had never awakened. Even at the intervals her awakening was only partial. She would at those times drowsily open her eyes, ask for a glass of water in a sleepy voice, and after having her desire satisfied would at once sink in a deep slumber.

Four local physicians had attempted to arouse her, and Dr. Couch, the last attending physician, resorted to pins and hot water, but these agencies failed to awaken the woman.

In assigning the cause of her affliction, Dr. Couch gave it as his opinion that Mrs. McCullough was suffering with paralysis of the entire nervous system, superinduced by indigestion and a weakened heart.

Carl E. Bohonan, for many years a hackman of Lowell, who moved to Chelsea, Vt., some four years ago, has returned to this city to reside.

Dr. O. M. Humphrey and family have taken Mrs. Thurlow's house on Westford street for the winter.

Alderman Edward B. Pierce is still at his camp among the trees at Haggett's Pond. The quiet life there has been of great benefit to him and he is in better health than he has been for many weeks.

A SCIENTIFIC REPORT ON COFFEE.

Shows It Can be Used by Some and Is a Poison to Others.

A gentleman connected with the Newberry Library, Chicago, has gone very carefully through the medical department, consulting and compiling from the best works of this country and abroad on the value of coffee.

There is abundance of evidence to show that in some cases coffee used as a stimulant is of advantage while with many human systems it is a decided poison which will build up chronic conditions of disease if made use of steadily.

The investigator writes: "We have used for years your Postum Food Coffee and found nothing to fill its place.' Among his quotations appears the following:

"One of the highest authorities in Materia Medica and Therapeutics in England says: Caffeine which is the stimulating part of coffee is in general terms a stimulant first and subsequently a paralyzant to the nerve centers of the cerebellum, medulla and the spinal cord. In small doses it quickens the activity of the heart and raises arterial tension. Larger doses often over-stimulate the cerebral circulation causing great heaviness of the head, flashes of light before the eyes, insomnia, restlessness and even delirium. Administered in sufficient quantity it would doubtless prove fatal to man.'

"To thousands of people, coffee, of which caffeine is its chemical structure, is therefore a poison. Languor, restlessness and prostration follow as a result in the system when the habit of its continuance is acquired. This is followed by muscular tremor and sometimes dizziness, with nervous dyspepsia and insomnia; in fact, a train of depressing ails frequently not traceable to the beverage which never inebriates, but is in reality the source."

The gentleman concludes his long and very interesting paper on the subject with the statement, "Companies similar to that of the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., of Battle Creek are to be multiplied and stand as benefactors of the race. Whatever our personal preferences, let us not class these changes in dietary to peculiar views and theories but rather as generally recognized and accented truths, a valuable acquisition of progress and investigation, scientific and philanthropic."

The rapid pace lived by American brain workers has forced them to seek food and drink that quickly and surely rebuild the exhausted energies and such people as a rule feel the disastrous effects of a continued use of coffee. It is to furnish this class of people with correct food and drink, selected and manufactured in the most scientific manner that Postum Cereal Food Coffee and Grape Nuts have been placed on the market. All first class grocers furnish these.

AGE NO BAR

Everybody in Lowell is Eligible.

Old people stooped with suffering.
Middle age courageously fighting.
Youth protesting impatiently.
Children, unable to explain
Baby crying cant tell why.
All in misery from their kidneys.
Only a little backache first.
Comes when you catch a cold.
Or when you strain the back.
Backache is the first step of kidney trouble.
Many complications follow.
Urinary disorders, Diabetes, Bright's disease.
Doan's Kidney Pills cure backache.
Cure every form of kidney ills.
Plenty of proof that this is so.

Mr. Almond Slader of 20 Richard St., says: "I was bothered for a long time with excessive action of the kidney secretions. Procuring Doan's Kidney Pills at Ellingwood & Co.'s drug store the use of one box corrected the secretions to the extent of making them nearly normal. I believe Doan's Kidney Pills a thoroughly effective remedy for the kidneys."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Doan's and take no other.

TOUR OF OVATIONS

Col. Wm. J. Bryan Getting Splendid Ovations

AT EVERY TOWN IN KENTUCKY.

He Gives Admiarl Schley Credit of Santiago

By Associated Press to The Sun.

STANFORD, Ky., Oct. 18.—Mr. Bryan set Kentucky on fire politically. In a drenching storm yesterday he moved through the Blue Grass region and among the dripping crowds of the foot hills of the mountains, counseling, pleading, arguing for the election of Goebel for governor. Each hour he grows more passionate, more reckless in his bravery. It is now plain to the observer that Mr. Bryan is for the first time testing his power as the acknowledged leader of his party. It was easy to see from his speech yesterday what his attitude will be in Ohio. Mr. Bryan publicly gave Admiral Schley the whole credit for the naval victory at Santiago.

"I ask you why we should retain the Philippine Islands as a part of the American territory," he said. "You tell me it is because Dewey destroyed a Spanish fleet at Manila. I reply that Admiral Schley destroyed a Spanish fleet at Santiago and yet we promised to give Cuba her independence."

The thunderclap shout which followed would have shaken the nerves of Admiral Sampson had he been present. At each point in the voyage, Senator Goebel and Senator Joe Blackburn made speeches.

Mr. Bryan at Frankfort read a telegram from the leading members of the democratic national committee now in St. Louis, which staggered the Brown insurgents.

I was with Mr. Bryan when he went through Kentucky in 1896 and I have carefully observed the bearing of the people now. He is stronger than ever in the hearts of the Kentucky people. If he was their adored leader then, he is their idol now. As he moved through the mud-splashed crowds of mountaineers and townsmen, his ears were filled with sounds of affection, men and women alike calling down upon his head the blessing of God.

The gentlemen who loll about the corridors of the Waldorf-Astoria in evening dress may argue as they will that the Bryan sun has set, but here are the masses pouring in from every quarter acclaiming him as their leader and redeemer. Let no man in New York or Boston or elsewhere deceive himself in this matter. The evidence is overwhelming that Mr. Bryan is stronger in the south than he ever was before. Right or wrong, his popular strength here is increasing by leaps and bounds. Think of 5000 persons, many of them gathered from remote districts standing in a heavy rain for hours at Mt. Sterling today simply to see the leader's face and hear the sound of his voice.

Before Mr. Bryan came to Kentucky the passions of the democratic bolters had swelled almost to madness, but, although he has trailden their flag of revolt under foot, I have not heard a single hiss or an unkind word. Democrats may divide and make little war against each other but all acknowledge Mr. Bryan as their leader. The democratic state committee at Frankfort reports that every hour news of fresh desertions from Brown is received.

FINED $65

FOR SOLICITING MEMBERS FOR MONTREAL ORDER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FITCHBURG, Oct. 18.—There was an insurance case of considerable interest to members of fraternal societies in court this morning.

Napoleon La Chance of Montreal was charged with soliciting for and aiding the business of La Societe des Artisans Canadian, Francais de la Cite de Montreal, a fraternal insurance society not admitted to do business in this state.

He pleaded not guilty and was represented by counsel, while the commonwealth's case was also conducted by an attorney.

Defendant was arrested at Attleboro Sunday on a warrant. He was taken from Attleboro to Taunton, where he gave bail. He came to this city by agreement with the state officials for trial.

J. C. Joseph Flamand, private secretary for Richard Henry Dana of Boston, testified that on Jan. 20, Sunday, he saw La Chance in St. Joseph's hall. There was quite a number present and Mr. La Chance made an address. Officers of the Artisans, were chosen and clothed by Mr. La Chance with the insignia of their office.

He was fined $65.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Watts Whitman, both very pleasantly known in musical circles, have left this city for Watertown, Mass., where Mr. Whitman will engage in business.



ABRAHAM WOODRUFF, ROBERTS' BOYCOTTING FRIEND, MORMON APOSTLE AND PROTEGE OF THE POLYGAMOUS CONGRESSMAN-ELECT, WHO ADVOCATES A GENERAL MORMON BOYCOTT IN UTAH AGAINST ALL ANTI-POLYGAMISTS. HE IS A SON OF THE LATE PRESIDENT WOODRUFF.

A FALSE REPORT

Of an Arrest in the Murder Case

POLICE ARE STILL ACTIVELY WORKING

Suspected Men Are Being Carefully Shadowed

A sensation was caused down town last night by a widespread report to the effect that a well known resident of ward two had been arrested as one of the alleged murderers of Mrs. Boyd. How, where and by whom the report started is a mystery which even the police cannot surmise, but it spread rapidly and many inquired at the police station and newspaper offices to learn that no such person had been arrested. The friends of the man mentioned were much relieved upon learning the truth.

As The Sun suggested some time ago it is now generally believed that if four men were in the case the "fourth man" or the murdered woman's escort was either in the plot with the other three to outrage the woman or else he ran away from her at the beginning of the trouble and is ashamed to have his cowardice exposed.

If it could be learned where the woman purchased the liquor if she did purchase any, it would aid the police materially and the speak-easy keeper informing them would undoubtedly escape prosecution.

The police have by no means given up their diligent search for the murderers and several suspects are being carefully shadowed and any suspicious actions on their part are reported to Inspectors Lallamme and Allen who are working untiringly on clues, a majority of which amount to nothing.

The friends of the murdered woman have told conflicting stories concerning her actions and company, but have told nothing that would aid in the detection of the men who caused her death.

THE CONVENT BAZAAR.

The following is a list of the awards on the St. Francis table of the Immaculate Conception bazaar:

Fr. Lawrence's large portrait awarded to Mrs. Annie Wilkins, 20 Hudson street; couch, Lizzie Cahill, Nesmith street; $10 gold piece, W. Fitzgerald, 271 Hildreth street; tea set, Mary Walwood, 8 Blakhorn avenue; painted banner, Miss Louise ——, West School street; statue of St. Anthony, Mrs. John A. O'Hearn, 69 Phillips street; a box of cigars, Dan O'Brien, 318 Nesmith street; picture of St. Cecelia, Delia Duffy, Moody House; willow rocker, Hannah O'Connell, New York city; jardiniere, Bridget Gallagher, 6 Dutton street; fern, Maggie Donoghue, 43 Central street; jardiniere, Annie Moran, 42 Keene street; jardiniere stand, Bridget Donovan, 257 Andover street; communion set, Annie Welch, 9 Chestnut street; barrel of flour, Katie Lonsdale, 61 Chestnut street; sofa pillow, Mrs. Hennett, 6 Lawrence street; Infant Jesus of Prague, H. M. Brodeur, 66 Willow street; sofa pillow, Hattie L. Egan, 16 Lawrence street; shrine of St. Anthony, Mrs. James Gill, 9 Chestnut square; handkerchief case, Mary Sullivan, 65 Merrimack street; pair of slippers, Annie A. Conlon, 42 Common street; ladies' hat, Mary Boocott, 33 Concord street; bed spread, W. Sullivan, 277 Fayette street; lemonade set, Lizzie Guthrie, 32 Chapel street; picture of St. Anthony, Mary Graham, 61 Walnut street; silk umbrella, Annie V. Hostey, Coburn street; picture of St. Anthony, Jennie McQuaid, 230 Concord street; picture of Our Lady of Victory, Dan O'Brien, 318 Nesmith street; small picture of Fr. Lawrence, D. Sullivan, 259 Lakeview avenue; cake basket, Louise Turner, 42 Livingston street; table cover, Maggie Flannery, 88 Dummer street; fancy cracker jar, Lena Lawson, 290 Concord street; silver spoons, Nellie Barry, 155 Fayette street; willow rocker, James Shulow, North Billerica; embroidered picture frame, K. Higgins, 273 Concord street; willow rocker, Catherine Sullivan, 1 Front street; water set, Mary Hurney, 278 Adams street; picture of St. Cecelia, Fr. Lawrence, O. M. I.; sofa pillow, Henry A. Doucite, 61 Cabot street; sofa pillow, Blanche Lavingeau, 39 Farmland road.

Prizes on combination tickets: Dolly John Dillon, Concord street; cracker jar, Katie Craig, 42 Swift street; pin cushion, Nellie Dallagher, East Merrimack street; picture of St. Cecelia, Mr. Henry ——, 158 Parker avenue, tidy, C. Santesson, 345 Thorndike street picture throw, B. Ronan, 267 Worthen street.

Miss Mary D. Adams has returned from an extended trip abroad.

THE BURKES

Held a Rousing Meeting Last Evening

A BIG GAIN IN THE MEMBERSHIP

Meeting Followed by a Smoke Talk

A rousing meeting of the Burkes was held last evening in their hall on Middle street. It was the largest and most enthusiastic meeting of the institute holdin a long period, and goes to show that The Sun was right when it said a few weeks ago that the organization has taken a new lease of life.

The spacious hall was fairly taxed to its utmost capacity, so large was the attendance. Last evening 50 candidates were initiated and 50 applications for membership were received and accepted. The society has made an enormous gain in membership within the past three weeks and the total membership now is 285, a gain of more than 100 members in three weeks.

The first Sunday in November will be observed by the society as Memorial Sunday. The members will march in a body to the Catholic cemetery and the grave of Michael Sexton, a former president of the institute and founder of their building, will be decorated. In the evening, as usual there will be memorial exercises in the hall. It is expected that the society will turn out more than 350 in the memorial procession that day.

Arrangements are being made for a dance to be held in Associate hall, on Thanksgiving eve. The feature of the affair will be a basket ball game between the Burkes and another strong team, most likely the champion Hudsons.

After last night's meeting, a smoke talk was enjoyed. A fine entertainment program was managed for the occasion and was thoroughly enjoyed by all present.

The opening number on the programme was a piano solo by Arthur Mills. Frank White followed with a vocal solo and Mr. Edward O'Brien then entertained with a number of excellent phonographic selections. Thomas McCaffrey and Owen Feely rendered pleasing vocal solos and were followed by Thomas Flynn who gave a pleasing whistling solo. A general smoke followed and closing remarks were made by the president, Henry J. McCarty.

CRUSHED TO DEATH

A BRAKEMAN KILLED AT LAWRENCE LAST NIGHT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LAWRENCE, Oct. 18.—Peter Welsh, 31, a brakeman employed on the Boston & Maine railroad, was caught between two freight cars and crushed to death last night.

The accident occurred a short distance north of the Salem street bridge in the vicinity of which there have been two other fatalities within a comparatively short time.

Welsh was preparing to make a coupling between two box cars and a train of several cars backed down unexpectedly against one of them. Death was probably instantaneous.

The man was unmarried and came to this city from Blackstone, R. I., where he had a sister. His father met a similar fate in Blackstone about a year ago. The body will be taken to Woonsocket.

MR. GILBRIDE'S CASE.

Editor of the Lowell Sun:

It was J. J. Gilbride, ex-overseer of the poor of ward four who was brutally assaulted by James Meers on Gorham street last night. The Citizen wrote it up as a prize fight. As a friend of Mr. Gilbride I would like to correct the impression that he is a fighter outside of the political ring. I defy any man in Lowell and I have known Mr. Gilbride for the past 20 years to prove that he has ever fought or assaulted any one in that time and he has come in contact with as many people as any man in ward four. He has fought some of the hardest political battles that have been fought in old ward three and with all the scheming that is going on to throw dirt on him I think when the votes are counted on caucus night, he will head the list as he has consented at the earnest request of his friends to again represent them as overseer and was to announce it this week. I wish Mr. Gilbride would publish or allow me as a friend to publish the dirty work that was put up two years ago when he was defeated not by Mr. Gorman, his opponent, but by parties who were behind him and who wanted him elected. The majority of the voters of the ward do not need to look around to see who is doing the scheming or what they are scheming for. I will say in conclusion that if Mr. Gilbride gets the nomination he will control his own vote. It will not be pledged to any candidate.

ONE OF THE OLD TROOPS.

Mr. Frank O. Small of New York gave a delightful art talk at the training school last night.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

A PEREMPTORY SALE OF

JEWELRY

A grand opportunity to purchase the very newest novelties at a mere trifle. The entire sample line of the

Eureka Diamond Co. of New York City

Bought by us at 25c on the dollar will be placed on sale today at prices that will make it an object for people to anticipate their wants even to the extent of preparing for Christmas presents. See our display in window and compare values with anything you've ever seen.

Ladies' Opera Chains, solid gold, front slide, sold by jewelers at $2 each
Manufacturer's sale Price 48c. each.

Chain bracelets, with perfect lock, jewelers' price, 50c,
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Stick pins, sold by jewelers, from 10c to 25c each.
Manufacturer's sale price 5c. each.

Hat pins sold by jewelers, 25c to 50c,
Manufacturer's sale price 5c. and 10c. each.

Gold plated collar buttons, jewelers' price 10c,
Manufacturer's sale price 2c. each.

Ladies' and Gents' cuff buttons, jewelers' price 50c
Manufacturer's price 10c. a pair.

Pocketbooks, regular prices $50c to $1.
Manufabturer's price 25c.

The latest style brooches, regular prices 25c and 50c.
Manufacturer's sale price 10c. and 25c. each.

Sash buckles, regular value 50c to $1.
Manufacturer's sale price 25c. each.

Dress pins, 3 on a card, sold everywhere 25c.
Manufacturer's sale price 10c.

Baby pins with chain considered good value at 25c
Sale price 10c. each.

Hundreds of other articles we cannot enumerate suffice it to say you may buy jewelry of the reliable kind in this sale at prices lower than you would bid for superior grades at public auction.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

BRIDEGROOM DIED

Of His Own Volition on Wedding Day

COULD NOT RENT A WEDDING SUIT

And Consequently Jumped Under a Train

By Associated Press to The Sun.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Oct. 18.—On his 22d birthday, which was also to have been his wedding day, George Barnholzer of Summer street ended his life in a most horrible manner. Barnholzer failed to obtain on credit a new suit he desired to wear at his marriage to Miss Tillie Hutton.

Twice trains stopped just in time to avert running over him. The third time he either was not noticed on the track or he had boarded a train in order to drop between the wheels, his mangled body being found on the West Shore track.

The company were all assembled at the Lutheran church, awaiting the coming of the bridegroom, and a carriage stood in front of Barnholzer's door. His fiancee waited anxiously for him, and when he did not appear her father went to Barnholzer's home to ascertain the cause. He saw the body and learned of the tragedy.

Miss Hutton is a very beautiful girl.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Walter Sutcliffe left Boston today for Denver, Col., where he is to spend the winter. His friends wish him a safe journey and hope that he will return improved in health.

Rev. W. H. Meredith will rest from his pastoral duties for two weeks. Wesleyan College and New York city are among the places that he will visit Rev. Dr. Dorchester, at one time a pastor in this city will preach in the Central M. E. church next Sunday.

Agent E. W. Thomas of the Tremont and Suffolk mills returned from Europe on the Oceanic last Wednesday.

Mr. Clarence Lockhart of Sixth street will spend the next four weeks rusticating in the wilds of Maine.

Mr. George Connell of Dracut has accepted a position in Waterbury, Conn. He leaves for that place today.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Bolar of 10 West Ninth street called on then last evening and presented them with two parlor chairs and a clock. After a social hour lunch was served.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Welcome Shoes

$3.00.

This is our ladies latest shoe. Made by expert workmen expressly for our store. We name this shoe Welcome Shoe. It is a welcome to the ladies feet. Made on the very latest mannish last. We guarantee this shoe to give satisfaction or your money back. Sold only by the

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High Grade Repairing.

W. S. CRADY

Oil Stoves

You will need some more heat in your house next month. Why not get ready for it.

We have oil and gas stoves at a price that will please you.

OUR

Oil and Gas Stoves

Are all first class, NO SHODDY goods amongst them. The best is none too good for you, and that is just what we have.

GAYNOR & CO.

35 Prescott St.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press.
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Advertising is not a game of chance, it is a game of skill. The skill in advertising is to prepare good, attractive and truthful advertisements, and then place them where they will receive the widest publicity, for the least money.

This can be done only by using the papers with the largest circulation, in the field you wish to cover.

The Sun has a larger circulation than any two other papers in Lowell.

It is in every way ☞

...Lowell's Greatest Newspaper...

THE BOERS' STRUGGLE.

The Boers have met the British and have been repulsed in some hard battles. There is no doubt whatever that England can conquer them within a reasonable time. It is all a question of the force necessary to accomplish this object, and England has soldiers enough, ships enough and money enough to wipe out half a dozen republics like the Transvaal. The Boers will make as good a fight as possible with their limited numbers, and more limited resources. They have the advantage of having justice on their side, inasmuch as the country is theirs and England precipitated the war by interfering in their internal affairs in behalf of her subjects who have no other interest in the Transvaal than to secure as much as possible of the mineral wealth.

The evening schools are now open and there is a great opportunity for those who wish to advance in education. The ordinary branches of an English education are taught in these schools and those who are deficient in any particular branch can improve by availing themselves of the oportunities offered. The High school is especially well equipped to aid young people in improving their minds. The textile school is also open to those old enough to enter it in the evening and the course of instruction is absolutely free. It behooves young people to examine the course in the public evening schools and also that of the textile school and see whether they cannot benefit themselves by entering one or the other. The drawing schools constitute one of the strongest features of our evening schools, the instructors being eminently qualified for the positions they hold while the ground covered is varied and comprehensive.

The Norwich Record, speaking of the license question in Connecticut, says:

"There was no special interest this year in the question of license or no-license in Connecticut, which, according to the laws of the state, comes up annually in towns where the voters desire to vote on it. In a few places more than usual interest was taken in this question, notably in New London, where a warm contest took place, resulting, as is the rule in Connecticut, cities, in a victory for license; but as a rule the vote on this question was no larger than usual and perhaps a little less than in some years. The result of the voting is to leave the state just where it stood last year on this question. Of the 165 towns in the state 80 towns are no-license and 78 license. Four towns shifted to no-license this year and four also forsook no-license.

All the 17 towns in the state containing cities are now license, as are all but two of the towns containing boroughs. The largest towns that have the no-license system are Stonington, with 7184 population; Thomaston, with 5580; plainfield, with 4582; Glastonbury, with 3457, and Bethel, with 3401. Bethel this year went back to no-license after trying the license system for a year. But it is so near Danbury that those who want to patronize saloons have not far to go to quench their thirst. As a whole, this year's voting on this question leaves the situation precisely as before.

Again the Columbia has won a complete victory over the Shamrock, this time sailing over the course alone on account of an accident to the Shamrock. It would have been a more satisfactory race if the Shamrock had been able to complete the course or even to keep in the wake of the Columbia as on the former occasion. There is now little probability that the Shamrock will be able to win the next race with the Columbia and one other defeat will decide the contest in favor of the Columbia as the conditions are that the cup shall go to the boat that wins three out of five races. If the Columbia wins the third race of course it will not be necessary to run off the other two; and so we expect that this international contest which has hung so long will be settled in favor of the Columbia tomorrow.

The accounts of the Boer war that come from Cape Town will come through English sources, and will be subjected to English censorship. It is needless to say that the Boers will be painted in the darkest of colors. Already they are reported to have kept carloads of women and children stalled upon sidetracks for thirty hours without any opportunity of sitting down, and without food or drink. These reports are censored.

Hon. William Jennings Bryan has aroused such democratic enthusiasm in Kentucky that already the republicans concede the election of the democratic candidate. The ovations tendered him on his tour through Kentucky were the greatest ever witnessed in the state, and the enthusiasm over the election of the democratic ticket surpasses all precedents.

Rev. Dr. Peabody, at the meeting of the New England Association of Colleges, said:

"What we want is not so much intellectual development, but a race of upright men, who, though dull scholars, can see their duty and stand up for it. It is a question of persons, not of methods. The teachers make the school. We must have a scholarly man as schoolmaster. More than this, he must be active, of fine character, and a lover of boys. Where sympathy does not exist between a master and his pupils, there exists a gap."

There are two wars in progress, that in the Transvaal and that in the Philippines. They are both wars of conquest waged by great powers against two insignificant powers. We venture to predict that the Boers will not hold out as long against England as the Filipinos have held out against the power of the United States.

General Otis is suppressing seditious publications in the Philippines. The articles complained of breathe the spirit of patriotism and urge the people on against the invading foe. The American publications devote their space to mollifying the people rather than to conciliating them.

Sampson has added his condemnation to popular acclaim against General Shafter. He wants to be with the people on some point. But he took a queer time to give out his criticism of Shafter. Between Shafter and Sampson there is little choice in heroic qualities are sought for.

The Boston aldermen have come out strongly in favor of the imperial policy, while the councilmen have as strongly denounced it. The councilmen represent the people, and the aldermen the silver-top republicans who do not consider justice or right.

Why should not the police department on behalf of the city offer a reward for the detection of the murderers of Mrs. Boyd. The police have thus far been unable to find any tangible clue.

The Brockton Times is agitating for the appointment of district nurses for the people in addition to city physicians, in spite of the fact that Brockton has a tax rate of over $21 per $1000.

Sir Thomas Lipton shows the best of good nature on the defeat of his boat. When asked what he thought of the race, he simply said the best boat won.

Hon. John H. Murphy of Boston is determined to put up a good fight for the mayoralty nomination. He will give Collins a good race for the office.

This is surely a delicious Indian summer; but do not be surprised if it is cut short by the arrival of cold, stormy weather.

Supt. Cheney will have to get his men to hustle if he expects to finish all the jobs of macadamizing now underway.

There seems to be a gang of burglars in Lowell. The police have heard of them but have not made their acquaintance.

Frank P. Bennett is now doing some hard work in the speakership contest. Myers is making great headway backwards.

Registration for the state election closes tonight. See that your name is on the list or have it put on.

CRISP GOSSIP.

Lowell sends out some queer specimens. For instance, there was a very peculiar one landed in this city yesterday morning. He stopped over a car or two here, and then went on to Haverhill. The man wasn't feeling particularly good-humored and had a good deal to say because the conductor collected two fares on the way down to the shoe city, and also talked because the motorman didn't get the car over the ground faster. He relapsed into an uneasy slumber as the car rolled into the city.

"Haverhill!" called the conductor, as the motorman put on the brakes at the transfer station.

"All out; this car returns to Lawrence," he called.

Everybody got out—everybody but the Lowellite. He slumbered on.

The conductor went up to him:

"This is Haverhill, sir."

"Yesh-yesh! Just where I want to be—in Haverhill," the man muttered thickly, but contentedly, as he settled himself to a yet more profound slumber.

"But you must get out here; this is as far as we go."

"No, no! I'm comfor'ble, thank you; I'll stay right here in Haverhill—good seat this!—very comfor'ble," and his eyes closed again.

"You must get out here, I say. We're going back to Lawrence," and he gave him a gentle shake to rouse him again.

"Ol, go back and be d—d," the Lowellite murmured, as he rose wearily and stumbled out of the car. "I'll stay here, yesh, I'll stay here."—Lawrence Sun.

Since the new jury law went into effect few talesmen have been excused in Brooklyn. In the county court Chief Clerk Van Doren yesterday, after calling the names of the talesman summoned to serve, said:

"There are only four excuses that can be given in order to be relieved from jury duty. They are: being under age, not able to read or write, being of bad character and being an alien. Are there any talesmen who desire to be excused?"

"I want to be excused," said one of the talesmen.

"On what ground?" asked Chief Clerk Van Doren.

"Because I'm an immoral character," was the response.

The answer caused a sensation in the court room and Judge Aspinall looked surprised.

"What is your name and address?" asked the judge.

"Eugene T. Victory, 946 Gates avenue," replied the man.

"Why are you a bad character?"

"I've been arrested three times for intoxication," he replied.

"Well," said Judge Aspinall, "at any rate you are honest enough to acknowledge the fact. Under the circumstances, I do not see but what I'll have to grant your request. You are discharged."

THE TOWN HOUSE

Where Dracut Selectmen Hold Their Meetings

NOT HAVING A TOWN HALL

They Meet in a Little Stone Building

Dracut, our thriving suburb, is one of the few towns in the state not having a town hall. Dracut has never had a town hall, although on one occasion, only a few years ago, the citizens assembled in a special town meeting, voted to erect one, but for some reason or other the hall was not built.

It will undoubtedly be of interest to the readers of The Sun to know inasmuch as there is no town hall, where the town meetings are held and where the town officers hold their business sessions.

For more than 100 years the citizens of Dracut have always held their town meetings in the old Yellow Meeting House, and many of the caucuses, both democratic and republican, are held there also. The town meetings and caucuses are held in the basement of the church.

The town officers, however, do not hold their meetings in the church, nor have they for more than 50 years. Instead, the selectmen and the other town officials hold all their business sessions in a small stone building which is located on Willard street, on the poor farm property.

In this quaint little building the board of selectmen meet sometimes three and four times each month to transact the business of the town. It is sometimes called the selectmen's office, as it was erected for their sole use, although the board of registrars of voters and other town officials hold their sessions there, but they don't meet so frequently during the year as the selectmen.

The town house, as the selectmens' office is also known, was built about 65 years ago. Five years previous the poor farm property was purchased and the farm opened.

The selectmen had previously always held their meetings in the basement of the old Yellow Meeting House. The town fathers were not satisfied with the church basement as a place of meeting, because there was no place to keep the records and other town documents, which were kept securely in a large safe provided by the town at the home of the town clerk. The selectmen recommended that a town hall be erected, but this did not meet with the approval of the majority of the voters of the town, and not only in one town meeting, but in a number, articles calling for an appropriation for a town hall were always voted down.

Being unable to have a town hall built, the selectmen next asked that they have a special office. This was readily voted by the citizens, and about 55 years ago the present building was constructed and has been used by the selectmen since.

It is a one-story building and constructed entirely of stone with the exception of the roof, which is of slate. The walls are more than a foot in thickness and are very strong. The building is 24 feet long and 20 feet in width, and contains two rooms, both of which are comparatively small. In one of these rooms is a large vault in which is kept all the records and other town documents. The vault was put in in 1876 and is made of stone and brick, with a heavy iron door. The records and documents had previously been kept in two large iron safes, which are still kept in the building, but are not used so much as in former years, that is before the vault was put in.

The second room is the selectmen's office. This room is the larger of the two. It is about 16 feet square and contains a desk for the use of the town clerk, a large table, a number of chairs, a small stove and the two iron safes. If all these were removed the room would hold only 50 people at the most.

That the majority of the voters of Dracut desire a town hall goes without saying. About three years ago a special town meeting was held to see whether the citizens would vote to appropriate a sufficient sum of money to build a town hall. The Navy Yard and Collinsville to a man were in favor of the town hall, but the Dracut Centre people were strongly opposed to it, unless it was erected in that part of the town. They would not tolerate its being built at the Navy Yard.

After a stormy meeting it was finally voted to build the town hall and the site selected was at the Navy Yard. There was something wrong in the warrant and the Dracut Centre people and the farmers succeeded in preventing the bank loaning the money.

The matter has never been brought up before the voters since, although it is possible that it will come up again before many years, but whether after so many unsuccessful attempts the vote so many unsuccessful attempts the voters in favor of the town hall will be successful, of course, remains to be seen.

FOOTBALL NEWS

There is considerable trepidation at Princeton over the game with Pennsylvania State college today. This little university confidently expects to defeat the Tigers, and many students of old Nassau believe they will do the trick. The Princeton varsity is in a dilapidated condition. As an aftermath of the Columbian game, Booth, the plucky big centre, and Wheeler, the fullback, are now on the hospital list. Booth is suffering from a twisted neck and Wheeler has a wrenched knee. Besides these men, Hillebrand, Hutchinson, Duncan and Pell are temporarily out of the game, and Kafer has retired for good on account of his studies. Captain Edwards has his troubles.

When the unexcelled condition of the Cornell team is taken into consideration it is little wonder that the Ithaca men were beaten by the well drilled team of the Chicago university. Cornell has not yet had proper coaching this season. Had the Chicago game been scheduled three weeks later a different story might have been told. The Chicago experts gulpiayed the Cornellians in everything except tackling. The Cornell backs and ends seldom failed to bring down their man.

The Harvard-Pennsylvania game is still three weeks off. Coach Dibblee of Harvard realizes that the Quakers will be a different aggregation by November 4. Harvard's weak point is now at the tackles, but they seem to be up to the standard of Yale and Pennsylvania. There is a great scarcity of substitute tackles at Cambridge, and the present good men for this position will be carefully nursed. During the past ten days considerable improvement has been shown in both the offensive and defensive work of the team.

Drastic measures are to be taken to knock the Pennsylvania team into shape for the coming big games. Former Quarter gridiron stars have already been summoned to the assistance of Coach Woodruff. George Brooke and John Hinds will be asked to look after the backs; Byron Dickson and Hedges will take care of the ends. Carl Williams will coach the quarter-backs, and Boyle, Carnett and Colbert will look after the men individually. Woodruff will give his attention to team work. The Quakers are deeply chagrined over their defeat by the Indians.

Dartmouth proved no easy foe for Yale. The men from the Granite state put up the hardest kind of a game. The Yale men returned to New Haven so exhausted that only light work will be given them for the next day or two. An effort will be made to get the injured men Sharpe, Kraus and Gordon Brown, back into shape for the Wisconsin game next Saturday. Yale is apprehensive over this game.

Daly, Harvard's clever little quarterback, never played more brilliantly than he did in the game with the West Point Cadets. Sawin, left half-back, and Bullowell, left end, also did splendid work. Hallowell made a dry fun a goal from the field and came very near it. An odd thing about the game was that not a Harvard player was injured.

It is certain that Yale cannot use Kiefer or Adams in the Wisconsin game next Saturday. Their injuries are severe enough to keep them off the gridiron for several weeks. Sharpe, who merely has a bad muscle bruise, will be all right with a little careful handling. On the whole, the Yale team is in a satisfactory condition.

Harvard students are joyful, and with good cause. While Yale had a desperate time to defeat little Dartmouth and the Quakers went down before the Indians, the Harvard eleven defeated the strong team of West Point by the neat score of 1 to 0. Many Harvard men saw the Yale-Dartmouth game, and they declare that the Sons of Old Eli are overrated.

Yale sent a fast and snappy freshmen eleven to play the St. Paul school boys at Garden City, but the Long Island youngsters proved that they are a clever lot by defeating the visitors handily by a score of 17 to 0. The St. Paul team comes pretty nearly being the best school boy team in the country.

Columbia will meet the New York university at Manhattan Field today. It is very doubtful whether the N. Y. U. team will score, as they are a rather light aggregation to buck against the heavy Columbia line. It is probable that Coach Sanford will give the substitutes a trial in the N. Y. U. contest.

Coach King, with his string of Wisconsin football players, have left for the east to do battle with Yale next Saturday.

The men are all in good condition at present and every means will be taken to keep them so. Water will be taken along for them to drink.

The squad will go directly to Hartford, Conn., where arrangements have been made to practice on the grounds of Trinity college grounds. Some practice must be played with the Eastern college men.

Especial attention will be paid this week to strengthening the defence. Wisconsin's game will undoubtedly lie to use O'Dea's kicking and keep the ball in the air as much as possible.

If the defence can only be improved sufficiently to hold the Yale rushers on downs, the Badgers should have a good chance of doing some scoring.

Twenty-two men will be taken along. The players and substitutes constituting the squad are:

Captain O'Dea, Comstock, Rodgers, R. Chamberlain, A. Chamberlain, Lerum, Blair, Curtis, Croxo, Cochems, Juneau, Hyman, Wright, Wilmarth, Yenger, Skow, Tratt, Peele, Jolliffe, Hamilton, Patterson, and Driver.

The work of Rogers at centre in Saturday's game makes him the probability for that place.

The coming week's work is likely to bring about a general shaking up of the team.

At present it looks as though they would line up in about the following order:

Rodgers centre, R. Chamberlain and Comstock guards, Blair and Curtis tackles, Cochems and Juneau ends, Wilmarth quarter, Peele and A. Chamberlain halfs, and O'Dea full.

BASE BALL.

The baseball season just ended was a profitable one for all the teams in the pennant race, with the possible exception of the Cleveland club, which quit about even. The other eleven clubs cleared about $552,000.

The Brooklyn club, the pennant winner, made in the neighborhood of $50,000. According to reports and estimates the Phillies heads the list with $75,000.

The Giants, according to a man closely connected with the New York management, made $52,000 in the season. This is good when it is considered that the team made the worst showing of any team of Giants in the history of the league.

The Louisville club quit on about an even basis with the New Yorks, according to a member of the club.

The winnings of the Pittsburg team are estimated at between $12,000 and $15,000. While the club's owners are apparently satisfied with that amount they are not entirely pleased with the team's standing. They think it should have been higher up in the race.

The Baltimore end of the Brooklyn syndicate cleared about $35,000 on the season. Low salaries were paid to all but the star players on the team, and expenses were therefore smaller than usual.

The Chicago outfit did well. According to "Pop" Anson, who is a minority stockholder of the club, about $55,000 was made on the season.

The Boston's profits are figured at $90,000. It is thought that amount would have been increased by $15,000 had the ex-champions not slumped toward the end of the season.

The management of the Washington club hasn't figured up on the season yet, but those who ought to know say the club is $8,000 to the good.

A conservative estimate places Cincinnati's profits on the season in the neighborhood of $50,000.

The St. Louis club's profits, it is said, certainly amount to $50,000. The gross receipts of the club are placed at $150,000.

"Charley" Snyder, the umpire, was a catcher on the Louisville team at the time that Hall, Devlin, Craver and Nichols were blacklisted for throwing games. Snyder recently related the facts of the disgraceful scheme which disgraced the four culprits. Here is his story:

"The lamented Hurlbert was indeed the saviour of baseball," says Synder. "The crew of gamblers who followed ball players and stood hand in glove with the athletes of the baseball world were so crooked that they were forced to steer in a left course like a cork-screw. At least that is what Mr. Hurlbert said about them. I was the receiving end of the Louisville battery in the seventies when Devlin twirled for the Colonels. I caught in every game that was said to be one of the 'sold' or 'thrown' games but I never suspected Hall, Devlin, Craver and Nichols of any crooked work. The president of the club was the last to inform me one night after a game in Cincinnati. I refused to believe him until I read of the wholesale sale of baseball games by the four conspirators on the Louisville club.

"During the investigation made by President Hurlbert I was called on to testify in behalf of the prosecution, but I was absolutely without any possible proof that could be used against the four culprits. After this investigation it struck me for the first time that Devlin had pitched rather slowly ball in certain games that I recalled. He seemed to lack both speed and control, and said that his arm was sore.

"In a game between Chicago and Louisville Hall made a two-bagger to right. I followed him to the bat and hit a two-bagger to deep right field. I can see Hall in my mind's eye even to this day and recall the peculiar fall he made as he started to run to third on my hit. He stumbled and fell on his side, got to his feet, limped down the line toward third and was caught by Johnnie Peters, the shortstop, on the return throw from the outfield. Hall complained that his ankle was sprained. My hit would have driven him home with the winning run, but the Chicagos took their last turn at the bat and batted out a victory. After the games I met Hall and Devlin at the Sherman house.

"They were playing billiards and I noticed that Hall skipped around the table without the faintest sign of a sprained ankle. I found out afterward that this particular game in which Hall made a bluff at falling down was one of a bunch of half a dozen that were thrown.

"The newspapers at the time exaggerated the prices for which Hall, Devlin, Craver and Nichols sold their honor. But a friend of one of the gamblers who was in on the play told me that $1,000 was the paltry sum which these four crooks split. Devlin never recovered from the shame and disgrace and died of a broken heart. He absolutely offered to pitch the next game without pay, but Hurlbert was iron willed and refused to reinstate any one of the four. In spite of the influence that was brought to bear in their favor, Hall vanished. He disappeared from Louisville and secured a position in some eastern city at his trade. He was an expert engraver. Hall and Nichols were regarded as the main conspirators in this thrown game sensation that disgraced the game. This pair enticed "Jimmy" Devlin into the plot. They painted visions of thousands of dollars, and Devlin succumbed."

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER

Is the only preparation that will restore the hair to its original healthfulness.

—AT ALL DRUGGISTS—

BILLERICA NOTES

Are the hen roosts of Billerica to be protected? This important question will be decided at the mock court trial under the auspices of the Billerica Historical society, Wednesday evening, October 18, at the town hall.

Mr. Jacob Murphy, conductor on the Stony Brook branch, B. & M. R. R., is resting comfortably at his home on Main street. Mr. Murphy is troubled with diabetes.

M. J. C. Caverly has closed his bicycle repair shop for the winter.

The Hillhurst has closed for the winter. It will reopen April 1, 1900.

David Coulter and Chester Page have gone camping for a week at Long Pond.

The house occupied by E. E. Cole on Main street is being painted.

Several houses are being built on Fordway Road.

Mr. James McDermott of North Billerica has purchased the house which belonged to Wm. Hutchins on Charnstaff Lane. Mr. Hutchins has bought V. Rollins house at Jones' Corner.

The excursion to the food fair which was to have been held last Saturday by the Congregational Sunday school and was postponed will be held next Saturday, October 21.

The cows are expected to come home from pasture up country Oct. 20.

Many people went from this town to see Dewey Saturday.

The rails for the intended electric road between Arlington and Billerica are laid along the roads as far as South Billerica.

CHELMSFORD

Mr Patrick Havey of Philadelphia has returned home after spending several weeks here as the guest of his cousin, Mr. Bernard Maguire.

There was a large number of North Chelmsford people in Boston Saturday afternoon attending the Dewey celebration.

Next Monday evening, the North Chelmsford Debating society will hold its opening debate for this winter and it is expected that a large number of the village people will be in attendance. "Resolved, that General Robert E. Lee was a greater general than General U. S. Grant" will be the subject that the society will debate on.

During the winter months several joint debates will probably be held between the North Chelmsford Debating society and the West Chelmsford Debating society.

As Admiral Dewey passed through here on Friday afternoon there was a large delegation of the village people present at the depot and they loudly cheered the hero of Manila.

Mr. Richard Davis has returned home after spending several days in Boston with his relations.

The town hall will undoubtedly be the scene of a large gathering Friday evening, when Squad 1 of Troop F cavalry will hold their first social dance. The event promises to be a success.

Troop F Cavalry took part in the Dewey celebration in Boston Saturday.

The enrollment of the Centre school the present term is 259. Highest per cent. of attendance 97.5 first grammar room, Miss Bliss, teacher; next is the second primary room, 95, Miss Litchfield, teacher.

The family of Wm. A. Hoyt who is in Alaska received a letter from him a short time ago. He had been several hundred miles towards the interior but at the time of writing was drawing near the coast. He had not decided whether to return home this season or remain over another winter.

NEW APPARATUS FOR Y. M. C. A.

Dr. Dietz, the physical director of the Y. M. C. A., tells us that he is daily expecting the lot of new anthropometric apparatus recently ordered by the association. The order was very complete and when it comes the association will be in the very best possible position to put the matter of physical culture on a scientific and yet intensely practical basis. Dr. Dietz is having printed some cleverly arranged examination cards by means of which he will be able to place on paper after he examines a man, the man's exact physical condition, together with a prescription of exercise that he needs. It is so arranged that on the second examination the man's improvement will be clearly shown. The classes are filling up well.

BOARD OF POLICE

APPOINTED A NEW PATROLMAN LAST NIGHT.

At the regular meeting of the board of police last evening the following business was transacted:

Licenses granted—Job and express, Charles W. Maker, 258 Merrimack street; Henry P. Pitcher, 112 Woodward avenue.

Common victualler—Carrie A. Fletcher, 129 Church street; Alice Phillips, 67 Concord; Frank W. Reeves, 235 Middlesex.

Hawker and peddler—Albert O. Fuller, Tyngsboro, Mass.; Ida A. Flanders, 55 Westford, Mass.; Adelard Rochette, 258 Middlesex street; Norris B. Harriman, Westford, Mass.; Sydney H. Whitney, Groton, Mass.; Joseph Bilodeau, 11 Second street; Isaac Harris, 545 Middlesex street; Louis Harris, 548 Middlesex street; Augustus K. Newhall, 347 Middlesex street.

The following petitioners were given leave to withdraw:

Pool and billiards—Armand V. Sicord, 76 Moody street.

Common victualler—Mary Mehan, 259 Church street; Ovide E. Baril, 156 Moody.

The following licenses were revoked:

Job and express—Daniel J. Kelly, 36 Court street; common victuallers, George W. Enright, 378-82 Broadway; pool room, eligible list supplied by the secretary of Fox & Devlin, Gorham street.

From a list of three names from the civil board of civil service examiners, the board selected Henry E. Somers and voted that he be appointed a patrolman on the probationary reserve force.

AN INFORMALE MUSICALE.

The students of the Rogers hall school enjoyed an informal musicale in the school hall yesterday. The artistes were: Misses Villa Whitney White, vocalist; Emma Grebe, pianist; Miss Gleason, violinist. Miss White rendered songs from the German, Spanish, Old Flemish and Russian with the beautiful transition and exquisite expression that has already gained the favor of well known critics. Miss Gleason is a student of Joachim and her finished playing showed great advancement in her study. She leaves for Berlin in a few days to complete her course.

Delicate Silks

"White and light delicate silks can be successfully washed in warm suds made from Fairy Soap. Rinse in clear, warm water, and iron on wrong side when half dry."—Mrs. Sarah Tyson Rorer.

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FREE Send us your name, address and one Fairy Soap wrapper to nearest office below, and we will mail you free a copy of our booklet, "Fairy Tales," second series, larger and handsomer than the first, and containing new stories and illustrations.

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Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia. Pittsburgh. Baltimore.

GOT INTO A SCRAP

Tom Corbett and McVey Make Things Lively

FIGHT IN A NEW YORK SALOON

Grist of Bright Boxing and Sporting News

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Mr. Con McVey and Mr. Tom Corbett, who has the distinguished honor to be Mr. Jim Corbett's brother, last night clashed in the saloon of the Dolevan House on Broadway of which Mr. Tom O'Rourke and Mr. John Bittner are the present proprietors. Mr. McVey was long time the training and sparring partner of Mr. James Corbett. It was Mr. McVey who jumped into the ring that night at the Lenox Athenaeum club when Mr. James Corbett was engaged in a personal altercation with Mr. Thomas Sharkey.

Mr. McVey was one of the seconds of Mr. Corbett, and since the event various explanations have been given of his interruption of the combat of which Mr. Corbett was not getting the better. At any rate, "Honest John" Kelly, the referee, promptly gave the decision to Mr. Sharkey, and since then there has been or there has seemed to be bad blood between the Corbetts and Mr. Con McVey.

Mr. McVey, in language and demeanor, is not the Chesterfield of prize fighters. Mr. McVey weighs about 225 pounds in the buff. He has fights which, in color and size, may be deferentially compared to hams. Mr. Tom Corbett has been passing some time at his brother's place of refreshment. He is a husky chap, not nearly so big as McVey. Mr. Tom Corbett, since he has been in New York has been adding to his own amusement and to the gaiety of the Tenderloin by getting into impromptu scraps. A week or so ago Mr. Tom Corbett went into that watering place for man and beast kept by Mr. John L. Sullivan. Mr. Corbett and Mr. Sullivan's bartender found themselves antagonistic, and Mr. Sullivan's bartender "done up"—that's what they call it up there—"done up" Mr. Tom Corbett. Incidentally Mr. Sullivan's bartender split Mr. Tom Corbett's upper lip, and afterward Mr. Corbett, to keep a stiff upper lip, wore a piece of court plaster over the cut.

Mr. Corbett removed the piece of court plaster yesterday. He met Mr. Con McVey and some other friends and they went into Delehanty's room to take a drink. Mr. McVey and Mr. Corbett exchanged some gentle persiflage; it was really impossible to learn last night to what subject their wit turned. However the bad blood between them boiled, they dropped their glasses, they sprang at each other. Mr. McVey delivered the first blow. Mr. Corbett caught it on the shoulder and countered. Mr. McVey warded the blow and struck Mr. Corbett, smash on the chin.

Mr. Corbett measured his length on the floor. Mr. McVey jumped on him, and instantly they were scrambling and battling in a rough and tumble fight, contrary to all the rules of polite society and the ring.

All the men in the barroom, all the women and men in the dining-room, became much agitated. A phalanx of waiters, headed by Caterer Hoetzer, rushed into the barroom and yanked Mr. McVey from Mr. Corbett. Mr. McVey was gently led to Broadway through the front door of the hotel. Mr. Corbett was conducted to the remote recesses of the barroom. Mr. McVey broke away from his friends and again rushed into the barroom. Mr. Corbett, nothing loathe, ran toward him, and again the phalanx of waiters interposed. This time Mr. McVey was somewhat hurriedly thrown into Fortieth street.

Nobody was arrested, but Capt. Price, who is somewhat of a fighter himself is anxiously anticipating what will next happen in the saloons of Corbett, Sullivan and O'Rourke.

"Mysterious Bill" Smith and Charley McKeever, the crack Philadelphia boxer, are to have another encounter in the roped arena. They were matched on Saturday by Tom O'Rourke to try conclusions in a twenty-five round bout at the Lenox Athletic club on Nov. 8. This will be the third time these clever men have exchanged uppercuts and jabs, and it is expected their battle this time will settle, once for all, the much-discussed question as to their superiority in their first fight Smith was awarded the decision after a hard battle. Their second encounter was another fast battle, in which McKeever made a great showing and received a draw. A great many experts claimed that McKeever had clearly outfought and outpointed Smith and should have been awarded the decision. They are to box the next time at 115 pounds for 50 per cent. of the gross receipts. Both men will begin training this week.

The rumor which has been in circulation in sporting circles for the last ten days, that the Lenox Athletic club would shut down, turns out to be untrue. Tom O'Rourke, manager of the club, when asked if the club would cease giving boxing shows, said: "There is no truth whatever in the rumor which is being circulated, that the Lenox club will close, and I really don't know how such a rumor was circulated. The transferring of a few of the fights which we had booked to the Broadway A. C. no doubt, was responsible for the false rumor. One reason for shifting these fights is that the officials of the club have decided to hold only big fights, such as McCoy and Maher and others at the Lenox club."

One of the fights which was to have been decided at the Lenox club, but which has been transferred to the Broadway Athletic club by Tom O'Rourke, is the twenty-round bout between Gus Ruhlin, the Akron giant, and Jim Jeffords, the Californian heavy-weight. They will box a twenty-five-round bout at the Broadway club, the latter part of the month, the date for the battle not having been agreed upon as yet. Both fighters are training hard and faithfully for the battle and should enter the ring in fine fettle. Jeffords is looked upon as one of the most promising heavy-weights that has been brought out on the Pacific coast, but as the same deceiving talk was heard about Kennedy before he tackled Peter Maher, the sports had better wait until Jeffords meets Billy Madden's big husky slugger before talking of his merits. The men are to fight at catchweights for half the receipts of the shows.

Matty Matthews did not leave for Louisville last night, where he was booked to meet Tom Williams Monday, owing to the fact that the Monarch Athletic club failed to advance the necessary expenses for transportation and seemed undecided as to the date. Johnny Dunn, of the Coney Island Sporting club who was to look after the New Yorker's interest there, decided that prospecting for pugilistic fame and no gain is a bad business and unless the guarantee is posted at once, Matthews will cancel his engagement. The club management lost prestige by failing to pull off successfully the Choynski-O'Donnell "go", scheduled for last Wednesday and blames the carnival and fair now being held there for its misfortunes. Matthews will now keep himself in shape to meet Eddie Connolly before the Broadway Athletic club on Oct. 28, the night after the big championship and hopes to win within the limit, owing to his desire to meet Dick Burge for the 133-pound championship of the world.

George Dixon, the colored wonder and Eddie Lenny, the crack feather-weight, of Philadelphia have been matched by Tom O'Rourke in a twenty-five round bout at he Lenox Athletic club on Nov. 15. Lenny is the young lad who has been doing such remarkable fighting during the last two years and who also gave Joe Bernstein such a hard fight at the Greenwood Athletic club recently, which was declared a draw. The rapid improvement of Lenny was instrumental in his getting this fight. O'Rourke thought that as Lenny is a coming boy in the feather-weight class he would make a good match for Dixon. While Lenny is a fairly clever boxer, he, nevertheless, is no match for Dixon, and it is very doubtful if he will last fifteen rounds at the most with the dusky champion. They will fight at 120 pounds for 50 per cent. of the receipts.

ELIOT LITERARY UNION

SEMI-MONTHLY MEETING HELD LAST NIGHT.

John Eliot Literary union held their semi-monthly meeting last night in the vestry of the Eliot church and a large number were present.

There were some fine addresses given by prominent members and each was given splendidly. At the end of the different addresses the speakers were liberally applauded for their good work. The program of the evening was as follows: Piano solo, Mrs. Spencer, followed by an able address on "The Situation in the Transvaal," by Miss Mabel Forrest. Mr. Ernest D. Chase then followed with a fine address on the "Discovery of Wireless telegraphy," and the program concluded with an address on a "Talk on Costa Rica," which was delivered by Mr. George B. Holden.

PROMISING ATHLETE.

Mr. Herbert L. Trull of the Dartmouth College Athletic club, son of G. N. Trull of North Tewksbury, is winning great honors as a winner this season. Wednesday, Oct. 11th, he defeated several of the best college men and came within one second of breaking the college record in the 880 yard run. He also came in second in the 220 yards dash, adding a gold and silver medal to the collection of trophies.

REGISTRATION HEAVY.

Registration was quite heavy last night, 94 names being added to the list and the most gratifying feature is the preponderance of democrats who registered. The registration last night was as follows: One, 15; two, 13; three, 17; four, 9; five, 9; six, 9; seven, 5; eight, 6; nine, 11.

MEETING OF MINISTERS.

A meeting of the Andover Association of Ministers was held Tuesday at the Riverside church of Lawrence, Rev. Henry E. Oxnard, pastor.

The meeting was held between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m. Rev. William E. Walcott of Lawrence presided, and Rev. Mr. Oxnard was the scribe. Papers were read by several of Lowell's clergymen, among whom were Brothers Warfield, Kennaott and Wilson. At the conclusion of the meeting an enjoyable lunch was served by the ladies of the church.

POOL EXHIBITION.

Prof. McKewen, the pool expert of Boston was present last night at the rooms of the Spindle City Wheelmen. He gave a fine exhibition of artistic pool playing.

STILL UNCONSCIOUS.

The condition of little Alice Brunelle who fell from the roof of Fletcher Block, off Moody street, Monday afternoon, has not improved. She is still unconscious and Dr. Patnaude, the attending physician, told the reporter late last night that the chances of recovery are still doubtful and it is feared that she will die from the injuries.

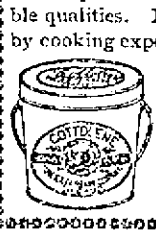
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is a combination of two pure natural products—choice beef suet and refined cotton-seed oil, as pure and golden as the southern sunshine which produces it—making a shortening and frying fat unequaled in healthfulness, cleanliness, flavor and digestible qualities. Endorsed by eminent physicians, recommended by cooking experts, used by thousands of discriminating housewives in preference to lard and other cooking fats. Once tried, always used.



The genuine is sold everywhere in one to ten pound yellow tins, with our trade-marks, "Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath—on every tin. Not guaranteed if sold in any other way. Made only by

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Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Montreal.

From Yesterday's Late Editions.

CHELMSFORD OUT

Again Robbed in Republican Convention.

RAMSAY HAS THE APPORTIONMENT CHANGED

So That Chelmsford Loses a Year.

McKINLEY, WATSON AND ROBBINS NOMINATED.

Convention Held in Slipshod Manner.

The 25th district republican representative convention was held this afternoon at republican headquarters, Wyman's exchange, and everyone looked wise upon entering the scene of the meeting, as a rumor had gone abroad that a few Hayes sympathizers unable to realize the completeness of their defeat, would attempt to bring Bill Hayes' name into the convention.

Prior to the calling of the convention there was much conferring in the private room and it was quite noticeable too, that among the delegates were men from wards 5, 6 and 9, which are not in the 25th district.

In the absence of the chairman of the district committee, Secretary Wallace P. Butterfield of Tyngsboro called to order.

On motion of Ed. Lachance, ex-Councilman Fred H. George of ward 8 was elected temporary chairman. After half a dozen had declined the honor of temporary secretary, Edward S. Hoyle was elected and ex-Councilman Sykes of ward 2, a ringer, was so pleased with the selection that he wanted the temporary organization made permanent at once.

Before the committee on credentials was appointed James P. Ramsay announced that his ward had received no credentials owing to a mistake in the advertising of the date. He vouched for the ward five delegation present and his word was taken.

With nothing done so far the convention had proceeded far enough to be irregular, if not illegal, as the call was not read and a number of delegates had been voted seats before the committee on credentials had even been appointed.

Chairman George, when "tipped" by a friend that no call had been read, stated that he knew nothing of any call.

Arthur P. Salman suggested reading the call and the chairman said that the call couldn't be found.

The following committee on credentials was appointed: James P. Ramsay, ward five; George D. Kimball, ward seven; Cyrus Barton, ward nine; Samuel J. Garland, Chelmsford; Dexter Butterfield, Dunstable; Wallace P. Butterfield, Tyngsboro.

The call could not be found, and on advice of George W. Poor, whose duty as burdenbearer includes the hauling out of such matters, the minutes of the meeting of the district committee were read appointing this day and place for the convention, and it went.

It took the committee on credentials a tiresomely long time to report, as the ward eight delegation was short and the committee didn't care to report until it was filled. Ward eight was six men short, being entitled to 25.

Finally, the committee reported as follows: Ward four, 8; ward seven, 18; ward eight, 25; Chelmsford, 9; Dunstable, 2; Tyngsboro, 2; total, 64. The six delegates from ward eight were seated without credentials, as were those from ward four and one from ward seven.

Mr. P. P. Perham moved that the temporary organization be made permanent.

Mr. Perham kept on the floor and moved the nomination of Martin Robbins of Chelmsford, by acclamation, as one of the candidates for representative.

James P. Ramsay, who had a sad experience in Chelmsford, seconded the nomination with a nice speech.

Charles M. Erskine of ward seven moved the nomination of James McKinley of ward seven by acclamation, and it was done.

Ed. Lachance of ward eight moved the renomination of Walter S. Watson of ward eight, by acclamation, and it was voted.

It was moved that the chairman of each ward and town committee be the district committee for the next year.

CHELMSFORD ROBBED.

James P. Ramsay moved that the apportionment agreed upon last year be rescinded, stating that he wished to bring up an important matter for discussion. He then took the center of the hall and said: "When the apportionment was made last year it was an amendment to the apportionment of 1896. The amendment was done in good faith and not to take from Chelmsford its year but to join the terms of representation in ward four and get better representation thereby. I think however that we should go back to the old apportionment."

Mr. P. P. Perham said he was sorry to see the matter come up and he thought that too many years in the legislature is bad for any man as it made him incline to political trickery. The apportionment is a sacred thing and should not be tinkered with every year.

Mr. Salmon called Ramsay to account for last year's action.

Mr. Ramsay then accused the Chelmsford republicans of doing him for Mr. Quigley who was brought up in the town and was elected by the republicans of Chelmsford, was therefore a representative of Chelmsford and his term should count in the apportionment. He said further that with two more republicans Chelmsford would have had three terms and he wanted ward four to have three years in succession.

The republicans of ward four could defeat the Chelmsford candidate if they wanted to.

Mr. Bartlett of Dunstable took the floor and started to call Ramsay down, when the latter jumped up and asked him if he voted for the ward four candidate (Ramsay) last year and Mr. Bartlett promptly replied that he did not vote for Mr. Ramsay.

Mr. Butterfield of Dunstable stated that no Dunstable men asked for change in the apportionment and Mr. Ramsay immediately yelled at him: "Did you vote for the ward four republican candidate last year?"

"I'm not discussing that point," promptly answered Mr. Butterfield.

The question was then put to the convention though the chairman stated the motion wrongly, stating that all in favor of the original allotment of 1896 standing henceforth, rise, and 33 arose, while 18 representing the country towns voted against it.

Again Mr. Ramsay and the city delegates did up their country friends.

Messers. McKinley and Watson passed around the cigars, and Messrs. McKinley and Robbins were presented to the convention. As Mr. McKinley entered he was loudly cheered. He made a brief speech of thanks: "I am a republican and am with the ticket from top to bottom," said Mac amid much applause.

Mr. Robbins, who expects to be elected, told what he'd do if elected.

Adjourned.

TWO DEATHS

FROM SMALL POX IN EVERETT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

EVERETT, Mass., Oct. 17.—Considerable alarm is manifested here over the news which has leaked out that two deaths from small pox have occurred here within the past five days. The victims were Mrs. Harriet Towle and her daughter, Annie Towle of Chelsea. They were visiting Mrs. Towle's daughter, Mrs. Leo, in this city, when the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Leo was stricken with the disease, which he contracted in the barber shop of a negro in Chelsea. The condition of the boy has improved, and the doctors have hopes that he will recover.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Oct. 17.—About 2500 Christian Endeavor delegates swarmed into this city this morning to attend the state Christian Endeavor convention.

Most of the delegates went at once to the city hall, where the morning session opened at 10.30 o'clock. Here they registered and were asked to sign a petition praying that Brigham Roberts be prevented from taking his seat in the house of representatives.

Rev. Franklin S. Hatch of Monson, presided at the morning session. The session was opened with reading the scriptures and a prayer by Rev. Allen Cross of this city. This was followed by an address of welcome by Rev. F. L. Goodspeed, and it was responded to by Rev. James T. Black of East Boston.

The annual report of the secretary, H. N. Lathrop of Boston, and the treasurer, Charles H. Wells of Fall River, followed.

The address of the day was given by Professor Amos R. Wells of Boston on "The Christian Endeavor Shears."

ADMIRAL DEWEY

IS IN WASHINGTON ONCE MORE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 17.—Admiral Dewey has resumed the quiet existence he left as a commodore upward of two years ago to achieve fame and glory in the far east. He arrived in Washington at 1 p. m., yesterday, about six hours behind schedule time, his special car having been delayed in New York by fog, which made it dangerous to ferry down the East River. He was accompanied by Lieut. Brumby, Gen. R. T. McKeever of the Rutland railway and his Chinese valet.

The party was driven in a closed carriage direct to the Everett, the apartment house where the admiral made his home during his previous residence in Washington and where Rear Admiral Schley now resides. There was a vast difference between the arrival of Dewey today and his advent into the capital two weeks ago. No curious gathered at the station and the hero of Manila went about his business undisturbed and with the same freedom that any other citizen might enjoy.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY

MAN ASSAULTED AND ROBBED OF $25.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 17.—John McSweeney was the victim of highway robbers on Dix place, this city, early this morning, when he was relieved of $25. Two men came up behind him and while one of them grasped him by the throat, the other went through his pockets. The police found a man at the corner of Hollis street, who answered the description given by McSweeney. He was taken to the police station, after a hard fight, and identified as Michael Meeney of Philadelphia, an old offender with a long criminal record. When searched $38 was found. His companion was arrested shortly afterwards and gave the name of Daniel Kelleher.

A WOMAN CHOKED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WALTHAM, Oct. 17.—One of the boldest and most sensational assaults ever reported to the local police took place yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. T. F. Scott, residing at 21 Farwell street, was the victim and her assailant was evidently a tramp. About 3 in the afternoon, according to the story told by Mrs. Scott, she was sitting in her dining room engaged at her sewing when a man suddenly placed his hands over her eyes and pulled her backwards upon the floor. When she felt his hands were released and she saw a strange man standing over her. She screamed and the intruder caught her by the hair and attempted to hold her down. She fought and scratched him at the same time shouting at the top of her voice. The man choked and beat her, but she finally succeeded in eluding him and ran to another part of the house whereupon the man hurriedly left the premises.

After she had become calmed she was able to give the police a fairly good description of her assailant. She said that he was about 5 feet 9 inches in height, rather slim, light complexioned and was a rough-looking person. He wore blue trousers and a light-checked coat, with cap of the same material. He was about 30 years of age.

Mrs. Scott states that he never spoke once during the struggle. Tonight she had not recovered from the shock and was reported as very ill.

The search for the man was continued all afternoon and when the night officers went on duty they were instructed to bring in all suspicious characters that tallied with the description given by Mrs. Scott.

SHAMROCK ACCIDENT

HAS CAUSED GREAT DISAPPOINTMENT IN LONDON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—At Marlborough House, London, keen disappointment was expressed at the accident to the Shamrock this morning, the news of which was conveyed to the Prince of Wales just as he was preparing to leave town.

Mr. Thorneycroft, when informed of the accident, expressed keenest regret. He said: "It is impossible, with the imperfect data at hand, to give any definite opinion, as we do not know which topmast was employed."

Young children, to avoid marasmus, scrofula, or rickets, and develop healthy tissues, bones and teeth, need fats and hypophosphites. Dr. W. Gilman Thompson, Prof. Materia Medica and Therapeutics, in the University of New York, asserts that Cod-liver Oil is the best fat for the purpose.

Scott's Emulsion is cod-liver oil partly digested and combined with hypophosphites, it gives children material for rich blood, solid flesh, bones and teeth.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

SECRETARY LONG

Praises the Work of the Navy

IMPERIALISTS ARE NOT TYRANTS.

Expansion the Natural Law of all Life.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 17.—At the banquet of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' association last night, in honor of President McKinley and his cabinet, Secretary Long in his speech delivered very late, said in part:

"I appreciate very much the compliment you pay to me and to the navy. The navy has achieved a great victory and it is the same fleet and the same people who have enthused us with a new spirit and new and broader ideas because it is full of the same enterprise that is found in your own city and in your own state. You know it was said that our men fought like fiends in the battle but when the battle was over they were as gentle as women. It was our duty to strike at the Spanish sea power because that was the only secret of their power. We struck at the Philippines because it was theirs. We destroyed the Spanish fleet under Dewey because it was theirs. Could we withdraw our fleet from Manila? (Voices, 'No, No.') Because our hand was on the enemy's throat and his surrender was sure to come. It came and when it came the acquisition was confirmed by an act ratified by the senate and by the house of representatives by its appropriation of $20,000,000. The president had but one course to take. These islands are the property of the United States, the territory and the land of the United States. He could no more abandon them than he could abandon Hawaii Porto Rico, or Alaska. He could not give them up. He could not declare independence any more than he could declare the independence of Alaska or the district of Columbia. There were two ways for congress to act, either to hold the islands or to eliminate them, which latter course it did not pursue, and the president is left to carry out the only course possible, namely, to hold on until congress shall make some disposition of them and that he is doing in a straightforward business like manner.

"If imperialism means tyranny and violence, there is not an imperialist in the length and breadth of this land. If imperialism means peace in these islands, and then a stable government under the sovereignty of the United States or anyone such disposition as congress shall make of these islands, we are all imperialists.

"Expansion is the natural law of animal, vegetable and mineral life. The tendency of the age is toward expansion. Are there not some great fundamental laws in operation here? Is there not a higher power that is guiding things? Is it not the mission of the United States to enlarge, grow and carry its happiness, felicity and prosperity wherever its influence extends?"

MINISTER HAUNTED

BY AN OLD CRIME WHICH HE COMMITTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Because he told the truth concerning a conviction of theft which took place eighteen years ago, the Rev. William Sloman, an English evangelist who had done 13 years of evangelical work was detained yesterday at the barge office.

Mr. Sloman, who is a tall, distinguished looking man with frank blue eyes and black curling hair and beard, was a second cabin passenger on the Allan state Liner Laurentian which arrived here yesterday from Glasgow.

When he embarked in Glasgow the question as to his ever having been convicted of anything involving moral turpitude was put. He admitted stealing a watch eighteen years ago in Winnipeg, Manitoba. The watch proved too great a temptation. It was found in his possession but even in Canada where the courts are unusually strict, a sentence of only one month in prison was imposed upon him.

But the record went down on the steamships manifest and the immigration boarding officer at quarantine saw it and sent the clergyman to the barge office. There he again was asked the question and he explained to the board of inquiry. He referred the board to Mr. Taylor of Taylor & Monahan of No. 452 Grove street, Jersey City, and to the Agricultural Assurance society. Both, he said, would vouch for his integrity. But the board of inquiry could only discern two things, the law and Mr. Sloman's admission. They detained him. A telegram was sent to Mr. Taylor who is expected to call at the barge office today. Assistant Commissioner MacSweeney expressed great sympathy for Mr. Sloman.

PRES. McKINLEY

ADDRESSED VETERANS IN MILWAUKEE TODAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 17.—Notwithstanding the fact that President McKinley did not retire until early this morning, he was up bright and early, and at 9 o'clock, the party was driven out to the National Soldier's Home, in the extreme western portion of the city. Arriving at the home the president's salute of 21 guns, was fired by the First Light Battery, W. N. G.

The president addressed a few words of greeting to the old veterans, and as the time for making for the train was very limited, took a hurride departure. The streets which were traversed by the presidential party were thronged with people, including many thousand school children and the entire distance the president was kept busy bowing his acknowledgements to the hearty greetings.

The return trip from the soldiers home grounds was made via the south side. On arriving at one of the big manufacturing plants, the president was greeted by 2000 artisans. The president's carriage halted long enough for the president to thank the workmen for the greeting.

The president bade good bye to the Wisconsin metropolis a few minutes after 11 o'clock, bound for Chicago.

HEART FAILURE.

Joseph H. Goodrow of 565 Broadway, while coming home awheel from the Dewey celebration in Boston late Saturday afternoon, had an attack of He was found a short time after by a man passing by and taken to the police station in Medford. He soon revived, and was allowed to pass the night at the station. He returned Monday morning, and is now apparently as well as ever. He says he never before had an attack of heart trouble.

EXPLOSION IN A MINE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Oct. 17.—Shortly before 8 o'clock this morning, an explosion of mine gas occurred at Shamandoah City colliery, by which 22 men were entombed. Ten of them were rescued alive. It is feared the others are dead. The mine took fire and burned fiercely, and the Shenandoah fire department went to the rescue. Great excitement prevailed.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

DEATH WON

FATHER OFFERED THOUSANDS TO SAVE HIS CHILD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—It was the fate yesterday of an agonized father and mother to watch the slow death by strangulation of their little child. A button, one of a hundred in a cardboard box left by the father, Vincenzo Gerardi, who owns many bootblack stands in Brooklyn, on a shelf in his flat, No. 272 State street, Brooklyn, brought about the mischief.

Little Alice Gerardi, two years old, and her elder sister, Marie, began to play store. By Alice's side was the box of buttons representing so many coins. There was a sudden shriek from Marie and Mrs. Gerardi ran in to find the baby stretched upon the floor in convulsions. She had swallowed one of the buttons.

Five doctors were presently around Alice. Gerardi is wealthy, and in this moment he thought of his money and what it might do.

"A thousand to save my child," he said. "Two thousand—five—ten—all I have in the world. My blood, my life itself for hers."

But death outbid him and won the child.

LASTERS STRIKE

THIRTY-FIVE WENT OUT THIS NOON.

Yesterday thirty-five lasters of Stoyer's shoe shop in Little Canada went out on a strike. The lasters claim that some first class men have applied for positions and were refused and that the company hired two Greeks to learn the business. There is only one laster and the two Greek apprentices now working. It is understood that the lasters want the Greeks discharged.

BRYAN AT MAYFIELD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MAYFIELD, Ky., Oct. 17, 1899.—There was an audience of about 5000 at Mayfield, and while Mr. Bryan spoke he could see a desperate fist fight in progress on the roof of a railway station before him. Here in the heart of the staunchest democratic county in the state, Goebel himself was greeted with quick, frantic applause. It is plain to be seen that the Brown movement has broken down.

All along the route of today's journey the multitudes uttered the undivided cry that means democratic victory this year.

When the train reached Eddyville Mr. Bryan addressed a large crowd, and six feet away from him stood Captain W. J. Stone, the leader of the democratic revolt against Goebel. Mr. Bryan made a passionate appeal for unity among democrats.

"What do the democrats of the rest of the country know about your personal quarrels?" he cried. "They only know that Kentucky owes a duty to the rest of the nation. Let no man call himself a democrat who helps to put a republican governor in power in his state, and to imperil the future of the party in the nation."

Captain Stone squirmed under this lashing. The face of Goebel was beautiful to look upon as he regarded his wincing foe. The crowd shrieked with delight.

There was immense enthusiasm at Hopkinsville, a strong republican centre. Here Mr. Bryan again declared that a great victory in Kentucky would be almost decisive in its effect upon the country next year. He said that the republican party had gone to England for a financial policy in order to induce foreign investors to send money into this country, and then had gone to England again for a colonial policy in order to find a place to which money might be sent for investment out of the country.

Everywhere Mr. Bryan announced to the disgruntled Brown men that if any other democrat had been nominated for governor he would have come to his support. Again and again he said that the youngest man in the country would not live long enough to see the democratic party remove one plank from the Chicago platform. This was always received with tremendous applause.

At every stage Mr. Bryan seemed to expect attacks and to invite them, but the Brown men seemed to be overawed. The silence of Goebel's enemies since Mr. Bryan's arrival in Kentucky is absolutely dramatic. There can be no doubt that Goebel will be elected. A bet of $10,000 was offered on Goebel today and was not taken. Even republicans high in authority say Goebel will be elected.

Rheumatism

Miss ELEANOR M. TIPPELL, 3711 Powelton Ave., Philadelphia, writes:

"I had inflammatory rheumatism, which was for weeks so intense that I was unable to walk. I was treated by several prominent physicians, and tried many patent medicines, but without relief. I felt so much better after taking two bottles of S. S. S., that I continued the remedy, and in two months I was cured completely, and have never since had a touch of the disease."

S.S.S. For The Blood

(Swift's Specific) is the only remedy which reaches this painful disease, and is guaranteed purely vegetable. Send for valuable books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

LOAD YOUR PIPE WITH

Butler's Tobacco

Light and Dark Plug
AND
Cut Plug.

Large piece and best goods for the money.

Union label on every plug and package.

SPECIAL SESSION

Of Parliament Opened In London Today

TO CONSIDER THE BOER WAR.

Queen's Speech Dealing With the Situation.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 17—Parliament opened today in special session to consider the South African situation.

In the speech from the throne, Her Majesty said:

"My Lords and Gentlemen:—Within a very brief period after the recent prorogation I am compelled by events deeply affecting the interests of my empire to recur to your advice and aid.

"The state of affairs in South Africa has made it expedient that my government should be able to strengthen the military forces of this country by calling out the reserve. For this purpose the provisions of the law render it necessary that parliament should be called together.

"Except for the difficulties that have been caused by the action of the South African republic, the condition of the world continues to be peaceful.

"Gentlemen of the House of Commons—Measures will be laid before you for the purpose of providing the expenditure which has been or may be caused by events in South Africa. Estimates for the ensuing year may be submitted to you in due course.

"My Lords and Gentlemen—There are many subjects of domestic interest to which your attention will be invited at a later period when the ordinary session for the labors of a parliamentary session has been reached. For the present I have invited your attendance in order to ask you to deal with an exceptional emergency and I pray that in performing the duties which claim your attention, you may have the guidance and blessing of Almighty God."

Prior to the meeting of parliament, the prince of Wales, the premier, the marquis of Salisbury met at the foreign office.

Both houses assembled in the chamber of Peers at 2 o'clock, the Queen's speech being read by commission.

Immediately after reading the speaker of the house of commons, the Right Hon. William Court Bently, returned to the chamber of the commons, the house adjourned at 4 o'clock.

Mr. Henry Labouchere, liberal, member for Northampton, will move an amendment to the address to the speech from the throne in favor of arbitration in the Transvaal imbroglio, even at this late date.

Mr. John Redmond, parnellite, member for Waterford, will move an amendment protesting against the war.

Sir Henry Seton Karr, conservative, member of St. Helens, Lancashire, has given notice of a question for Thursday concerning the alleged disloyal utterances of certain Irish nationalist members of the house, which he will contend are in violation of the oath of allegiance.

He will take especial exception to an expression by Mr. Patrick O'Brien, parnellite, member of Kilkenney, of a hope that the Irishmen in the British regiments, instead of firing on the Boers, would fire on England.—He will also refer to similar declarations by Mr. Michael Davitt, nationalist member for South Mayo and Mr. William Redmond, parnellite, member for East Clare.

The opening ceremony occupied a quarter of an hour. Scarcely a score of peers were present when the Lord High Chancellor, Baron Halsbury, took his seat on the wool sack. The bills read was directed to desire the immediate attendance of commons, and after a brief interval the speaker and other officials of the house of commons followed by the members, appeared at the bar.

The galleries of both houses were crowded with ladies. United States Ambassador Choate and Mrs. Choate were present when the members of the embassy were in the diplomatic gallery of the house of lords.

Mr. Charlemagne Tower, United States Minister to Russia, was also present.

United States Senator Nelson and Mr. R. McCormick of Chicago witnessed the proceedings in the house of commons.

The regular formality of searching the vaults under the houses of parliament for traces of treasonable conspiracy was carried out by the Beef Eaters.

Large crowds waited in the precincts of St. Stephen's for the re-assembling of Lords and Commons and heartily welcomed the favorites, especially Mr. Joseph Chamberlain. The Prince of Wales was loudly cheered while driving to the House of Lords.

Within the house cordial receptions marked the arrival of Mr. Balfour and the other members of the government. The house listened to the usual protest of James Lowther (Conservative), Isle of Thanet, Kent against the alleged interference of Peers in elections, but Mr. Chamberlain's coming put everybody into good humor and was the signal for an immense outburst of applause. He entered carrying a big dispatch box.

Mr. Balfour gave notice of a motion tomorrow that no private business should be taken up during the autumn session.

The speaker then read the queen's speech, shortly after which Sir Alexander Fuller Acland Hood, Conservative, West Somerset, rose to move the address in reply.

Sir Alexander Hood said the house had never met in graver circumstances, not only for South Africa, but for the whole empire. Dwelling upon the horrors of war, he declared that war should not be undertaken except from absolute necessity. But that in this case all peaceful means had failed and war had become necessary "to establish equal rights for the white races in South Africa, and to redress the grievances of the Outlanders."

After reviewing the course of the negotiations between the British government and the Transvaal, he said that President Kruger, by his own act, had removed all chance of peace. He declared that unless the question of British supremacy was settled now, British rule in South Africa would go. He asserted that the British government, under exceptional provocation, had shown great patience and forbearance, and that Great Britain had no option but to repel attack. (Loud cheers.)

Mr. Clement Molyneux Royds, Conservative, member for Rochdale, seconded the address.

Ladies' Lace Shoes

Whose distinctive quality is their all round excellence, making them leaders in their line. They have many imitators, proving their popularity, but no superiors at this price,

$2 a Pair.

In button also.

J. J. LONERGAN,

215 DUTTON ST.

Artificial Teeth, the very best that can be made, $8.00; upper or lower. You make no mistake if you go to

DR. SIMMONS, Dentist,

21½ Central street. Mention this ad. and you get a discount.

Boston & Maine Railroad

Corrected to October 2, 1899: Trains leave Merrimack street depot, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.43, 6.25, c6.42, *7.15, *8.50, c9.15, *9.40, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, c3.00, 4.25, c5.14 p. m.

SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.

Trains leave Middlesex street station Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.10, 6.28, c6.45, w6.50, 7.01, *7.20, *7.25, 7.34, *7.48, w*8.00, 8.07, c9.12, w9.25, *9.50, w10.50, 11.03, *11.42 a. m.; w12.05, 12.10, w12.35, 1.11, w2.30, w*3.03, 3.10, *3.47, w3.55, 4.28, w5.15, 5.21, c5.42, w6.15, 6.22, 7.00, *7.49, w9.25 p. m.

SUNDAYS, 7.20, 7.28, w8.15, 8.18, 9.12 a. m., w12.05, w*3.05, 4.25, w5.30, 5.58, w7.25, p. m.

For Lawrence, 6.28, w6.50, *7.03, w8.30, w9.25, 10.05, w10.50 a. m.; w12.05, w2.30, w3.55, 4.18, w5.15, w6.15, w7.00 w8.05, w11.25 p. m.

SUNDAYS, w8.15 a. m.; w12.05, w5.30, w7.25 p. m.

For Salem, Mass., w6.28, 7.33 a. m.; w12.05, 1.28, w5.15, 5.53 p. m.

For Haverhill, 6.28, 6.50, *7.33, 8.33, 9.35, 10.00 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.10, w3.55, w5.15, 5.18, 7.00, 9.35, b11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m.; 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.

For Newburyport, Amesbury and Portsmouth, 6.28 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.55, 6.16 p. m.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.28, 6.50, *7.33, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.10, 3.55, 6.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.30 p. m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 3.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.28, 6.50, *7.33, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.55 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.30 p. m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.30 p. m.

For Lewiston, 6.50, 3.30, a. m.; 12.05, 5.15 p. m.

For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan and Rockland, 8.30 a. m.; 5.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.00 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 5.15 p. m. (5.15 does not run Saturdays). SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (via steamer from Portland), on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 12.05 p. m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgewick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Portland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.15 p. m.

For Woburn, 5.28, 7.01, 7.33, *7.48, 11.03 a. m.; 1.43, 4.28 p. m. SUNDAYS, 4.25, 5.58 p. m.

For Ayer Junction and Way-Stations—7.10 a. m.; 12.00, 5.01 and 5.42 p. m. SUNDays, 2.15 p. m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.18 a. m.; 1.00, 5.15, 6.40 p. m. SUNDAYS, 4 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro, Bennington, Hillsboro and Keene, 9.18 a. m.; 5.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Hillsboro, 4 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40, 9.12, *9.45 a. m.; *12.12, 1.00, *1.40, 3.41, *5.40, 6.27, *8.10, *8.45 p. m. SUNDAYS, 10.00 a. m. (to Nashua only), 3.08 a. m.; 9.00, 9.52, 8.10, 8.40 p. m.

For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.12, *9.45 a. m.; *12.12, *1.40 (to Franklin only), 5.45, *8.10 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.,) Claremont and Claremont Junction, 7.40, 9.12 a. m.; 1.40 p. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville, via Wells River, *9.45 a. m.; *1.40, *8.10 p. m.

For Montpelier, Essex Jct., Burlington, St. Albans, St. Johns and Montreal, via Central Vermont Line, *9.45 a. m.; *12.12, *8.10 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line, *9.45 a. m.; *8.40 p. m.

QUEBEC EXPRESS, via Plymouth and Bluebranche, *1.40, *8.40 p. m.

References:
*Express, aDaily
bWednesdays and Saturdays only.
wVia Western Division.
eVia Bedford. zVia Wilmington Junction.

O. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent.
H. C. PAPT, General Agent, Lowell.

BLOOD POISON

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Blood Poison permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide, potash, and still have aches and pains, mucous patches in the mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcer on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this secondary blood poison we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians; $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed upon application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 1183 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

Exhausted Vitality.



KNOW THYSELF!

Nervous and Physical Debility,

Premature Decline, Impotency, Atrophy, (Wasting), Varicocele, Stricture, the Errors of Youth, the Excesses of Mature Years, and all DISEASES and WEAKNESSES of MEN, from Whatever Cause Arising, scientifically treated, quickly and radically cured at the old reliable

PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

No. 4 Bulfinch St., opposite Revere House, Boston, Mass. Established in 1860. This renowned Institution publishes the standard and far famed, popular and unequaled Medical Treatise entitled

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE; or SELF PRESERVATION,

a Book For Every Man, married or single, young, middle aged or old. It is a private Treasure Casket on the above named and kindred subjects. It contains 370 pages, 12 mos., 125 invaluable prescriptions for Acute and Chronic diseases, each one of which is worth more than five times the price of the book and should be in the possession of every sensible patient man for ready reference. It is the Grand Prize Essay, for which was awarded the Gold Medal by the National Medical Association. Price, only $1, by mail, double sealed and strictly private, guaranteed as represented in every instance. The distinguished author and Chief Consulting Physician to the Peabody Institute graduated from the Harvard Medical College, class 1861, and was Surgeon to the 5th Regt. Mass. Volunteers during the war of the Rebellion. The first Assistant Physician to the Institute graduated from the old College of Physicians and Surgeons, class 1854. These Physicians Cure Where Others Fail. After many years of careful study and extensive research they guarantee a positive cure in every case of Rheumatism treated. Consultation in person or by mail, 9 to 6. Sundays, 10 to 1. The Diagnostician's Book Thyself Manual, a Vade Mecum of Medical Science for All; price 50 cents, but sent free sealed, to every male reader of this paper of this date, mentioning this paper, enclosing 6c. for postage.

"The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators, but no equals."—Boston Herald.

DAILY BARGAINS.

$100

UPRIGHT PIANO.

seven and one-third octaves. Used but little. Condition fine.

GEORGE A. GARDNER

30 PRESCOTT STREET.

TAXES

Collector's Notice.

The assessors have committed to the Collector of Taxes the

TAX LIST OF 1899.

With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and by the Ordinances of the City of Lowell, the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein, and he is now ready to receive payment of said Taxes at his office in City Hall.

When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the collector will proceed to collect the Taxes as directed by the General Statutes.

WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.

SUMMONS, bearing costs, will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.

INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent. per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 20, 1899, until the same shall be paid; and such interest will be added to and considered a part of said Taxes. Poll Taxes are assessed upon every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the Tax. Each partner is liable for the whole Tax assessed under the partnership name.

If any taxable inhabitant, by removing his residence since the first day of May or from any cause should not receive his tax bill, he must consider the tax demanded by this notice and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a Tax has been assessed.

All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay, will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.

THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1899 IS $19.00 ON $1000.

OFFICE HOURS—From 9 o'clock a. m. to 4 p. m. For the convenience of the Tax-paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from Oct. 9 to Oct. 14, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock p. m. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, from Oct. 16 to 20, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock p. m.

Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence, May 1st, 1899 and bring it with you.

CHARLES F. GOBURN,
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.

J. F. ROGERS,
UNDERTAKER,
OFFICE—816 Central Street.
RESIDENCE—29 Cedar Street.
Telephone connection. Hacks furnished for all occasions.

A Great Offer

If anybody is looking for a nice Diamond, it will pay to call in these times to

LEGAULT & CO.,
RELIABLE JEWELERS.
70 Central St., cor Prescott

When it comes to making overcoats we are right in it with the best of them for style and quality and as for price here is where we distance all our competitors. Our rent is low and we have a practical knowledge of our business. These are the plain facts of our being able to undersell our neighbors.

Call at A. M. BERTRAND,
The Fashionable Tailor,
24 MIDDLE STREET.

"GLORIA"

IS NOT A MEDICINE.

GLORIA is sold only from the bottle with GLORIA on the label. GLORIA is better and costs the dealer more than other drinks, making it tempting to sell imitations.

Our verse maker trying to get the taste of imitation out of his mouth, says:

I fear you ancient hypocrite,
I fear your skinny hand
Will pour an imitation out
And cheat me if you can.

Look out for imitation.

S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

H-O-P-S viz H-O-P-S

Just received, 1,700 pounds of fresh, kiln-dried loose hops.

Good for Hop Beer.
Good for Hop Bread.
Good for Hop Pillows.
Good for Home Brewing

These hops are strictly first class high-grade goods, raised and cured this year, on specially prepared ground, for home use, by an expert hop grower. Place your order at once, as the amount is limited.

STILES & CO.,
Clarke and Central Sts., Lowell.

The Latest and Best Sewing Machine is the

"SINGER"

Oak, Maple and Mahogany Wood Work. Sixteen Millions of these Machines have been sold.

Needles and Parts for all kinds of Machines. Old Machines taken in exchange.

The Singer M'f'g. Co., 175 Middlesex Street

PETER H. SAVAGE.

Undertaker and Funeral Director

169 WORTHEN STREET.

Telephone connection 464-4. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

DR. WALKER DENTIST

DR. DONE RUE DENTIST

A GREAT MEETING

In Opposition to the Imperial Policy at Chicago

Speeches Delivered at Yesterday's Session—Scathing Denunciation of the Administration Boutwell's Letter

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Following are a few of the principal addresses delivered yesterday at the anti-imperialist meeting in Chicago. The meeting was one of the most important of the kind yet held.

MR. BOUTWELL'S LETTER.

The following letter from Hon. Geo. S. Boutwell was read:

"Boston, Mass., Oct. 11, 1899.

I am compelled by Mrs. Boutwell's long and continued illness to put aside at once all thought of acceding to your request to me to be present at the conference of American anti-imperialists to be held at Chicago the 17th day of the present month.

Massachusetts will be represented in the conference, but the state has already so declared its opinions that its further action can be forecast. The democratic party has denounced the war in the Philippines, and the republican party has refused to sanction the doings of the president, and it has traversed his policy by demanding peace and recognition of the right of self-government in those whom the president is seeking to subdue to his will.

There are several points on which the conference may declare its opinions and announce its policy with entire freedom and with much power.

1. The president should be held responsible for the war in the Philippines and for the sacrifice of life and the expenditure of treasure incurred in its prosecution.

2. The conference, in the name of the anti-imperialists of the country, should announce its purpose to oppose his re-election and its further purpose to oppose the election of members of congress who may sustain his policy.

3. The conference may declare its intention to oppose the re-election of any member of congress who may sustain an appropriation of men or money for the prosecution of the war. On these points there should be no compromise, no concessions.

Thus far the president alone is responsible. Should congress endorse and sustain his policy we can then carry the contest into the states and districts for the purpose of unseating the men who may have superted and sanctioned the doings of the president.

At present we are not in co-operation with any political party. Let us reserve and preserve our right of action and our freedom of action in the presidential election of 1900, until that contest has been organized, coupled with the understanding that it is our purpose to contribute to the defeat of any party that demands the subjugation of the Philippine Islands. Our republic, thus far, and certainly since the 13th amendment was adopted, has rested upon two great propositons: The equality of men in the states and the equality of states in the Union. The president's policy is an abandonment of both of these propositions and the substitution therefor of a colonial empire on the model of the British Empire. We demand peace in the Philippine islands and the opportunity for the exercise of the right of self-government in Cuba, in Porto Rico and in the Philippine Islands, and the only means by which our country can be saved from a disgraceful abandonment of the principles on which the republic has rested for a long century and a degrading acceptance of wars and policies which we have denounced through the same period. Republic or empire? That is the question before the country.

Your obedient servant.

(Signed) George S. Boutwell.

To Messrs. Edwin Burritt Smith and Erving Winslow."

PROFESSOR TOLMAN'S ADDRESS.

Prof. Albert H. Tolman of the Chicago University said in part:

"Just one important official message was sent to the Filipinos by this government previous to the outbreak of hostilities at Manila. This was the proclamation of President McKinley, dated Dec. 21, 1898, and made public in this country on Jan. 5, 1899.

"There is one adjective that will describe this document fully and fairly. It is a Spanish proclamation, just such a one as the Filipinos had many times listened to. There is the same parade of benevolent purposes, and the same tyrannical substance. The natives recognized the document as one of the kind to which they were accustomed.

"Not only are the most un-American things present in this proclamation, but all the most important things that should have been stated are omitted. It has been well said that this document takes not the slightest notice of any rights on the part of the people of these islands except what we are graciously pleased to grant them. It contains no recognition of their long struggle against Spain, their arduous struggle for liberty, no recognition of their long sufferings under her rule, no acknowledgement of their fitness for self-government, no expression of our desire or even of our willingness that they should govern themselves. Mr. McKinley simply promised the Filipinos protection 'in their personal and religious rights' and a 'full measure of individual rights and liberties.' Nothing is said about those political rights for which our ancestors fought as these people are now fighting. There is not one word in this document, not one, which says or sugests that the Filipinos will be permitted to have self-government at any time, either soon or late, either as a right or as a privilge.

"The indifference and even contempt which President McKinley here displayed toward American ideas and toward the proper aspirations of a brave people, I for one cannot forget, and, politically speaking, cannot forgive. He has done his best to turn the great statue in New York harbor, of Liberty, enlightening the world, into a colossal joke. He has made us and our boasted ideals the derision of the people of Europe. He has caused the nations of our own continent to drill armies and stand guard against the United States as a great free booter, watching to rob them of their birthright. He and his councillors have largely thrown away our finest national possession, our moral influence. He has put into our history a black page which will shame us forever. My humble vote he cannot have again. The gold of our coinage is not so precious to me as the fine gold of our history.

"This proclamation was in reality a declaration of war, made not by congress as the constitution requires, but by the arbitrary act of the executive. It is Mr. McKinley's personal declaration of war. Because of this personal declaration of war many brave American soldiers and brave Filipino patriots have died and are dying. And when shall we see the end of William McKinley's war?

"Some may say that only congress could make promises to the Filipinos concerning the form of government that would be allowed them. I reply that President McKinley has since made them promises concerning their form of government without consulting congress. In any case, if he could make them un-American threats and promises, he could make American promises. He certainly had as much right to make promises in accordance with the Declaration of Independence as he had to make promises contrary to it.

'God never required Mr. McKinley to issue this proclamation.

"Who can think that the Deity would have been displeased if this document had congratulated the Filipinos on the successful outcome of their long struggle for liberty, had promised them the self-government for which they had prayed and fought and suffered, and had assured them of our help and protection?

"Hon. Whitelaw Reid, Senator Davis and Senator Frye, three of the five commissioners who made the treaty with Spain, have defended it heartily on the ground of the pecuniary and commercial advantages likely to result to the United States from our possession of the Philippines. This has been the burden of their utterances. The welfare of the Filipinos, to say nothing of their self-government, has not occupied a prominent place in their thoughts. Not destiny and duty, but dollars put us into the Philippines. And who will get the dollars? Millionaires and syndicates will secure any small gains which could not just as easily be obtained without enforcing our sovereignty. Millionaires and syndicates are virtually saying to our common soldiers: 'You stop the bullets and we'll do the rest.'

"The proclamation issued at the beginning of April by the American commissioners to the Philippines declared that hostilities had broken out because the 'pure aims and purposes of the American government and people' had been misinterpreted. If this means that the Filipinos misunderstood the president's previous public letter, I deny it. They understood it; that was not the trouble; and I challenge anybody to understand it differently. It is true, however, that in the meantime the president had himself come to understand better the meaning of his own statement, and the commissioners were allowed to promise the Filipinos 'the most ample liberty and self-government reconcilable' with good government 'and compatible with the sovereignty and international rights and the obligations of the United States.' Since this promise was expressed in somewhat vague terms, and since it came two months after the war began—so that it had to be shot over the enemy in the form of gun-wadding—it is not strange, perhaps, that it did not have much effect in pacifying the natives.

"The terms of the president's original proclamation make it plain that we are really carrying on in the Philippines a war against liberty; we are not simply restoring order. There was no disorder in Luzon and had been none for months until our president deliberately demanded that the Filipinos accept taxation without representation and government without consent. Soon after that there was disorder in the form of armed resistance, and thank God that there was! It was time for it.

"Our treatment of the Filipinos constitutes a case of tyranny if there is any such thing as tyranny. Our peace commissioners at Paris paid no attention whatever to the desires and protests of the Filipinos themselves. The terms of the treaty absolutely ignored the natives. President McKinley's official interpretation of the treaty, issued in advance of its ratification, we have just examined. During the senate debate upon the treaty we refused to pay any regard to the representatives of the Filipinos. We called them adventurers because they opposed our projected adventure and faithfully represented the sentiments of their own people. If this course of treatment and our subsequent war of conquest do not constitute a case of tyranny, then there is no such thing as tyranny. Perhaps the idea of tyranny is only one more of those old-fashioned notions that we must give up. Perhaps the first clause in the Anglo-Saxon alliance for the suppression of young republics will declare that the word tyranny must not be used any more. But if there is such a thing as tyranny, we have displayed it toward the Filipinos. George III. demanded of a distant people that they accept taxation without representation and government without consent and sent armies to enforce the demand. What else has William McKinley done? The same conduct cannot rightly be called tyranny in George III. and then called 'destiny and duty' and 'priceless principles' in William McKinley.

"But some say, 'Why discuss these old matters. Our present position and its demands upon us are the only important things to be considered.' To this I answer that the rights and duties of our present position are to be determined largely by a careful consideration of the course of action that brought us into this position. As soon as the American people understand how thoroughly our leaders have put us in the wrong, how unjustly and tyrannically we have treated the Filipinos, I believe that enough Americans are really civilized and Christian as civilization and Christianity were understood before the Philippine war, to demand that our policy be changed and to enforce that demand. Of course all those who think that Christian missions of the peaceful type are practically a failure, those who have little faith in the power of ideas except when supported by guns, and those who believe that the weapons of the Christian warfare are primarily not spiritual but carnal, together with many others, will still oppose us and will loudly call for more bloodshed.

"It is not clear that there were any great difficulties in the Philippine problem until we made them. It is not clear that there exists now any important obstacle to a speedy settlement except pride of consistency on the part of our leaders. First, the wanton blundering and then the foolish and wicked pride which stands by the blunder.

"Many competent observers tell us that the capacity of the Filipinos for self-government cannot be doubted. But you tell me that some competent witnesses have doubted their capacity for this. Yes. But how long is it in this country since the presumption has been against self-government? Since William McKinley became president.

"A man cannot fairly be said to believe in self-government at all who believes in it only for his own nation. The way in which imperialists believe in self-government for themselves makes me think of the prayer of a certain selfish man which John B. Gough used to recite:

Lord, bless me and my wife,
My son John and his wife,
Us four
And no more,
Amen.

"Many say that we must go on with this war even though we ought not to have begun it. Well, there are some men and some nations, so weak morally that when they have once begun upon a wrong course, they are unable to turn back. But are you willing to be one of those men? And are you willing that the United States shall be one of those nations? France after doing injustice to Dreyfus turned squarely about and set her face toward justice. Is there any better way?

"Fellow citizens, I warn you against the constant talk about good government. President McKinley promised 'Good and stable government' to the Filipinos. We talk about giving 'good government to the discontented Cubans. The great principle for which this country stands is not good government but self-government. The American idea is not that self-government is necessarily the best government; the true American idea is that wherever it is at all possible, self-government is a better thing than the best government. Good government means that the governmental machine runs well; but self-government produces the best men. Self-government is the best man-factory. Self-government is the American idea. Let us remember this. And let Lincoln's noble words once more ring through our minds:

"Those who deny freedom to others deserve it not for themselves and under a just God cannot long retain it."

REV. Mr. BIGELOWS SPEECH.

The Rev. Herbert S. Bigelow of Cincinnati said:

"The nation is standing at the parting of the ways. Two paths lie before her. Two voices are speaking. One voice is asking 'Which path will pay?' The other is demanding 'Which path is right?' The course we take will depend upon our answer to these questions. The two questions are in reality one. But if it is conceivable that even temporarily we might profit by the wrong, still, unless the soul of the nation is already lost, we will agree that before the question of profit shall have a hearing the question of right must be settled.

"The American people believe in the golden rule. They have not lost all faith in justice. They believe in the divine brotherhood. They know that one man has as much right to justice as another. According to their code of ethics, no man has a right to deprive another of life except in self-defence; no man forfeits his right to liberty unless he seeks to appropriate the liberties of others. They know, furthermore, that if the individual is bound by this principle of equal justice to all men, of much greater importance is it that the nation should act in the same faith. I do not fear the apostacy of the American people. Their religion is the religion of justice. The declaration of independence is the political expression of that faith. Never knowingly will they repudiate it. If a war of aggression ever receives their support, it will be only because their public servants have not trusted them with the facts; it will be only because the soothsayers have persuaded them that the war is righteous, that it is waged in defence of the principles of the declaration of independence, and that it has the sanction of patriotism and religion.

"The task that we have before us is not to dissuade the people from a desire to commit wrong. Our task is to save them from the sophistries of the tyrants who endeavor to turn their good intentions to bad account. Humanity has a tender conscience. You cannot get the masses of the people to continue in a wrong course unless you can half persuade them that they are doing right. The people are not depraved, but they may be deceived.

"The vice of mankind is the desire for dominion, the lust of power and possession. Today, as so often in the past, that vice comes to the people in the mask of humanity. It is our task to tear off the mask. Our message to the people is that justice cannot be done through injustice, peace cannot come through violence, liberty cannot grow out of oppression, the gospel of humanity cannot be proclaimed by the mouth of cannon.

"We are told, Mr. Chairman, that there are imperialistic designs lurking in the mind of General Aguinaldo, that he is seeking to establish over the islands a tyranny, and that in suppressing the insurrection we are fighting for the right of Filipinos to rule themselves. Why not say that to them? Aguinaldo is keeping up the fight under the pretext of resisting American sovereignty. Take away the pretext; let congress issue a proclamation declaring the right of the Filipinos to rule themselves and promising to recognize the government of their choice. Then what cause would there be for disorder in those islands?

"But how do we know that Aguinaldo does not represent his people? Suppose they are overwhelmingly with him. Would the censorship vouchsafe us this information? Would it help the administration to have that fact known? But if we are not permitted to know anything that would injure the administration we can only use our own best judgment as to the probable state of affairs. Is any man ready to say of the finest armies the worldever saw that they have been unable in all these months of costly warfare to suppress an insignificant uprising of a few ambitious leaders who are looked upon even by their own countrymen as dreaded tyrants. Is there any man so blinded by partisanship as to believe that the management of the war could possibly have been so incompetent as that? If the majority of the Filipinos dread A Tagal tyranny and look to us as their deliverers, why do they not enlist in large numbers to help us save them from their enemies. We have heard of Aguinaldo and his rebels. Why have we heard nothing of Aranceho and his patriots? It is said that Aguinaldo does not represent the wealth of the islands. I can see how that would seem unpardonable in the eyes of a clique that represents nothing but wealth. The argument that the war is justified because Aguinaldo does not represent his people is an argument with a double edge. I suspect that the man who is willing to lead a forlorn hope against gigantic odds in defence of the declaration of independence is closer to the hearts of the American people and more representative of their sentiments than those who tell us that the constitution is no longer worth discussing, and that it is time we were learning the absurdity of the principle for which the men of Bunker Hill and Valley Forge gave their lives.

"But suppose it be admitted that the Filipino people have faith in Aguinaldo and desire their independence? Still it is said that they are not fit for self government; that after centuries of darkness, the full light of liberty would blind them; that to give them their independence now would be to deliver them up to anarchy; but that after a generation or so of benevolent tutelage they may be given their liberty with some hope of retaining it. We do not question the sincerity of those who take this position, though, as Macaulay suggested to tell a people that they may have their freedom when they are fit to use it is like telling a boy that he may learn to swim but warning him not to go near the water. How can we tell when a people are fit for freedom? Why, sir, when they will die for it.

"But suppose that in the end a larger degree of freedom would come to their people by first recognizing our sovereignty. Then it would be best for them to submit. And those who are sincerely interested in their welfare would hope that they would submit. But if they refuse, have we a right at the point of the bayonet to force them against their will to take the course which we believe to be for their best good? Does our responsibility end when we have exhausted every peaceful means? If they were encroaching upon our liberties it would be legitimate for us to resist them by force if necessary. But have we a right to murder them because they are not as good to themselves as we think they ought to be? That is a power that God Almighty has not dared to exercise over a human soul? When we deny to a people the right to determine in freedom what their life shall be, we subvert the constitution of nature and substitute our ways for the ways of God. What right have we to compel a people to act contrary to their wish in matters which are their own concern? What right but the right of might? What right but the divine right of kings. Away with these savage wars of peace.

Let us call tyrants tyrants and maintain
That only freedom comes by grace of God.

"Amazing indeed that doctors of divinity should stand in their pulpits and advise sending the sons of the nation to wade through seas of blood to compel these Christians to accept our version of the gospel. We are to bestow the blessings of a good and a stable government upon them? Sir, we have been reared in the political faith that governments are derived and not bestowed. Tell the coolies of China, tell the fellahin of Egypt, tell the pariahs of India that governments are bestowed upon them. But tell the president of the United States upon whom we have bestowed some limited power for a brief season, that such language is offensive to the American ear.

"We paid twenty millions for a pretext to call criminal aggression 'benevolent assimilation.' We have paid twenty millions for a tablet on which to write the epitaph of the republic. To the cry for peace we say 'the war must go on to the grim end,' and we call that Christianity. To men who dare to fight for freedom we say 'surrender or die,' and we plead the decree of Providence. If that is Providence, then I appeal from the decision of Providence to the conscience of the American people.

"Humanity—what are the claims of humanity, what is the offence of polygamy, what is the crime of slavery compared with the insult of the rebel Aguinaldo in refusing to bend the knee to the Emperor William and his great high priest 'Hannahs?' If I were a Filipino and any canting Methodist came to me with the proclamation of sovereignty and the ultimatum to disarm and be baptized, I would say to him: Son of insolence, bombard our cities, set fire to our villages, mow down our crops, make of every woman a widow, of every child an orphan and every home an ashheap and then when you have left enough evidences of your Christianity, go back with your blood-stained hands and gold that drips with tears and boast of the desolation you have wrought, the people you have vanquished, but forget not to tell that though you have established the order of a graveyard and the peace of the dead, you have yet to conquer the soul of the Tagal.'

"But many say: 'Now that we are in it there is nothing to do but to establish order. It is too late to turn back.' Why? Because of our honor? Honor. The great republic, professing faith in the inalienable right of self-government, invading the homes of the brave little Filipinos, whose only hope is in the justice of their cause. 'Honor. Do they advise us to go on because we no longer have our honor? If not honor, what then? Is it pride that should goad us on to the completion of these wrongs? Would pride advise us thus if honor were not dead? Nay, if not our honor, then our pride should save us. In sight of all the world this nation has been plunged into war, not by constitutional act of congress, but by the arbitrary will of a president. Thousands of lives and millions of treasure have been asked for, but our opinions have not been solicited, our wish has not been consulted. We have been proud of our right of self-government. Must that pride be humbled? Is liberty dead? Have we lost the power to rule ourselves? Shall we confess it to the cynics of the other world? Rather let us teach those who, in contempt of the nation's will, have dared to haul down the flag from the pinnacle of a century of glory, that the American people are too proud to bend their neck to the yoke of empire, while traitors scoff at sacred principles and tyrants exult in the death of the republic. Tell the nations of Europe that we cherish the memory of Washington more than we covet partnership in their crimes. Tell them that we had rather keep the grave of Lincoln green than cultivate the ahs of monarchy. Tell them that we are willing to carry the white man's burden ourselves and therefore have no use of subject colonies. Tell the oppressed of all the world that the Western Continent has been christened by the blood that flowed for freedom, that it is dedicated to the eternal principle of self-government, that by the grace of God it shall remain the land of the free and the home of the brave, and that when the hand of the oppressor grows heavy upon them they may find refuge beneath the altar of American liberty, where no tyrant ever comes and no yoke is ever worn. Tell the recreants who would tear down the flag that stands at its eagle height bidding welcome to the home of freedom, tell them that they trifle with the nation's pride and that they make merchandise of the nation's honor, that as the nation's faith in liberty is pure, so shall its judgments be swift and certain.

But, Mr. Chairman, perhaps we ought not to talk of war and carnage and murder. We are not fighting the Filipinos. They are simply undergoing a process of assimilation. They are being digested. We are merely loving them to death. 'Criminal aggression' is shocking. Imperialism is too bad. Expansion is only tolerable. Duty, destiny, the logic of events, Providence, benevolent assimilation—these make better battle cries, especially for a presidential campaign.

"Let us speak plain: a lie may keep
Its throne a whole age longer, if it
skulk
Behind the shield of some fair-seeming
name."

"If we protest against destroying the first republic in Asia with an army organized for the purpose of expelling the last monarchy from America, why, if we protest, then we are traitors. What is treason? The traitor is the patriot who fails; the patriot is the traitor who succeeds.

"Off with the mask of tyranny! Away with the despot's whine! God and the king, patriotism and religion, the Bible and the flag, what are these but the emblems of that authority in church and state that have always appealed when they have wished to arrest the thought of the people or warp their moral judgment? The worship of bunting deprives patriotism of principle and makes slaves of freemen. The worship of a book deprives conscience of intelligence and makes superstitution religion. The devil is in his element when he can get good people to practice iniquity for the Lord's sake. The tyrant hids the people fix their gaze upon the stars and stripes that his conduct may escape their scrutiny. It is the duty of the patriot to save his country from the treason that lies coiled and hissing beneath the folds of the flag. The devil is never so defiant as when he comes in the garb of a priest with a Bible in his hand and a text on his tongue to enlist in his service the people who mean well and who do his bidding in the name of faith and fatherland.

"Ah, Mr. Chairman, I would have the apostate sons of Washington and Lincoln listen with tears of repentance to the sacred words of the patriotic Rizal, who said as he gave his life for the freedom of his beloved Filipinos:

"I go where all are free, I go where there are no torturers, where the oppressor's power shall be destroyed, where faith kills not, where He who reigns is God.'"

THE SERENADE

OF ANDOVER YOUNG MEN AT BRADFORD REPULSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HAVERHILL, Oct. 18.—Three Andover young men met more than they bargained for in Cornelius Noonan and Timothy Linehan, two porters at the Bradford academy, yesterday morning while attempting to serenade the young women of that institution.

W. J. Burns, who belongs in Andover and is employed by a tailor in that place, Augustus Kimberly and M. M. Thurlow were the trio. The two latter attend the Phillips academy and are from the west. They had another companion but during the trouble at the academy he escaped. The serenade took place about 3 o'clock yesterday morning and it was shortly after that hour that the trio were arrested. Thurlow was asleep in the carryall which the quartet had during all the afternoon and he knew nothing until he was arrested by Policeman Mack.

It appeared that the four young men came down to this city with a pair of horses and a carryall early last evening from Andover. This morning about o'clock Captain Ryan received a telephone message of a disturbance at the academy. Patrolman Mack went up to the academy and found the two porters and Superintendent Elliott, who had charge of the outfit and young Thurlow. The policeman drove the team over to the city and the trio were locked up. An examination at the police station showed that Kimberly had three bad scalp wounds as a result of his encounter with the porters. City Physician Donahue was summoned and he took 16 stitches in the cuts.

This morning the trio were admitted to bail and later appeared in court. They were charged with disturbing the peace and also with trespass. Each pleaded guilty. In reviewing the case, Judge Abbott said that he had always thought that the spending of a night in a cell and an arraignment in court were a part of a liberal education. He beleived they had suffered from imprisonment and that it would be a lesson, as their parents would also feel the disgrace. "The chief punishment," said he, "has already occurred and I will only impose a fine of $5 on each complaint."

The trio promptly paid their fines and soon afterward left for Andover.

VETERAN SEARLE

CORRECTS A MIS-STATEMENT OF A SPANISH WAR VETERAN.

John S. Searle, the local Mexican war veteran, says that the statement of the speaker last Saturday in Boston that he was returning the first flag of Massachusetts carried on foreign soil is not correct.

Mr. Searle says that a Massachusetts regiment carried a flag in Mexico and it was returned to the state when the regiment came back in 1848, by Col. Wright.

Mr. Searle says that at a meeting of the Mexican war veterans in Boston attention was called to the condition of the flag at the state house and a committee appointed to consult with the adjutant general. It is intended, Mr. Searle says, to have the flag placed in a glass case when the legislature makes an appropriation for the purpose.

Mr. Charles Foley, the well-known penman, has moved to his new house on Gorham street.



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800 MILE RIDE

Mrs. Lindsay Riding Ahead of Time

SHE IS ENDEAVORING TO BREAK ALL RECORDS

Up to the 800 Mile Mark

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Anyone who wants to see the fiercest exhibition of pure pluck in the neighborhood of New York ought to go down to Valley Stream, L. I., and have a look at Mrs. James Lindsay. Tanned and freckled by exposure to the sun during many centuries of bicycle riding, disheveled and grimy by reason of her never-ending journey on the dusty road she certainly is not a beauty at this moment. When not engaged in her pet pastime of breaking records she is an exceedingly attractive young woman. Just now she is remarkable solely for one of the greatest exhibitions of dogged grit ever seen on a bicycle.

Mrs. Lindsay is trying to ride 800 miles in four days. That will smash Jane Yatman's record, Mrs. Brush's record and all the other women's records. It may take ten years off Mrs. Lindsay's life or it may not—doctors are equally cocksure in the affirmative and in the negative. The woman is scorned by the Century Road club, the official sponsor for these heart-breaking performances. She has no official scorers. The club officials say that they've got to draw the line somewhere or the women will century-scorch themselves to death. Therefore they have begun by drawing the line against Mrs. Lindsay.

So this little woman, who weighs only 110 pounds and who is not rich enough to afford a big staff of trainers and handlers and helpers, is out on the Long Island roads grinding away at an awful task, "just to see if she can do it." That is her only explanation. Her track is the smooth high road from Tom West's hotel at Valley back by way of Lynbrook. It is the regular century course.

Mrs. Lindsay went to bed about one o'clock Monday morning for the first time since she left her home last Saturday. She rolled and tossed and could not sleep. She dozed now and then, but in these fitful snatches of sleep, she still kept grinding away, her feet performing quite involuntarily all the movements of pedalling. At 3 a. m., she arose and began the task once more. She had discarded her skirt and put on her husband's knickerbockers.

Will R. Pitman ("Happy Days") took her over twenty miles of the road behind one of his revolving searchlights, which brightened her pathway in spite of the mist and fog. The darkness was awful. The road, which by daylight is as smooth as a putting green, seemed in the misty twilight full of yawning chasms.

At daylight the woman's knees and wrists were stiff and needed rubbing with liniment. One can imagine the meagreness of her training outfit from the fact that there was not a drop of alcohol or arnica or vaseline or anything else to use for rubbing. "Little Mother" Van Kleck, a tiny woman of 4 feet 9 inches, with a heart as big as her body, ran off to the village and bought the things. She is helping her friend, Mrs. Lindsay, simply as a matter of affection. Her own son, little Mason Van Kleck, plays around Tom West's hotel, so as to be near his mother.

It was noticeable yesterday that, whereas these two women were cheerfully riding centuries, the poor man they had brought down from Brooklyn to act as pacemaker was busy sitting still and grumbling.

Mrs. Lindsay finished her fifth century at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon. She was sponged and rubbed down and dressed in dry clothes by Mrs. Van Kleck. She sat in an easy chair for a while and ate some chicken broth and drank milk and limewater. She is always hungry for solid food, but that would hurt her, so she isn't allowed to have it. She came out to mount her wheel again at 3.30 p. m. She was cranky, peevish, irritable, full of worry shaky as to her knees and seemed quite done up. A reporter rode alongside of her during her 518th and 519th miles. She was placid, cheerful, almost jelly—all the irritation charmed away by the monotonous grind of the wheel.

"If the rain will only keep away," she said, "I won't do a thing to the record. The only thing that bothers me is the big wagons on the road at night without lamps. They're dangerous. I'm more than nine hours ahead of my schedule now, and unless some accident happens I'll finish away ahead of time."

Mrs. Lindsay finished her 540th mile at 7.30 p. m., and after a little rest and some chicken broth she began the 541st mile at 8.10 p. m. The night was fine, almost clear, and she was in excellent spirits.

HUGH J. MOLLOY

Discussed the Expansion Question Before Mathews

IS OPPOSED TO PRESENT POLICY

Believes We Should Honor Our Pledge

Mr. Hugh J. Molloy of the normal school discussed the question of expansion before the Mathew Temperance Institute last evening, and presented a paper complete with information on the subject, and of great value and instruction to his audience. Mr. Molloy's subject was "The New World Power," and in no uncertain tone he criticised the policy of the administration and ranged himself on the side of the anti-expansionists. His audience was at all times prepared to grasp the prominent points of his address, and his witty contrasts and references caused much laughter.

For an hour, Mr. Molloy held the undivided attention of the young men, who followed the trend of his argument with considerable interest. The speaker has an easy, conversational style of oratory and does not appear to exert himself in the least. He said in part:

"So far as we can discover that there is any doctrine, the doctrine of the government means that we must cut adrift from all our old traditions. The president plainly says that there is no intention on the part of the government to annex the Philippine Islands or to admit them on the same terms of citizenship as we enjoy. Then it must be that we will give to these islands the kind of carpet-bag government that the southern states had for some time after the civil war.

"I claim that miles and miles of railroad and unlimited territory and commerce crowding all the oceans, and improvements in mechanical lines, do not necessarily make for the success of a nation, if it lose sight of the other imperishable things, those things so long associated with our ideas of government.

"I claim that we have as a government always occupied a unique position in the world's affairs. We have been set off here by ourselves in a position which, though it may be called isolated, is still one of great strength and independence. We have not been obliged to maintain a great navy and standing army, and we know that all great governments today are trying to bring down the expense of these things.

"That famous statement of the president, that the flag has been put up there, and 'who shall pull it down?' does not mean anything. When we speak of the flag we do not simply mean a piece of bunting, we mean the things that it stands for; and I claim that many of those things have been pulled down, when the flag was put up. It is not the flag, after all, but what the flag stands for, that we are interested in. It should not be made to stand for oppression and subjugation of a weak people.

"The president's ill-advised friends have attempted to put him in the position of not being open to criticism. I claim that unless the people are able to weigh the acts of the president and all other officers of the government, they are not able to vote intelligently and to elect men to represent them in congress. Our president is far from being a king, and there is no danger of criticism of the president being considered treason. The president, nor congress with him, are not the United States. They are the servants of the people.

"The expansionists or imperialists rely largely on two lines of argument. One is that the battle of Manila found us unexpectedly facing a great problem. That is what they call manifest destiny. Whatever manifest destiny may mean, I confess to being ignorant. How there can be anything but manifest duty to a government, is a hard question for anybody to face. Our government should have in a friendly way, told the inhabitants of the Philippines that it was going there with its strong arm to assist them in establishing a government, and when that government was established, they would be left to their own devices. Our own history would not allow us to follow any other course.

"There is one other reason why we should not withdraw from the Philippine islands. It has been openly claimed that the Philippine islands are the door to China, and there are men closely connected with government circles, who plainly say today that that is one reason why we want to hold the Philippines.

"The best part of civilization that has been carried into different quarters of the world by our government has never been carried with rifles. Our missionaries have differed from the missionaries of other governments. They have not gone with the commercial idea strongest, and they have done the best work. It is rather questionable when a powerful government with plenty of missionary work to do at home is so anxious to carry the benefits of civilization to those who do not want it. Electric railways, the telephone and telegraph, are not necessarily accompaniments of civilization any more than it follows that the dum-dum bullet is an adjunct of civilization. Great Britain wants the dum-dum bullet retained because it is more efficient in stopping those natives that they are trying to civilize.

"I believe that the big, true heart of the American people is with the Philippine people, and not with our regiments that are there. That may sound like treason, but it does not compare with the treason that was uttered time and time again by British orators, concerning the villainous policy of the British government against the United States.

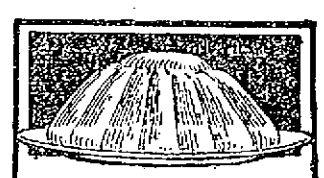
"I say, if we are wrong, it is not the place of our government to follow any foolish policy, whether it be called manifest destiny or manifest incompetency. I think it is the latter, rather than destiny. Our government is playing Micawber and when it is not playing Micawber it is playing Pecksniff. Having read everything that comes to us on both sides of the question, I believe that the Filipinos are in the right and that we are in the wrong. I believe that there is a destiny that follows government that turns deliberately from the right and from the truth."

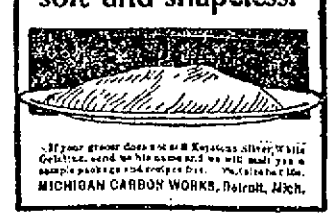
At the conclusion of the lecture, a vote of thanks was extended the speaker for his able address.

The whist tournament will be opened soon, and all who desire to enter should make application to James A. White.

SOCIAL DANCE.

The second weekly social dance by Professor Wells, the dancing master, was given last night at Manchester Unity hall, and a good number was present. Wells' orchestra of three pieces furnished the music for the occasion.



A mould of jelly made from
KEYSTONE
Silver White
GELATINE
retains its shape and firmness long after the jelly made from other gelatine has become soft and shapeless.

If your grocer does not sell Keystone Silver White Gelatine, send us his name and we will mail you a sample package and recipe free. Mention this paper.
MICHIGAN CARBON WORKS, Detroit, Mich.

POLITICAL FLIMFLAM

Worked Successfully on Chelmsford Yesterday

How the Ramsay and Watson Delegates Combined to do Their Country Brethern—McKinley's Supporters Kept Away From it—the Probable Result

Unfortunate Chelmsford! The little northern town appears to be a special mark for the selfishness and wrath of Jim Ramsay and his urban cohorts.

Last year Ramsay and his city delegates robbed Chelmsford of its just representation in the legislature, promising it the other year in the near future. This year the convention has come again and Ramsay and his ward four and ward eight delegates marked the event by again robbing Chelmsford of a year's representation, adding insult to injury by informing the country delegates that they had had a democrat, Mr. Quigley, and that they should be satisfied with him. Only 16 stood out against the robbery, a few of the McKinley supporters from ward seven standing by the towns.

It was a clear and cold blooded case of robbing the town of its right to representation, and the voters of Chelmsford are not like people who will not again resent such action.

Last year, it will be remembered, ward four was not to have a candidate Ramsay having had two terms and the right to a candidate passing on to Chelmsford. But Ramsay was ambitious, and having the votes behind him got Robert Mountford of ward four to propose a change in the apportionment so that ward four would have a candidate not only in 1897 and 1898, but also in 1899. Then to soothe the ruffled feelings of the Chelmsfordites, the new apportionment proposed a candidate for Chelmsford in 1900, 1901 and 1902, and the argument was used that best results could be obtained by giving each place three successive years. The old apportionment had Chelmsford down for a candidate in 1899, 1900 and 1901. This proposition, it will be remembered, started a hot row in the convention, the country delegates opposing under the leadership of Stuart McKay of North Chelmsford. Witnesses were brought in from Chelmsford to give testimony that they had attempted to vote in the caucuses for Cushing and Ramsay, but had been denied that right. Hon. Fred Lawton and other more conservative republicans counselled a change in the apportionment, would injure the party. But Ramsay's backers cared for nothing but nominating their candidate, and when the vote was taken the Ramsay men were victorious by about four votes, and Chelmsford was robbed in cold blood of her right to representation on the republican ticket.

The republicans of Chelmsford were justly enraged at such high handed proceedings, and when the democrats put up as a candidate, William J. Quigley, a native of the town and one of its ablest and most popular young men in the town, many of the republicans who wouldn't be coerced into voting for Ramsay crossed their ballots for Quigley and elected him, while Ramsay was left at home.

This year Ramsay aspired to be senator and assured his district that the Chelmsford affair had been forgotten and that he loved the voters of that district even better than before. But Ramsay wasn't nominated for senator, and then there came rumors of an attempt on the part of his friends to get square with the Chelmsford people for their action last year. It was thought that some move against Mr. Robbins, the Chelmsford candidate would be made. When, yesterday afternoon in the convention, Mr. Ramsay arose and seconded the nomination of Robbins, the delegates from the towns thought that all past differences were forgot.

There were no "forgets" with that crowd, however, and just before adjournment, Mr. Ramsay sprang the apportionment back to the original argument of 1896, which meant the taking away of Chelmsford's right to a candidate in 1902, leaving it only 1900, 1901 for candidates, neatly flim-flamming it out of one representative. Of course the country delegates were wrathy and demanded an explanation from Mr. Ramsay.

The only excuse that Mr. Ramsay gave them was that as Mr. Quigley was a Chelmsford man and was elected by the republicans of Chelmsford, he was properly Chelmsford's republican candidate; that his term, 1899, should be considered one term in Chelmsford's apportionment, and that 1900 and 1901 would fill out Chelmsford's three successive years.

The flim-flam was too barefaced not to be noticeable to even the most dense and the Chelmsford men fought for their just due, the three republican candidates in succession irrespective of what the democratic party might do.

The vote was taken, however, and Chelmsford men were robbed of their representation, the followers of Ramsay and Watson voting against them and only the supporters of Candidate McKinley giving them anything like a fair show.

It might be interesting for the Chelmsford republicans to know just how they were done. The convention was delayed nearly half an hour by the absence of six ward eight delegates. The plan to do Chelmsford had been cooked up by ward four and ward eight men, and the committee on credentials did not report until the ward eight vacancies were filled. The committee reported 61 delegates, 8 from ward five; 18 from seven; 25 from eight and 13 all told from the three towns. When the vote was called, the motion to change the allotment was favored by 32 votes, which included the entire eight delegates from ward four, and 24 of the 25 from ward eight, Chairman George of ward eight not voting. Against the motion were 16 votes, 13 from the town's and 3 McKinley men from ward seven, the other 15 declining to vote either way. Thus only ward seven was disposed to be at all fair with Chelmsford.

After the convention there was talk of what would happen to Mr. Robbins when the ward four and eight people got at him, and there was also talk of what the town voters will do to Mr. Watson on the same day and from all present accounts there will be all kinds of cutting on the republican side in the 25th district this year, while a united democracy will certainly help the cutters out in giving Rep. Quigley a second term, and if possible Messrs. Rourke and McNabb their first.

Overseer of the Poor James Gorman has begun an active battle for renomination in ward four. It will be his second term, and he has a fine record of one term to help him on to a second.

One man who was quite conspicuous by his absence from the 25th district convention yesterday was Rep. W. H. I. Hayes, who probably didn't quite feel able for the task of placing McKinley's name in nomination.



The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

SAUGUS RACES

Little Dick Wins the 2-16 Race

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SAUGUS, Oct. 18.—Everything was favorable for good racing yesterday at the Old Saugus track. The undivided 2:19 pace was finished in a single heat as only the winners started. Little Dick won out in the stretch in a close brush with Venora.

The 2:30 trot took five heats. C. W. B. Brandy Wine and Billie King fought every heat from wire to wire, but C. W. B. captured the money by taking three straight heats.

The 2:16 pace was a feature. Halo 2d, Yukon and Ned Wilkes went a dead heat in the second, making the mile in 2:15¾, the best event. Halo beat out Ned Wilkes in the fourth and Yukon in the fifth, thus splitting six heats among the three. Darkness caused its postponement.

The summary:

2:19 class, pacing; purse, $300. (concluded.)

Little Dick, b. g. by Don Pizarro (Palmer)	1	6	4	3	1 1
Venora	2	4	1	1	2 2
Brent Wells	7	1	3	8	7 3
The Duke	8	8	6	2	4 ds
Gambet	5	2	5	5	3 ro
M. S.	3	3	7	6	6 ro
Mars Chan	4	5	8	4	5 ro
Tommy L.	6	7	8	7	8 ro
Satan	9	ds			

2:16 class, trotting, purse, $300.

C. W. B., b. g. by Alcantara					
Brandy Wine (McDonald)	1	1	2	3	3
Billy King	2	2	1	1	1
Jon F	3	3	3	2	2
Lew Glenn	4	4	ds		

Time—2:21¼, 2:20½, 2:20, 2:20¾.

2:16 class, pacing; purse $300 (unfinished.)

Halo, 2d, b. m. by Gen. Hancock (Sanborn)	5	4	3	1	1
Yukon, b. g. by Garnet Wilkes (Warren)	1	6	2	3	2
Ned Wilkes, ch. g. by Wilkes (Cahill)	6	5	1	2	4
Ben Wilkes	2	3	4	4	3
Hallie Harndan	4	2	4	dr	
The Duke	3	3	ds		

Time—2:16¼, 2:16½, 2:16¼, 2:16, 2:17.

YOUNG FELLOWS

EASILY DEFEATED COLUMBIAS AT BOWLING.

The Young Fellows easily defeated the Columbias in the warmest tournament last evening and thus captured three points in standing. Henry Farrell, as usual, was high man, with a total of 374. Henry led the tournament with his first score made last week and now he has beaten his own record. The score:

YOUNG FELLOWS.

H. Farrell	2 80	153	141—374	19	16	1
Kelley	155	176	170—470	8	15	2
F. Farrell	151	142	105—402	3	12	0
O. Donohue	128	117	137—373	6	14	4
D. Donohoe	107	165	160—432	8	24	4
Totals	822	843		773-2438	35	71 23

COLUMBIAS.

Campbell	154	157	125—436	6	14	6
Chicken	171	139	107—417	3	13	9
G. Kelley	124	155	174—453	6	15	7
Simmons	115	135	1..—385	6	5	15
Howes	148	177	152—507	7	16	3
Totals	716	763	751-2243	27	64	37

CREAMER GETS 30 DAYS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

METHUEN, Oct. 18.—Chief of Police Gordon went to Boston Monday to testify before the grand jury in the case against Ernest C. Creamer, alias Allen, alias Long of this town. A bill was found against Creamer and in the afternoon he was arraigned in the United States circuit court before Judge Colt on the charge of using the United States mails to cheat and defraud. He pleaded guilty and the court imposed a sentence of 30 days in the Cambridge jail. This is considered a very light sentence. His mother had refunded the money collected by him on the advertisement inserted in the Boston papers and had also settled for the mileage book alleged to have been stolen by him from Kelly Bros., Lawrence.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

The foot ball game between the Nashua high and the Lowell high schools Friday afternoon promises to be an interesting one.

Dave O'Brien is playing good foot ball.

Arthur King would add great strength to the foot ball team, as he is a quick starter and a fast runner.

It is doubtful if the high school will have a basket ball team this season.

The outlook for a bowling league this winter is not very bright. There seems to be a lack of enthusiasm in this line.

The first hour will be omitted tomorrow.

Miss Ethel Clayton Ranker sang at the Union Mission church last Sunday.

NERVOUS EXHAUSTION

Headache, Pains in the Back, Depression of Spirits, Sleeplessness.

Many people have the above symptoms and treat themselves for Dyspepsia, or Rheumatism or Headache, when the real trouble is in the nerves. What you, dear sufferer, need is a strictly nerve medicine and that remedy is Dr. Hallock's Wonderful Electric Pills for weak, worn out, nervous people. Thoroughly tested for the past 50 years and never known to fail to cure all nervous affections in young or old. Dr. Hallock's Wonderful Electric Pills will nourish the nerves, build up the broken down constitution and impart new energy to flagging spirits, stimulate the ambitions and give any one nerves of steel. The Old Dr. Hallock Wonderful Electric Pills for weak, worn out, nervous people will stop that nervous headache. Pains in the back and shifting aches pass away under their magical influence. People who suffer from depression of spirits, awful forebodings, palpitation of the heart, should take Dr. Hallock's Wonderful Electric Pills. You will be delighted at the marked change the pills will produce. The "Blues" and the "Dark Future" will give place to a happy disposition and a realization of a bright future.

Dr. Hallock's Wonderful Electric Pills are perfectly safe to take. They do not contain narcotics. The pills are for sale by medicine dealers everywhere at $1 per box or 6 boxes, sufficient to cure the most obstinate cases, $5.

Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street, Lowell, Mass., or sent direct from laboratory prepaid to destination on receipt of price. Circulars free. Address HALLOCK DRUG CO., 119 Court street, Boston, Mass.

BOUT POSTPONED

Jeffries and Sharkey Will Meet Nov. 3

CHAMPION'S INJURED ARM THE CAUSE

Tom O'Rourke Will Not Claim Forfeit

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—The championship battle between James J. Jeffries and Thomas J. Sharkey has been postponed one week. Jeffries' right arm is badly strained and Dr. Reginald Sayre declared he will not be able to use it for anything like an emergency in less than the time named.

The big Californian came up to New York from Asbury park yesterday. He learned that no bones are out of place, and no ligaments are snapped, but the muscles are badly strained and swollen, and to go into the ring against such an opponent as Sharkey would be worse than suicide.

Sharkey has not trained any during the past two days pending the decision of Jeffries, but will go to work again today in earnest. He is now ready to fight for five cents or a king's ransom and it is only a question of keeping on edge.

O'Rourke was seen by a reporter and asked whether he had agreed to a postponement of the fight said: "I agreed to have the fight postponed a week and one week more of training will do Sharkey no harm."

CREEDON WHIPS READY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Dan Creedon the Australian walloped Pat Ready of Washington last night at the Broadway A. C. A swift uppercut toward the close of the eighth round touched the spot, and there was no fight in Ready when the count was up. Only a small crowd was present.

Ready led a light left that Creedon threw off when the first round started. The pair feinted all around the ring for an opening. Ready slammed his left on the wind. Creedon went in and Ready whipped his left to the ear and Creedon backed away. He came in again with the same result.

Ready ran into a stiff left in the second. Creedon drove in his left again and Ready crossed. They mixed and Ready fell. He took the rest. Ready was inside of Creedon's lead with a left. Creedon smashed his right to the jaw. Then he sent he same hand to the ribs.

Ready led with light left to body in third bringing up his right to the face. Creedon swung his right to the jaw. Ready reached his left to the same spot. Creedon smashed a left to the face and followed with right and left swings. They rocked Ready until he could barely raise his hands. Then he flung a left to the jaw and Ready fell like a log. He was up at time.

Ready kept away as best he could in the fourth.

Creedon waited his chance and sent Ready to the floor again with a terrific right swing. The gong saved the senator.

Ready was shifty in the next and avoiding the right, with which Creedon was trying to drop him.

Creedon planted his right on the head repeatedly in the sixth and three times Ready was dropped and took a limit.

Both were weary in the seventh. Creedon tried with his right, but was short. He followed Ready about. Ready whipped his right to the body. Creedon planted right and left to the body and Ready closed. Ready slammed a right to the face and then jolted the Australian with a left to the jaw.

Ready's left visited Creedon's face as the eighth opened. It reached again. Creedon was after him and smashed his left to the side and then to the head. Ready rushed but did nothing. He swung a left that landed and Creedon shot his another and Ready's left crossed. Ready reached with is left and backed away. He rushed into a mix and clinched.

As they broke, Creedon ripped up his right to the point of the jaw like a streak. Ready went down in a heap and writhed in a vain endeavor to get up. There was a second more to go after the 10 seconds were ticked off.

PURTELL KNOCKS OUT NEEDHAM.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LEADVILLE, Col., Oct. 18.—Two thousand persons saw Paddy Purtell knock out Danny Needham of St. Paul in the sixth round of one of the hardest battles ever fought here.

the ghastly terror of consumption stares a man in the face who neglects a cold.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

It's so simple to get rid of a cough or throat trouble by Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Acts like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.



REV. DR. WILLIAM H. P. FAUNCE NEW PRESIDENT OF BROWN UNIVERSITY.

TWO SAD DEATHS

Child Burned in Crib by Lighted Matches

A BROOKLINE CHILD HAD A LIKE DEATH

A Lesson to Parents About Stray Matches

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LACONIA, N. H., Oct. 18.—The little 4-year-old adopted daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Odell of Sanbornton met a tragic death yesterday.

The child was put upstairs to take its usual afternoon nap. While alone the little one got some matches and set a fire, and then innocently crept into her crib again to lie down to sleep.

After a time smoke permeated the house, giving the alarm. The room was entered by creeping along the floor beneath the dense smoke and the child removed.

The little one was untouched by fire, but life was extinct from suffocation.

The fire spread rapidly and burned two farm houses owned by Mr. Odell. The barns were saved by hard work. The loss will be from $2000 to $2600, partially covered by insurance.

ANOTHER CHILD BURNED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 18.—A sad tragedy, enacted under most distressing and mysterious circumstances, which deprived Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Ueber Perkins of Walnut street, Brookline, of the joy of their home, a baby boy of 21 months, occurred at the residence of Mr. Perkins Saturday afternoon.

The father of the child is in the insurance business on Kilby street, Boston, and is reputed to be one of the wealthy residents of Brookline. His home in Walnut place is such as only a man of means could maintain. Saturday morning last, Mr. Perkins came to Boston as usual, and later in the day Mrs. Perkins joined him in order that they might together witness the parade and exercises in honor of Admiral Dewey.

Upon leaving home the mother left her infant son in the care of a nurse, with instructions such as only a mother can give regarding precautions for his safety. This was not due to any lack of confidence in the nurse, but it seems rather in the nature of something prompted by an intuitive sense of impending harm to the child.

A few hours elapsed without incident and the little boy, who had been christened John Anthony Perkins, lay quietly and contented in his cradle on the second floor, while the nurse, little dreaming of the presence in the chamber of the specter of death, sat beside him. Presently, however, she realized that the time had arrived when he should receive his customary afternoon nourishment, and she left the room and went down stairs to prepare it for her precious charge. This was the last time she saw the little fellow alive.

The child evidently got matches and started a fire in his crib in which he was burned to a crisp. The funeral occurred yesterday, and the parents are heartbroken.

ALLAN LINE.

NEW YORK to GLASGOW
Via Londonderry.
From company's Pier, foot West 21st St., New York.

Numidian, Oct. 7, Nov. 11. State of Nebraska Oct. 14, Nov. 18. Mongolian Oct. 28, Dec. 2.

First Cabin, $45 to $65 single. $85 to $117 round trip. Second cabin, $30 single, $57 return. Steerage, $23.50; prepaid, $24.

Glasgow and Boston, via Londonderry and Galway: Second Cabin, $30 prepaid; Steerage, $24 prepaid.

For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allen, 92 State street, Boston, or

Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

For Women.

Dr. Tolman's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women; have never had a single failure; longest cases relieved in 2 to 5 days without fail; no other remedy will do this; no pain, no danger, no interference with work; by mail or at office $2. write for further particulars. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. E. M. TOLMAN CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

FOR GENUINE BARGAINS IN

Household Furniture

YOU SHOULD CALL AT

PETER DAVEY'S, on Market St.

He is selling the best and most economical Refrigerators and Ice Chests; the Crescent has no superior for a cold blast. Also a full line of Baby Carriages will be closed out at almost Cost Prices.

Call and examine before purchasing.

PETER DAVEY,

134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer

TELEPHONE. RESIDENCE—458-2. STORE—314-2.



Fifty Cents Per Box

TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.

Stop forever all weakening drains, feel the brain, replace wasted tissues and send rich, life-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it. The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, &c., a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold), $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Ten R. I. P. A. N. S. for five cents at druggists. One gives relief.

WAGONS—I will sell a high grade Democrat, Concord, top buggy and spring wagon, less than cost, also new and second-hand wagons and carriages very low. Libby, 69 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—In Belvidere, cottage house, small barn and large lot of land; this is a bargain. Price $1350. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On the Boulevard and Varnum avenue, some of the best building lots in Lowell for a home. Very low and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—At a low price, cottage house with large lot of land near Salem street. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central st.

FOR SALE—On Moody street, one of the best boarding and lodging houses in Lowell. Lots of boarders and a good place to make money. Price very low. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On line of cars, small farm of 10 acres of good land with lots of fruit, fair house and barn. Price only $600. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Bridge street, good house of 10 rooms, good sized lot of land. Price only $3500. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MICHAEL GROSSE, the Original and Celebrated Whistler will furnish music with the finest Hurdy-Gurdy in the country. The best of dancing music that can be had and the latest music plays for dances, parties, balls, etc., at reasonable rates. Michael Grosse, 15 Tyler street, Lowell.

LEONA—Celebrated card reader and palmist, has returned, can be consulted on love, marriage and business at 7 Merrimack street, room 7.

MADAM VONNIE the celebrated palmist and life reader reveals past, present and future. Call and be convinced. 53 Elliot street. Ladies, 50c; gentlemen, $1.00. Office hours from 2 p. m. until 9 p. m.

MRS LAUGHLIN, late of New York, the wonderful seer, born with a double veil, can be consulted on all affairs of life, at 119 Merrimack street, for a short time only. Hours 10 to 10. Sittings, 50c. Card reading, 25c. Sittings by mail, $1.00.

DR. J. H. Bruton of 101 Grand street has removed to 32 Jackson street.

BEST Cash and highest prices for second-hand furniture at 462 Merrimack street. Tel. 384-4.

WATER CLOSETS and bath tubs from $5 up. All first class plumbing at lowest prices. J. H. Barry, 495 Market street.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOPLE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS, upon their own names, without security, easy payments. TOLMAN, room 20, Associate Building.

WE WILL EITHER Buy or store second hand furniture at No. 50 Charlon street. When we buy we pay the highest price and make a specialty of auction sales. Will be on premises every day from 2 to 6 p. m. E. O'Heir, attorney.

RUBBER STAMPS — At wholesale prices. 1 inch one line stamps 10; 1½ inch 15c; 32c ink pads 25c; 25c ink pads 15c; 50c linen markers 25c; business stamps 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 168 Merrimack street.

A WONDERFUL WOMAN.

Madam Oler, the clairvoyant, the queen of life readers, the most marvelous of all marvels, nothing like it ever witnessed before. Madam Oler is not to be thought of in connection with that class who use a real or nominal power of clairvoyants as a means of misleading or deceiving the public.

No matter what troubles you may have with yourself or others, come and she will guide you, she will advise you with a certainty by a higher than human power.

Honest, fearless and capable, she is the foremost medium of the day.

Her readings are most wonderful and of the highest order. The troubled and unfortunate should seek her counsel. Thousands long separated have been reunited by her efforts. Call and be convinced of her superior power. Advice on business, love and marriage, law suits, divorces, death. Uniting the separated, restoring lost love. Not one failure. I am at the Hon Marche. Room 41. Take the Elevator. From 9 to 9. Sundays, 2 till 9.

$1.00 reading this week, 50c.

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

Office, 22 Shattuck St., Cor. Middle.

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. R. RAYMOND, Clerk,

DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Spaulding, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, Edward M. Burke.

Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

Peter J. Brady, Grocer.

NEW STORE:
Cor. Gorham and South Highland Streets.

Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices.

Try our New Brands of Flour, the Best in the City, "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold," and Bouquet."

Stable Pails

15 Cents.

25c.

35c.

Stable Pails

50 Cents.

C. B. Coburn & Co.

63 Market Street.

WANTED.

WANTED—House Girls at the Employment office, 854 Gorham street.

$10 A DAY CAN BE MADE CLIPPING Horses with our New Bicycle Clipper Attachment. Fits any bicycle; Price $3.75. Anyone can clip with it. Send for catalogue. It will pay young men to investigate this. Chicago Flexible Shaft Co., 153 Huron Street, Chicago or 97 Chambers street, New York.

WILL THE PERSON who found the revolver in the gentlemen's toilet room of the Middlesex street station Monday morning kindly return same to Officer Gauley at the police station and be rewarded.

WANTED—Woman with dependent family wishes position of trust, would take charge of store and have use of a few unfurnished rooms connected with same in part payment. Experienced nurse or housekeeper. Good references. Apply at 18 Walnut street.

WANTED—A Good Wife—A gentleman with four children, ages 8, 10, 13 and 15, wishes to correspond with a good and respectable lady of about 35 or 40 years of age, has a good home in town and a farm in the country. Please write and send photo of self and state your circumstances. Address to Box 117, Copemish, Michigan.

WOMEN Weavers wanted at once on satines; either fulfilles or single women. Steady work. Good pay. Inexperienced families will be taken in and learned or families who have worked in cotton mills. Address B. M. Co., Box 353, Worcester, Mass.

WANTED—Experienced house girl. Must be capable and neat. No other need apply. Call at Sun office.

WANTED—Stone Masons and derrick man at once. Apply 51 Middlesex street, room 1, this afternoon or evening, W. H. Ward.

WANTED—Thomas Doss, 153 Merrimack street, opposite Bon Marche, wants reliable domestic help, all nationalities, white or colored.

WHEN you want a nice stiff hat and nice fit, come to De Lorme, 261 Middlesex street.

WANTED—Salesman drumming Lithographers, printers, etc., can add line wherein N. Y. man earns $1500 yearly. Free outfit. P. O. 1371, New York.

WANTED—Old and young men to bring their old hats to Delorme, the hatter. The only hatter in town where they make hats to order. 261 Middlesex street.

CALL AT GONZALES, the Cutter, 128 Gorham street, if you want a first-class razor or strop. He has the new Xavier razor which excels all others. Razors concaved and honed.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

TO LET.

TENEMENT—Of five rooms, 48 Fremont street. Rent $7. Call 53 Central street, room 7.

TO LET—Tenement of 6 rooms at 103 Powell street, near Shaw's Hosiery. Inquire at 103 Powell street.

TO LET—Tenement with barn at 39 Fourth avenue, Pawtucketville.

TO LET—A pleasant room where the sun shines in all day, suitable for an invalid lady. Furnace heat, bath, hot and cold water, corner of Tolman avenue and Mammoth road. Rent reasonable. The lady of the house is a trained nurse.

TO LET—Some first-class tenements in all parts of the city. Apply to A. G. Beharrell, Room 8, Bon Marche Block.

TO LET—A convenient 4-room tenement. Inquire at 70 Chestnut street.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 127 Central St., Opposite American House.

COUNSELLOR—AT—LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack street,

PHOTOGRAPHERS

W. A. LEW, 49 John St,

CLOTHING CLEANED, DYED AND PRESSED

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 372 Bridge St.

MEATS AND PROVISIONS

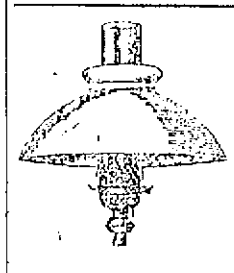
LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A gold watch with monogram L. S. Saturday afternoon between Merrimack and Central street. Finder return to 7 Clark street and receive reward.

NEW CONFECTIONERY STORE

218 Merrimack Street

Will open this afternoon with tons of Pure Candies. Everything bright, fresh, and new. Do not fail to call today and purchase your candies for Sunday.



INCANDESCENT GAS LAMPS and MANTLES,

BURNERS, SHADES, CHIMNEYS AND GLASSWARE.

Wholesale and Retail.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 Central Street.

NOTICE.

We have just received a large line of up-to-date Goods. Clocks, Rich Cut Glass and a complete line of Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry. Ask to see our 65c. Umbrellas. We are headquarters for Fine Watch Repairing. Eyes examined free, by F. E. Walker, Optician.

J. D. Grant

64 Merrimack Street.

This is the Season for Ball Parties and Weddings

And of course it is quite necessary to have a supply of sweet bread for these occasion, and Peter Watson's, the king baker of the city, is the place to get your Bakery Supplies. There is none better in the city than you can get at

PETER WATSON'S Home Made Bakeries

52 to 60 Charles St.,
46 Lawrence St.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE SUN ON SALE IN BOSTON.

The five o'clock edition of The Sun is on sale at the news stand in the Union Station, Boston.

V. A. MARET.

Merchant-Tailor, Dyeing, Cleansing, Repairing, Pressing, etc. Goods called for and returned. 49 Cheever street, Lowell.

YOUR SUGAR BILL

Will be much less if you trade with us. 19 lbs. best granulated for $1.00. Delivered free to our tea and coffee customers. Dickson Bros., 68 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Steamship tickets to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown, Liverpool and all parts of the world sold on the Cunard Dominion, White Star, American Anchor, Allan, French and German lines. Drafts issued for £1 and upwards on Ireland, England and all parts of Europe. English sovereigns bought and sold at Murphy's, steamship agency, 18 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Try Horne's Coal.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Hot advertising—Stanley's coal.

Have you had Petham cigars?

Dress Suit cases at Devine's.88 Merk.

Coat Maker Wanted, 49 Cheever St. Telephone 823-3.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 394-4.

And now about coal. We can sell you any of the standard grades as low as they can be sold. D. T. Sullivan, 984 Gorham St. Tel. 713-2.

City treasurer's office will be open for receipt of taxes on the evenings of Monday, Tuesday, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 9, 10, 13 and 14, and on evenings of Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday Thursday and Friday, Oct. 16 to 20, inclusive from 7 to 9.

LABOR NEWS

The committee appointed at the last regular meeting of the woolen spinners' union to make preparations for a smoke talk, met last night at Bay State hall. The smoke talk will be given Nov. 7, and all the woolen spinners of the city are cordially invited to be present. Refreshments will be served.

The Carpenters' union met last night in Spinners' hall and admitted 25 men to membership. A committee was appointed to wait on the master builders in an effort to induce them to recognize the union.

The Carders and Pickers' union was addressed last night by President George Conley of the Mule Spinners' union. Mr. Conley congratulated them on their recent rapid growth in members, finance and influence and assured them that it is their destiny to become the strongest link in the chain of the textile unions. As a mule spinner he felt a just pride in finding them in pleasant, well furnished quarters for it is a proof that the efforts of the mule spinners and their example has had good results with their brothers and sisters of the card room. Messrs. Coppinger, Frayne and Callaghan entertained the members with appropriate songs that received the tumultuous plaudits of the members and they were given a rising vote of thanks. Fifteen new members were admitted and the union voted to postpone the pending social until Saturday, Nov. 7, 1899. After the meeting an hour was spent in dancing to the music of Vezina's orchestra by the members and their guests.

Pay your taxes now and avoid interest.

ANOTHER BREAK

Said to Have Been Made Saturday Night

BARBER ARRESTED FOR ASSAULT

Mr. Batchelder Finds His Pocket Book

It is now reported that an attempt was made last Saturday night to break into the house of Frank E. Flint, 18 Belmont street, in the Highlands.

When questioned last night concerning the report Capt. Kew stated that a telephone message was received at the police station at a late hour Saturday night stating that an attempt had been made to enter the house but that when he investigated he came to the conclusion that it was a false alarm notwithstanding the fact that the women servants who were alone in the house at the time with the child, declared that they had heard someone at the back door and windows.

Capt. Kew says the women found the back door unlocked and that they shut and locked it and then went to an up stairs window and gave an alarm by calling to some of the neighbors. He also says that if there had been any person at the rear of the house he must have made his escape past the front of the house for there was no sign of a track in the back yard.

The next night it was again reported that a man was seen at a late hour sitting on the back fence apparently sizing up the premises but that he was scared off before making any attempt to break and enter.

MONEY GONE.

The pocketbook which was picked from George W. Batchelder's pocket, Saturday, while he was boarding a car in the square, a story of which appeared in Monday's Sun, was found in a Prescott street doorway later and taken to the police station. The thieves took the money from the purse before throwing it away.

EXCITING CHASE.

Patrolman John A. Walsh had a warrant for the arrest of a man yesterday noon and the latter taking to his heels, they had an exciting race from Tilden street to the Tremont and Suffolk mills. The officer won in an exciting finish.

ARRESTED FOR ASSAULT.

Patrick J. Costello, a barber, was arrested yesterday by Officer Redmond Welch for assault and battery on an Armenian barber on Charles street.

FOR EMBEZZLEMENT.

Deputy Moffatt brought from Cambridge last night a man named George Milmolel who is charged by a woman named Mary Chase, with having embezzled nearly $5000 from her.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

Has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Dr. COMAN DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

BURKES AND P.A.C.

Will Battle For Basket Ball Supremacy

AT ASSOCIATE HALL FRIDAY NIGHT

An Exciting Game is Anticipated

On next Friday night the patrons of basket ball will have an opportunity of witnessing one of the greatest games ever played in Lowell. The contesting teams will be the champion Burkes and the strong P. A. C. team and the game will be played at Associate Hall as the feature of the annual harvest fete of the Mathews.

The game promises to be a corker in every respect and will undoubtedly be the most hotly contested basket ball game ever played in this city. The reason for this assumption is the fact that great rivalry exists between the opposing teams and as victory means everything, both teams will play, for all they are worth to win.

The Burkes are the champions of Lowell and their right to the championship cannot be questioned. They defeated all opposing teams for the title last season including the P. A. C. and in consequence the coveted title is theirs until they are defeated by a local team. The Burkes have been the champion of the city for four years, since they were organized.

The most conspicuous aspirants for the title this season are the P. A. C. They say they are going to win it, too. That, however, is a matter of conjecture. While their rivals from the other side of the river may be determined, it is safe to wager that the Burkes with a stronger team than ever, are not going to dispense with their laurels so easily as some people think. On the other hand they are just as determined they will retain the championship, as their opponents are the coming game are that they will gain it, as there you are.

At all events it will be a great game and one worth witnessing. Both teams have been training faithfully for more than a month in preparation for the contest and when they get on the floor Friday night, it is expected that they will be in fine shape. They will need to be certainly.

But who will win?

That is a very delicate question to discuss at this time, to be sure, but there are opinions and prophecies in all lines of sport, and basket ball, I am sure, is no exception. The admirers of the champions, of course, one and all can see only the Burkes winning and with the P. A. admirers it is P. A. C. in a walk. This, however, is only to be expected.

That both teams are pretty evenly matched goes without saying, yet the Burkes have a slight advantage over the Pawtucketville boys. From all reports the Burkes have been playing much faster than their coming opponents in practice.

The P. A. C. are handicapped by the loss of adequate quarters for practice as the Burkes were until within the past three weeks.

The P. A. C. players are crowded up in a little gym, where they can only play a close game and when they get into a large hall such as the Burkes use, they are bewildered for a time. With the Burkes this back practice room does not exist. They practice two nights each week in Urban hall where the floor space is entirely inadequate for the game to be played as it should be. There is plenty of room and the boys can do some fine passing and work several other good plays, which would be impossible at the Burkes own gymnasium. You will find that their practicing in Urban hall will be a big advantage for the Burkes in the coming game.

The P. A. C. rooters say their team will have a decided advantage over the Burkes on the baskets. They claim that the champions have been accustomed to play with 14-inch baskets, while the P. A. C. have always played with the 15-inch and as 18-inch baskets are going to be used in Friday's game, the Pawtucketville team will be more accustomed to the baskets than their opponents.

No doubt the Burkes have played but very few games when the 18-inch baskets were used. And the P. A. C. have always used the 15-inch baskets. But it is only fair to reason that if the Burkes can roll up such large scores as they have been with the small baskets, why can't they make a still larger score with larger baskets, as the 18-inch are. While the Burkes have not played many games with the 18-inch, yet in practice they always use two 14-inch and two 15-inch baskets, so they ought to be quite accustomed to the large baskets.

Both teams will play their strongest players. The P. A. C. will in all likelihood have "Abby" Allard at centre, Mike Mack and Jack Halloran as guards, and John Dixon as forwards. These are the best players that the P. A. C. are capable of putting on the floor and all of them are capable of giving a good account of themselves.

The Burkes, will, like their opponents, have their best players on the floor. At centre they will have Jack O'Neil while the forwards will be the little phenom, "Pete" Reagan and John Tierney, and Bill Kelleher and either Neville or Bill Marley will play guards. The latter has until this season always been a member of the P. A. C. team. He was not satisfied, however, with the way the affairs of the team were being managed and left it. He was considered one of the best players in the team and is one of the best guards in the state. Marley was not long idle, when Manager Redmond signed him for the Burkes. That he will greatly strengthen the team is a fact admitting of no debate. He may play only one half and the only Bill Neville the other. Neville needs no other introduction to the local basket ball lovers. He played great ball all last season and was considered one of the best players in Massachusetts. He is not yet in fit condition, however.

If the Burkes think that they are going to have a walkover, they are gravely mistaken, for the P. A. C. are going to give them the battle of their lives. The champions, however, are not over confident and are leaving no stone unturned in the way of getting into the best possible shape for the game. Both teams are confident and are fit for the game of their lives.

The game will be refereed by that well known basket ball authority, Dr. Urban Howers of Hudson. He has no favorites in either team and will give both an equal deal, which means that the best team will win.

MATRIMONIAL.

Mr. Timothy Vincent Wholly and Miss Elizabeth Veracunda Skeffington were united in matrimony yesterday morning at 11 o'clock at the parochial residence of St. Patrick's parish, Rev. John J. McHugh performing the matrimonial ceremony.

The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Catharine Skeffington, and the best man was Horace Flynn of Fitchburg, a cousin of the groom.

The ceremony was followed by a reception at the home of the bride's parents, 63 Mt. Grove street, where the numerous friends and relatives of the contracting parties gathered to wish them good luck and partake of the refreshments.

The young couple left on the 1.40 train for Orange, N. J., where they will reside for a short time. They will be at home to their friends at their new home on South Loring street in about two weeks.

HANSBURY—FOY.

Mr. James W. Hansbury and Miss Anna M. Foy were joined in marriage last evening at 6.30 o'clock at St. Peter's parochial residence Rev. Michael Conan officiating. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Julia G. Foy, and Mr. Joseph Hansbury, a brother of the groom, was best man. The bride looked charming in a gray traveling dress and carried bride's roses. The bridesmaid was attired in a becoming dress of blue silk and wore white pinks.

Immediately after the marriage ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, 469 Pine street. A bountiful wedding repast was served by the D. L. Page company. Among the out-of-town guests present were Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Foy of Hillsboro Bridge, N. H., and Miss Kittie Mason of Springfield.

At about nine o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Hansbury took their departure for an extended honeymoon which will include New York and Old Point Comfort. Upon their return they will reside at 488 Fletcher street where they will be at home to their friends Thursdays in December.

MERCIER—PIGEON.

At the parochial residence of St. Jean de Baptiste church, yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, Mr. Joseph A. Mercier and Miss Ida Pigeon were united in marriage by Rev. Fr. Perron, O. M. I.

Miss Evangeline Demers was bridesmaid. The bride wore white silk muslin over silk and carried bride's roses. The bridesmaid wore a like costume and carried pink roses. Mr. Edward Mercier, nephew of the groom, was best man. A wedding supper was served from 4 to 6 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, 129 Summer street.

A reception was held in the evening and the guests were entertained with vocal and instrumental music. Among the out-of-town friends present were: Mr. Romeo Godbois of Worcester and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Smith of Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. Mercier left Lowell on a late train bound for Boston. They will also visit New York and Washington and will be at home to their friends at 3 West Eleventh street after Nov. 15.



CHARLES E. MACRUM, UNITED STATES CONSUL IN THE TRANSVAAL, TO WHOM IS INTRUSTED THE CARE OF BRITISH INTERESTS THERE DURING THE WAR.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

Only routine business was transacted at the regular meeting of Garfield colony, U. O. P. F., last night.

At the regular meeting of Oberlin lodge, I. O. O. F., last night, the first degree was conferred on three candidates.

Routine business only was transacted at the regular meeting of Lincoln lodge, I. O. O. F., last night.

There was a large attendance at the meeting of Lowell commandery Knights of Malta, last night. The Malta degree was worked on eight candidates and ten applications were received.

Only regular business was transacted last night at the regular meeting of Samuel H. Hines lodge, K. of P.

One candidate was initiated at the regular meeting of Court Samuel de Champlain, F. of A. last night.

Five candidates were initiated and six propositions received last night at the regular meeting of Star of Lowell circle, C. of F.

Eirene lodge of Good Templars recently appointed the following committees to have charge of the coming public entertainment: Hector Turnbull, Frank Kipp, Robert Smith, Charles A. L. Dane, G. S. Tilton, Jr., Thomas A. Dickson, A. W. Snow, Robert Day, Mrs. Ada E. Craigie, Mrs. Eva Johnson, Mrs. Lizzie Woodman, Misses Leola Craigie, Jessie Frost, Etta Bernhardt and Cora Burton.

FUNERAL OF MR. LYONS.

The funeral of Mr. J. F. M. Lyons, the Boston newspaper man, who died at St. John's hospital from injuries sustained in a runaway accident, took place from his late home in Dorchester yesterday, the Boston newspaper and insurance fraternities being largely represented. Interment was in Mt. Auburn cemetery.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS



The most valuable medicine for all Stomach Ills is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It has hundreds of dangerous imitators. Be sure you get the genuine if you want to get rid of dyspepsia or any stomach ill.



This is a good time to attend to your TEETH. If you need a tooth filled or a new set of teeth, go to the Lowell Dental Rooms. You can avoid wearing a plate if you go to Dr. Simmons, Dentist, 219 Central street. The best teeth $8.00. Tooth relet on new base $5.00.

DR. MARTEL'S BOOK. "Relief for Women" Sent free, in plain, sealed envelope. Write to-day for this Book, containing Portraits and Testimonials of DR. MARTEL'S French Female Pills. Praised by thousands of satisfied ladies as safe, always reliable and without any equal. Sold by all druggists, or mailed by French Drug Co., 381 & 383 Pearl St., New York City.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand. PENNYROYAL PILLS Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Sq., PHILADA., PA. Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. General Agents.

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

The Central Street Store, Centrally Located,

Offers This Week

Handsome Plaids, New Black Dress Goods, New Shades in Satin, Prunella Cloth, Poplins, Serges, Cheviots, Imperial Twill Homespuns, Camel Hair, Coverts, etc.

Your careful inspection of our very large stock of both Black and Colors in Dress Goods is earnestly solicited.

We are without question giving our customers the very best value in Black Storm Serge at 59c a yard, and Black Cheviot at 50c a yard, ever offered in Lowell.

Black Camel Hair is the coming thing for Suits or Separate Skirts. Its a little rough, very glossy handsome Black and our price is only $1.25 a yard. Boston houses get $1.50 for same goods.

If you would see our Black Storm Serge, (English goods) 54 inch wide, which we are selling at 95c a yard, you would be satisfied to buy without spending time to look elsewhere.

We've got the best line of Plaids in Lowell, (so say the ladies) the prices range from 25c to $1.50 per yard; and our line of Plaids at 49c contains the choicest styles in town. Come and see.

Our reputation of having the best line of Black Crepons, the handsomest designs and dainty patterns still holds good. Would like to show you some of the choice bargains at $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 a yard; worth 25c a yard more.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Notwithstanding the warm and rather unfavorable weather, our Basement is doing its share of business, and a little more in Blankets and Comfortables. There is good reason for it too. Prices when they are all right always draw the people.

Come to the Popular Low Price Bargain Giving House.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

CENTRAL STREET STORE.

ACKNOWLEDGED HEADQUARTERS

Bon Marché

HEADQUARTERS FOR NOTIONS, FANCY GOODS AND DRESS TRIMMINGS.

We can tell quite a story on Millinery—This store conceded "The Millinery Store." The most stupendous assortment of Hats an d Hat Trimmings ever shown in Lowell. Paris, London, New York, and Berlin latest styles are shown as fast as brough tout. Our odd little prices are quite a feature.

Dress Makers' Supplies, Dress Trimmings, Notions Fancy Goods

SMALL WARES.

Hump hook and eye, black and white, 5c card.

4-yard piece dress bottom braid, 8c piece.

Brush binding, all colors and black, 5c yard.

Cantopen hooks and eyes, black and white, 1c card.

100-yard spool silk, all colors and black, 5c spool.

Best waste silk put up in card boxes, all colors and black, 5c box.

New home linen fine thread, 3c spool.

Bone buttons, all colors, 2 dozen on card, 5c card.

Fancy black buttons, 2 dozen on card, 2c card.

Brooks' thread, 100 yards, all colors, black and white, 3c spool.

Le Bon Ton dress stays will never break, rust or push through the ends, 10c set.

Buttonhole twist, all colors and black, 12c a dozen spools.

200 yards basting cotton, 2c spool.

Velveteen binding, 4-yard pieces, a 10c quality, not all colors, 7c piece.

Dress shields, 10c pair.

Ball and socket fastener, 25c a doz.

1-2 doz. spool silk, black and white, 25c spool.

1 doz. spool silk, black and white, 42c a spool.

Button sets for backs of skirts, 25c a set.

Taffeta binding, black and colors, 12 1-2c roll.

The famous Warren Featherbone, gros grain silk, covered, all colors, black and white, 15c a yard.

NOTIONS.

10 packages hair pins, 5c.

Fancy silk elastic, all colors, 15c

Pins, full count, 2c paper.

Kingston safety pins, No. 1, for 4c dozen.

Kingston safety pins, No. 2, 6c dozen.

Pin tablet, 4 dozen on card, heads warranted not to come off, black, white and colors, 5c card.

Darning cotton, 1c card.

Cubes of pins, 5c cube.

Thimbles, all kinds, 5c.

Hair pins, assorted in box, 5 styles, all for 10c box.

Needle cases, contains crochet, darning and machine needles, also 14 hat pins, all for 15c.

Mourning pins, 2 boxes for 5c.

Morse & Kaley mending worsteds 5c ball.

Side elastics, fancy and plain black, 10c pair.

The hook-on hose supporters, with bodice, metal hook, 19c pair.

Madam Loui hair crimpers, 5c bunch.

Fine tooth combs, 5c each.

Pocket hair combs, small size, 3c each.

Large rubber and horn hair combs 10c each.

Goodyear unbreakable hair combs, 19c each.

Tooth brushes, 5c.

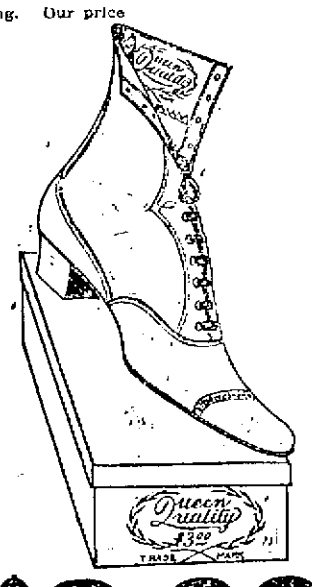
Curling tongs, 5c.

Hair brushes 10c.

A good bristle Hair Brush for 25c.

TYPES of FEET

There are several distinct types of feet the "Crooked" the "Straight" the "Long and Thin," the "Short and Thick," the "High Arched" the "Bow arched." Queen quality shoes furnish special shapes for these various types. That is why woman find in these shoes a delightful ease in walking. Our price



$3.00

SOROSIS SHOES the new shoe for women, $3.50. New fall lasts all in. We are sole agents.

MEN'S SHOES. Still we can fit you in Men's Box Calf and Patent Leather Shoes. Box Calf, $4.00, now $2.69. Patent leather, $3.50, now $2.25.

DRESS TRIMMINGS

No question about it. We are headquarters for Dress Trimmings.

Special lots of corded and tucked all over silks in black, white and colors, at 98c, $1.49, $1.97, $2.49, and $2.98 a yard.

BRAID TRIMMINGS in all the new and fancy designs in blacks at very low prices commencing at 19c a yard and running upwards to 98c a yard.

NARROW GIMP TRIMMINGS. We make a specialty of narrow gimp trimmings in white and colors. Start the price at 5c and run up to 25c yard.

PLAIN BRAID TRIMMINGS. These are very desirable. Used extensively for skirt trimmings, all widths, 1/8 to 2 1-2 inches wide in black and colors. The prices talk, sell—1c yard to 39c yd.

FUR TRIMMINGS Great variety including Mink, Persian, Sable, Marten, Astrachan, Thibet, Skunk, Angora, Swansdown, Beaver, Coney, Black and Brown Bear, Lambswool, Opossum, Chinchilla and Electric Seal, etc., in various widths. A selection to suit "most anybody" at prices ranging from 25c to $2.00 per yard.

JET BELTS. Immense variety lots, cut, bodice and fancy clasp at prices from 39c to $2.00. These are very stylish in popular prices. We can scarcely meet the demand. Also the black corded silk belts, they are among the late arrivals. The price is 59c.

JET TRIMMINGS—Never any more used than now for better dresses and the spangle. All our laces and trimmings are very stylish, our line most replete. The prices a feature, 10c and almost any price as high as $5 a yard anyway.

FANCY GOODS.

All linen stamped tray cloths, 25c.

New embroidered hemstitched doylies in all shades of embroidery, size 11 x12, 25c.

A very large assortment of veilings at prices that the people like, judging from our sales. The newest thing is the large dots. Our price 25c yard.

We have a tremendous assortment of handkerchiefs. See the hand drawn all linen handkerchiefs, our special at 12 1-2c.

Initial handkerchiefs at 18 1-2c.

A regular 15c, fine embroidered handkerchief now 2 for 25c.

VERY SPECIAL! A very pretty Japanette handkerchief with neat silk initial and lace inserted corner, 5c.

Fancy tinted table covers, with fringe to match, 25c.

Art prints one lot mounted in a variety of subjects, only 5c.

Matted art prints, beautiful pictures, various subjects, 10c.

All linen stamped tray cloths 18 1-2c

Eureka knitting silk, 35c spool, for 12 1-2c.

Pretty sash buckles in jet, gilt, steel, silver, enamel, grey and fancy stone, our price 25c.

The new "ZaZa" comb, in shell our price 49c.

See the stone rings we sell at 17c.

Special sale of perfume, Hicksecker's Renaud's and Browns at 21c an ounce. Special counter front of main entrance.

STORY ABOUT CLOAKS.

Scheyer, Potts & Co.'s Stock to be placed on Sale Friday. Read Friday's Papers.

ABOUT INFANTS' WARE.

Children's Bonnets, Coats and Dresses. Special showing just now. Going fast.

ALL READ IT. Rich and poor, high and low, read The Sun and freely conceed it to be Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

THE LOWELL SUN

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22ND YEAR. LOWELL, MASS. WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1899. 8 PAGES 1 CENT

NIGHT EDITION

SIX O'CLOCK.

HERBERT MYRICK

Principal Speaker at Anti-Imperialist Conference

J. STERLING MORTON PRESIDED

Friends Give More Business Than Enemies

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Delegates to the Anti-Imperialistic conference at Central Music Hall held the second day's session today and resumed the task of completing the organization of a national anti-imperialistic league.

J. N. Sterling Morton of Nebraska presided. The speaker of the morning was Herbert Myrick of Springfield, Mass. Mr. Myrick said:

"It is a fundamental error to assume that imperialism, militarism, despotism or any such sacrifice of our principles of government means added burdens at home and new sources of disaster of domestic industry with corresponding restrictions upon foreign commerce. Treat the Philippines as we are treating Cuba. Help the Filipinos to independence under the protectorate of the United States, just as we are pledged to do for the Cubans. Immediately war will cease; friendship will displace enmity. In the Philippines industry and commerce will revive. The material, social, intellectual and political development will be by leaps and bounds. The present cost to the United States in men and money will cease. The islands will speedily become self-supporting. Soon they will be able to repay $20,000,000 and other millions we have expended upon them. Thereafter they will be no expense to us. Meanwhile the United States will be gaining every advantage in the way of trade.

"Friends will give us more business than enemies.

"Without sacrifice of American ideal we should possess greater advantages in the east than could possibly accrue from the most complete success of imperialism and subjugation. The immediate effect of free trade between the east and west Indies and the United States would be to seriously jeopardize American agriculture. The cigar and tobacco industry in the United States, both its culture and manufacture, must be obliterated if cigars and leaf come in duty free from the tropics. Our domestic sugar producing industry cannot stand up against free sugar from Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines. The vital issue, therefore, is shall the entire industrial and political policy of the United States be revolutionized for the benefit of a single monopoly—the sugar refiners' trust—or shall this policy be maintained and enable us to put into the pockets of our own American farmers in these continental United States the $160,000,000 annually sent abroad to pay for imported sugar? Shall we foster the sugar industry abroad to the destruction of sugar production at home?

"The west and south would be sadly held back in their development by any policy that might thus interfere with the largest growth of these other phases of their agriculture. I firmly believe that we should annex the arid west instead of the tropics. A few millions for federal storage reservoirs and irrigation would yield vastly greater returns to the United States than Oriental trade. The competition of tropical agriculture will injure our farmers at least a thousand-fold more than development of the arid west or of the as yet untouched resources of our own south and southwest. Our home trade is ten times as valuable as our foreign commerce—our life here infinitely more important to us than conditions abroad. Let us first cherish the former without neglect of the latter."

PAINE SPEAKS

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE ADDRESSED RALLY AT BROOKFIELD

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BROOKFIELD, Oct. 18.—The democrats of this section of the state opened the campaign last night with an enthusiastic rally, Robert Treat Paine, Jr., democratic candidate for governor, being the principal speaker. The meeting was called to order by President Messinger of the Central Massachusetts Bimetallic club. He spoke briefly, introducing Mr. Paine, who, in the course of his remarks, said:

"The other night I suggested that Dewey should be sent to the Philippines with full power. I know that this is placing country above party, for he can bring order out of discord and establish an autonomous government under our protection. If he does this he will save the republican party from the crushing defeat in 1900 which surely awaits it if it keeps blundering along its present course.

"But he will not be sent—and why? Because the administration, the country begins to realize, is looking after its own political advantage first. It fears lest his success would make him president in spite of himself."

The next speaker was E. Gerry Brown of Brockton, the democratic candidate for auditor. Ex-Gov. Chamberlain, candidate for representative in the 5th Worcester district, was supposed to be one of the speakers of the evening, but he was kept at home on account of the inclemency of the weather. A letter regretting his inability to be present was read from Mr. John R. Thayer of Worcester.

REMOVED TO ST. JOHN'S.

The ambulance was summoned to the police station this morning and removed Catharine Riley to St. John's hospital. Catharine was arrested last night for drunkenness. She claims that her husband kicked her and this morning she suffered much pain in her ceti. She did not appear in court.

WANTED—Good carriage wood worker. Apply at B. A. Stanley's, Charles st.

GRAND CEREMONY

A. T. Hadley Inaugurated President of Yale

DISTINGUISHED GATHERING PRESENT

To Participate In the Exercises

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 18.—With all the pomp and ceremony to be expected in an affair of its kind, Arthur Twining Hadley, LL D., was today inaugurated the 13th president of Yale university, succeeding the venerable Timothy Dwight. The impressive ceremony took place at 3 o'clock this afternoon in Battel chapel, the college church, in the presence of hundreds of distinguished men and women, prominent in higher educational circles in all sections of the country and representatives of the federal, state and city governments, and before an audience which constituted probably the most distinguished ever assembled in New Haven.

Enthusiasm was somewhat dampened during the early hours of the day by the fact that a downpour of rain bade fair to continue throughout the day, promising to interfere with the unique and impressive procession which had been arranged as a preliminary to the exercises. As the forenoon wore on, however, the weather gave indications of clearing and steps were taken to carry out the programme in all its elaborate details.

The inaugural ceremonies were simple in themselves. They were conducted in English, the traditional Latin pronouncements having been abandoned, at Dr. Hadley's request. This made the exercises more interesting, although they lost naturally much of the old time academic aspect.

President Hadley was honored with the presence not only of distinguished Yale alumni, but by the attendance of many famous sons of other institutions of high rank. The presidents of Harvard, Princeton, Columbia, Cornell, Chicago, Brown, Oberlin and a host of other universities and colleges were there. Battel chapel was filled to the doors. The audience room presented an animated appearance, for all of those who were there in official capacity as representatives of other institutions wore the academic gowns and hoods of their respective institutions.

The members of the Yale university corporation and faculty were the blue hood and various designations in the way of shades to distinguish the departments with which they are connected.

Dr. Hadley, himself, wore the crimson hood of Harvard, typical of the degree of doctor of laws, with which that institution had honored him. President Eliot reciprocated the courtesy by wearing the blue hood indicating that Yale bestowed degree of doctor of laws. Other Harvard scholars were their crimson hoods. The orange and black of Princeton was there, and the variety of colors was given added brightness by the military dash injected by the uniforms of the staff of Governor Lounsbury. The music of the ceremony was most impressive. It included orchestra selections by the New Haven symphony orchestra, the singing by the congregation of the 65th Psalm; to "York," and of Luther's stirring hymn, "A Mighty Fortress Is Our God." The student chorus of 100 picked voices sang the commencement ode written by Edmund Clarence Stedman, '53, for the commencement of 1895. The solos were taken by Mr. Herbert Witherspoon, the basso. The chorus was directed by Prof. Horatio W. Parker.

As the procession entered the chapel the orchestra played a processional. The procession entered in four divisions:

First division—The president and members of the Yale corporation with former members of the latter body; Gov. Lounsbury and staff, and Lieut.-Gov. Mills. Presidents, delegates and professors of other universities and colleges, representatives of the American Economic Association, and principals of academies and schools.

Second division—Representatives of the federal government, the state government, governors of other states, bishops, municipal and local governments and invited guests.

Third division—The general body of Yale graduates in order of classes.

Fourth division—University faculties and former members according to seniority.

After the recessional and overture the retiring president, Dr. Timothy Dwight, made the opening prayer. The Rev. Joseph H. Twitchell of Hartford, the senior member of the Yale corporation, then formally inducted Dr. Hadley into office and administered to him the oath of office.

President Hadley then delivered his inaugural address.

The singing of the commencement ode followed the address of the new president, and then Prof. George P. Fisher, Dean of the Yale Theological school, and senior dean of the university, on behalf of the faculty, graduates and undergraduates, delivered an address of welcome.

The benediction was pronounced by ex-President Dwight.

The new president then held a reception at the art school.

WAGES INCREASED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Oct. 18.—The several hundred employes of the Pontoosuc woolen mills here were notified today that their wages are to be increased 5 per cent. The advance is to go into effect on November 1st.

THOS. B. REED

ADMITTED TO PRACTICE AT NEW YORK BAR.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Thomas B. Reed was admitted to practice at the New York bar today.

When the appellate division of the supreme court opened for business, Gen. Thomas L. Hubbard moved the admission of Mr. Reed to the bar of the state of New York, as a practicing lawyer and member of the bar of another state. Presiding Justice Van Brunt received the papers and made the formal announcement that as the papers were received and approved, the applicant would be received.

Mr. Reed then took the oath as a member of the bar of the state.

Mr. Reed, in his position says that he intends to reside permanetly within the state of New oYrk.

Mr. Reed is a member of the firm of Simpson, Thacher & Barnum.

Pay your taxes now and avoid interest.

BOERS STILL ACTIVE

Gen. Joubert Occupies New Castle in Natal.

The Transvaal Buying Up Provisions—The British Parliament to Call Out the Military Reserve Force.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PRETORIA, Oct. 16 (Delayed in transmission)—General Cronje, after warning the women and children to leave Mafeking opened fire upon the town with cannon this afternoon. No response was made. The report current at Delagoa Bay that 6,000 Boers have been repulsed at New Castle is false.

BUYING UP PROVISIONS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LOURENZO MARQUEZ, Oct. 18.—A representative of the Transvaal government has arrived here and is buying up all the provisions obtainable. One hundred and thirty prisoners just released from the Barberton jail in the Transvaal, have been put over the Portuguese border.

GENERAL JOUBERT ENTERS NEW CASTLE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PRETORIA Oct. 17. (Delayed in transmission) — Commandant-General Joubert has arrived at New Castle, Natal. He found only a hundred men there when he entered the town.

CUT DUNDEE RAILWAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PRETORIA, Oct. 17. (Delayed in transmission) General Jan H. M. Koch, second in command of the Boer forces, is still at Ingogo. He has cannon commanding Bothas and Lennet passes, and has cut the railway between Dundee and De Jaagers' Drift.

LOSS REPORTS UNCONFIRMED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—Up to noon today, no confirmation had been received of the report of serious Boer losses at Mafeking; but stories arrived from various points so persistently and circumstantially that it appears probable that the burghers had met with a measure of reverse. Accounts of the action at Mafeking are now beginning to arrive from Pretoria. Therefore if the Boers had any success it is bound soon to be known. As foreshadowed yesterday they have succeeded in cutting off the water supply at Mafeking; but it is said that there are sufficient wells in the town to supply the inhabitants. A new and serious element in the military situation is the rising of the warlike tribe of Basutos under Chief Moheko, against the Orange Free State.

PARLIAMENTARY ACTION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—In the house of commons today the first lord of the treasury and government leader, the Right Honorable Arthur J. Balfour, brought in the following message from the queen:

"The state of affairs in South Africa having constituted in the opinion of Her Majesty, a case of great emergency within the meaning of the act of parliament, Her Majesty deems it proper to provide additional means for military service. She has therefore thought it right to communicate to the house that Her Majesty is, by proclamation, about to order the embodiment of the militia and to call out the militia reserve force or such part thereof as Her Majesty may think necessary for permanent service."

BRITISH CAMP OCCUPIED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LOURENZO MARQUES, Oct. 18.—Volksten, the Boer official organ at Pretoria, gives the following account of the occupation of the British camp at Itamathlabama, just north of Mafeking:

"The British camp at Ramathlabama has been captured and sacked by General Cronje, after severe fighting. Many burghers were killed or wounded. The British loss is not known."

The Volksten adds that "success has thus far everywhere attended the burghers," although it admits that in the various skirmishes near Mafeking and at other points the Boer casualties number some 60 or 70 killed and wounded.

THE ZULUS ARMING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—According to a special dispatch from Durban, Natal, the Zulus are arming with assegais. Chief Dinizula says he is unable to restrain them. It is expected that they will be joined by the Swasels.

DESTROYING RAILROADS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PRETORIA, Oct. 16 (delayed in transmission).—The Boers continue to close in upon Mafeking and to destroy the railway north and south of the town.

Among the prisoners captured at Lobatsi was the Rev. Adrian Hofmeyer. He has since been released.

WAR OFFICE STATEMENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—The war office has issued the following statement:

"News has been received from General Sir George Stewart White, the general commanding in Natal, that the anticipated movement of Boer forces across the Drakensberg, already reported from several quarters, was likely to be continued on October 17th, in which case some of them might be expected to arrive at Bonanbank that night and probably to come into contact with our cavalry between Ladysmith and the passes of the Drakensburg.

"On the north, the Boer forces from Ingogane are advancing, accompanied by a few batteries of artillery.

"On the Buffalo river the Boers from Vryheid are moving toward Vants and Rorkes drifts.

"Our cavalry remain in observation and report movements in the Orange Free State. The Basutos are said to manifest an attitude hostile to the Boers; and they may neutralize a certain number of the Boer forces."

MILITARY PRISONERS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PRETORIA, Oct. 17—(Delayed in transmission).—The first batch of military prisoners is expected here this evening.

REPULSED MOUNTED POLICE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—The Boers, according to a special dispatch from Pretoria, yesterday repulsed a small force of Cape mounted police near Barkley West, Cape Colony, capturing two.

WHITE FLAG HOISTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—A special dispatch, dated at Pretoria, at noon yesterday, says:

"After a few shots were fired at Mafeking, the white flag was hoisted. A Boer party bearing a flag of truce was sent to inquire whether the town surrendered. No definite reply was received 'The Burghers' messenger was detained for six hours and then released."

MEN ARE DESERTING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LADYSMITH, Natal, Oct. 17.—(Delayed in transmission)—It is reported here that dysentery and desertion are prevalent in General Cronje's commando.

The native tribe of Barolongs, under Chief Wessels, is said to be co-operating in the defence of Mafeking, undertaking outpost duty.

A NEW RECORD

Mrs. Lindsay Completed Her 800 Mile

She Slept Six Hours During the Trip.

SAYS SHE DID IT JUST FOR FUN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Mrs. Jane Lindsay finished her 800 mile bicycle ride at 4.18 a. m. today, having completed the distance in 91 hours and 48 minutes and established a new record for women.

Miss Yatman rode seven centuries in 81 hours and five minutes; Mrs. Lindsay in 78 hours and 15 minutes. Mrs. Lindsay slept six hours within the period of her ride. The new record holder is but 28 years old, and is five feet one inch tall. She is of slight build, with light brown hair and blue eyes. When she started she weighed 111 pounds. When she finished she had gained half a pound in weight. A doctor examined Mrs. Lindsay at the end of her ride. "She is in remarkable fine physical condition," he said. "Her pulse is 106, when it should be 80. Miss Yatman's pulse was 96 at the close of her ride."

Said Mrs. Lindsay: "I am glad it's over, but I'm glad I did it. The hardest thing was to keep cheerful. I don't think I was foolish. It was my kind of fun. It was healthful, too. I only did it so I could say so, but it was of just as much use as the yacht races."

EXPLOSIVES FOUND.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PRETORIA, Oct. 17.—(Delayed in transmission)—The Transvaal officials at Komati Poort assert that large quantities of explosives were found on the railway there. The culprits were fired upon and escaped.

Several Transvaal commandoes are moving toward the Biggarsberg mountains to the south of Glencoe.

The telegraph superintendent at Heidelberg, Transvaal, reports that on Sunday night a balloon passed over Nigel in the direction of Standerton.

BODY FOUND IN RIVER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 18.—The body of a man supposed to be that of Michael McMahon, 26 years old, and a fireman by trade, was found floating in the river today. There were no marks of violence upon it. It is supposed the man wandered upon one of the wharves three or four nights ago and accidentally fell into the water.

A GREAT SPEECH

Delivered by Senator Hoar to the Unitarians

AGAINST COERCION OF WEAK BY STRONG.

His Remarks Greeted With Applause.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 18.—At the national conference of Unitarian churches here yesterday, Senator Hoar of Massachusetts, president of the conference, delivered his annual address and took occasion to reiterate his views on the question of expansion. His remarks elicited considerable applause.

Dr. Edward Everett Hale of Boston deplored the lack of earnestness in church work by both ministers and laymen.

Kate Gannett Wells of Cambridge, in an address on "What Unitarian Women of the Nineteenth Century Bequeathe to the Unitarian Women of the Twentieth Century," said in effect that the bequest would combine the power of philanthropy, the sharpened faculty for organization and the enlarging views of all education.

In the evening "The Higher Nature of Man" was spoken of by the Rev. Samuel R. Calthorp of Syracuse, N. Y., in the light of history. The same subject "In the light of Idealism" was discussed by the Rev. Charles F. Dole of Boston.

Senator Hoar's peroration in his annual address was considered one of the most eloquent ever heard here. He said in part:

"Perhaps I may be pardoned as an old man, as I have said something of the religious faith of my fellow Unitarians, if I declare my own, which I believe is theirs also. I have no faith in fatalism, in destiny, in blind force. I believe in God, the living God. I believe in the American people, a free and brave people who do not bow the neck or bend the knee to any other, and who desire none to bow the neck or bend the knee to them.

"I believe that the God who created this world has ordained that his children may work out their own salvation by obedience to his laws without any dictation or coercion from any other. I believe that liberty, good government, free institutions cannot be given by any one people to any other but must be wrought out for each by itself, slowly, painfully, in the process of years or centuries as the oak adds ring to ring.

"I believe that a republic is greater than an empire. I believe that the moral law and the golden rule are for nations as well as for individuals; I believe in George Washington, not in Napoleon Bonaparte; in the whigs of the revolutionary day, not in Tories; in Chatham, Burke and Sam Adams, not in Dr. Johnson or Lord North. I believe that the north star, abiding in its place, is a greater influence in the universe than any comet or meteor.

"I believe that the United States, when William McKinley was inaugurated, was a greater world power than Rome in the height of her glory, or even England with her 400,000,000 vassals. I believe whatever clouds may darken the horizon that the world is growing better; that today is better than yesterday and tomorrow will be better than today."

THE SHAMROCK

IS BEING REMEASURED BY OFFICIALS TODAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18—The re-measuring of the Shamrock began this morning at 7.19 at Erie Basin. The yacht was laid between one of the army transports and the steamship Britain. There were on board besides the Captain, William Butler Duncan, Jr., representing the New York club, and Mr. Iselin; Mr. J. Connell representing the Royal Ulster Yacht club and the owner of the Shamrock, Captain Nat Herreshoff and John Hyslop, official measurer of the New York yacht club. Three thousand three hundred and eighty pounds of lead ballast were put on board the yacht during the night. This is said to have changed her waterline a few inches. She now appears to set by the stern. After the waterline had been measured in the usual way, the measurement aloft took place.

The new top-mast was hoisted and to obtain the measurements of it, Mr. Hyslop sent a man up to the mast-head in a boatswain's chair, going aloft in another himself to the heel of the top-mast, so that an accurate measurement would be taken. At 9.30 the yacht was cast off and Mr. Connell said that she was going direct to Sandy Hook bay where the top-mast would be rigged and the yacht made ready for tomorrow's race.

TUTTLE ELECTED PRESIDENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 18.—Lucius Tuttle of Boston, the head of the Boston & Maine system, was today chosen president of the Maine Central railroad, to succeed Franklin A. Wilson of Bangor, who last month gave notice that he would retire. The Maine Central road has been controlled largely for some time by men who are closely identified with the Boston & Maine.

SERIOUSLY INJURED

BRAKEMAN WAS STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 18.—Ebenezer F. Churchill, 28 years of age, a brakeman on the Consolidated road, was seriously injured in the yard here this afternoon, but the physician says he will live. He was struck by an inbound train and suffered a fracture of his left arm in three places, and his left leg, beside gashes and bruises and may have been internally hurt.

EXPLORING EXPEDITION

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—Mr. William Fitz High Whitehouse of Newport, R. I., accompanied by several Englishmen, will leave England on October 24 with an exploring expedition for Abyssinia. The British resident in Abyssinia is helping in the arrangements and the Royal Geographical society of London has lent a number of valuable instruments. The expedition will go to Abyssinia by way of Odis Oheba, where Mr. Whitehouse will be received by Emperor Menelik. Mr. Whitehouse will take sixty armed men, eighty Camali and Abyssinia porters and ninety camels.

Putnam & Son

There's No Question

but that a well tailored, well fitting suit gives most men a feeling of satisfaction obtainable in no other way.

The ordinary ready-made will not produce it—few men can afford to pay the high prices asked by a first class tailor.

Right here the elegantly tailored clothes made by Rogers, Peet & Co. come in.

These makers of the finest ready-to-wear clothing in the world are in closest touch with the high class tailors of New York, reproducing the same ideas, using the same cloths—cloths not to be had in other ready-made.

Besides a saving of $10.00 to $20.00 there's this advantage in buying these clothes, you can come here, make your selection, try the suit on and wear it away—the whole business done in a few minutes.

If any alterations are needed we make them, just as the tailor does.

These fine suits are shown in Cheviots, Undressed Worsteds and the new grey shades of striped and checked Worsteds, at $9.98, $13.95, $19.95, $21.95, $22.95, $23.95.

FALL TOP COATS

of Rogers, Peet & Co.'s make, some lined with silk, some with fine Italian; Whipcords, Covert Cloths and Black Cheviots, at $13.45, $14.85, $17.95, $24.50.

PUTNAM & SON

166 Central Street.

THE SUN EXTRA

A SUIT ENTERED

To Restrain Marconi From Using System

OF THE WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Larned Claims He Controls the Patent.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Lyman C. Larned of Boston has, through his counsel, Henry A. Prince of 149 Broadway, brought suit in the United States circuit court against Guglielmo Marconi to restrain him and his agents from using the system of wireless telegraphy, which Larned claims is an infringement of a patent now controlled by him. The plaintiff in his complaint alleges that the original inventor of this system of telegraphing was Amos Emerson Dolbear, and that a patent for the system invented by Dolbear was issued on the fifth of October, 1886, to the Dolbear Electric Telephone company, which had acquired all rights to use the system. These rights were transferred to Larned on the 22d of July last. Larned alleges that the means described in the patent under which Marconi purports to carry on his system, cannot be used for such work and are not adapted for commercial use. Larned asks damages in the sum of $100,000, and for an injunction restraining Marconi from using the alleged infringing system of telegraphy pending the termination of the suit.

SHOT TO DEATH

CAPTAINS KILLED BY THEIR OWN MEN.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—The minster of the colonies, M. Decrais, has received an official dispatch announcing that Captain Voulet and Chanoine of the outlawed French expedition in the Soudan whose members recently massacred most of the members of the expedition under Lieut. Col. Klobb sent to arrest those officers on charges of cruelty and insubordination have been shot by their own men.

SERIOUS STORMS

HAVE CAUSED GREAT DAMAGE IN ITALY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ROME, Oct. 18.—Serious storms, accompanied by floods, prevailed in the southern districts of Italy working widespread damage. At San Giorgio, a bridge and twenty houses were swept away and it is believed that there was considerable loss of life there. At Monte Mesola, a church was struck by lightning during mass, three persons being killed and forty others, more or less seriously injured.

WANT MORE PAY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Oct. 18.—Thirty-five saltmakers, all employed in the city except those at Charles Pringle's loft, struck today for an increase of 30 cents a day. The strikers ask that they be paid $3 a day instead of $2.70. Mr. Pringle was the only employer to concede the demands. The saltmakers of Gloucester struck three years ago for the same increase, but the difficulty at that time was settled by compromise.

GOULD LIVED IN MANCHESTER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Oct. 18.—Edward J. Gerld, whose body was taken from the Peeheco river at Dover, today, resided at 350 Granite street, this city, where he has a wife and two small children. He was formerly in business on Manchester street as a tea merchant, but lately had been on the road for a New York house. His friends here regard his drowning as accidental. The body will be brought here.

Give Us Your Hand

WE'LL GLOVE IT.

With a pair of those $1.00 Gloves. We were certain you'd like them and you did. This tells the story. A jobber who was in our store last week was asked by our buyer who submitted a pair of these gloves to him: "Can you furnish us this glove at $9.00 a dozen?" Upon thorough examination he replied: "No, they are imported stock and can't be made for less than $12.60 per dozen." But we bought them nine months ago and are making our profit in the buying and not in the selling. Don't wait, it's glove time, try these, the new and swell shades of brown, softer, more pliable more body than any $1.50 glove, you or we ever saw. But we're making friends for this famous furnishing department in selling them for

$1.00.

Other street and dress gloves at 50c, 75c, up to $1.75.

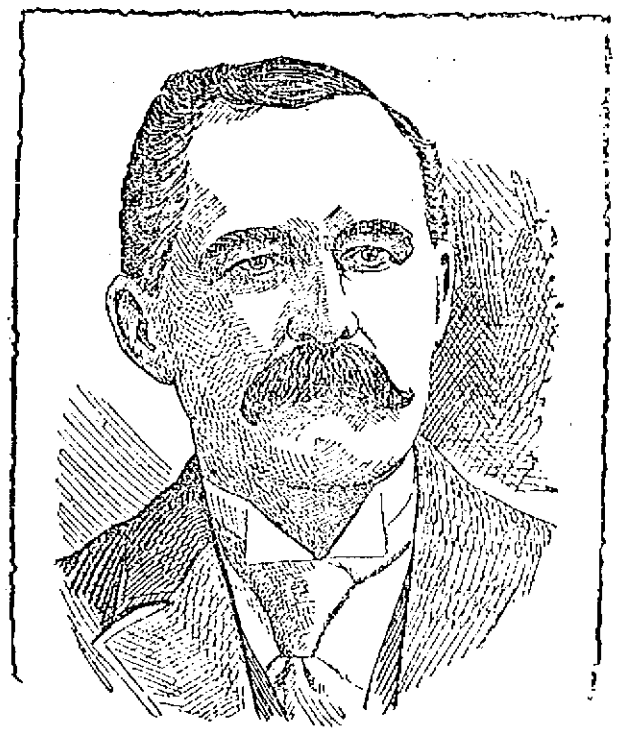
2000 PAIRS of Driving and Working Gloves just closed out from one of the foremost glove makers in the country, John C. Allen of Gloversville, N. Y., at less than the actual cost of the leather. If these gloves had been placed on sale at the time the cool weather existed, there would none of them left now to advertise. The prices range 25c, 48c, 50c, 75c.

Lowell One-Price Clothing Company.

72-86 MERRIMACK STREET.

THE SUN LATEST!

5 O'CLOCK



MR. THOMAS HIGGINS OF ARIZONA, NOW VISITING HIS SISTER AND COUSINS ON PEARL STREET.

ROMANTIC EVENT

Thomas Higgins Meets His Niece In This City

FROM ARIZONA AND NEW ZEALAND

Both Entertained by the McGovern Family

MR. HIGGINS A WEALTHY COPPER MINER

He Tells of the Beautiful Arizona Climate

A most extraordinary event took place at the residence of Miss Mary McGovern of the Weed street school, and her brother John, a few days ago, in the meeting of relatives, it might be said from the uttermost ends of the earth. It could not be called a reunion for the parties had never seen one another before. It had all been arranged by correspondence and the fact that Thomas Higgins, a wealthy copper miner of Arizona met his niece, Miss Mary Higgins of New Zealand at 31 Pearl street indicates that at the present stage of civilization neither oceans nor continents can keep friends apart who are determined to meet and who have the wherewithal to travel.

Mr. Higgins is a cousin of the McGovern family who left Ireland when a mere youth and settled in the mining districts of Arizona. He began work in what was then a mere mining camp but which is now known as the town of Bisby with a population of 5,000. The growth of the mining camps resembled that of all similar districts rich in mineral wealth, by jumps and bounds. The Copper Queen mine was the most successful of those started some twenty years ago but there are many others of various degrees of wealth and development. For a time after Mr. Higgins' arrival there were many prospectors in the copper regions and some of them made immense fortunes by holding their claims and having them developed. At first the output of copper in the Copper Queen was comparatively small as but fifteen or twenty men were employed in working it, but now there are as many as 1200 employed and the output reaches fifty or sixty tons a day. The United Verdi mine at Jerome is the most productive copper mine in the world. It is the mine that gives the greatest returns for the least amount of labor, and the smallest outlay for development while the amount of gold and silver embedded in the ore is often worth more than the copper. This mine was first sold by a prospector for the paltry trifle of $10,000 while at the present time it would sell easily for more than $50,000,000.

Among the early prospectors who operated in the copper country was Mr. Higgins himself and according to the statement of Mr. Hanchette of this city, he has been very successful. He has sold to Mr. Hanchett as the representative of the Lowell and Arizona Copper Mining company a rich copper field in which a mine has been opened with marked success. Mr. Higgins has still more to dispose of or to develop as he may decide; but he says there will be a great influx of people to the mining regions during the next few years.

The climate, Mr. Higgins says, is most delightful. Although hotter in summer than it is here in New England, yet the heat is not oppressive owing to the absence of humidity in the atmosphere. But no matter how high the temperature in the daytime in summer, and it sometimes reaches 110 and 115 degrees there is a delightful coolness during the night which affords ample opportunity for sound sleep.

It is also quite cool in the shade on the hottest day, a peculiarity of the climate characteristic of inland elevated regions, and Arizona is quite mountainous. The temperature in the winter seldom falls below 7 above zero. The scenery is not so diversified as that of New England as for the want of water it alternates between mountain and plain, while as a result, the two chief industries in those regions are cattle raising and mining.

Speaking of Klondike, Mr. Higgins said that while gold is found there, the prospect open to late arrivals is very poor, as he believes that all the valuable gold fields were taken up before the real Klondike craze started. He believes there is a great future before Arizona, so far as mining is concerned, and judging from the recent boom in copper stocks, it would appear that money is made faster from copper than from gold.

Mr. Higgins gives a very graphic account of the push, enterprise and growth of the west and he personally seems to be one of the men who have achieved success, although he is exceedingly modest about his own business, but those who are acquainted with him in business, state that he has made an independent fortune in the Arizona copper fields.

In his visit to Lowell he united business with pleasure and arranged to meet his sister, Mrs. Riordan, residing with the McGovern family, and his niece already referred to.

MISS HIGGINS' TRIP.

Miss Higgins states that she had a most delightful voyage from New Zealand having visited several of the leading ports in Australia, including Adelaide, Albany, in western Australia, Sydney and others. She also visited Colombo, the capital of Ceylon, notable for its pearl fisheries and its cinnamon gardens.

Miss Higgins gives a glowing account of her voyage through the Red Sea and the Mediterranean, past the rocks of Gibraltar, en route to London, which was reached in six weeks after leaving Auckland in New Zealand. Her voyage from London to this country was made in a week, and she reached her destination in this city as fresh as if she had only come from New York.

When asked whether she would prefer this country to New Zealand, she said she liked the latter, but is not here long enough to express an opinion.

By J. E. CONANT & CO. - - - - Auctioneers

OFFICE, LOWELL, MASS.

TOMORROW AFTERNOON.

THE BEST CORNER now open for BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT there is left on Gorham street is to be sold at public auction tomorrow, October 19, 1899, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. The sale to begin promptly and to take place rain or shine. Before giving the description of the real estate it is my purpose to sell, I have a favor I should like to ask. It is this: That you carefully read this advertisement through before you make up your mind what I propose to do.

The property to be sold is known as the Slavin estate; is numbered 473, is situated on Gorham street at the corner of South Highland street, is opposite the Harrington Bros.' block, now owned by Mr. Peter J. Brady; has a frontage on Gorham street of 45 feet, a frontage on South Highland street of 104 feet, contains a little over 5000 square feet, is on the right side of the street, is about half way between the post office and Davis Corner, is perfect grade and practically ready for any improvement the purchaser might contemplate putting upon it. All city conveniences are in both streets; all assessments for same are paid; the purchaser can have three quarters of the purchase money on mortgage for a term of three or five years at 5 per cent. interest. There never was a better time to buy real estate in Lowell and there never will be a time when you can buy it so cheap again; particularly well located property adapted to business purposes. Upon the premises at the present time is a cottage house used as a store and tenement; a stable and wagon or storage shed. There is income enough derived from these buildings to pay almost five per cent. upon the price the property will undoubtedly sell for and they are totally inadequate and out of place on the premises. Proper buildings upon this corner, beyond any question or doubt would pay from 15 to 20 per cent., not upon the cost of improvement of the property today. The purchaser must deposit with or secure to the auctioneers $500 as soon as the property is struck off, the highest bidder will get it. Bear in mind that chances of this kind do not grow; neither do they occur with any frequency, no matter what the condition of the market.

JAMES SLAVIN.

GRAND JURY TERM

Attracts Many Witnesses to Court House

CIVIL SESSION FINALLY ADJOURNED

Tremont and Suffolk Cases Resumed

This is the busiest day that the court house on Gorham street has seen in many a month unless it was yesterday when in addition to the other sessions the probate court held forth.

The corridors and waiting rooms of the new building were crowded all morning, the crowd consisting of witnesses summoned before the grand jury which is sitting in the new superior court room.

Ten out-of-town cases preceded the Lowell aggregation and the latter were reached about noon. Among the Lowell cases in that of William A. H. Kelly charged with murder and some 25 witnesses have been summoned including Tom McLaughlin, J. Joseph Lacey and several others from Lawrence who will give testimony in the case.

Another case which has attracted about eight witnesses and which is not generally known is that resulting from a fire in the house of George H. Scovil at 143 Forest street, on the night of July 17. After the fire an investigation was made and an inquest held by Fire Marshal Shaw and as a result the evidence is being submitted to the grand jury.

Another fire case that will come before the grand jury is that which occurred in the Wentworth building some time ago.

A majority of the police force, it would appear is before the grand jury in local cases, including inspectors Laflamme and Allen who will be obliged to temporarily abandon the Boyd murder case.

The grand jury in all probability will make its report on Saturday.

CIVIL SESSION CLOSES.

The most peculiar civil session of the superior court held in Lowell in some time came to a conclusion this morning there being no more cases ready for trial. But few cases were tried at it, though a considerable length of time was consumed owing to the week's delay awaiting the opening case and the lengthy case of Gage vs. the City of Lowell. The jury in the case of Fadden vs. Lawrence Mfg. Co. this morning returned a verdict for the defendant.

THE TAX CASES.

In the probate court room the Tremont and Suffolk tax cases were resumed before Commissioner Lord and Captain James G. Hill, the expert was on the stand all morning. He testified in detail regarding the valuation of the mill property.

J. L. THAYER

FUNERAL OF A PROMINENT ROYAL ARCANUMITE HELD YESTERDAY.

But two short weeks ago, J. Loring Thayer of the Dorchester district addressed Industry Council, Royal Arcanum and urged the members to increased zeal in support of the order.

Last week he fell from an apple tree breaking his neck and his funeral occurred yesterday in Boston. It was one of the most largely attended of any that has been held in the Dorchester district for some time. The sad and unfortunate accident which had deprived him of life was at once a terrible shock and bereavement to the host of friends whom he had made during the course of an entire life of probity and usefulness. He had a wide circle of acquaintances in business, fraternal and benevolent associations and all were present.

The service was held at the family residence, 86 Ashmont street at 3 p. m., and the capacity of the house was taxed to its utmost. The service was conducted by Rev. Arthur Little, pastor of Second Congregational church of Dorchester. The musical portion of the service was furnished by the Boston Four male quartet. The selections rendered were: "Consolation," "I Cannot Always Trace the Way," and "Nearer, My God, to Thee" Dr. Little delivered a brief and touching eulogy.

The floral tributes from the various organizations of which Mr. Thayer was a member, as well as from personal friends, were of a large variety and were beautiful in edsign.

The pallbearers were Frederick Cate, representing the bank officers' association; C. R. Dane, representing the Royal Arcanum; Carroll A. Thayer, representing the grand consistory; W. G. Baker, representing the A. O. U. W.; William F. Greene, representing the republican committee of ward 24; A. J. Winter, representing Boston lodge, 124, K. of H.; J. B. L. Bartlett, representing the K and L of H., and C. F. Bruce, representing Boston lodge, 110, A. O. U. W.

The interment was at Mt. Hope cemetery.

DEWEY CAN HAVE THE OFFICE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 18.—The military order of the Loyal Legion will meet here today and a strong movement is on foot to elect Admiral Dewey its new commander. The term of Admiral Gherardi, the present commander, is about to expire, and there is a great rivalry among the candidates for the place. Among those whose names have been mentioned are Gen. John M. Schofield, Gen. Nelson A. Miles, Gen. Grenville H. Dodge, Gen. O. O. Howard and Gen. Russell A. Alger.

Admiral Dewey knows nothing of the movement in his favor. It is understood that the honor will be tendered him not only as a compliment for his great service to the country but to settle the rivalry of the candidates.

The council in chief of the order held a meeting here yesterday and transacted routine business.

STRIKE IS ENDED

Trouble at Stover's Shop Short Lived

MEN RETURNED TO WORK THIS MORNING

Having Gained the Point at Issue

The 35 lasters who went on strike at Stover's shoe shop yesterday afternoon won their point and returned to work this morning. They left work because two Greeks were given employment in preference to skilled American labor. The lasters state that they did not object to the Greeks simply because of their nationality but because though green hands they were taken in in preference to skilled labor.

They were informed last night by their employers that the Greeks would be discharged and they returned to work this morning.

IN FOR ASSAULT

Young Man Fined in Police Court

THE PLAINTIFF AN ARMENIAN BARBER

A Number of Drunks in Court.

Ten drunks appeared before Judge Hadley in the police court this morning.

One simple offender, a woman, was released by the court.

Patrick Mahon, a first offender, was assessed $5.

John T. Harrihan and William F. McKenna were second offenders, and were taxed each $6.

It was Arthur J. Shanley's second offense for drunkenness within a year. He is only a young man. He pleaded guilty, but the court ordered him placed in charge of Probation Officer Tuttle.

Thomas Eagan was a third offender. He received a sentence to the state farm at Bridgewater.

Patrick Vail, drunkenness, was sent to the same institution.

Patrick Costello was charged with assault and battery on an Armenian, named K. Garabedian. The complainant is a barber with his shop on Charles street. The Armenian claimed that shortly before 12 o'clock yesterday the defendant, in company with another man, came to his shop. Costello asked the Armenian what he charged for a shave. The latter said five cents. Costello then said he would pay him ten cents if he gave him a good shave. An argument about shaves followed, and it soon got too hot for the Armenian, who suspecting the men would do him some injury, rushed from the shop and went in search of an officer. He did not find one, and soon returned to the shop.

The men were still there. The Armenian claimed that as soon as he went into the shop, he was attacked by the men. They knocked him down and in the scuffle the Armenian's spectacles were broken. The Armenian yelled for help and after they had got tired beating him the men left the shop and began to run.

Officer O'Brien was told of the trouble started to search for the men. Officer Welch found Costello in Church street and placed him under arrest. The officers testified that the defendant was under the influence of liquor when he arrested him. The man who went into the barber shop with Costello was not caught.

Costello was sworn and testified in his own behalf. He denied assaulting the Armenian, but said it was vice versa, the Armenian assaulting him. He showed a large cut in his left arm which he claimed was the result of a blow of a board used by the complainant. He was also struck in the head and showed a large lump. His explanation for running was that he wanted to get away from the Armenian. Costello denied he was drunk.

The court found Costello guilty of both charges. For assault and battery a fine of $10 was imposed and he was fined $5 for drunkenness.

Daniel Wood of the Middlesex Tavern pleaded guilty to maintaining a liquor nuisance and was fined $100.

In Lawrence police court yesterday, Alexander Bean of this city was taxed $1 for drunkenness.

Charles E. Brady, charged with larceny, who was continued yesterday for sentence, was fined $10.

The case of Michael Nearney, charged with assault and battery on Matthew Coupe, was placed on file, the complainant not wishing to press the complaint.

George W. Milmore was charged with obtaining money under false pretenses.

The complainant is Mary E. Chase of this city, while the defendant hails from Cambridge, where, he claims, he is manager of the Western Union Telegraph office. It is alleged that the complainant some years ago loaned him a considerable amount of money after he had falsely represented himself.

The defendant did not plead. He was represented by D. J. Donahue, Esq., while George H. Richardson, Esq., appeared for the government. The case was continued until October 27th on agreement of counsel. Milmore was held in $2500 for trial.

BOAT ON FIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

TACOMA, Washington, Oct. 18.—The American bark, Wilna, Captain John Slater, caught fire in her hold and will be a total loss. She was loading at the St. Paul & Tacoma company's mill for Australia and had 440,000 feet of lumber below decks at the time of the fire. The total loss will be $54,000.

PROTEST AGAINST RESOLUTIONS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Oct. 31—As the result of resolutions adopted by Division No. 1, Ancient Order of Hibernians, Montreal, expressing their sympathy with the Boers in the South African war, five of the divisions of the A. O. H. in St. John and vicinity and the Moncton division, have drawn up a protest. They also passed resolutions declaring that the order in this province was loyal to Great Britain.



CAPTAIN C. M. CHESTER, WHO IS TO COMMAND THE BATTLESHIP KENTUCKY.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., Oct. 18.—The first class battleship Kentucky, sister ship of the Kearsarge, which had such a successful trial trip last month, will go out on her builders' trial trip in a week or ten days. While the date has not been finally determined, it is certain that the ship will be tried this month. The official trial will take place about two weeks later. The Kentucky has aboard most of the guns of her main battery in the superimposed turrets. She will be painted white in a few days.

Captain C. M. Chester, formerly of the cruiser Cincinnati, and in command of the South Atlantic station, who has been assigned to command the Kentucky, is at the shipyard daily observing the progress on his new ship.

LOWELL HORSES

In the Race at Nashua N.H. Fair Yesterday

AND MANY LOWELL HORSEMEN THERE

One Local Man Got Fourth Money

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NASHUA, N. H., Oct. 17—With the fairest of skies and under the most favorable conditions possible for good horse racing, the first race of the fall meet of the Nashua Driving Association and incidentally the last one of the season, was held at the Driving Park today. About 500 horsemen and spectators were in attendance and they witnessed one of the cleanest exhibition of horse racing ever seen at the park.

There was a large list of entries but there were a few among them, A. L. Barker's bay gelding, Mark, and D. J. Murphy's chrome mare, Lida A., of Lowell, who did not put in an appearance.

Among the Lowell people present were: Ex-Mayor Charles Dana Palmer, who officiated in the judge's stand as usual; John Lennon, Doc Campbell, O. H. Stafford, D. J. Murphy and family, Dr. Hamblett, Mr. and Mrs. John McEvoy and A. J. Kingsbury.

There were two events, the 2.21 class for trotting or pacing and the 2.28 class for trotting only. Both purses were for $250 each.

Two Lowell horses were entered in the 2.21 class and were Dan Murphy's black mare, Lady Gloddy and A. L. Barker's bay mare, Belle H. Murphy's mare took fourth money.

The summary:

2.21 class, trotting or pacing; purse $250.

Jerome Belle, bm, J. T.Brown.				
So. Berwick, Me.	2	1	1	1
Savanah, H. H. Ridge, Portsmouth, N. H.	1	3	2	2
Little George, bg, E. W. Train Saugus	7	2	4	4
Lady Gloddy, blm, D. J. Murphy, Lowell	9	7	3	5
I. York, brg, W. R. Cox, Manchester, N. H.	3	6	3	8
Belle H., bm, A. L. Barker...	5	5	6	7
Ida J., N. H. Gilbert, Somers.	6	4	7	6
Van Alystyne, chh, I. C. Knox	8	8	6	3
Frank Wilkes, bg, C. E. Swain	4	9	9dr	

Time—2.21 3-4, 2.20 1-2, 2.21 3-4.

2.28 class, trotting; purse, $250.

Ponemah, chg, Cook & Burnham, Medford.	6	1	1	1
Navara, bg, N. E. Martin, Concord, N. H.	1	5	4	2
Spira Sprague, bm, Dr. J. N. Murray, Littleton.	2	2	5	4
Salvini, chs, O. F. Winslow, Nashua, N. H.	3	3	6	3
Lady Thorndike, rm, R. M. Durland, Lynn.	5	4	2	3
Jack Splan, Jr., C. F. Churchill, Centre Barnstead, N. H.	4	6	3	5

Time—2.28 1-2, 2.25 1-4, 2.28 3-4, 2.27 1-2.

The judges were: Charles Dana Palmer, Doc Shea, Ed. Wasson, and A. A. Flynn; starter, A. H. Merrill; scorer, T. A. Crowley.

HIGGINS—FAGAN.

The marriage of Terrence Higgins, a popular resident of ward five, and Miss Della Fagan, sister of City Messenger Frank Fagan, took place this afternoon at five o'clock at the Sacred Heart parochial residence in Moore street, by Rev. Fr. Reynolds, O. M. I. The bridesmaid was Miss Margaret Higgins, a sister of the groom, while City Messenger Fagan was the best man.

After the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride, 18 Newhall street, where the happy couple received the congratulations of numerous friends. A wedding supper was served by the D. L. Page Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Higgins left on a late train for their honeymoon, which will be to New York and Washington, and on their return they will reside in Concord street. The happy couple were the recipients of many valuable wedding gifts.

"Like Diamonds Raindrops Glisten."

Drops of Hood's Sarsaparilla are precious jewels for the blood which glisten in their use, and, like the rain, disappear for the good of humanity. Each dose when taken is in a very short time thoroughly mixed with the blood and actively getting in its work of purification.

Run Down—"*My husband was run down in health and all tired out. Those excellent medicines, Hood's Pills and Sarsaparilla, built him up again.*" *Mrs. H. L. Mowry, Towanda, Pa.*

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Special Offer

—FOR—

ECONOMICAL BUYERS.

500 pairs trousers at $1.50, of extra heavy strictly Pure Wool Cassimeres in four shades, well worth $3.00.

1000 pairs Trousers at $2.00 in six new choice patterns for fall and winter, guaranteed all worsted, the greatest bargain ever offered at this price, well worth $4.00.

See Our Middle Street Trousers Window.

Men's Winter Overcoats at 2-3 regular prices.

Men's Winter Suits at 2-3 regular prices.

Men's Winter Underwear at 2-3 regular prices.

Boys' Winter Clothing at 2-3 regular prices.

The price difference here over regular prices is quite enough to bring out the economical; but besides that very pleasing condition you've greater choice of desirable clothing and a showing more in touch with the season's best styles than are afforded elsewhere.

J. L. CHALIFOUX.

Central and Middle Sts.

ARE YOU AWARE

That the mornings and evenings are getting cool and that you will have to get out your Winter Clothing? Well, here is where we come in to play. If you find out that your winter garments are soiled or faded bring them at once to the

BAY STATE Dye Works

54 Prescott Street.

and we will cleanse or dye them and make as good as new at a very slight expense. All work guaranteed first class at

BAY STATE DYE WORKS

Tel. 831-6.

CONSUMPTION

TO THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C., No. 183 Pearl Street, New York.

Music Hall

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Matinee, Oct. 16, 17, 18.

New City Sports Big Show

Phil Sheridan, Sole Prop. and Mgr.

The BARNUM of its class. Everything new and up-to-date

Three Nights Commencing Thursday, Oct. 19. Matinee Saturday.

A play of heart interest, pure comedy and brisk Americanism.

The American Girl

By H. Gratton Donnelly, author of "Darkest Russia." Introducing the Comedian, Geo. F. Hall, with two rays of brightness, the American twins Prince Roy and the Little Lady

Direction of A. Q. SCAMMON.

Star Theatre, 112-214 Middlesex Street. FRANK KNIGHT, Proprietor. This Week

SCANLON & MILEY, Comedy Sketch Artists.

GRACE WHEELER, Balladist.

BLANCHE WILSON, Musical Artist.

LEOPOLD & WESTON, Kings of Komedy.

GERTRUDE RIGGS, Serio-Comic.

DRAUGHTING INSTRUMENTS

For Drawing School.

W. T. S. Bartlett

The Up-Town Hardware Store,

853 MERRIMACK STREET.

FALL OPENING

—OF—

Ladies' Capes, Jackets, Suits, Skirts and Millinery.

Gent's Suits, Overcoats, Dry Goods

SAME PRICES CASH OR CREDIT.

LOWELL CO-OPP. SUPPLY CO.

26 Central Street,

Up One Flight Open Evenings

TODAY

Is none too soon to have glasses rightly fitted. No "guesswork" fitting is satisfactory. Scientific accuracy is what is wanted to preserve the sight and prevent eyestrain and blindness.

GEO. C. ROGERS,

OPTICIAN.

138 Merrimack St.

GOING AWAY?

Hope you'll have a good time and we know you will if you . . . . . .

Take One of Our

CAMERAS!

We carry a full line of

Eastman's Kodaks,

and all kinds of supplies. Also all leading makes of cameras. . . . .

ONE OF OUR

Hammocks

will make things easy for you. Prices from

75c to $6.00.

The Thompson Hardware Co.

SOLE AGENTS.

19 LBS. BEST Granulated Sugar For $1.00.

Delivered free to our Tea and Coffee customers.

O'Brien Bros.

FISKE BUILDING.

227 Central Street Tel. Con

FOR MORE POLICE

Common Council Votes an Appropriation of $1100

Councilman Markham Addresses Council in Favor of Appropriation—"To Much Deadwood and a Needless Probation Officer" Says Councilman Saunders—Other Business Transacted

The common council went their brethren of the upper board one better on the matter of better police protection last evening for while the aldermen recommended more police, it remained for the council to make it possible to have more police by passing an order appropriating $1100 for police.

In the absence of President Paige, Councilman Mullaney of ward two was chosen chairman, and he proved himself an able presiding officer.

The session began a little before 8.20 with 17 members present. Half a dozen came in later, however.

A petition from the Sisters of Notre Dame that a portion of Adams street be paved with asphaltina was referred to the committee on streets.

The monthly reports of the city messenger and the building department were placed on file.

The mayor vetoed the resolution appropriating $300 from the general treasury fund to procure apparatus for the recovery of drowned persons. The general treasury fund is already overdrawn, the Mayor stated in his veto the resolution was therefore illegal. He suggested that money be taken from the fund for incidentals. The chair asked if the resolution should be passed over the mayor's veto. The vote resulted 9 in favor and 11 against, sustaining the mayor's veto.

Later in the meeting Mr. Badger introduced an order appropriating $300 from the fund for incidentals, for procuring apparatus for the recovery of drowned bodies, the appropriation to be charged to the police appropriation. The order was passed.

The joint resolution appropriating $600,000 from the general treasury fund in anticipation of taxes, was given final passage in concurrence with the upper board. The joint resolution to borrow $5000 for the extension of Aiken to Merrimack street was given final passage, 21 votes in favor and none against. Mr. Lebrun gave notice of immediate reconsideration and on the second vote on final passage, the former vote was sustained, but this time with only 20 in favor.

A bill establishing the pay of election officers was passed, no votes in opposition. The pay for all precinct officers is fixed at $10 for the day.

MORE POLICE WANTED.

Alderman Taylor's order introduced into the board of aldermen Monday night, providing for the addition of six officers to the police force, started a discussion that was continued when a joint order to borrow $2000 for the benefit of the police department in the employment of new patrolmen, was read. This order was introduced by Councilman Markham.

Councilman Markham moved as an amendment to Alderman Taylor's order that 10 officers be added to the force, instead of six, as there are more than six men on the supernumerary list, who have waited two years or more. The cost would be about $1000 a year for each.

Councilman Saunders then opposed the measure saying: "While I believe in the protection of life and property, I also believe in a little discretion. It is a serious question in my mind whether the police department does not need a little revision. We cut just as close as we could in making the appropriations this year, and at the present time the police department has barely enough to carry them through the year, so that the proposed addition to the police force means a substantial appropriation to pay the cost.

Mr. Markham's amendment was defeated and the original order of Alderman Taylor passed.

The joint order to borrow $2000 for the police department then came on its adoption.

Mr. Wiggin believed that as only two months of the present year remain, $1000 would be enough. Mr. Markham, however, maintained the need for $2000, disclaiming any other desire than to add to the efficiency of the police patrol service. "Last year," he said, "the chairman of the board of police asked for $125,000 for the department, but received only $123,000. Before the year was out the money was gone and more had to be appropriated.

"There is a great deal of crime in the city and a lack of police protection. Five men were taken off the force this year to strengthen the liquor squad and as a result the beats had to be lengthened. There are about 100 patrolmen in the city for 85,000 people. Cambridge is smaller, but has a greater force and Fall River and Worcester also are better protected. The city has grown and the police force should grow too. Last week the officer called to Pawtucketville had to cover a district from Fletcher street around to the ice houses. What sort of police protection is that? What police protection have they in Pawtucketville? What have they in Ayer City, where there is crime nearly every night? It is coming to a time when you will have to appropriate more money for the police department. Money is not wasted when it goes into a department like that. It is for the people of the city and they get all the benefit. If there are 10 more men it means 10 more routes. The patrol beats would be cut down and the whole city benefited.

"We've got about as good a police board as there is in the state. I have nothing to say against it. Ten more men on the force at $2.75 a day for the last two months this year would be about $1700. The department is doing the best possible work under the circumstances. It is we who are to blame who can give the needed money."

Mr. Saunders took the floor. "The trouble is not with the appropriation," he said. "There is money enough but it is spent for a lot of deadheads who believe we need better protection in the suburbs, but what do you need of a probation officer at $1200 a year. I believe money should be judiciously spent. Let us cut where money is needed and spend where it would be used to the best advantage. I do not object to six or even ten more men on the police force."

"The probation officer is appointed by the judge and paid by the state," the chairman said, replying to Mr. Saunders.

"So much the worse for the state," retorted Mr. Saunders.

Mr. Wiggin offered an amendment that $1000 be substituted for $2000 in the order and the amendment was defeated, 7 in favor and 14 against.

The order of Mr. Markham was also defeated, 13 in favor and 8 against, the order requiring a two-thirds vote to pass it.

Mr. Markham gave notice of reconsideration at the next meting but later he withdrew it after a consultation of he members during the session. Mr. Wiggin, after an understanding had been reached, gave notice of immediate reconsideration. The amount in the order was made $1100 and was passed, 22 in favor.

A few minor petitions were referred to proper committees and several petitioners given leave to withdraw.

DEATH ENDS SLEEP

A SOMERVILLE WOMAN SLEPT THREE WEEKS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 18.—Death has at last ended the sleep which held Mrs. Ann McCullough in its power, at her home, 222 Pearl street, Somerville, ever since Sunday night, Sept. 24th. She passed away peacefully and painlessly shortly after 5 yesterday afternoon in the presence of her family.

Her case is one of the strangest ever handled by Somerville physicians, and as to its cause there is no little disagreement. She apparently fell asleep one night over three weeks ago, and with the exception of infrequent intervals, had never awakened. Even at the intervals her awakening was only partial. She would at those times drowsily open her eyes, ask for a glass of water in a sleepy voice, and after having her desire satisfied would at once sink in a deep slumber.

Four local physicians had attempted to arouse her, and Dr. Couch, the last attending physician, resorted to pins and hot water, but these agencies failed to awaken the woman.

In assigning the cause of her affliction, Dr. Couch gave it as his opinion that Mrs. McCullough was suffering with paralysis of the entire nervous system, superinduced by indigestion and a weakened heart.

Carl E. Bohonan, for many years a hackman of Lowell, who moved to Chelsea, Vt., some four years ago, has returned to this city to reside.

Dr. O. M. Humphrey and family have taken Mrs. Thurlow's house on Westford street for the winter.

Alderman Edward B. Pierce is still at his camp among the trees at Haggett's Pond. The quiet life there has been of great benefit to him and he is in better health than he has been for many weeks.

A SCIENTIFIC REPORT ON COFFEE.

Shows It Can be Used by Some and is a Poison to Others.

A gentleman connected with the Newberry Library, Chicago, has gone very carefully through the medical department, consulting and compiling from the best works of this country and abroad on the value of coffee.

There is abundance of evidence to show that in some cases coffee used as a stimulant is of advantage while with many human systems it is a decided poison which will build up chronic conditions of disease if made use of steadily.

The investigator writes: "We have used for years your Postum Food Coffee and found nothing to fill its place." Among his quotations appears the following:

"One of the highest authorities in Materia Medica and Therapeutics in England says: Caffeine which is the stimulating part of coffee is in general terms a stimulant first and subsequently a paralyzant to the nerve centers of the cerebellum, medulla and the spinal cord. In small doses it quickens the activity of the heart and raises arterial tension. Larger doses often over-stimulate the cerebral circulation causing great heaviness of the head, flashes of light before the eyes, insomnia, restlessness and even delirium. Administered in sufficient quantity it would doubtless prove fatal to man.'

"To thousands of people, coffee, of which caffeine is its chemical structure, is therefore a poison. Languor, restlessness and prostration follow as a result in the system when the habit of its continuance is acquired. This is followed by muscular tremor and sometimes dizziness, with nervous dyspepsia and insomnia; in fact, a train of depressing ills frequently not traceable to the beverage which never inebriates, but is in reality the source."

The gentleman concludes his long and very interesting paper on the subject with the statement, "Companies similar to that of the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., of Battle Creek are to be multiplied and stand as benefactors of the race. Whatever our personal preferences, let us not class these changes in dietary to peculiar views and theories but rather as generally recognized and accepted truths, a valuable acquisition of progress and investigation, scientific and philanthropic."

The rapid pace lived by American brain workers has forced them to seek food and drink that quickly and surely rebuild the exhausted energies and such people as a rule feel the disastrous effects of a continued use of coffee. It is to furnish this class of people with correct food and drink, selected and manufactured in the most scientific manner that Postum Cereal Food Coffee and Grape Nuts have been placed on the market. All first class grocers furnish these.

AGE NO BAR

Everybody in Lowell is Eligible.

Old people stooped with suffering.
Middle age courageously fighting.
Youth protesting impatiently.
Children, unable to explain
Baby crying cant tell why.
All in misery from their kidneys.
Only a little backache first.
Comes when you catch a cold.
Or when you strain the back.
Backache is the first step of kidney trouble.
Many complications follow.
Urinary disorders, Diabetes, Bright's disease.
Doan's Kidney Pills cure backache.
Cure every form of kidney ills.
Plenty of proof that this is so.

Mr. Almond Sinder of 20 Richard St., says: "I was bothered for a long time with excessive action of the kidney secretions. Procuring Doan's Kidney Pills at Ellingwood & Co.'s drug store the use of one box corrected the secretions to the extent of making them nearly normal. I believe Doan's Kidney Pills a thoroughly effective remedy for the kidneys."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name, Doan's and take no other.

TOUR OF OVATIONS

Col. Wm. J. Bryan Getting Splendid Ovations

AT EVERY TOWN IN KENTUCKY.

He Gives Admiarl Schley Credit of Santiago

By Associated Press to The Sun.

STANFORD, Ky., Oct. 18.—Mr. Bryan set Kentucky on fire politically. In a drenching storm yesterday he moved through the Blue Grass region and among the dripping crowds of the foot hills of the mountains, counseling, pleading, arguing for the election of Goebel for governor. Each hour he grows more passionate, more reckless in his bravery. It is now plain to the observer that Mr. Bryan is for the first time testing his power as the acknowledged leader of his party. It was easy to see from his speech yesterday what his attitude will be in Ohio. Mr. Bryan publicly gave Admiral Schley the whole credit for the naval victory at Santiago.

"I ask you why we should retain the Philippine Islands as a part of the American territory," he said. "You tell me it is because Dewey destroyed a Spanish fleet at Manila. I reply that Admiral Schley destroyed a Spanish fleet at Santiago and yet we promised to give Cuba her independence."

The thunderclap shout which followed would have shaken the nerves of Admiral Sampson had he been present. At each point in the voyage, Senator Goebel and Senator Joe Blackburn made speeches.

Mr. Bryan at Frankfort read a telegram from the leading members of the democratic national committee now in St. Louis, which staggered the Brown insurgents.

I was with Mr. Bryan when he went through Kentucky in 1896 and I have carefully observed the bearing of the people now. He is stronger than ever in the hearts of the Kentucky people. If he was their adored leader then, he is their idol now. As he moved through the mud-splashed crowds of mountaineers and townsmen, his cars were filled with sounds of affection, men and women alike calling down upon his head the blessing of God.

The gentlemen who loll about the corridors of the Waldorf-Astoria in evening dress may argue as they will that the Bryan sun has set, but here are the masses pouring in from every quarter acclaiming him as their leader and redeemer. Let no man in New York or Boston or elsewhere deceive himself in this matter. The evidence is overwhelming that Mr. Bryan is stronger in the south than he ever was before. Right or wrong, his popular strength here is increasing by leaps and bounds. Think of 8000 persons, many of them gathered from remote districts standing in a heavy rain for hours at Mt. Sterling today simply to see the leader's face and hear the sound of his voice.

Before Mr. Bryan came to Kentucky the passions of the democratic boilers had swelled almost to madness, but, although he has trodden their flag of revolt under foot, I have not heard a single hiss or an unkind word. Democrats may divide and make little war against each other but all acknowledge Mr. Bryan as their leader. The democratic state committee at Frankfort reports that every hour news of fresh desertions from Brown is received.

FINED $65

FOR SOLICITING MEMBERS FOR MONTREAL ORDER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FITCHBURG, Oct. 18.—There was an insurance case of considerable interest to members of fraternal societies in court this morning.

Napoleon La Chance of Montreal was charged with soliciting for and aiding the business of La Societe des Artisans Canadian Francais de la Cite de Montreal, a fraternal insurance society not admitted to do business in this state.

He pleaded not guilty and was represented by counsel, while the commonwealth's case was also conducted by an attorney.

Defendant was arrested at Attleboro Sunday on a warrant. He was taken from Attleboro to Taunton, where he gave bail. He came to this city by agreement with the state officials for trial.

J. C. Joseph Flamand, private secretary for Richard Henry Dana of Boston, testified that on Jan. 29, Sunday, he saw La Chance in St. Joseph's hall. There was quite a number present and Mr. La Chance made an address. Officers of the Artisans, were chosen and clothed by Mr. La Chance with the insignia of their office.

He was fined $65.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Watts Whitman, both very pleasantly known in musical circles, have left this city for Watertown, Mass., where Mr. Whitman will engage in business.



ABRAHAM WOODRUFF, ROBERTS' BOYCOTTING FRIEND, MORMON APOSTLE AND PROTEGE OF THE POLYGAMOUS CONGRESSMAN-ELECT, WHO ADVOCATES A GENERAL MORMON BOYCOTT IN UTAH AGAINST ALL ANTI-POLYGAMISTS. HE IS A SON OF THE LATE PRESIDENT WOODRUFF.

A FALSE REPORT

Of an Arrest in the Murder Case

POLICE ARE STILL ACTIVELY WORKING

Suspected Men Are Being Carefully Shadowed

A sensation was caused down town last night by a widespread report to the effect that a well known resident of ward two had been arrested as one of the alleged murderers of Mrs. Boyd. How, where and by whom the report started is a mystery which even the police cannot surmise, but it spread rapidly and many inquired at the police station and newspaper offices to learn that no such person had been arrested. The friends of the man mentioned were much relieved upon learning the truth.

As The Sun suggested some time ago it is now generally believed that if four men were in the case the "fourth man" or the murdered woman's escort was either in the plot with the other three to outrage the woman or else he ran away from her at the beginning of the trouble and is ashamed to have his cowardice exposed.

If it could be learned where the woman purchased the liquor if she did purchase any, it would aid the police materially and the speak-easy keeper informing them would undoubtedly escape prosecution.

The police have by no means given up their diligent search for the murderers and several suspects are being carefully shadowed and any suspicious actions on their part are reported to Inspectors Laflamme and Allen who are working untiringly on clues, a majority of which amount to nothing.

The friends of the murdered woman have told conflicting stories concerning her actions and company, but have told nothing that would aid in the detection of the men who caused her death.

THE CONVENT BAZAAR.

The following is a list of the awards on the St. Francis table of the Immaculate Conception bazaar:

Fr. Lawrence's large portrait awarded to Mrs. Annie Wilkins, 20 Hudson street; couch, Lizzie Cahill, Nesmith street; $10 gold piece, W. Fitzgerald, 271 Hildreth street; tea set, Mary Walwood, 8 Blinkhorn avenue; painted banner, Miss Louise ——, West School street; statue of St. Anthony, Mrs. John A. O'Hearn, 59 Phillips street; a box of cigars, Dan O'Brien, 318 Nesmith street; picture of St. Cecelia, Della Duffy, Moody House; willow rocker, Hannah O'Connell, New York city; jardiniere, Bridget Gallagher, 6 Dutton street; fern, Maggie Donoghue, 43 Central street; jardiniere, Annie Moran, 42 Keene street; jardiniere stand, Bridget Donovan, 257 Andover street; communion set, Annie Welch, 9 Chestnut street; barrel of flour, Katie Lonndale, 61 Chestnut street; sofa pillow, Mrs. Bennett, 6 Lawrence street; Infant Jesus of Prague, H. M. Brodeur, 69 Willow street; sofa pillow, Hattie L. Egan, 16 Lawrence street; shrine of St. Anthony, Mrs. James Gill, 9 Chestnut square; handkerchief case, Mary Sullivan, 55 Merrimack street; pair of slippers, Annie V. Conlon, 42 Common street; ladies' hat, Mary Boocott, 33 Concord street; bed spread, W. Sullivan, 277 Fayette street; lemonade set, Lizzie Guthrie, 32 Chapel street; picture of St. Anthony, Mary Graham, 61 Walnut street; silk umbrella, Annie V. Hosley, Coburn street; picture of St. Anthony, Jennie McQuaid, 230 Concord street; picture of Our Lady of Victory, Dan O'Brien, 318 Nesmith street; small picture of Fr. Lawrence, D. Sullivan, 259 Lakeview avenue; cake basket, Louise Turner, 42 Livingston street; table cover, Maggie Flannery, 56 Dummer street; fancy cracker jar, Lena Lawson, 290 Concord street; silver spoons, Nellie Barry, 156 Fayette street; willow rocker, James Shalow, North Billerica; embroidered picture frame, K. Higgins, 273 Concord street; willow rocker, Catherine Sullivan, 1 Front street; water set, Mary Hurney, 278 Adams street; picture of St. Cecelia, Fr. Lawrence, O. M. I.; sofa pillow, Henry A. Douette, 51 Cabot street; sofa pillow, Blanche Lavingeau, 33 Fairmland road.

Prizes on combination tickets: Dolly John Dillon, Concord street; cracker jar, Katie Craig, 42 Swift street; pin cushion, Nellie Dallagher, East Merrimack street; picture of St. Cecelia, Mr. Henry ——, 158 Parker avenue, tidy, C. Santesson, 346 Thorndike street picture throw, B. Ronan, 267 Worthen street.

Miss Mary D. Adams has returned from an extended trip abroad.

THE BURKES

Held a Rousing Meeting Last Evening

A BIG GAIN IN THE MEMBERSHIP

Meeting Followed by a Smoke Talk

A rousing meeting of the Burkes was held last evening in their hall on Middle street. It was the largest and most enthusiastic meeting of the Institute holding a long period, and goes to show that The Sun was right when it said a few weeks ago that the organization has taken a new lease of life.

The spacious hall was fairly taxed to its utmost capacity, so large was the attendance. Last evening 60 candidates were initiated and 50 applications for membership were received and accepted. The society has made an enormous gain in membership within the past three weeks and the total membership now is 285, a gain of more than 150 members in three weeks.

The first Sunday in November will be observed by the society as Memorial Sunday. The members will march in a body to the Catholic cemetery and the grave of Michael Sexton, a former president of the institute and founder of their building, will be decorated. In the evening, as usual there will be memorial exercises in the hall. It is expected that the society will turn out more than 350 in the memorial procession that day.

Arrangments are being made for a dance to be held in Associate hall, on Thanksgiving eve. The feature of the affair will be a basket ball game between the Burkes and another strong team, most likely the champion Hudsons.

After last night's meeting, a smoke talk was enjoyed. A fine entertainment program was managed for the occasion and was thoroughly enjoyed by all present.

The opening number on the programe was a piano solo by Arthur Mills. Frank White followed with a vocal solo and Mr. Edward O'Brien then entertained with a number of excellent phonographic selections. Thomas McCaffrey and Owen Feely rendered pleasing vocal solos and were followed by Thomas Flynn who gave a pleasing whistling solo. A general smoke followed and closing remarks were made by the president, Henry J. McCarty.

CRUSHED TO DEATH

A BRAKEMAN KILLED AT LAWRENCE LAST NIGHT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LAWRENCE, Oct. 18.—Peter Welsh, 21, a brakeman employed on the Boston & Maine railroad, was caught between two freight cars and crushed to death last night.

The accident occurred a short distance north of the Salem street bridge in the vicinity of which there have been two other fatalities within a comparatively short time.

Welsh was preparing to make a coupling between two box cars and a train of several cars backed down unexpectedly against one of them. Death was probably instantaneous.

The man was unmarried and came to this city from Blackstone, R. I., where he had a sister. His father met a similar fate in Blackstone about a year ago. The body will be taken to Woonsocket.

MR. GILBRIDE'S CASE.

Editor of the Lowell Sun:

It was J. J. Gilbride, ex-overseer of the poor of ward four who was brutally assaulted by James Meers on Gorham street last night. The Citizen wrote it up as a prize fight. As a friend of Mr. Gilbride I would like to correct the impression that he is a fighter outside of the political ring. I defy any man in Lowell and I have known Mr. Gilbride for the past 20 years to prove that he has ever fought or assaulted any one in that time and he has come in contact with as many people as any man in ward four. He has fought some of the hardest political battles that have been fought in old ward three and with all the scheming that is going on to throw dirt on him I think when the votes are counted on caucus night, he will head the list as he has consented at the earnest request of his friends to again represent them as overseer and was announce it this week. I wish Mr. Gilbride would publish or allow me as a friend to publish the dirty work that was put up two years ago when he was defeated not by Mr. Gorman, his opponent, but by parties who were behind him and who wanted him elected. The majority of the voters of the ward do not need to look around to see who is doing the scheming or what they are scheming for. I will say in conclusion that if Mr. Gilbride gets the nomination he will control his own vote. It will not be pledged to any candidate.

ONE OF THE OLD TROOPS.

Mr. Frank O. Small of New York gave a delightful art talk at the training school last night.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

A PEREMPTORY SALE OF

JEWELRY

A grand opportunity to purchase the very newest novelties at a mere trifle. The entire sample line of the

Eureka Diamond Co. of New York City

Bought by us at 25c on the dollar will be placed on sale today at prices that will make it an object for people to anticipate their wants even to the extent of preparing for Christmas presents. See our display in window and compare values with anything you've ever seen.

Ladies' Opera Chains, solid gold, front slide, sold by jewelers at $2 each
Manufacturer's sale Price 48c. each.

Chain bracelets, with perfect lock, jewelers' price, 50c,
Manufacturer's sale price 10c. Each.

Stick pins, sold by jewelers, from 10c to 25c each.
Manufacturer's sale price 5c. each.

Hat pins sold by jewelers, 25c to 50c,
Manufacturer's sale price 5c. and 10c. each.

Gold plated collar buttons, jewelers' price 10c,
Manufacturer's sale price 2c. each.

Ladies' and Gents' cuff buttons, jewelers' price 50c
Manufacturer's price 10c. a pair.

Pocketbooks, regular prices $50c to $1.
Manufabturer's price 25c.

The latest style brooches, regular prices 25c and 50c.
Manufacturer's sale price 10c. and 25c. each.

Sash buckles, regular value 50c to $1.
Manufacturer's sale price 25c. each.

Dress pins, 3 on a card, sold every where 25c.
Manufacturer's sale price 10c.

Baby pins with chain considered good value at 25c
Sale price 10c. each.

Hundreds of other articles we cannot enumerate suffice it to say you may buy jewelry of the reliable kind in this sale at prices lower than you would bid for superior grades at public auction.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

BRIDEGROOM DIED

Of His Own Volition on Wedding Day

COULD NOT RENT A WEDDING SUIT

And Consequently Jumped Under a Train

By Associated Press to The Sun.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Oct. 18.—On his 23d birthday, which was also to have been his wedding day, George Barnholzer of Summer street ended his life in a most horrible manner. Barnholzer failed to obtain on credit a new suit he desired to wear at his marriage to Miss Tillie Hutton.

Twice trains stopped just in time to avert running over him. The third time he either was not noticed on the track or he had boarded a train in order to drop between the wheels, his mangled body being found on the West Shore track.

The company were all assembled at the Lutheran church, awaiting the coming of the bridegroom, and a carriage stood in front of Barnholzer's door. His fiancee waited anxiously for him, and when he did not appear her father went to Barnholzer's home to ascertain the cause. He saw the body and learned of the tragedy.

Miss Hutton is a very beautiful girl.

PERSONAL.

Mr. Walter Sutcliffe left Boston today for Denver, Col., where he is to spend the winter. His friends wish him a safe journey and hope that he will return improved in health.

Rev. W. H. Meredith will rest from his pastoral duties for two weeks. Wesleyan College and New York city are among the places that he will visit. Rev. Dr. Dorchester, at one time a pastor in this city will preach in the Central M. E. church next Sunday.

Agent E. W. Thomas of the Tramont and Suffolk mills returned from Europe on the Oceanic last Wednesday.

Mr. Clarence Lockhart of Sixth street will spend the next four weeks rusticating in the wilds of Maine.

Mr. George Connell of Dracut has accepted a position in Waterbury, Conn. He leaves for that place today.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Bolar of 10 West Ninth street called on them last evening and presented them with two parlor chairs and a clock. After a social hour lunch was served.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Welcome Shoes

$3.00.

This is our ladies latest shoe. Made by expert workmen expressly for our store. We name this shoe Welcome Shoe. It is a welcome to the ladies feet. Made on the very latest mannish last. We guarantee this shoe to give satisfaction or your money back. Sold only by the

SUNLICHT Shoe Store

100 CENTRAL ST.

High Grade Repairing.

W. S. CRADY

Oil Stoves

You will need some more heat in your house next month. Why not get ready for it.

We have oil and gas stoves at a price that will please you.

OUR

Oil and Gas Stoves

Are all first class. NO SHODDY goods amongst them. The best is none too good for you, and that is just what we have.

GAYNOR & CO.

35 Prescott St.

THE LOWELL SUN
JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor.
SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.
Member of the Associated Press
$3.00 Per Year. 25c. Per Month



NOT A GAME OF CHANCE.

Advertising is not a game of chance, it is a game of skill. The skill in advertising is to prepare good, attractive and truthful advertisements, and then place them where they—will receive the widest publicity, for the least money.

This can be done only by using the papers with the largest circulation, in the field you wish to cover.

The Sun has a larger circulation than any two other papers in Lowell.

It is in every way

...Lowell's Greatest Newspaper...

THE BOERS' STRUGGLE.

The Boers have met the British and have been repulsed in some hard battles. There is no doubt whatever that England can conquer them within a reasonable time. It is all a question of the force necessary to accomplish this object, and England has soldiers enough, ships enough and money enough to wipe out half a dozen republics like the Transvaal. The Boers will make as good a fight as possible with their limited numbers, and more limited resources. They have the advantage of having justice on their side, inasmuch as the country is theirs and England precipitated the war by interfering in their internal affairs in behalf of her subjects who have no other interest in the Transvaal than to secure as much as possible of the mineral wealth.

The evening schools are now open and there is a great opportunity for those who wish to advance in education. The ordinary branches of an English education are taught in these schools and those who are deficient in any particular branch can improve by availing themselves of the opportunities offered. The High school is especially well equipped to aid young people in improving their minds. The textile school is also open to those old enough to enter it in the evening and the course of instruction is absolutely free. It behooves young people to examine the course in the public evening schools and also that of the textile school and see whether they cannot benefit themselves by entering one or the other. The drawing schools constitute one of the strongest features of our evening schools, the instructors being eminently qualified for the positions they hold while the ground covered is varied and comprehensive.

The Norwich Record, speaking of the license question in Connecticut, says:

"There was no special interest this year in the question of license or no-license in Connecticut, which, according to the laws of the state, comes up annually in towns where the voters desire to vote on it. In a few places more than usual interest was taken in this question, notably in New London, where a warm contest took place, resulting, as is the rule in Connecticut, cities, in a victory for license; but as a rule the vote on this question was no larger than usual and perhaps a little less than in some years. The result of the voting is to leave the state just where it stood last year on this question. Of the 168 towns in the state 90 towns are no-license and 78 license. Four towns shifted to no-license this year and four also forsook no-license.

All the 17 towns in the state containing cities are now license, as are all but two of the towns containing boroughs. The largest towns that have the no-license system are Stonington, with 7134 population; Thomaston, with 5559; plainfield, with 4582; Glastonbury, with 3457, and Bethel, with 3561. Bethel this year went back to no-license after trying the license system for a year. But it is so near Danbury that those who want to patronize saloons have not far to go to quench their thirst. As a whole, this year's voting on this question leaves the situation precisely as before.

Again the Columbia has won a complete victory over the Shamrock, this time sailing over the course alone on account of an accident to the Shamrock. It would have been a more satisfactory race if the Shamrock had been able to complete the course or even to keep in the wake of the Columbia as on the former occasion. There is now little probability that the Shamrock will be able to win the next race with the Columbia and one other defeat will decide the contest in favor of the Columbia as the conditions are that the cup shall go to the boat that wins three out of five races. If the Columbia wins the third race of course it will not be necessary to run off the other two; and so we expect that this international contest which has hung so long will be settled in favor of the Columbia tomorrow.

The accounts of the Boer war that come from Cape Town will come through English sources, and will be subjected to English censorship. It is needless to say that the Boers will be painted in the darkest of colors. Already they are reported to have kept carloads of women and children stalled upon sidetracks for thirty hours without any opportunity of sitting down, and without food or drink. These reports are censored.

Hon. William Jennings Bryan has aroused such democratic enthusiasm in Kentucky that already the republicans concede the election of the democratic candidate. The ovations tendered him on his tour through Kentucky were the greatest ever witnessed in the state, and the enthusiasm over the election of the democratic ticket surpasses all precedents.

Rev. Dr. Peabody, at the meeting of the New England Association of Colleges, said:

"What we want is not so much intellectual development, but a race of upright men, who, though dull scholars, can see their duty and stand up for it. It is a question of persons, not of methods. The teachers make the school. We must have a scholarly man as schoolmaster. More than this, he must be active, of fine character, and a lover of boys. Where sympathy does not exist between a master and his pupils, there exists a gap."

There are two wars in progress, that in the Transvaal and that in the Philippines. They are both wars of conquest waged by great powers against two insignificant powers. We venture to predict that the Boers will not hold out as long against England as the Filipinos have held out against the power of the United States.

General Otis is suppressing seditious publications in the Philippines. The articles complained of breathe the spirit of patriotism and urge the people on against the invading foe. The American publications devote their space to maligning the people rather than to conciliating them.

Sampson has added his condemnation to popular acclaim against General Shafter. He wants to be with the people on some point. But he took a queer time to give out his criticism of Shafter. Between Shafter and Sampson there is little choice in heroic qualities are sought for.

The Boston aldermen have come out strongly in favor of the imperial policy, while the councilmen have as strongly denounced it. The councilmen represent the people, and the aldermen the silver-top republicans who do not consider justice or right.

Why should not the police department on behalf of the city offer a reward for the detection of the murderers of Mrs. Boyd. The police have thus far been unable to find any tangible clue.

The Brockton Times is agitating for the appointment of district nurses for the people in addition to city physicians, in spite of the fact that Brockton has a tax rate of over $21 per $1000.

Sir Thomas Lipton shows the best of good nature on the defeat of his boat. When asked what he thought of the race, he simply said the best boat won.

Hon. John R. Murphy of Boston is determined to put up a good fight for the mayoralty nomination. He will give Collins a good race for the office.

This is surely a delicious Indian summer; but do not be surprised if it is cut short by the arrival of cold, stormy weather.

Supt. Cheney will have to get his men to hustle if he expects to finish all the jobs of macadamizing now underway.

There seems to be a gang of burglars in Lowell. The police have heard of them but have not made their acquaintance.

Frank P. Bennett is now doing some hard work in the speakership contest. Myers is making great headway backwards.

Registration for the state election closes tonight. See that your name is on the list or have it put on.

CRISP GOSSIP.

Lowell sends out some queer specimens. For instance, there was a very peculiar one landed in this city yesterday morning. He stopped over a car or two here, and then went on to Haverhill. The man wasn't feeling particularly good-humored and had a good deal to say because the conductor collected two fares on the way down to the shoe city, and also talked because the motorman didn't get the car over the ground faster. He relapsed into an uneasy slumber as the car rolled into the city.

"Haverhill!" called the conductor, as the motorman put on the brakes at the transfer station.

"All out; this car returns to Lawrence," he called.

Everybody got out—everybody but the Lowellite. He slumbered on.

The conductor went up to him:

"This is Haverhill, sir."

"Yesh-yesh! Just where I want to be—in Haverhill," the man muttered thickly, but contentedly, as he settled himself to a yet more profound slumber.

"But you must get out here; this is as far as we go."

"No, no! I'm comfor'ble, thank you; I'll stay right here in Haverhill—good seat this!—very comfor'ble," and his eyes closed again.

"You must get out here, I say. We're going back to Lawrence," and he gave him a gentle shake to rouse him again.

"I go back and be d—d," the Lowellite mumured, as he rose wearily and stumbled out of the car. "I'll stay here, yesh, I'll stay here."—Lawrence Sun.

Since the new jury law went into effect few talesmen have been excused in Brooklyn. In the county court Chief Clerk Van Doren yesterday, after calling the names of the talesman summoned to serve, said:

"There are only four excuses that can be given in order to be relieved from jury duty. They are: Being under age, not able to read or write, being of bad character and being an alien. Are there any talesmen who desire to be excused?"

"I want to be excused," said one of the talesmen.

"On what ground?" asked Chief Clerk Van Doren.

"Because I'm an immoral character," was the response.

The answer caused a sensation in the court room and Judge Aspinall looked surprised.

"What is your name and address?" asked the judge.

"Eugene T. Victory, 946 Gates avenue," replied the man.

"Why are you a bad character?"

"I've been arrested three times for intoxication," he replied.

"Well," said Judge Aspinall, "at any rate you are honest enough to acknowledge the fact. Under the circumstances, I do not see but what I'll have to grant your request. You are discharged."

THE TOWN HOUSE

Where Dracut Selectmen Hold Their Meetings

NOT HAVING A TOWN HALL

They Meet In a Little Stone Building

Dracut, our thriving suburb, is one of the few towns in the state not having a town hall. Dracut has never had a town hall, although on one occasion, only a few years ago, the citizens assembled in a special town meeting, voted to erect one, but for some reason or other the hall was not built.

It will undoubtedly be of interest to the readers of The Sun to know inasmuch as there is no town hall, where the town meetings are held and where the town officers hold their business sessions.

For more than 100 years the citizens of Dracut have always held their town meetings in the old Yellow Meeting House, and many of the caucuses, both democratic and republican, are held there also. The town meetings and caucuses are held in the basement of the church.

The town officers, however, do not hold their meetings in the church, nor have they for more than 50 years. Instead, the selectmen and the other town officials hold all their business sessions in a small stone building which is located on Williard street, on the poor farm property.

In this quaint little building the board of selectmen meet sometimes three and four times each month to transact the business of the town. It is sometimes called the selectmen's office, as it was erected for their sole use, although the board of registrars of voters and other town officials hold their sessions there, but they don't meet so frequently during the year as the selectmen.

The town house, as the selectmens' office is also known, was built about 55 years ago. Five years previous the poor farm property was purchased and the farm opened.

The selectmen had previously always held their meetings in the basement of the old Yellow Meeting House. The town fathers were not satisfied with the church basement as a place of meting, because there was no place to keep the records and other town documents, which were kept securely in a large safe provided by the town at the home of the town clerk. The selectmen recommended that a town hall be erected, but this did not meet with the approval of the majority of the voters of the town, and not only in one town meeting, but in a number, articles calling for an appropriation for a town hall were always voted down.

Being unable to have a town hall built, the selectmen next asked that they have a special office. This was readily voted by the citizens, and about 55 years ago the present building was constructed and has been used by the selectmen since.

It is a one-story building and constructed entirely of stone with the exception of the roof, which is of slate. The walls are more than a foot in thickness and are very strong. The building is 24 feet long and 20 feet in width, and contains two rooms, both of which are comparatively small. In one of these rooms is a large vault in which is kept all the records and other town documents. The vault was put in in 1876 and is made of stone and brick, with a heavy iron door. The records and documents had previously been kept in two large iron safes, which are still kept in the building, but are not used so much as in former years, that is before the vault was put in.

The second room is the selectmen's office. This room is the larger of the two. It is about 16 feet square and contains a desk for the use of the town clerk, a large table, a number of chairs, a small stove and the two iron safes. If all these were removed the room would hold only 50 people at the most.

That the majority of the voters of Dracut desire a town hall goes without saying. About three years ago a special town meeting was held to see whether the citizens would vote to appropriate a sufficient sum of money to build a town hall. The Navy Yard and Collinsville to a man were in favor of the town hall, but the Dracut Centre people were strongly opposed to it, unless it was erected in that part of the town. They would not tolerate its being built at the Navy Yard.

After a stormy meeting it was finally voted to build the town hall and the site selected was at the Navy Yard. There was something wrong in the warrant and the Dracut Centre people and the farmers succeeded in preventing the bank loaning the money.

The matter has never been brought up before the voters since, although it is possible that it will come up again before many years, but whether after so many unsuccessful attempts the vote so many unsuccessful attempts the voters in favor of the town hall will be successful, of course, remains to be seen.

FOOTBALL NEWS

There is considerable trepidation at Princeton over the game with Pennsylvania State college today. This little university confidently expects to defeat the Tigers, and many students of old Nassau believe they will do the trick. The Princeton Varsity is in a dilapidated condition, an aftermath of the Columbian game, Booth, the plucky ex-centre, and Wheeler, the fullback, are now on the hospital list. Booth is suffering from a twisted neck and Wheeler has a wrenched knee. Besides these men, Hillebrand, Hutchinson, Duncan and Pell are temporarily out of the game, and Kafer has retired for good on account of his studies. Captain Edwards has his troubles.

When the unpoached condition of the Cornell team is taken into consideration it is little wonder that the Ithacan men were beaten by the well drilled team of the Chicago university. Cornell has not yet had proper coaching this season. Had the Chicago game been scheduled three weeks later a different story might have been told. The Chicago experts outplayed the Cornellians in everything except tackling. The Cornell backs and ends seldom failed to bring down their man.

The Harvard-Pennsylvania game is still three weeks off. Coach Dibblee of Harvard, realizes that the Quakers will be a different aggregation by November 4. Harvard's weak point is now at the tackles, but they seem to be up to the standard of Yale and Pennsylvania. There is a great scarcity of substitute tackles at Cambridge, and the present good men for this position will be carefully nursed. During the last ten days considerable improvement has been shown in both the offensive and defensive work of the team.

Drastic measures are to be taken to

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—AT ALL DRUGGISTS—

knock the Pennsylvania team into shape for the coming big games. Former Quaker gridiron stars have already been summoned to the assistance of Coach Woodruff. George Brooke and John Minds will be asked to look after the backs; Byron Dickson and Hedges will take care of the ends; Carl Williams will coach the quarter-backs, and Hoyle, Carnett and Colbert will look after the men individually. Woodruff will give his attention to team work. The Quakers are deeply chagrined over their defeat by the Indians.

Dartmouth proved no easy foe for Yale. The men from the Granite state put up the hardest kind of a game. The Yale men returned to New Haven so exhausted that only light work will be given them for the next day or two. An effort will be made to get the injured men Hinman, Keane and Gordon Brown, back into shape for the Wisconsin game next Saturday. Yale is apprehensive over this game.

Daly, Harvard's clever little quarterback, never played more brilliantly than he did in the game with the West Point Cadets. Sawin, left half-back, and Hallowell, left end, also did splendid work. Hallowell made a try for a goal from the field and came very near it. An odd thing about the game was that not a Harvard player was injured.

It is certain that Yale cannot use Kiefer or Adams in the Wisconsin game next Saturday. Their injuries are severe enough to keep them off the gridiron for several weeks. Sharpe, who merely has a bad muscle bruise, will be all right with a little careful handling. On the whole, the Yale team is in a satisfactory condition.

Harvard students are joyful, and with good cause. While Yale had a desperate time to defeat little Dartmouth and the Quakers went down before the Indians, the Harvard eleven defeated the strong team of West Point by the neat score of 1 to 0. Many Harvard men saw the Yale-Dartmouth game, and they declare that the Sons of Old Eli are overrated.

Yale sent a fast and snappy freshmen eleven to play the St. Paul school boys at Garden City, but the Long Island youngsters proved that they are a clever lot by defeating the visitors handily by a score of 17 to 0. The St. Paul team comes pretty nearly being the best school boy team in the country.

Columbia will meet the New York university at Manhattan Field today. It is very doubtful whether the N. Y. U. team will score as they are a rather light aggregation to buck against the heavy Columbian line. It is probable that Coach Sanford will give the substitutes a trial in the N. Y. U. contest.

Coach King, with his string of Wisconsin football players, have left for the east to do battle with Yale next Saturday.

The men are all in good condition at present and every means will be taken to keep them so. Water will be taken along for them to drink.

The squad will go directly to Hartford, Conn., where arrangements have been made to practice on the grounds of Trinity college grounds. Some practice also be played with the Eastern college men.

Especial attention will be paid this week to strengthening the defence. Wisconsin's game will undoubtedly be to use O'Dea's kicking and keep the ball in the air as much as possible.

If the defence can only be improved sufficiently to hold the Yale rushers on downs, the Badgers should have a good chance of doing some scoring.

Twenty-two men will be taken along, the players and substitutes constituting the squad are:

Captain O'Dea, Comstock, Rodgers, R. Chamberlain, A. Chamberlain, Lecrum, Blair, Curtis, Crego, Coellems, Juneau, Hyman, Wright, Wilmarth, Yeager, Skow, Tratt, Peele, Jolliffe, Hamilton, Patterson, and Driver.

The work of Rogers at centre in Saturday's game makes him the probability for that place.

The coming week's work is likely to bring about a general shaking up of the team.

At present it looks as though they would line up in about the following order:

Rodgers centre, R. Chamberlain and Comstock guards, Blair and Curtis tackles, Cochems and Juneau ends, Wilmarth quarter, Peele and A. Chamberlain halfs, and O'Dea full.

BASE BALL.

The baseball season just ended was a profitable one for all the teams in the pennant race, with the possible exception of the Cleveland club, which quit about even. The other eleven clubs cleared about $562,000.

The Brooklyn club, the pennant winner, made in the neighborhood of $50,000. According to reports and estimates the Phillies heads the list with $75,000.

The Giants, according to a man closely connected with the New York management, made $12,000 in the season. This is good when it is considered that the team made the worst showing of any team of Giants in the history of the league.

The Louisville club quit on about an even basis with the New Yorks, according to a member of the club.

The winnings of the Pittsburg team are estimated at between $12,000 and $15,000. While the club's owners are apparently satisfied with that amount they are not entirely pleased with the team's standing. They think it should have been higher up in the race.

The Baltimore end of the Brooklyn syndicate cleared about $15,000 on the season. Low salaries were paid to all but the star players on the team, and expenses were therefore smaller than usual.

The Chicago outfit did well. According to "Pop" Anson, who is a minority stockholder of the club, about $35,000 was made on the season.

The Boston's profits are figured at $60,000. It is thought that amount would have been increased by $15,000 had the exchequers not slumped toward the end of the season.

The management of the Washington club hasn't figured up on the season yet, but those who ought to know say the club is $2,000 to the good.

Comparative estimate places Cincinnati's profits on the season in the neighborhood of $50,000.

The St. Louis club's profits, it is said, certainly amount to $50,000. The gross receipts of the club are placed at $170,000.

"Charley" Snyder, the umpire, was a catcher on the Louisville team at the time that Hall, Devlin, Crayer and Nichols were blacklisted for throwing games. Snyder recently related the facts of the disgraceful scheme which disgraced the four culprits. Here is his story:

"The lamented Hurlbert was indeed the saviour of baseball," says Snyder. "The crew of gamblers who followed ball players and stood hand in glove with the athletes of the diamond were so crooked that they were forced to sleep in a hot shaped like a corkscrew. At least that is what Mr. Hurlbert said about them. I was the receiving end of the Louisville battery during the seventies when Devlin twirled for the Colonels. I caught in every game that was said to be one of the 'sold' or 'thrown' games but I never suspected Hall, Devlin, Crayer and Nichols of any crooked work. The president of the club was the first to inform me one night after a game in Cincinnati. I refused to believe him until I read of the wholesale sale of baseball games by the four conspirators on the Louisville team.

"During the investigation made by President Hurlbert I was called on to testify in behalf of the prosecution, but I was absolutely without any possible proof that could be used against the four culprits. After this investigation it struck me for the first time that Devlin had pitched rather shady ball in certain games that I recalled. He seemed to lack both speed and control, and said that his arm was sore.

"In a game between Chicago and Louisville, Hall made a two-bagger to right. I followed him to the bat and hit a two- bagger to deep right field. I can see Hall in my mind's eye even to this day and recall the peculiar fall he made as he started to run to third on my hit. He stumbled and fell on his side, got to his feet, limped down the line toward third and was caught by Johnnie Peters, the shortstop, on the return throw from the outfield. Hall complained that his ankle was sprained. My hit would have driven him home with the winning run, but the Chicagos took their last turn at the bat and batted out a victory. After the games I met Hall and Devlin at the Sherman house.

"They were playing billiards and I noticed that Hall skipped around the table without the faintest sign of a sprained ankle. I found out afterward that this particular game in which Hall made a bluff at falling down was one of a bunch of half a dozen that were thrown.

"The newspapers at the time exaggerated the prices for which Hall, Devlin, Crayer and Nichols sold their honor. But a friend of one of the gamblers who was in on the play told me that $1,000 was the paltry sum which these four crooks split. Devlin never recovered from the shame and disgrace and died of a broken heart. He absolutely offered to pitch the next game without pay, but Hurlbert was iron willed and refused to reinstate any one of the four, in spite of the influence that was brought to bear in their favor. Hall vanished. He disappeared from Louisville and secured a position in some eastern city at his trade. He was an expert engraver. Hall and Nichols were regarded as the main conspirators in this shrewd game sensation that disgraced the game. This pair enticed "Jimmy" Devlin into the plot. They painted visions of thousands of dollars, and Devlin succumbed."

BILLERICA NOTES

Are the hen roosts of Billerica to be protected? This important question will be decided at the mock court trial under the auspices of the Billerica Historical society, Wednesday evening, October 18, at the town hall.

Mr. Jacob Murphy, conductor on the Stony Brook branch, B. & M. R. R., is resting comfortably at his home on Main street. Mr. Murphy is troubled with diabetes.

M. J. C. Caverly has closed his bicycle repair shop for the winter.

The Hillhurst has closed for the winter. It will reopen April 1, 1900.

David Coulter and Chester Page have gone camping for a week at Long Pond.

The house occupied by E. E. Cole on Main street is being painted.

Several houses are being built on Fordway Road.

Mr. James McDermott of North Billerica has purchased the house which belonged to Wm. Hutchins on Churnstaff Lane. Mr. Hutchins has bought V. Rollins house at Jones' Corner.

The excursion to the food fair which was to have been held last Saturday by the Congregational Sunday school and was postponed will be held next Saturday, October 21.

The cows are expected to come home from pasture up country Oct. 20.

Many people went from this town to see Dewey Saturday.

The rails for the intended electric road between Arlington and Billerica are laid along the roads as far as South Billerica.

CHELMSFORD

Mr Patrick Havey of Philadelphia has returned home after spending several weeks here as the guest of his cousin, Mr. Bernard Maguire.

There was a large number of North Chelmsford people in Boston Saturday afternoon attending the Dewey celebration.

Next Monday evening, the North Chelmsford Debating society will hold its opening debate for this winter and it is expected that a large number of the village people will be in attendance. "Resolved, that General Robert E. Lee was a greater general than General U. S. Grant" will be the subject that the society will debate on.

During the winter months several joint debates will probably be held between the North Chelmsford Debating society and the West Chelmsford Debating society.

As Admiral Dewey passed through here on Friday afternoon there was a large delegation of the village people present at the depot and they loudly cheered the hero of Manila.

Mr. Richard Davis has returned home after spending several days in Boston with his relations.

The town hall will undoubtedly be the scene of a large gathering Friday evening, when Squad 1 of Troop F cavalry will hold their first social dance. The event promises to be a success.

Troop F Cavalry took part in the Dewey celebration in Boston Saturday.

The enrollment of the Centre school the present term is 259. Highest per cent. of attendance 97.5 first grammar room, Miss Bliss, teacher; next is the second primary room, 95, Miss Litchfield, teacher.

The family of Wm. A. Hoyt who is in Alaska received a letter from him a short time ago. He had been several hundred miles towards the interior but at the time of writing was drawing near the coast. He had not decided whether to return home this season or remain over another winter.

NEW APPARATUS FOR Y. M. C. A.

Dr. Dietz, the physical director of the Y. M. C. A., tells us that he is daily expecting the lot of new anthropometric apparatus recently ordered by the association. The order was very complete and when it comes the association will be in the very best possible position to put the matter of physical culture on a scientific and yet intensely practical basis. Dr. Dietz is having printed some cleverly arranged examination cards by means of which he will be able to place on paper after he examines a man, the man's exact physical condition, together with a prescription of exercise that he needs. It is so arranged that on the second examination the man's improvement will be clearly shown. The classes are filling up well.

BOARD OF POLICE

APPOINTED A NEW PATROLMAN LAST NIGHT.

At the regular meeting of the board of police last evening the following business was transacted:

Licenses granted—Job and express: Charles W. Baker, 255 Merrimack street; Henry P. Pitcher, 142 Woodward avenue. Common victualler—Carrie A. Fletcher, 121 Church street; Alice Phillips, 67 Concord; Frank W. Reeves, 349 Middlesex.

Hawker and pedlar—Albert O. Fuller, Tyngsboro, Mass.; Ida A. Flanders, 93 Westford, Mass.; Adelard Rochette, 308 Middlesex street; Norris B. Hartiman, Westford, Mass.; Sydney H. Whitney, Groton, Mass.; Joseph Ellodeau, 91 Second street; Isaac Harris, 518 Middlesex street; Louis Harris, 518 Middlesex street; Augustus K. Newhall, 347 Middlesex street.

The following petitioners were given leave to withdraw:

Pool and billiards—Armand V. Sicord, 792 Moody street.

Common victualler—Mary Mehan, 200 Church street; Ovide E. Bartl, 128 Moody.

The following licenses were revoked:

Job and express—Daniel J. Kelly, 36 Court street; common victuallers, George W. Enright, 373-82 Broadway; pool room, eligible list supplied by the secretary of Fox & Devlin, Gorham street.

From a list of three names from the the board of civil service examiners, the board selected Henry E. Somers and voted that he be appointed a patrolman on the probationary reserve force.

AN INFORMALE MUSICALE.

The students of the Rogers hall school enjoyed an informal musicale in the school hall yesterday. The artistes were: Misses Vila Whitney White, vocalist; Emma Grebe, pianist, Miss Gleason, violinist. Miss White rendered songs from the German, Spanish, Old Flemish and Russian with the beautiful translation and exquisite expression that has already gained the favor of well known critics. Miss Gleason is a student of Joachim and her finished playing showed great advancement in her study. She leaves for Berlin in a few days to complete her course.

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GOT INTO A SCRAP

Tom Corbett and McVey Make Things Lively

FIGHT IN A NEW YORK SALOON

Grist of Bright Boxing and Sporting News

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Mr. Con McVey and Mr. Tom Corbett, who has the distinguished honor to be Mr. Jim Corbett's brother, last night clashed in the saloon of the Delevan House on Broadway of which Mr. Tom O'Rourke and Mr. John Bittner are the present proprietors. Mr. McVey was long time the training and sparring partner of Mr. James Corbett. It was Mr. McVey who jumped into the ring that night at the Lenox Athletic club when Mr. James Corbett was engaged in a personal altercation with Mr. Thomas Sharkey.

Mr. McVey was one of the seconds of Mr. Corbett, and since the event various explanations have been given of his interruption of the combat of which Mr. Corbett was not getting the better. At any rate, "Honest John" Kelly, the referee, promptly gave the decision to Mr. Sharkey, and since then there has been or there has seemed to be bad blood between the Corbetts and Mr. Con McVey.

Mr. McVey, in language and demeanor, is not the Chesterfield of prize fighters. Mr. McVey weighs about 225 pounds in the buff, has fists which, in color and size, may be unfavorably compared to hams. Mr. Tom Corbett has been passing some time at his brother's place of refreshment. He is a husky chap, not nearly so big as McVey. Mr. Tom Corbett, since he has been in New York has been adding to his own amusement and to the gaiety of the Tenderloin by getting into impromptu scraps. A week or so ago Mr. Tom Corbett went into that watering place for man and beast kept by Mr. John L. Sullivan. Mr. Corbett and Mr. Sullivan's bartender formed themselves antagonistic, and Mr. Sullivan's bartender "done up"—that's what they call it up there—"done up" Mr. Tom Corbett. Incidentally Mr. Sullivan's bartender split Mr. Tom Corbett's upper lip, and afterward Mr. Corbett, to keep a stiff upper lip, wore a piece of court plaster over the cut.

Mr. Corbett removed the piece of court plaster yesterday. He met Mr. Con McVey and some other friends and they went into Delevan's room to take a drink. Mr. McVey and Mr. Corbett exchanged some gentle persiflage; it was really impossible to learn last night to what subject their wit turned. However the bad blood between them boiled, they dropped their glasses, they sprang at each other. Mr. McVey delivered the first blow. Mr. Corbett caught it on the shoulder and countered. Mr. McVey warded the blow and struck Mr. Corbett a crash on the chin.

Mr. Corbett measured his length on the floor. Mr. McVey jumped on him, and instantly they were scrambling and hating in a rough and tumble fight, contrary to all the rules of polite society and the ring.

All the men in the barroom, all the women and men in the dining-room, became much agitated. A phalanx of waiters, headed by Caterer Hoetzer, rushed into the barroom and yanked Mr. McVey from Mr. Corbett. Mr. McVey was gently led to Broadway through the front door of the hotel. Mr. Corbett was conducted to the remote recesses of the barroom. Mr. McVey broke away from his friends and again rushed into the barroom. Mr. Corbett, nothing loathe, ran toward him, and again the phalanx of waiters interposed. This time Mr. McVey was somewhat hurriedly thrown into Fortieth street.

Nobody was arrested, but Capt. Price, who is somewhat of a fighter himself is anxiously anticipating what will next happen in the saloons of Corbett, Sullivan and O'Rourke.

"Mysterious Bill" Smith and Charley McKeever, the crack Philadelphia boxer, are to have another encounter in the roped arena. They were matched on Saturday by Tom O'Rourke to try conclusions in a twenty-five round bout at the Lenox Athletic club on Nov. 8. This will be the third time these clever men have exchanged uppercuts and jabs, and it is expected their battle this time will settle, once for all, the much-discussed question as to their superiority in their first fight Smith was awarded the decision after a hard battle. Their second encounter was another fast battle, in which McKeever made a great showing and received a draw. A great many experts claimed that McKeever had clearly outfought and outpointed Smith and should have been awarded the decision. They are to box the next time at 125 pounds for 50 per cent. of the gross receipts. Both men will begin training this week.

The rumor which has been in circulation in sporting circles for the last ten days, that the Lenox Athletic club would shut down, turns out to be untrue. Tom O'Rourke, manager of the club, when asked if the club would cease giving boxing shows, said: "There is no truth whatever in the rumor which is being circulated, that the Lenox club will close, and I really don't know how such a rumor was circulated. The transferring of a few of the fights which we had booked to the Broadway A. C. no doubt, was responsible for the false rumor. One reason for shifting these fights is that the officials of the club have decided to hold only big fights, such as McCoy and Maher and others at the Lenox club."

One of the fights which was to have been decided at the Lenox club, but which has been transferred to the Broadway Athletic club by Tom O'Rourke, is the twenty-round bout between Gus Ruhlin, the Akron giant, and Jim Jeffords, the Californian heavy-weight. They will box a twenty-five-round bout at the Broadway club, the latter part of the month, the date for the battle not having been agreed upon as yet. Both fighters are training hard and faithfully for the battle and should enter the ring in fine fettle. Jeffords is looked upon as one of the most promising heavy-weights that has been brought out on the Pacific coast, but as the sunu deceiving tale was heard about Kennedy before he tackled Peter Maher, the sports had better wait until Jeffords meets Billy Madden's big husky slugger before talking of his merits. The men are to fight at catchweights for half the receipts of the shows.

Matty Matthews did not leave for Louisville last night, where he was booked to meet Tom Williams Monday, owing to the fact that the Monarch Athletic club failed to advance the necessary expenses for transportation and seemed undecided as to the date, Johnny Dunn, of the Coney Island Sporting club who was to look after the New Yorker's interest there, decided that prospecting for pugilistic fame and no gain is a bad business and unless the guarantee is posted at once, Matthews will cancel his engagement. The club management lost prestige by failing to pull off successfully the Choynski-O'Donnell "go" scheduled for last Wednesday and blames the carnival and fair now being held there for its misfortunes. Matthews will now keep himself in shape to meet Eddie Connolly before the Broadway Athletic club on Oct. 28, the night after the big championship and hopes to win within the limit, owing to his desire to meet Dick Burge for the 138-pound championship of the world.

George Dixon, the colored wonder and Eddie Lenny, the cruck feather-weight, of Philadelphia have been matched by Tom O'Rourke in a twenty-five round bout at he Lenox Athletic club on Nov. 15. Lenny is the young lad who has been doing such remarkable fighting during the last two years and who also gave Joe Bernstein such a hard fight at the Greenwood Athletic club recently, which was declared a draw. The rapid improvement of Lenny was instrumental in his getting this fight. O'Rourke thought that as Lenny is a coming boy in the feather-weight class he would make a good match for Dixon. While Lenny is a fairly clever boxer, he, nevertheless, is no match for Dixon, and it is very doubtful if he will last fifteen rounds at the most with the dusky champion. They will fight at 120 pounds for 50 per cent. of the receipts.

ELIOT LITERARY UNION

SEMI-MONTHLY MEETING HELD LAST NIGHT.

John Eliot Literary union held their semi-monthly meeting last night in the vestry of the Eliot church and a large number were present.

There were some fine addresses given by prominent members and each was given splendidly. At the end of the different addresses the speakers were liberally applauded for their good work. The program of the evening was as follows: Piano solo, Mrs. Spencer, followed by an able address on "The Situation in the Transvaal," by Miss Mabel Forrest. Mr. Ernest D. Chase then followed with a fine address on the "Discovery of Wireless telegraphy," and the program concluded with an address on a "Talk on Costa Rica," which was delivered by Mr. George B. Holden.

PROMISING ATHLETE.

Mr. Herbert L. Trull of the Dartmouth College Athletic club, son of G. N. Trull of North Pewksbury, is winning great honors as a winner this season. Wednesday, Oct. 11th, he defeated several of the best college men and came within one second of breaking the college record in the 880 yard run. He also came in second in the 220 yards dash, adding a gold and silver medal to the collection of trophies.

REGISTRATION HEAVY.

Registration was quite heavy last night, 94 names being added to the list and the most gratifying feature is the preponderance of democrats who registered. The registration last night was as follows: One, 13; two, 13; three, 17; four, 9; five, 9; six, 9; seven, 5; eight, 6; nine, 11.

MEETING OF MINISTERS.

A meeting of the Andover Association of Ministers was held Tuesday at the Riverside church of Lawrence, Rev. Henry E. Oxnard, pastor.

The meeting was held between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m. Rev. William E. Walcott of Lawrence presided, and Rev. Mr. Oxnard was the scribe. Papers were read by several of Lowell's clergymen, among whom were Brothers Warfield, Kanegott and Wilson. At the conclusion of the meeting an enjoyable lunch was served by the ladies of the church.

POOL EXHIBITION.

Prof. McKewen, the pool expert of Boston was present last night at the rooms of the Spindle City Wheelmen. He gave a fine exhibition of artistic pool playing.

STILL UNCONSCIOUS.

The condition of Ittie Alice Brunelle who fell from the roof of Fletcher Block, off Moody street, Monday afternoon, has not improved. She is still unconscious and Dr. Patnaude, the attending physician, told the reporter late last night that the chances of recovery are still doubtful and it is feared that she will die from the injuries.

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THE SUN EXTRA!

6 O'CLOCK

A SERIOUS FIRE

In Which Three Lives Were Lost

FIREMEN WERE CRUSHED TO DEATH.

The Masonic Temple Was Destroyed.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

KNIGHTSTOWN, Ind., Oct. 18.—4 a. m.—The most disastrous fire in the history of this town broke out at 1.30 o'clock this morning. Three and possibly five lives were lost, and property worth $100,000 or more was destroyed. The dead are: Truman Rhodes; Charles Schuster, and F. Davey.

The men were members of the volunteer fire department and were fighting the fire when the front wall of a three-story building fell outward. They were caught by the falling bricks and crushed to death and it is believed that at least two others met with the same fate. The Masonic Temple, the largest building in the city, was in the path of the flames and was destroyed, together with the buildings occupied by E. S. Anderson, dealer in household goods; Green Brothers, saloon, and Davey Brothers, dealers in notions. The fire is supposed to have originated from an explosion of natural gas.

FUNERALS.

CASEY.—William Casey, aged 75 years, a former resident of this city, and well known here, died Sunday at his home, Turner Falls, Mass. His remains arrived in this city yesterday afternoon and the funeral took place from the northern depot being largely attended. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery under the direction of Undertaker J. F. O'Donnell.

KEEP—In the death of Mrs. Isabel A. Keep, wife of Mr. Harry A. Keep of 44 Parkview avenue, her husband has suffered the most crushing of a series of bereavements and in this he has lost the loving partner who shared his sorrows and consoled him by her cheerfulness and devotion even when her own heart was bowed down by the weight of woe. Within the past two years Mr. and Mrs. Keep have buried three children, the first a lovely girl of five years, the other two mere infants. Both were just recovering from the sorrows that had befallen them when Mrs. Keep was taken suddenly ill and in spite of all that medical skill could do, passed away after one week's illness. Besides her husband, she leaves a boy eleven years old and a sister, Mrs. Nellie Hayes. Her maiden name was Parmenter and she was quite well known and highly esteemed, especially in the Highlands where she formerly resided. She was a lady of many beautiful and lovable traits of character, one who endeared herself to all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance by her kindness, her geniality and sunny disposition.

The funeral occurred on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock and was largely attended by relatives and friends of the family. Rev. R. A. Greene conducted a simple service at the house and also at the grave in the Edson cemetery, reading appropriate selections from the scriptures and offering a touching prayer. The bearers were all relatives of deceased, namely Clarence A. Parmenter, Fred H. Keep of Milton, Mass, Howard H. Keep and Charles D. Keep, both of Hartford, Conn., the three last being brothers of Harry A. Keep.

There were many floral tributes. Those from the family consisted mainly of a profusion of beautiful cut flowers, roses, pinks, chrysanthemums, with wreaths of immortelles. The others included a large wreath of 38 white chrysanthemums and maiden hair fern representing the age of deceased from Mr. and Mrs. L. Evans; large basket of white pinks and ferns Mr. and Mrs. P. F. Devine; large spray of pink chrysanthemums, Whitney Bros., Boston; spray of pinks and roses, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Prince; spray of roses, Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Sullivan; spray of roses, Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Gardner; basket of pink roses and maiden hair fern, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Weinbeck; placque of pink carnations, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Burbank; spray of white chrysanthemums, Mr. and Mrs. Albert F. French; spray of white chrysanthemums, Misses Agnes and Winifred Berry; spray of white pinks, Mr. and Mr. M. E. Garland; spray of pinks and maiden hair fern, Miss Elvah M. Hayes. Among those from out-of-town besides those mentioned were the uncle of deceased, Mr. C. W. Thurston and his daughter, Miss A. Gertrude, of Exeter, N. H.; Mr. Parmenter from Portsmouth, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Cone, Mrs. Howard H. and Mrs. Charles D. Keep, all of Hartford, with many others.

In his sad bereavement Mr. Keep has the profound sympathy of many friends who sincerely hope that the brightness of his future will compensate for the afflictions of the past and especially for the loss of a true and devoted wife and mother.

She had pined for the little ones snatched from her breast
Till the cup of her sorrows ran o'er,
From the skies still they called her to heavenly rest.
To the joys of eternity's shore.
Here behind her a husband will deeply deplore
The sweet babes and the wife of his love,
Ever trusting to meet them and dwell evermore
In the glories of Heaven above.

COTTRELL.—The funeral services of Mrs. Thomas S. Cottrell were held from her late home, 44 Crowley street, Monday, at 2 p. m. The house was filled with friends who mingled their tears of sympathy with those whose grief was almost unbearable. A fond and loving husband, father, mother are left to mourn their loss. The following list of flowers, sent by loving friends, testifies to the esteem in which she was held. A pillow inscribed "My Wife" husband; lyre with dove inscribed "Our Lottie" father and mother; star with base inscribed "Lottie" Emma Cottrell; wreath with dove, inscription on base, "Dear Lottie," Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Cottrell; spray of white pinks with ferns, Mr. and Mrs. Bert F. Tabor; bouquet of dahlias, Mr. and Miss Stuart of Lynn; basket of roses, chrysanthemums and ferns, Mrs. Ida F. Rowe of Somerville; crescent and star, on base, inscribed "U. O. P. F." Garfield Colony of Pilgrim Fathers; cross of ivy and chrysanthemums, with "Classmate" inscribed on base of pinks and roses, Sunday school class of Paige Street church; set piece composed of pink roses and white pinks, an emblem of the Banana Sunday school class of the First Baptist church of which Mrs. Cottrell was a member; spray of pinks L. L. Trull's Sunday school class of the First Baptist church; a spray of 22 white roses, Frank D. Proctor; roses and pinks, Mrs. Willard O. King. The following named friends sent sprays of pinks: Mr. and Mrs. Daniel P. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Munson, Mrs. George F. Allen, Mrs. George H. Morse, Mr. and Mrs. Jewett, Mr. and Mrs. W. Royers, Mabel D. Allen, Etta B. Latoe, Bernice Gilman, Mr. and Mrs. Neber Noyes, James Flemings, Miss Gulline, Mr. and Mrs. John Moir, Frank W. Breult and Ella M. Chapman. Rev. Mr. Wilson of the Paige street church officiated. Selections were sung by eight young ladies of Mrs. Cottrell's Sunday school class. The bearers were Frank Osborne, Charles Blake, Leon Brown and Frank D. Proctor. Interment was in the Edson cemetery under the direction of Mr. Weinbeck.

CARRICK.—The funeral of the late Mary Carrick took place this morning at 10 o'clock from St. Michael's church where a requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. Fr. Gilday. The funeral was largely attended and there was a large number of floral offerings. The pall bearers were Martin W. and Thomas F. Graney, John J., Patrick F. and Thomas F. Carrick and P. J. Stillman. The remains were shipped to Amesbury, Mass., by Undertaker J. F. O'Donnell.

FOLEY.—The funeral of Margaret Foley took place Monday afternoon from the city hospital. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery under the direction of Undertaker McDermott.

GREGOIRE.—The funeral of Marin Gregoire took place yesterday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock from the home of her parents, 325 Middlesex street. Interment was in the Edson cemetery under the direction of Undertaker Joseph Albert.

BODY OF A MAN

Found Floating in the Lower Cocheco River

PROBABLY THAT OF EDWARD J. GOULD.

The Man Probably Committed Suicide.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DOVER, N. H., Oct. 18.—The body of a man thought to be that of Edward J. Gould of Manchester, N. H., a traveling salesman for the United States Tea company of New York city, was found floating in the lower Cocheco river here today. The coroner examined the body and decided that death was not due to violence, but that the man either had fallen into the water by accident, or had committed suicide. Letters from the United States Tea company addressed to Edward J. Gould, were found in the pockets. He was apparently about 20 years of age and well dressed. The coroner expressed the opinion that the body had been in the water about ten days.

The facts in the case have led many people to believe that the man committed suicide. He was arrested for drunkenness in this city two or three weeks ago and was released after paying a fine. Those who came in contact with him say that he felt the disgrace very keenly and blamed himself very severely for it. It is thought he may have brooded over the matter until he yielded to the impulse to take his life.

The authorities are in communication with Manchester and New York about the matter. The body is being held pending the arrival of friends or relatives.

NAVAL MANEOUVRES

WILL MAKE A GREAT DEMONSTRATION.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 18.—Advices from Japan are that about April next, naval maneuvres will be held on the largest scale yet attempted in Japan. About 100 ships will participate. The emperor will assume command and maneuvres will be carried out as though the vessels were actually engaged in conflict with a foreign power.

Much interest is taken in the announcement that the Japanese government will issue a loan of $10,000,000 dollars to provide pensions for former retainers who have hitherto failed to have their claims recognized.

MARTHA WILLIAMS

HELD FOR GRAND JURY WITHOUT BAIL.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ATTLEBORO, Mass., Oct. 18.—Miss Martha Williams, the young woman arrested in Boston a few days ago on a charge of infanticide, was to have been tried in the district court here today. Her counsel did not deem a hearing necessary. The same testimony as that given at the inquest of the death of the child would have been given. Miss Williams waived examination and was bound over to the grand jury of Bristol county without bail. She was taken to the county jail at Taunton.

HORACE SMITH DEAD.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18. Horace S. Smith, former vice president of the Illinois Steel company, died at his home in this city last night. He was 73 years of age and was one of the best known men in steel and iron circles in the United States and he was also known in Europe. It was through is efforts that the Illinois Steel company was established.

MARRIAGE INTENTIONS.

The marriage intentions of City Auditor David Chase and Rosanna Hurd were recorded today in the city clerk's office.

ROCKEFELLER BUYING MINES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 18.—It is stated that John D. Rockefeller, the Standard Oil magnate, is about to increase his mining business to a large extent on Texada Island.

GOING TO KENTUCKY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Two hundred and fifty members of the Cook county democracy left Chicago today for a campaign tour through Kentucky in the interests of Goebel for governor and through Ohio for McLean for governor. They will put in several days in Indiana also.

MURDER CHARGED

Joseph Hill Arraigned in Court Today

HE WAS HELD WITHOUT BAIL.

Edwin R. Snow Was Also Arraigned.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BARNSTABLE, Mass., Oct. 18.—Joseph A. Hill was called before the court here today to answer to a charge of murdering his wife, Mary E. Hill, at Hyannis, last August. He pleaded not guilty and was remanded for trial. The prisoner stated that he had no counsel, and the court will assign a lawyer later.

Edwin R. Snow of Yarmouthport, also arraigned today, charged with the murder of James T. Whitemore of Dennis, early in September. He pleaded not guilty, and was ordered held for trial. When the court inquired if he had counsel, Snow replied that he has not, but supposed that his parents would look out for it. The prisoner's father, who was present, stated that he could not provide counsel and the court announced that a lawyer would be assigned before the present term ends.

Neither Hill nor Snow showed the slightest agitation today. Each answered the charge against him in a firm voice and without a quiver.

GEN. EZETA

TRYING TO OVERTHROW THE GOVERNMENT IN SAN SALVADOR.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—A special from El Paso, Texas, says:

General Ezeta, expresident of San Salvador and an exile from that country, who disappeared mysteriously from his home in Oakland, Cal., where he had lived for three years, came to El Paso Saturday last and has left for the city of Mexico. General Ezeta said he preferred to die in an attempt to free his people from tyranny than to remain an exile for life. General Ezeta said he and his party would confer with the Mexican executive on the subject of a revolution in San Salvador for the overthrow of the present administration. From President Diaz the general expects assistance and support.

It is understood that General Ezeta will offer to turn over San Salvador, when subjugated to the republic of Mexico in return for the financial aid of the Mexican government in his venture.

SOUVENIRS OF VETERAN

ANNUAL REVIEW OF OLD 25TH REGIMENT.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WORCESTER, Oct. 18.—The old 25th regiment held its annual reunion at Horticultural hall yesterday. There was an attendance of about 150. Souvenir badges were distributed to the members bearing the insignia of the corps to which the command was attached.

The regiment was in 21 general engagements from Newbern to Cold Harbor, where 245 of the 500 who went into battle with the regiment were disabled. The total killed and wounded was 351. This is exclusive of deaths in prison and from other causes.

The secretary's report showed the following deaths during the year: Samuel Hartford, Co. F; Edwin T. Wetherby, Co. K; C. D. Robinson, Co. H; Charles Knowlton, Co. A; S. A. Hocker, Co. G; George W. Legg, Co. H; Francis Greenwood, Co. A; Hugh Jamieson, Co. E; John S. Brown, Co. I; Elijah Rockwood, Co. B; Charles H. Spencer, Co. H; Orin D. Hart, Co. C; C. A. Garland, Co. C; George E. Sawtelle, Co. G; Norah F. Winn, Co. F; Nelson Tiffany, Co. A; Lieut. Charles H. Stratton, Co. D; H. M. Madeen, Co. B; Joseph Cried, Co. K; John Howell, Co. E.

The officers elected were: Gen. Joshua Pickett president, Capt. J. Waldo Denny of Boston, Capt. J. B. Knox of Worcester, Sergt. L. D. Hadley of Boston, Sergt. H. A. White of Philadelphia and Ed. Sawyer of Westboro, vice presidents; C. W. Putnam of Worcester, secretary; T. W. Gates of Worcester, J. G. McCarter of Boston, F. D. Goodell of Brookfield, G. B. Proctor of Fitchburg and C. W. Wilson of Worcester executive committee.

After the business meeting a dinner was served.

Gen. Pickett presided at the exercises and the principal address was delivered by Comrade Emerson Stone, who spoke for the regiment. Brief remarks were also made by Adjt. F. A. Easton of the 9th New York cavalry, Gen. A. B. Sprague, Chaplain George S. Ball of the 21st Massachusetts regiment, Capt. John Anderson, U. S. A., (retired), president of the 57th Massachusetts regiment, Col. Fox W. Wellington of the governor's staff and several others.

Letters of regret at inability to attend were read from Arthur Forbes of Chicago, Appleton Gibson of Norfolk, N. Y.; Maj. Nixon of Leominster, E. C. Cowles of Deerfield, Silas Bromley of New Britain, Conn., J. B. Horton of South Manchester, Conn., C. F. Barnard of New York, Hon. A. S. Roe of Worcester, B. S. Crane of Barkefield, Cal., And J. W. Estabrook, of Westminster station, Vt.

ANNUAL MEETING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 18.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad company was held in the offices of the company in this city today, and was the most harmonious meeting that has been held for a number of years. The meeting lasted less than half an hour, during which time the general statement of the year ending June 30th, was accepted, two resolutions relating to the charter of the road which were passed at the last session of the Connecticut general assembly, were ratified; and a board of 13 directors and two stockholders, auditors were elected. There were 239,905 shares of stock represented and the vote for directors and auditors was unanimous. The old board of directors was re-elected as follows:

William D. Bishop, Bridgeport; Henry C. Robinson, Hartford; Charles P. Clark, New Haven; Joseph Park, New York; Chauncey M. Depew, New York; Henry S. Lee, Springfield, Mass.; William Rockefeller, New York; Leverett Brainard, Hartford; J. Pierpont Morgan, New York; George MacCullough Miller, New York; John M. Hall, New Haven; Charles F. Choate, Boston; Nathaniel Thayer, Boston; Royal C. Taft, Providence, R. I.; Charles Brooker, Torrington, Conn.; Carlos French, Seymour; George J. Brush, New Haven; I. Dever Warner, Bridgeport; Arthur D. D. Osborne, New Haven.

Stockholder auditors:—Charles A. White, New Haven; William M. Hudson, Hartford.

Miss Sadie Benson has returned from a month's sojourn in Brooklyn, N. Y.

OFFER TO BETRAY

The Filipino Cause by One of the Generals

BELIEVED TO BE A HOAX

Or Intended to Deceive Americans

GEN. PIS DEL PILAR HAS 3000 MEN

He Offers to Deliver Aguinaldo to Americans

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, Oct. 18 8.55 a. m.—General Otis has received messages purporting to come from the insurgent general, Pio del Pilar, offering to sell out his army and to deliver Aguinaldo into the hands of the Americans. Although he is not satisfied that this offer is authentic, it is not intrinsically improbable. The policy of General Otis is firmly set against buying any surrenders.

Pio del Pilar offers for the sum of $50,000 to refrain from attacking Manila with his army, for the sum of $250,000 he offers to surrender his army after a sham battle, both sides firing into the air; and for the sum of $500,000 he says he will procure the overthrow of the insurrection and the capture of Aguinaldo, Paterno and the other leaders.

In the course of the communication he refers to Aguinaldo in contemptuous terms, indicating that strained relations exist between them.

Reports are being received from the districts occupied by the enemy that the Filipinos believe that Pio del Pilar has an audacious plan to break the American lines into Manilla and to seize General Otis and the archbishop, with an idea of helping him to make a deal with the Americans. It is unnecessary to say that the Americans would welcome an attack of that sort. There has been much speculation of late regarding the whereabouts of Pio del Pilar. The recent attack at La Loma is credited to him. It is believed that he is now in the vicinity of San Mateo valley with a force of rom 1800 to 3000 men.

Ten former Spanish soldiers, who were captured by the Filipinos and for a time acted as officers and members of a Filipino artillery regiment, located in the vicinity of Santa Rosa, in the Laguna de Bay district, determined to surrender the artillery to the Americans. The plot was discovered by the Filipinos, who killed seven of the conspirators, the other three making their escape to Manila.

It appears that when the surrender was determined upon, the Spaniards delegated one of their number to proceed to Manila and to propose to General Otis to surrender, after a prearranged mock battle, about twelve pieces, including Krupp and Nordenfeldt rapid fire guns, well supplied with ammunition from the Lipa powder factory, in exchange for certain sums to be paid the Spaniards, who were to be pardoned for carrying arms against the Americans and to be transported to Spain.

The delegate left Santa Rosa and, accompanied by three Filipinos, entered the American lines at Calamba. The Filipinos did not proceed far, deciding to await his return at a given time. As the delegate was detained in Manilla longer than they had expected, they grew suspicious and returned to Santa Rosa.

The plot was then revealed and the remaining Spaniards were attacked. The gunboat Napidan, consting near Santa Rosa, perceived two men on the beach hurriedly embarking in a canoe and pushing out toward them. She took them on board, and they reported that the Filipinos on discovering the plot to surrender the artillery cut the throats of seven of their Spanish companions and that they themselves barely escaped with their lives.

The three Spaniards are now hiding in Manila, fearing Filipinos vengeance.

General Otis declined their offer through the delegate to surrender the artillery for money, but he promised to send the three to Spain.

THE ENEMY ROUTED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

MANILA, Oct. 18, 4.39 p. m.—Watsons Macabee scouts encountered the enemy at San Mateo, near Tuyat, at dawn today and attacked them on the front and flank, driving them out of the trenches and dispersing them completely. Several Filipinos, including a captain and a lieutenant, were killed. A quantity of arms was captured. The Macabees had one man killed.

INSURGENT ULTIMATUM.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CARACAS, Venezuela, Oct. 18.—Senor Matos, the peace envoy, bringing an ultimatum from the insurgent commander, General Cipriano Castro, returned to Caracas today from Valencia to meet President Andrade, who is expected to give an answer in the course of the day. President Andrade cannot do otherwise than accept the conditions imposed by General Castro as he is virtually abandoned by all his supporters. Notwithstanding this he still maintains that it may be possible to transfer the seat of government to Maracaibo and continue the fight. The situation here is extremely critical. A French warship is expected tomorrow.

PENSION CHANGES.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—The following pension changes resulting from the issue of September 29, are announced: Massachusetts: Original: Phineas B. Gould, Byfield, $12; Renewal: Edward M. North (dead), Malden, $12. Increase: Albert W. Pratt, Salem, $6 to $8. Original widows, etc.: Florence P. North, Malden, $8; Emeline Jeffers, of Fitchburg, $8; Mary M. Jones, West Barnstable, $8; Elizabeth S. Warren, Newton, $8; minors of John S. Lane, Chelsea, $20; minors of John Long, So Boston, $10.

Interest on taxes will begin after Friday, Oct. 20.

WAGE QUESTION

Will be Discussed in Fall River

BY THE TEXTILE COUNCIL OF THAT CITY.

Believed That Trade Warrants an Increase.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Oct. 18.—The wage question is to be discussed at a meeting of the Textile council Friday night. The council is made up of representatives of the different labor organizations of the city, excepting the spinners. The latter, Tuesday evening, were of the opinion that the profits being realized on cotton goods at the present time, warranted an advance in wages and that the manufacturers ought to consider this matter and give a voluntary advance.

Such a course would prevent a long agitation of the wage question, strengthen the market, promote the good feeling existing between employers and employes and bring peace, contentment and prosperity to the city. The president, secretary and treasurer of the Spinners' union will represent that body at Friday night's meeting of the Textile council.

CREMATED IN MANSION

YOUNG WOMAN OF WINTERPORT, ME., BURNED TO DEATH.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BANGOR, Me., Oct. 18.—The greatest calamity in the history of Winterport, a town 12 miles below this city, occurred yesterday, when fire destroyed the finest residence in that section and burned to death the inmates of the mansion, Miss Mary Hubbard, one of the wealthiest young women in this vicinity.

The fire originated around a fireplace beneath the room where Miss Hubbard slept and in which a fire was kindled Monday night when a party of friends called to bid Miss Hubbard goodby, prior to a trip to Europe on which she was to have started today.

The fire was discovered at 5 a. m. by Amos Wilson, a near neighbor. He rushed to the house to see what had become of Miss Hubbard and her two servants.

He found the interior of the mansion in flames and when he burst in the door of Miss Hubbard's room he was almost blinded by the rush of fire and smoke. He was obliged to flee in order to save his own life.

The servants managed to escape in their night clothes and after the mansion had been totally destroyed the remains of Miss Hubbard were found in the ruins directly under the former location of her room.

The Hubbard house was a notable mansion and one of the finest in Maine. It was long the home of Colonel Nathaniel Hubbard, for many years a prominent Maine lawyer. Miss Hubbard was the only survivor of a family of seven children and leaves a large fortune.

NEW JOB

BROUGHT CURSES AND HE TOOK POISON.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Frederick Kley night after night for five long months went home to his wife and two little children with the same story.

"There's no use trying, I can't find work," he told them. But he kept up the wearying search. Only those who have tried it in a great city know how it wrings the heart.

The neighbors in the tenement house at No. 401 East Twenty-third street noticed last night that Mrs. Kley's three rooms on the second floor, rear, were more brightly illuminated than usual.

"Jimmy just came home and told me that dad has a job," explained Tommy, the youngest child, to one of his playmates. Mrs. Kley had earned 50 cents during the day washing clothes, and the good news, she thought, justified her in preparing something more than the usual bread and tea for her husband when he came home.

"I got a job at last." The husband told her when he arrived and sank wearily into his chair. "I had to work like a horse and the foreman cursed me like a dog."

The anxious wife noticed that her husband acted strangely. He had no appetite for the tempting little "spread" she had prepared.

"Are you sick, Fred?" she asked.

"Yes, it breaks a fellow up to be treated like a brute," he said. "It ain't right in this free country. But I'll be all right in a little while."

Half an hour later Mrs. Kley heard the sound of a heavy fall in her husband's room. She picked up the lamp and ran in.

Her husband lay on the floor in convulsions. His mouth was seared and burned. An empty carbolic acid vial beside him told the story.

A little later he died. When one of the neighbors had come in he found noticed a piece of paper under a teacup. It was a note from the discouraged husband. It read:

"Kiss the children good-by for me. May God help you to get on. I did my best, but they used me like a dog. Good-by."

HOTEL BURNED

HUSBAND AND WIFE BURNED TO DEATH.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

GREEN LAKE, Wis., Oct. 18.—Terrace Beach Casino, a large hotel, owned by W. A. Meyer, was burned early today. Mr. and Mrs. Jenks, parents of Mrs. Meyer, who occupied a room above the dining hall, were burned to death.

Mr. Jenks was lying very ill in bed and not expected to live. Mrs. Jenks made an heroic attempt to save her husband, but before she could rescue him, the flames cut off all escape, and the aged couple died together. The financial loss is $60,000.

PRES. McKINLEY

ARRIVED AT CLEVELAND THIS MORNING.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 18.—President McKinley and party reached this city at 8.45 o'clock this morning. At the Lake Shore depot in this city a reception committee and members of the city council headed by Mayor J. H. Farley, welcomed the president. Senator Hanna was warmly greeted at the depot by the entire party. Carriages had been provided for a 10 mile drive through the Gordon and Wade parks. At the Hollenden Hotel the drive ended and a short reception was held in the parlors.

Myron T. Herrick entertained the presidential party at luncheon this afternoon. The remainder of the party travelling with the president were given a luncheon and reception at the Union club.

At 2.30 o'clock the president's special train departed over the Erie line. Youngstown will be reached at five o'clock. Brief halts will be made en route at Warren and at Niles. Washington will be reached Thursday. A total of 5,660 miles will have been covered and President McKinley will have delivered over a hundred speeches.

The Albion club gave a supper and entertainment at their rooms, Elm street, Saturday evening. The principal features were the singing by Miss Annie Wayne and recitations by H. Brown.

TARIFF EFFECTS

Trust Magnates Don't See Alike.

INDUSTRIAL COMMISSION IN SESSION.

Evidence Shows up the Powerful Combination.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—The Industrial commission continued its inquiry into the trust question yesterday, the witnesses being President Daniel G. Reid of Chicago, of the American Tin Plate company; William Reis of Chicago, president of the National Steel company; Charles S. Guthrie of Pittsburg, president of the American Steel Hoop company, and Judge William H. Moore, the promoter of these and other trusts.

Mr. Reid, in reply to questions as to whether the books of the company were open to the inspection of stockholders, produced a series of resolutions adopted by the stockholders at their first meeting, but not heretofore made public, providing that the books in which the transfers of stock shall be registered, and the books containing the names, addresses and number of shares respectively of the shareholders shall be at all times, during the usual hours of business, open to the examination of every stockholder at the principal office.

He said that Judge Moore had organized the combination and had received for his services $10,000,000 worth of the common stock. The consolidation had been made to prevent absolute failure, as many of the plate establishments were rapidly drifting into bankruptcy.

The prices of the product had increased rapidly since the organization and there had been a corresponding advance in wages. He estimated that the increase in wages and employes would represent an enlarged payroll of $2,000,000 annually.

The rolling mill men in his establishment were paid as high as $10 per day, the highest price paid to any laborers in the world. The average wages of the employes were $2.60 per day. The advance in the price of the finished product had not been equal to that of the raw material and of wages.

He explained that the relations of his company with the National Steel company and the American Steel Hoop company, saying that each company had directors who hold similar places in the other companies.

Mr. Reid said that 13 mills had been shut down because of their poor location, but 25 new ones had been started. There were 39 establishments in the combination, he said. Without the tariff Mr. Reid thought it would be impossible to manufacture tin plate in the United States. The margin was now sufficient to permit the increase of the price of American tin plate to $3.25 per box before bringing it into competition with the English product. He estimated that the manufacture of our own tin plate had resulted in keeping at least $35,000,000 of money in this country, which otherwise would have gone abroad. In the 39 establishments owned by the combine there were 300 mills, while the outside establishments contained 27 mills. The American company manufactured nine-tenths of the tin plate made in this country and controlled the prices.

The testimony of Mr. Reis agreed in most respects with that of Mr. Reid, especially in regard to wages and the prices of raw material. His company, he said, was capitalized for $89,000,000, of which $27,000,000 was preferred and the remainder common. He declared that his company sold its products to any one that wanted to buy, and that its sales were not confined to the tin plate company, as had been alleged. In his combination there were six steel works and 15 furnaces. The company also owned its own iron mines and its boats for lake transportation.

The capacity of the combine was about 500 tons per day, or about 18 per cent. of the total product of the country. Prices of steel had increased since last year from $10.33 to $22.50 per ton, and of steel billets from $15.31 to from $34 to $44.

Mr. Reis differed with the other witnesses in his estimate of the effect of the tariff, saying that directly it did not benefit his industry in the least. He said that his company did business with the tin plate company on the same basis as with other patrons, but admitted that the relations of the two companies were confidential. His company, he said, paid its regular dividend of 7 per cent. on the preferred stock, but had never paid any dividends on the common stock. The profits of the company were in excess of the amount paid in dividends.

Mr. Guthrie said that he found the combination of the interests represented in the steel hoop company of real advantage in many ways and especially in securing a foreign market. The company was composed of 39 different plants with $14,000,000 of preferred and $10,000,000 of common stock. He considered the tariff of very material advantage to the industry.

Judge William H. Moore of Chicago, said that he bought each of the 39 concerns interested in the combination and then gave the owners the privilege of accepting cash at the valuation, the par value of the stock being $100 per share. He defended the New Jersey incorporation law as fair and liberal, saying it was modelled largely after the English law.

THE WEATHER.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 18.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity: Fair weather tonight and Thursday; cooler tonight; variable winds, becoming westerly.

Edward Everett Adams has just begun his 11th year as teacher of the piano and voice at Mitchell's Boys' school, Billerica.

IN COLD CASH

WATERS WANTED TO PAY FOR HIS PURCHASE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

ATLANTIC CITY, Oct. 18.—"No mortgages or bonds or anything of that sort will do for me; I want hard cash." That is what Mrs. Bew said to G. Jason Waters proprietor of the Hotel Windsor here, when he had agreed to buy her hotel on the board walk. "All right," replied Waters. "I'll pay you in the hardest kind of cash.

Bew's Hotel has a frontage of 150 feet on the ocean front and Waters had agreed to pay $150,000 for it. He kept his word. He arranged with a local bank to supply him with one-third of the purchase money in gold coin in denominations of $2.50, $5 and $10 pieces. The remainder was to be in silver dollars. Soon after noon yesterday, Waters was seen wearily trundling a loaded wheelbarrow down the principal street and thence to the ocean. He stopped in front of Bew's Hotel and sent word to Mrs. Bew that he was out in front with the money for the place. There was Waters and his coin. "It's in hard cash as you demanded" said Waters. "where shall I dump it?"

"Lawsy me," said Mrs. Bew, her eyes bulging, "Are you crazy? I don't want all that gold. I haven't any place to keep it. Take it away. Give me a check instead."

After Waters had had his joke by insisting that the wheelbarrow load be accepted, he gave a check to Mrs. Bew and trundled his gold back to the bank.

TAXES

Collector's Notice.

The assessors have committed to the Collector of Taxes the

TAX LIST OF 1899.

With instructions to collect in the manner prescribed by the Statutes of the Commonwealth and by the Ordinances of the City of Lowell, the sums assessed by them to the persons named therein, and he is now ready to receive payment of said Taxes at his office in City Hall.

When a Poll Tax only is assessed, the Tax is due, and if not paid forthwith, the collector will proceed to collect the Tax as directed by the General Statutes. WARRANTS will be promptly issued for the collection of Poll Taxes.

SUMMONS, bearing costs, will be issued against delinquent Poll and Personal Tax Payers on or about November 1st.

INTEREST at the rate of seven per cent. per annum will be charged upon all Taxes which remain unpaid October 30, 1899, until the same shall be paid; and such interest shall be added to and considered a part of said Taxes. Poll Taxes are assessed upon every male inhabitant above the age of 20 years. On undivided real estate each heir is liable for the whole tax. An error in the name of the person taxed does not defeat the collection of the Tax. Each partner is liable for the whole Tax assessed under the partnership name.

If any taxable inhabitant, by removing his residence since the first day of May or from any cause should not receive his tax bill, he must consider the tax demanded by this notice and a new bill will be made out on application at the office of the City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes if a Tax has been assessed.

All who preserve their Tax Bills and bring them when they come to pay, will save the time of making a new bill and facilitate the business of the office.

THE RATE OF TAXATION FOR 1899 IS $19.60 ON $1000.

OFFICE HOURS—From 9 o'clock a. m. to 4 p. m. For the convenience of the Tax-paying public the office of the Collector will be open in the evening as follows: Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, from Oct. 9 to Oct. 14, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock p. m. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, from Oct. 23 to 26, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock p. m.

Look for your Tax Bill at your place of residence, May 1st, 1899 and bring it with you.

CHARLES F. COBURN,
City Treasurer and Collector of Taxes for the City of Lowell.

When it comes to making overcoats we are right in it with the best of them for style and quality and as for price here is where we distance all our competitors. Our rent is low and we have a practical knowledge of our business. These are the plain facts of our being able to undersell our neighbors.

Call at A. M. BERTRAND,
The Fashionable Tailor,
24 MIDDLE STREET.

"GLORIA"

IS NOT A MEDICINE.

GLORIA is sold only from the bottle with GLORIA on the label. GLORIA is better and costs the dealer more than other drinks, making it tempting to sell imitations.

Our verse maker trying to get the taste of imitation out of his mouth, says:

I fear you ancient hypocrite,
I fear your skinny hand
Will pour an imitation out
And cheat me if you can.

Look out for imitation.

S. Bartlett, Agt., 160 Middlesex St.

H-O-P-S viz H-O-P-S

Just received, 1,700 pounds of fresh, kiln-dried loose hops.

Good for Hop Beer,
Good for Hop Bread,
Good for Hop Pillows,
Good for Home Brewing

These hops are strictly first class high-grade goods, raised and cured this year, on specially prepared ground, for home use, by an expert hop grower. Place your order at once, as the amount is limited.

STILES & CO.,
Charles and Central Sts., Lowell.

The Latest and Best Sewing Machine is the

"SINGER"

Oak, Maple and Mahogany Wood Work. Sixteen Million of these Machines have been sold.

Needles and Parts for all kinds of Machines. Old Machines taken in exchange.

The Singer M'f'g. Co., 173 Middlesex Street.

PETER H. SAVAGE.

Undertaker and Funeral Director

169 WORTHEN STREET.

Telephone connection 4614. Calls night or day promptly attended to. Carriages furnished for weddings and christenings.

3 WINNERS.

Misses' Lace Spring Heel Calf Shoes $1.00.

Little Gents' Crack Proof Lace Wedge Heel $1.00.

Youths' 3 Sole Lace Shoes $1.

The above are dressy and serviceable. Try a pair.

J. J. LONERGAN,
215 DUTTON ST.



Artificial Teeth, the very best that can be made, $8.00, upper or lower. You make no mistake if you go to

DR. SIMMONS, Dentist,

216 Central street. Mention this ad. and you get a discount.

A GREAT MEETING

In Opposition to the Imperial Policy at Chicago

Speeches Delivered at Yesterday's Session—Scathing Denunciation of the Administration Boutwell's Letter

By Associated Press to The Sun.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Following are a few of the principal addresses delivered yesterday at the anti-imperialist meeting in Chicago. The meeting was one of the most important of the kind yet held.

MR. BOUTWELL'S LETTER.

The following letter from Hon. Geo. S. Boutwell was read:

"Boston, Mass., Oct. 11, 1899.

I am compelled by Mrs. Boutwell's long and continued illness to put aside at once all thought of acceding to your request to me to be present at the conference of American anti-imperialists to be held at Chicago the 17th day of the present month.

Massachusetts will be represented in the conference, but the state has already so declared its opinions that its further action can be forecast. The democratic party has denounced the war in the Philippines, and the republican party has refused to sanction the doings of the president, and it has traversed his policy by demanding peace and recognition of the right of self-government in those whom the president is seeking to subdue to his will.

There are several points on which the conference may declare its opinions and announce its policy with entire freedom and with much power.

1. The president should be held responsible for the war in the Philippines and for the sacrifice of life and the expenditure of treasure incurred in its prosecution.

2. The conference, in the name of the anti-imperialists of the country, should announce its purpose to oppose his re-election and its further purpose to oppose the election of members of congress who may sustain his policy.

3. The conference may declare its intention to oppose the re-election of any member of congress who may sustain an appropriation of men or money for the prosecution of the war. On these points there should be no compromise, no concessions.

Thus far the president alone is responsible. Should congress endorse and sustain his policy we can then carry the contest into the states and districts for the purpose of unseating the men who may have suported and sanctioned the doings of the president.

At present we are not in co-operation with any political party. Let us reserve and preserve our right of action and our freedom of action in the presidential election of 1900, until that contest has been organized, coupled with the understanding that it is our purpose to contribute to the defeat of any party that demands the subjugation of the Philippine islands. Our republic, thus far, and certainly since the 13th amendment was adopted, has rested upon two great propositions: The equality of men in the states and the equality of states in the Union. The president's policy is an abandonment of both of these propositions and the substitution therefor of a colonial empire on the model of the British Empire. We demand peace in the Philippine islands and the opportunity for the exercise of the right of self-government in Cuba, in Porto Rico and in the Philippine islands, and the only means by which our country can be saved from a disgraceful abandonment of the principles on which the republic has rested for a long century and a degrading acceptance of wars and policies which we have denounced through the same period. Republic or empire? That is the question before the country.

Your obedient servant,
(Signed) George S. Boutwell.

To Messrs. Edwin Burritt Smith and Erving Winslow."

PROFESSOR TOLMAN'S ADDRESS.

Prof. Albert H. Tolman of the Chicago University said in part:

"Just one important official message was sent to the Filipinos by this government previous to the outbreak of hostilities at Manila. This was the proclamation of President McKinley, dated Dec. 21, 1898, and made public in this country on Jan. 5, 1899.

"There is one adjective that will describe this document fully and fairly. It is a Spanish proclamation, just such a one as the Filipinos had many times listened to. There is the same parade of benevolent purposes, and the same tyrannical substance. The natives recognized the document as one of the kind to which they were accustomed.

"Not only are the most un-American things present in this proclamation, but all the most important things that should have been stated are omitted. It has been well said that this document takes not the slightest notice of any rights on the part of the people of these islands except what we are graciously pleased to grant them, it contains no recognition of their long struggle against Spain, their arduous struggle for liberty, no recognition of their long sufferings under her rule, no acknowledgement of their fitness for self-government, no expression of our desire or even of our willingness that they should govern themselves. Mr. McKinley simply promised the Filipinos protection 'in their personal and religious rights' and a 'full measure of individual rights and liberties.' Nothing is said about those political rights for which our ancestors fought as these people are now fighting. There is not one word in this document, not one, which says or suggests that the Filipinos will be permitted to have self-government at any time, either soon or late, either as a right or as a privilge.

"The indifference and even contempt which President McKinley here displayed toward American ideas and toward the proper aspirations of a brave people, I for one cannot forget, and, politically speaking, cannot forgive. He has done his best to turn the great statue in New York harbor, of Liberty, enlightening the world, into a colossal joke. He has made us and our boasted ideals the derision of the people of Europe. He has caused the nations of our own continent to drill armies and stand guard against the United States as a great free booter, watching to rob them of their birthright. He and his councillors have largely thrown away our finest national possession, our moral influence. He has put into our history a black page which will shame us forever. My humble vote he cannot have again. The gold of our coinage is not so precious to me as the fine gold of our history.

"This proclamation was in reality a declaration of war, made not by congress as the constitution requires, but by the arbitrary act of the executive. It is Mr. McKinley's personal declaration of war. Because of this personal declaration of war many brave American soldiers and brave Filipino patriots have died and are dying. And when shall we see the end of William McKinley's war?

"Some may say that only congress could make promises to the Filipinos concerning the form of government that would be allowed them. I reply that President McKinley has since made them promises concerning their form of government without consulting congress. In any case, if he could make them un-American threats and promises, he could make American promises. He certainly had as much right to make promises in accordance with the Declaration of Independence as he had to make promises contrary to it.

"God never required Mr. McKinley to issue this proclamation.

"Who can think that the Deity would have been displeased if this document had congratulated the Filipinos on the successful outcome of their long struggle for liberty, had promised them the self-government for which they had prayed and fought and suffered, and had assured them of our help and protection?

'Hon. Whitelaw Reid, Senator Davis and Senator Frye, three of the five commissioners who made the treaty with Spain, have defended it heartily on the ground of the pecuniary and commercial advantages likely to result to the United States from our possession of the Philippines. This has been the burden of their utterances. The welfare of the Filipinos, to say nothing of their self-government, has not occupied a prominent place in their thoughts. Not destiny and duty, but dollars put us into the Philippines. And who will get the dollars? Millionaires and syndicates will secure any small gains which could not just as easily be obtained without enforcing our sovereignty. Millionaires and syndicates are virtually saying to our common soldiers: 'You stop the bullets and we'll do the rest.'

"The proclamation issued at the beginning of April by the American commissioners to the Philippines declared that hostilities had broken out because the 'pure aims and purposes of the American government and people' had been misinterpreted. If this means that the Filipinos misunderstood the president's previous public letter, I deny it. They understood it; that was not the trouble; and I challenge anybody to understand it differently. It is true, however, that in the meantime the president had himself come to understand better the meaning of his own statement, and the commissioners were allowed to promise the Filipinos 'the most ample liberty and self-government reconcilable' with good government 'and compatible with the sovereignty and international rights and the obligations of the United States.' Since this promise was expressed in somewhat vague terms, and since it came two months after the war began—so that it had to be shot over the enemy in the form of gun-wadding—it is not strange, perhaps, that it did not have much effect in pacifying the natives.

"The terms of the president's original proclamation make it plain that we are really carrying on in the Philippines a war against liberty; we are not simply restoring order. There was no disorder in Luzon and had been none for months until our president deliberately demanded that the Filipinos accept taxation without representation and government without consent. Soon after that there was disorder in the form of armed resistance, and thank God that there was! It was time for it.

"Our treatment of the Filipinos constitutes a case of tyranny if there is any such thing as tyranny. Our peace commissioners at Paris paid no attention whatever to the desires and protests of the Filipinos themselves. The terms of the treaty absolutely ignored the natives. President McKinley's official interpretation of the treaty, issued in advance of its ratification, we have just examined. During the senate debate upon the treaty we refused to pay any regard to the representatives of the Filipinos. We called them adventurers because they opposed our projected adventure and faithfully represented the sentiments of their own people. If this course of treatment and our subsequent war of conquest do not constitute a case of tyranny, then there is no such thing as tyranny. Perhaps the idea of tyranny is only one more of those old-fashioned notions that we must give up. Perhaps the first clause in the Anglo-Saxon alliance for the suppression of young republics will declare that the word tyranny must not be used any more. But if there is such a thing as tyranny, we have displayed it toward the Filipinos. George III. demanded of a distant people that they accept taxation without representation and government without consent and sent armies to enforce the demand. What else has William McKinley done? The same conduct cannot rightly be called tyranny in George III. and then called 'destiny and duty' and 'priceless principles' in William McKinley.

"But some say, 'Why discuss these old matters. Our present position and its demands upon us are the only important things to be considered.' To this I answer that the rights and duties of our present position are to be determined largely by a careful consideration of the course of action that brought us into this position. As soon as the American people understand how thoroughly our leaders have put us in the wrong, how unjustly and tyrannically we have treated the Filipinos, I believe that enough Americans are really civilized and Christian as civilization and Christianity were understood before the Philippine war, to demand that our policy be changed and to enforce that demand. Of course all those who think that Christian missions of the peaceful type are practically a failure, those who have little faith in the power of ideas except when supported by guns, and those who believe that the weapons of the Christian warfare are primarily not spiritual but carnal, together with many others, will still oppose us and will loudly call for more bloodshed.

"It is not clear that there were any great difficulties in the Philippine problem until we made them. It is not clear that there exists now any important obstacle to a speedy settlement except pride of consistency on the part of our leaders. First, the wanton blundering and then the foolish and wicked pride which stands by the blunder.

"Many competent observers tell us that the capacity of the Filipinos for self-government cannot be doubted But you tell me that some competent witnesses have doubted their capacity for this. Yes. But how long is it in this country since the presumption has been against self-government? Since William McKinley became president.

"A man cannot fairly be said to believe in self-government at all who believes in it only for his own nation. The way in which imperialists believe in self-government for themselves makes me think of the prayer of a certain selfish man which John B. Gough used to recite:

Lord, bless me and my wife,
My son John and his wife,
Us four
And no more,
Amen.

"Many say that we must go on with this war even though we ought not to have begun it. Well, there are some men and some nations, so weak morally that when they have once begun upon a wrong course, they are unable to turn back. But are you willing to be one of those men? And are you willing that the United States shall be one of those nations? France after doing injustice to Dreyfus turned squarely about and set her face toward justice. Is there any better way?

"Fellow citizens, I warn you against the constant talk about good government. President McKinley promised 'Good and stable government' to the Filipinos. We talk about giving 'good government to the discontented Cubans. The great principle for which this country stands is not good government but self-government. The American idea is not that self-government is necessarily the best government; the true American idea is that wherever it is at all possible, self-government is a better thing than the best government. Good government means that the governmental machine runs well; but self-government produces the best men. Self-government is the best man-factory. Self-government is the American idea. Let us remember this. And let Lincoln's noble words once more ring through our minds:

"Those who deny freedom to others deserve it not for themselves and under a just God cannot long retain it."

REV. Mr. BIGELOWS SPEECH.

The Rev. Herbert S. Bigelow of Cincinnati said:

"The nation is standing at the parting of the ways. Two paths lie before her. Two voices are speaking. One voice is asking 'Which path will pay? The other is demanding 'Which path is right?' The course we take will depend upon our answer to these questions. The two questions are in reality one. But if it is conceivable that even temporarily we might profit by the wrong, still, unless the soul of the nation is already lost, we will agree that before the question of profit shall have a hearing the question of right must be settled.

"The American people believe in the golden rule. They have not lost all faith in justice. They believe in the divine brotherhood. They know that one man has as much right to justice as another. According to their code of ethics, no man has a right to deprive another of life except in self-defence; no man forfeits his right to liberty unless he seeks to appropriate the liberties of others. They know, furthermore, that if the individual is bound by this principle of equal justice to all men, of much greater importance is it that the nation should act in the same faith. I do not fear the apostacy of the American people. Their religion is the religion of justice. The declaration of independence is the political expression of that faith. Never knowingly will they repudiate it. If a war of aggression ever receives their support, it will be only because their public servants have not trusted them with the facts; it will be only because the soothsayers have persuaded them that the war is righteous, that it is waged in defence of the principles of the declaration of independence, and that it has the sanction of patriotism and religion.

"The task that we have before us is not to dissuade the people from a desire to commit wrong. Our task is to save them from the sophistries of the tyrants who endeavor to turn their good intentions to bad account. Humanity has a tender conscience. You cannot get the masses of the people to continue in a wrong course unless you can half persuade them that they are doing right. The people are not depraved, but they may be deceived.

"The vice of mankind is the desire for dominion, the lust of power and possession. Today, as so often in the past, that vice comes to the people in the mask of humanity. It is our task to tear off the mask. Our message to the people is that justice cannot be done through injustice, peace cannot come through violence, liberty cannot grow out of oppression, the gospel of humanity cannot be proclaimed by the mouth of cannon.

"We are told, Mr. Chairman, that there are imperialistic designs lurking in the mind of General Aguinaldo, that he is seeking to establish over the islands a tyranny, and that in suppressing the insurrection we are fighting for the right of Filipinos to rule themselves. Why not say that to them? Aguinaldo is keeping up the fight under the pretext of resisting American sovereignty. Take away the pretext; let congress issue a proclamation declaring the right of the Filipinos to rule themselves and promising to recognize the government of their choice. Then what cause would there be for disorder in those islands?

"But how do we know that Aguinaldo does not represent his people? Suppose they are overwhelmingly with him. Would the censorship vouchsafe us this information? Would it help the administration to have that fact known? But if we are not permitted to know anything that would injure the administration we can only use our own best judgment as to the probable state of affairs. Is any man ready to say of the finest armies the worldever saw that they have been unable in all these months of costly warfare to suppress an insignificant uprising of a few ambitious leaders who are looked upon even by their own countrymen as dreaded tyrants. Is there any man so blinded by partisanship as to believe that the management of the war could possibly have been so incompetent as that? If the majority of the Filipinos dread a Tagal tyranny and look to us as their deliverers, why do they not enlist in large numbers to help us save them from their enemies. We have heard of Aguinaldo and his rebels. Why have we heard nothing of Artacho and his patriots? It is said that Aguinaldo does not represent the wealth of the islands. I can see how that would seem unpardonable in the eyes of a clique that represents nothing but wealth. The argument that the war is justified because Aguinaldo does not represent his people is an argument with a double edge. I suspect that the man who is willing to lend a forlorn hope against gigantic odds in defence of the declaration of independence is closer to the hearts of the American people and more representative of their sentiments than those who tell us that the constitution is no longer worth discussing, and that it is time we were learning the absurdity of the principle for which the men of Bunker Hill and Valley Forge gave their lives.

"But suppose it be admitted that the Filipino people have faith in Aguinaldo and desire their independence? Still it is said that they are not fit for self government; that after centuries of darkness, the full light of liberty would blind them; that to give them their independence now would be to deliver them up to anarchy; but that after a generation or so of benevolent tutelage they may be given their liberty with some hope of retaining it. We do not question the sincerity of those who take this position, though, as Macaulay suggested to tell a people that they may have their freedom when they are fit to use it is like telling a boy that he may learn to swim but warning him not to go near the water. How can we tell when a people are fit for freedom? Why, sir, when they will die for it.

"But suppose that in the end a larger degree of freedom would come to their people by first recognizing our sovereignty. Then it would be best for them to submit. And those who are sincerely interested in their welfare would hope that they would submit. But if they refuse, have we a right at the point of the bayonet to force them against their will to take the course which we believe to be for their best good? Does our responsibility end when we have exhausted every peaceful means? If they were encroaching upon our liberties it would be legitimate for us to resist them by force if necessary. But have we a right to murder them because they are not as good to themselves as we think they ought to be? That is a power that God Almighty has not dared to exercise over a human soul? When we deny to a people the right to determine in freedom what their life shall be, we subvert the constitution of nature and substitute our ways for the ways of God. What right have we to compel a people to act contrary to their wish in matters which are their own concern? What right but the right of might? What right but the divine right of kings. Away with these savage wars of peace.

Let us call tyrants tyrants and maintain

That only freedom comes by grace of God.

"Amazing indeed that doctors of divinity should stand in their pulpits and advise sending the sons of the nation to wade through seas of blood to compel these Christians to accept our version of the gospel. We are to bestow the blessings of a good and a stable government upon them? Sir, we have been reared in the political faith that governments are derived and not bestowed. Tell the coolies of China, tell the fellahin of Egypt, tell the pariahs of India that governments are bestowed upon them. But tell the president of the United States upon whom we have bestowed some limited power for a brief season, that such language is offensive to the American ear.

"We paid twenty millions for a pretext to call criminal aggression 'benevolent assimilation.' We have paid twenty millions for a tablet on which to write the epitaph of the republic. To the cry for peace we say 'the war must go on to the grim end,' and we call that Christianity. To men who dare to fight for freedom we say 'surrender or die,' and we plead the decree of Providence. If that is Providence then I appeal from the decision of Providence to the conscience of the American people.

"Humanity—what are the claims of humanity, what is the offence of polygamy, what is the crime of slavery compared with the insult of the rebel Aguinaldo in refusing to bend the knee to the Emperor William and his great high priest 'Hananias?' If I were a Filipino and any canting Methodist came to me with the proclamation of sovereignty and the ultimatum to disarm and be baptised, I would say to him: Son of insolence, bombard our cities, set fire to our villages, mow down our crops, make of every woman a widow, of every child an orphan and every home an ashheap and then when you have left enough evidences of your Christianity, go back with your blood-stained hands and gold that drips with tears and boast of the desolation you have wrought, the people you have vanquished, but forget not to tell that though you have established the order of a graveyard and the peace of the dead, you have yet to conquer the soul of the Tagal.

"But many say: 'Now that we are in it there is nothing to do but to establish order. It is too late to turn back.' Why? Because of our honor? Honor. The great republic, professing faith in the inalienable right of self-government, invading the homes of the brave little Filipinos, whose only hope is in the justice of their cause. Honor. Do they advise us to go on because we no longer have our honor? If not honor, what then? Is it pride that should goad us on to the completion of these wrongs? Would pride advise us thus if honor were not dead? Nay, if not our honor, then our pride should save us. In sight of all the world this nation has been plunged into war, not by constitutional act of congress, but by the arbitrary will of a president. Thousands of lives and millions of treasure have been asked for, but our opinions have not been solicited, our wish has not been consulted. We have been proud of our right of self-government. Must that pride be humbled? Is liberty dead? Have we lost the power to rule ourselves? Shall we confess it to the cynics of the other world? Rather let us teach those who, in contempt of the nation's will, have dared to haul down the flag from the pinnacle of a century of glory, that the American people are too proud to bend their neck to the yoke of empire, while traitors scoff at sacred principles and tyrants exult in the death of the republic. Tell the nations of Europe that we cherish the memory of Washington more than we covet partnership in their crimes. Tell them that we had rather keep the grave of Lincoln green than cultivate the airs of monarchy. Tell them that we are willing to carry the white man's burden ourselves and therefore have no use of subject colonies. Tell the oppressed of all the world that the Western Continent has been christened by the blood that flowed for freedom, that it is dedicated to the eternal principle of self-government, that by the grace of God it shall remain the land of the free and the home of the brave, and that when the hand of the oppressor grows heavy upon them they may find refuge beneath the aegis of American liberty, where no tyrant ever comes and no yoke is ever worn. Tell the recreants who would tear down the flag that stands at its eagle height bidding welcome to the home of freedom, tell them that they trifle with the nation's pride and that they make merchandise of the nation's honor, that, as the nation's faith in liberty is pure, so shall its judgments be swift and certain.

But, Mr. Chairman, perhaps we ought not to talk of war and carnage and murder. We are not fighting the Filipinos. They are simply undergoing a process of assimilation. They are being digested. We are merely loving them to death. 'Criminal aggression' is shocking. Imperialism is too bad. Expansion is only tolerable. Duty, destiny, the logic of events, Providence, benevolent assimilation—these make better battle cries, especially for a presidential campaign.

"Let us speak plain: a lie may keep
Its throne a whole age longer, if it
skulk
Behind the shield of some fair-seeming
name."

"If we protest against destroying the first republic in Asia with an army organized for the purpose of expelling the last monarchy from America, why, if we protest, then we are traitors. What is treason? The traitor is the patriot who fails; the patriot is the traitor who succeeds.

"Off with the mask of tyranny! Away with the despot's whine! God and the king, patriotism and religion, the Bible and the flag, what are these but the emblems of that authority in church and state that have always appealed when they have wished to arrest the thought of the people or warp their moral judgment? The worship of bunting deprives patriotism of principle and makes slaves of freemen. The worship of a book deprives conscience of intelligence and makes superstitution religion. The devil is in his element when he can get good people to practice iniquity for the Lord's sake. The tyrant bids the people fix their gaze upon the stars and stripes that his conduct may escape their scrutiny. It is the duty of the patriot to save his country from the treason that lies coiled and hissing beneath the folds of the flag. The devil is never so defiant as when he comes in the garb of a priest with a Bible in his hand and a text on his tongue to enlist in his service the people who mean well and who do his bidding in the name of faith and fatherland.

"Ah, Mr. Chairman, I would have the apostate sons of Washington and Lincoln listen with tears of repentance to the sacred words of the patriotic Rizal, who said as he gave his life for the freedom of his beloved Filipinos:

"'I go where all are free, I go where there are no torturers, where the oppressor's power shall be destroyed, where faith kills not, where He who reigns is God.'"

THE SERENADE

OF ANDOVER YOUNG MEN AT BRADFORD REPULSED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

HAVERHILL, Oct. 18.—Three Andover young men met more than they bargained for in Cornelius Noonan and Timothy Linehan, two porters at the Bradford academy, yesterday morning while attempting to serenade the young women of that institution.

W. J. Burns, who belongs in Andover and is employed by a tailor in that place, Augustus Kimberly and M. M. Thurlow were the trio. The two latter attend the Phillips academy and are from the west. They had another companion but during the trouble at the academy he escaped. The serenade took place about 3 o'clock yesterday morning and it was shortly after that hour that the trio were arrested. Thurlow was asleep in the carryall which the quartet had during all the afternoon and he knew nothing until he was arrested by Policeman Mack.

It appeared that the four young men came down to this city with a pair of horses and a carryall early last evening from Andover. This morning about o'clock Captain Ryan received a telephone message of a disturbance at the academy. Patrolman Mack went up to the academy and found the two porters and Superintendent Elliott, who had charge of the outfit and young Thurlow. The policeman drove the team over to the city and the trio were locked up. An examination at the police station showed that Kimberly had three bad scalp wounds as a result of his encounter with the porters. City Physician Donahue was summoned and he took 16 stitches in the cuts.

This morning the trio were admitted to bail and later appeared in court. They were charged with disturbing the peace and also with trespass. Each pleaded guilty. In reviewing the case, Judge Abbott said that he had always thought that the spending of a night in a cell and an arraignment in court were a part of a liberal education. He beleived they had suffered from imprisonment and that it would be a lesson, as their parents would also feel the disgrace. "The chief punishment," said he, "has already occurred and I will only impose a fine of $5 on each complaint."

The trio promptly paid their fines and soon afterward left for Andover.

VETERAN SEARLE

CORRECTS A MIS-STATEMENT OF A SPANISH WAR VETERAN.

John S. Searle, the local Mexican war veteran, says that the statement of the speaker last Saturday in Boston that he was returning the first flag of Massachusetts carried on foreign soil is not correct.

Mr. Searle says that a Massachusetts regiment carried a flag in Mexico and it was returned to the state when the regiment came back in 1848, by Col. Wright.

Mr. Searle says that at a meeting of the Mexican war veterans in Boston attention was called to the condition of the flag at the state house and a committee appointed to consult with the adjutant general. It is intended, Mr. Searle says, to have the flag placed in a glass case when the legislature makes an appropriation for the purpose.

Mr. Charles Foley, the well-known penman, has moved to his new house on Gorham street.



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800 MILE RIDE

Mrs. Lindsay Riding Ahead of Time

SHE IS ENDEAVORING TO BREAK ALL RECORDS

Up to the 800 Mile Mark

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Anyone who wants to see the fiercest exhibition of pure pluck in the neighborhood of New York ought to go down to Valley Stream, L. I., and have a look at Mrs. James Lindsay. Tanned and freckled by exposure to the sun during many centuries of bicycle riding, dishevelled and grimy by reason of her never-ending journey on the dusty road she certainly is not a beauty at this moment. When not engaged in her pet pastime of breaking records she is an exceedingly attractive young woman. Just now she is remarkable solely for one of the greatest exhibitions of dogged grit ever seen on a bicycle.

Mrs. Lindsay is trying to ride 800 miles in four days. That will smash Jane Yatman's record, Mrs. Brush's record and all the other women's records. It may take ten years off Mrs. Lindsay's life or it may not—doctors are equally cocksure in the affirmative and in the negative. The woman is scorned by the Century Road club, the official sponsor for these heart-breaking performances. She has no official scorers. The club officials say that they've got to draw the line somewhere or the women will century-scorch themselves to death. Therefore they have begun by drawing the line against Mrs. Lindsay.

So this little woman, who weighs only 110 pounds and who is not rich enough to afford a big staff of trainers and handlers and helpers, is out on the Long Island roads grinding away at an awful task, "just to see if she can do it." That is her only explanation. Her track is the smooth high road from Tom West's hotel at Valley back by way of Lynbrook. It is the regular century course.

Mrs. Lindsay went to bed about one o'clock Monday morning for the first time since she left her home last Saturday. She rolled and tossed and could not sleep. She dozed now and then, but in these fitful snatches of sleep, she still kept grinding away, her feet performing quite involuntarily all the movements of pedalling. At 3 a. m., she arose and began the task once more. She had discarded her skirt and put on her husband's knickerbockers.

Will R. Pitman ("Happy Days") took her over twenty miles of the road behind one of his revolving searchlights, which brightened her pathway in spite of the mist and fog. The darkness was awful. The road, which by daylight is as smooth as a putting green, seemed in the misty twilight full of yawning chasms.

At daylight the woman's knees and wrists were stiff and needed rubbing with liniment. One can imagine the meagrenes of her training outfit from the fact that there was not a drop of alcohol or arnica or vaseline or anything else to use for rubbing. "Little Mother" Van Kleek, a tiny woman of 4 feet 9 inches, with a heart as big as her body, ran off to the village and bought the things. She is helping her friend, Mrs. Lindsay, simply as a matter of affection. Her own son, little Mason Van Kleek, plays around Tom West's hotel, so as to be near his mother.

It was noticeable yesterday that, whereas these two women were cheerfully riding centuries, the poor man they had brought down from Brooklyn to act as pacemaker was busy sitting still and grumbling.

Mrs. Lindsay finished her fifth century at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon. She was sponged and rubbed down and dressed in dry clothes by Mrs. Van Kleek. She sat in an easy chair for a while and ate some chicken broth and drank milk and limewater. She is always hungry for solid food, but that would hurt her, so she isn't allowed to have it. She came out to mount her wheel again at 3.30 p. m. She was cranky, peevish, irritable, full of worry shaky as to her knees and seemed quite done up. A reporter rode alongside of her during her 518th and 519th miles. She was placid, cheerful, almost jolly—all the irritation charmed away by the monotonous grind of the wheel.

"If the rain will only keep away," she said, "I won't do a thing to the record. The only thing that bothers me is the big wagons on the road at night without lamps. They're dangerous. I'm more than nine hours ahead of my schedule now, and unless some accident happens I'll finish away ahead of time."

Mrs. Lindsay finished her 540th mile at 7.30 p. m., and after a little rest and some chicken broth she began the 541st mile at 8.10 p. m. The night was fine, almost clear, and she was in excellent spirits.

HUGH J. MOLLOY

Discussed the Expansion Question Before Mathews

IS OPPOSED TO PRESENT POLICY

Believes We Should Honor Our Pledge

Mr. Hugh J. Molloy of the normal school discussed the question of expansion before the Mathew Temperance Institute last evening, and presented a paper complete with information on the subject, and of great value and instruction to his audience. Mr. Molloy's subject was "The New World Power," and in no uncertain tone he criticised the policy of the administration and ranged himself on the side of the anti-expansionists. His audience was at all times prepared to grasp the prominent points of his address, and his witty contrasts and references caused much laughter.

For an hour, Mr. Molloy held the undivided attention of the young men, who followed the trend of his argument with considerable interest. The speaker has an easy, conversational style of oratory and does not appear to exert himself in the least. He said in part:

"So far as we can discover that there is any doctrine, the doctrine of the government means that we must put adrift from all our old traditions. The president plainly says that there is no intention on the part of the government to annex the Philippine Islands or to admit them on the same terms of citizenship as we enjoy. Then it must be that we will give to these islands the kind of carpet-bag government that the southern states had for some time after the civil war.

"I claim that miles and miles of railroad and unlimited territory and commerce crowding all the oceans, and improvements in mechanical lines, do not necessarily make for the success of a nation, if it lose sight of the other imperishable things, those things so long associated with our ideas of government.

"I claim that we have as a government always occupied a unique position in the world's affairs. We have been set off here by ourselves in a position which, though it may be called isolated, is still one of great strength and independence. We have not been obliged to maintain a great navy and standing army, and we know that all great governments today are trying to bring down the expense of these things.

"That famous statement of the president, that the flag has been put up there, and 'who shall pull it down?' does not mean anything. When we speak of the flag we do not simply mean a piece of bunting, we mean the things that it stands for; and I claim that many of those things have been pulled down, when the flag was put up. It is not the flag, after all, but what the flag stands for, that we are interested in. It should not be made to stand for oppression and subjugation of a weak people.

"The president's ill-advised friends have attempted to put him in the position of not being open to criticism. I claim that unless the people are able to weigh the acts of the president and all other officers of the government, they are not able to vote intelligently and to elect men to represent them in congress. Our president is far from being a king, and there is no danger of criticism of the president being considered treason. The president, nor congress with him, are not the United States. They are the servants of the people.

"The expansionists or imperialists rely largely on two lines of argument. One is that the battle of Manila found us unexpectedly facing a great problem. That is what they call manifest destiny. Whatever manifest destiny may mean, I confess to being ignorant. How there can be anything but manifest duty to a government, is a hard question for anybody to face. Our government should have in a friendly way, told the inhabitants of the Philippines that it was going there with its strong arm to assist them in establishing a government, and when that government was established, they would be left to their own devices. Our own history would not allow us to follow any other course.

"There is one other reason why we should not withdraw from the Philippine islands. It has been openly claimed that the Philippine islands are the door to China, and there are men closely connected with government circles, who plainly say today that that is one reason why we want to hold the Philippines.

"The best part of civilization that has been carried into different quarters of the world by our government has never been carried with a rifle. Our missionaries have differed from the missionaries of other governments. They have not gone with the commercial idea strongest, and they have done the best work. It is rather questionable when a powerful government with plenty of missionary work to do at home is so anxious to carry the benefits of civilization to those who do not want it. Electric railways, the telephone and telegraph, are not necessarily accompaniments of civilization any more than it follows that the dum-dum bullet is an adjunct of civilization. Great Britain wants the dum-dum bullet retained because it is more efficient in stopping those natives that they are trying to civilize.

"I believe that the big, true heart of the American people is with the Philippine people, and not with our regiments that are there. That may sound like treason, but it does not compare with the treason that was uttered time and time again by British orators, concerning the villainous policy of the British government against the United States.

"I say, if we are wrong, it is not the place of our government to follow any foolish policy, whether it be called manifest destiny or manifest incompetency. I think it is the latter, rather than destiny. Our government is playing Micawber and when it is not playing Micawber it is playing Peckniff. Having read everything that comes to us on both sides of the question, I believe that the Filipinos are in the right and that we are in the wrong. I believe that there is a destiny that follows government that turns deliberately from the right and from the truth."

At the conclusion of the lecture, a vote of thanks was extended the speaker for his able address.

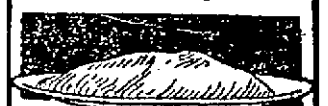
The whist tournament will be opened soon, and all who desire to enter should make application to James A. White.

SOCIAL DANCE.

The second weekly social dance by Professor Wells, the dancing master, was given last night at Manchester Unity hall, and a good number was present. Wells' orchestra of three pieces furnished the music for the occasion.



A mould of jelly made from
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retains its shape and firmness long after the jelly made from other gelatine has become soft and shapeless.



If your grocer does not sell Keystone Silver White Gelatine, send us his name and we will send you a sample package and recipe free. Put this in the letter.
MICHIGAN CARBON WORKS, Detroit, Mich.

POLITICAL FLIM FLAM

Worked Successfully on Chelmsford Yesterday

How the Ramsay and Watson Delegates Combined to do Their Country Brethern—McKinley's Supporters Kept Away From it—the Probable Result

Unfortunate Chelmsford! The little northern town appears to be a special mark for the selfishness and wrath of Jim Ramsay and his urban cohorts.

Last year Ramsay and his city delegates robbed Chelmsford of its just representation in the legislature, promising it the other year in the near future. This year the convention has come again and Ramsay and his ward four and ward eight delegates marked the event by again robbing Chelmsford of a year's representation, adding insult to injury by informing the country delegates that they had had a democrat, Mr. Quigley, and that they should be satisfied with him. Only 16 stood out against the robbery, a few of the McKinley supporters from ward seven standing by the towns.

It was a clear and cold blooded case of robbing the town of its right to representation, and the voters of Chelmsford are not like people who will not again resent such action.

Last year, it will be remembered, ward four was not to have a candidate Ramsay having had two terms and the right to a candidate passing on to Chelmsford. But Ramsay was ambitious, and having the votes behind him got Robert Mountford of ward four to propose a change in the apportionment so that ward four would have a candidate not only in 1897 and 1898, but also in 1899. Then to soothe the ruffled feelings of the Chelmsfordites, the new apportionment proposed a candidate for Chelmsford in 1900, 1901 and 1902, and the argument was used that best results could be obtained by giving each place three successive years. The old apportionment had Chelmsford down for a candidate in 1899, 1900 and 1901. This proposition, it will be remembered, started a hot row in the convention, the country delegates opposing under the leadership of Stuart McCoy of North Chelmsford. Witnesses were brought in from Chelmsford to give testimony that they had attempted to vote in the caucuses for Cushing and Ramsay, but had been denied that right. Hon. Fred Lawton and other more conservative republicans counselled a change in the apportionment would injure the party. But Ramsay's backers cared for nothing but nominating their candidate, and when the vote was taken the Ramsay men were victorious by about four votes, and Chelmsford was robbed in cold blood of her right to representation on the republican ticket.

The republicans of Chelmsford were justly enraged at such high handed proceedings, and when the democrats put up as a candidate, William J. Quigley, a native of the town and one of its ablest and most popular young men in the town, many of the republicans who wouldn't be coerced into voting for Ramsay crossed their ballots for Quigley and elected him, while Ramsay was left at home.

This year Ramsay aspired to be senator and assured his district that the Chelmsford affair had been forgotten and that he loved the voters of that district even better than before. But Ramsay wasn't nominated for senator, and then there came rumors of an attempt on the part of his friends to get square with the Chelmsford people for their action last year. It was thought that some move against Mr. Robbins, the Chelmsford candidate would be made. When, yesterday afternoon in the convention, Mr. Ramsay arose and seconded the nomination of Robbins, the delegates from the towns thought that all past differences were forgot.

There were no "forgets" with that crowd, however, and just before adjournment, Mr. Ramsay sprang the apportionment back to the original arrangement of 1898, which meant the taking away of Chelmsford's right to a candidate in 1902, leaving it only 1900, 1901 for candidates, neatly flim-flamming it out of one representative. Of course the country delegates were wrathy and demanded an explanation from Mr. Ramsay.

The only excuse that Mr. Ramsay gave them was that as Mr. Quigley was a Chelmsford man and was elected by the republicans of Chelmsford, he was properly Chelmsford's republican candidate; that his term, 1899, should be considered one term in Chelmsford's apportionment, and that 1900 and 1901 would fill out Chelmsford's three successive years.

The flim-flam was too barefaced not to be noticeable to even the most dense and the Chelmsford men fought for their just due, the three republican candidates in succession irrespective of what the democratic party might do.

The vote was taken, however, and Chelmsford men were robbed of their representation, the followers of Ramsay and Watson voting against them and only the supporters of Candidate McKinley giving them anything like a fair show.

It might be interesting for the Chelmsford republicans to know just how they were done. The convention was delayed nearly half an hour by the absence of six ward eight delegates. The plan to do Chelmsford had been cooked up by ward four and ward eight men, and the committee on credentials did not report until the ward eight vacancies were filled. The committee reported 64 delegates, 8 from ward five; 18 from seven; 25 from eight and 13 all told from the three towns. When the vote was called, the motion to change the allotment was favored by 32 votes, which included the entire eight delegates from ward four, and 24 of the 25 from ward eight, Chairman George of ward eight not voting. Against the motion were 18 votes, 13 from the towns and 3 McKinley men from ward seven, the other 15 declining to vote either way. Thus only ward seven was disposed to be at all fair with Chelmsford.

After the convention there was talk of what would happen to Mr. Robbins when the ward four and eight people got at him, and there was also talk of what the town voters will do to Mr. Watson on the same day and from all present accounts there will be all kinds of cutting on the republican side in the 25th district this year, while a united democracy will certainly help the cutters out in giving Rep. Quigley a second term, and if possible Messrs. Rourke and McNabb their first.

Overseer of the Poor James Gorman has begun an active battle for renomination in ward four. It will be his second term, and he has a fine record or one term to help him on to a second.

One man who was quite conspicuous by his absence from the 25th district convention yesterday was Rep. W. H. I. Hayes, who probably didn't quite feel able for the task of placing McKinley's name in nomination.



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Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

SAUGUS RACES

Little Dick Wins the 2-16 Race

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SAUGUS, Oct. 18.—Everything was favorable for good racing yesterday at the Old Saugus track. The unfinished 2:19 pace was finished in a single heat as only the winners started. Little Dick won out in the stretch in a close brush with Venora.

The 2.30 trot took five heats. C. W. B. Brandy Wine and Billie King fought every heat from wire to wire, but C. W. B. captured the money by taking three straight heats.

The 2:16 pace was a feature. Halo 2d, Yukon and Ned Wilkes went a dead heat in the second making the mile in 2:15¾, the best event. Halo beat out Ned Wilkes in the fourth and Yukon in the fifth, thus splitting six heats among the three. Darkness caused its postponement.

The summary:

2:19 class, pacing; purse, $300.

(concluded.)

Little Dick, b. g., by Don Pizarro (Palmer)	1	6	4	3	1	1
Venora	2	4	3*	1	2	2
Brent Wells	7	1	5	8	7	3
The Duke	8	8	0*	2	4	ds
Gambet	5	2	5	5	3	ro
M. S.	3	3	7	6	6	ro
Mars Chan	4	5	6	4	5	ro
Tommy L	6	7	8	7	8	ro
Satan	9	dr				

2:15 class, trotting, purse, $300.

C. W. B., b. g. by Alcantara					
Brandy Wine (McDonald)	1	1	2	3	3
Billy King	2	2	1	1	1
Jen F	3	3	3	2	2
Lew Glenn	5	6	4	4	4
	4	4	ds		

Time—2.21½, 2.20½, 2.20, 2.20½.

2.16 class, pacing; purse $300 (unfinished.)

Halo, 2d, b. m. by Gen. Hancock (Sanborn)	5	4	3	1	1
Yukon, b. g. by Garnet Wilkes (Warren)	1	6*	2	3	2
Ned Wilkes, ch. g. by Wilkes (Cahill)	6	3*	1	2	4
Ben Wilkes	2	5	5	4	3
Hallie Harndea	4	6	4	dr	
The Duke	3	3	ds		

Time—2.16¾, 2.16¾, 2.16¼, 2.18; 2.17.

YOUNG FELLOWS

EASILY DEFEATED COLUMBIAS AT BOWLING.

The Young Fellows easily defeated the Columbias in the warmest tournament last evening and thus captured three points in standing. Henry Farrell, as usual, was high man, with a total of 373. Henry led the tournament with his first score made last week and now he has beaten his own record. The score:

YOUNG FELLOWS.

H. Farrell	99	103	181	573	19	16
Kelley	154	115	170	499	8	15
F. Farrell	154	143	105	402	3	12
O. Donohue	138	177	157	472	6	14
D. Donohue	167	165	160	492	8	14
Totals	822	843	773	2438	35	71

COLUMBIAS.

Campbell	158	137	155	450	6	14
Chicken	171	139	107	417	3	13
G. Kelley	124	156	171	451	6	15
Simmons	115	135	132	385	6	6
Howes	148	177	132	607	7	16
Totals	716	743	784	2243	27	64

CREAMER GETS 20 DAYS.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

METHUEN, Oct. 18.—Chief of Police Gordon went to Boston Monday to testify before the grand jury in the case against Ernest C. Creamer, alias Allen, alias Long of this town. A bill was found against Creamer and in the afternoon he was arraigned in the United States circuit court before Judge Colt on the charge of using the United States mails to cheat and defraud. He pleaded guilty and the court imposed a sentence of 20 days in the Cambridge jail. This is considered a very light sentence. His mother had refunded the money collected by him on the advertisement inserted in the Boston papers and had also settled for the mileage book alleged to have been stolen by him from Kelly Bros., Lawrence.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

The foot ball game between the Nashua high and the Lowell high schools Friday afternoon promises to be an interesting one.

Dave O'Brien is playing good foot ball.

Arthur King would add great strength to the foot ball team, as he is a quick starter and a fast runner.

It is doubtful if the high school will have a basket ball team this season.

The outlook for a bowling league this winter is not very bright. There seems to be a lack of enthusiasm in this line.

The first hour will be omitted tomorrow.

Miss Ethel Clayton Ranger sang at the Union Mission church last Sunday.

NERVOUS EXHAUSTION

Headache, Pains in the Back, Depression of Spirits, Sleeplessness.

Many people have the above symptoms and treat themselves for Dyspepsia, or Rheumatism or Headache, when the real trouble is in the nerves. What you, dear sufferer, need is a strictly nerve medicine and that remedy is Dr. Hallock's Wonderful Electric Pills for weak, worn out, nervous people. Thoroughly tested for the past 50 years and never known to fail to cure all nervous affections in young or old. Dr. Hallock's Wonderful Electric Pills will nourish the nerves, build up the broken down constitution and impart new energy to flagging spirits, stimulate the ambitions and give any one nerves of steel. The Old Dr. Hallock Wonderful Electric Pills for weak, worn out, nervous people will stop that nervous headache. Pains in the back and shifting aches pass away under their magical influence. People who suffer from depression of spirits, awful forebodings, palpitation of the heart, should take Dr. Hallock's Wonderful Electric Pills. You will be delighted at the marked change the pills will produce. The "Blues" and the "Dark Future" will give place to a happy disposition and a realization of a bright future.

Dr. Hallock's Wonderful Electric Pills are perfectly safe to take. They do not contain narcotics. The pills are for sale by medicine dealers everywhere at $1 per box or 6 boxes, sufficient to cure the most obstinate cases, $5.

Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street, Lowell, Mass., or sent direct from laboratory prepaid to destination on receipt of price. Circulars free. Address HALLOCK DRUG CO., 110 Court street, Boston, Mass.

BOUT POSTPONED

Jeffries and Sharkey Will Meet Nov. 3

CHAMPION'S INJURED ARM THE CAUSE

Tom O'Rourke Will Not Claim Forfeit

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—The championship battle between James J. Jeffries and Thomas J. Sharkey has been postponed one week. Jeffries' right arm is badly strained and Dr. Reginald Sayre declared he will not be able to use it for anything like an emergency in less than the time named.

The big Californian came up to New York from Asbury park yesterday. He learned that no bones are out of place, and no ligaments are snapped, but the muscles are badly strained and swollen, and to go into the ring against such an opponent as Sharkey would be worse than suicide.

Sharkey has not trained any during the past two days pending the decision of Jeffries, but will go to work again today in earnest. He is now ready to fight for five cents or a king's ransom and it is only a question of keeping on edge.

O'Rourke was seen by a reporter and asked whether he had agreed to a postponement of the fight said: "I agreed to have the fight postponed a week and one week more of training will do Sharkey no harm."

CREEDON WHIPS READY.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Dan Creedon the Australian walloped Pat Ready of Washington last night at the Broadway A. C. A swift uppercut toward the close of the eighth round touched the spot, and there was no fight in Ready when the count was up. Only a small crowd was present.

Ready led a light left that Creedon threw off when the first round started. The pair feinted all around the ring for an opening. Ready slammed his left on the wind. Creedon went in and Ready whipped his left to the ear and Creedon backed away. He came in again with the same result.

Ready ran into a stiff left in the second. Creedon drove in his left again and Ready grassed. They mixed and Ready fell. He took the rest. Ready was inside of Creedon's lead with a left. Creedon smashed his right to the jaw. Then he sent he same hard to the ribs.

Ready led with light left to body in third bringing up his right to the face. Creedon swung his right to the jaw. Ready reached his left to the same spot. Creedon smashed a left to the face and followed with right and left swings. They rocked Ready until he could barely raise his hands. Then he flung a left to the jaw and Ready fell like a log. He was up at time.

Ready kept away as best he could in the fourth.

Creedon waited his chance and sent Ready to the floor again with a terrific right swing. The gong saved the senator.

Ready was shifty in the next and avoiding the right, with which Creedon was trying to drop him.

Creedon planted his right on the head repeatedly in the sixth and three times Ready was dropped and took a limit.

Both were weary in the seventh. Creedon, tried with his right, but was short. He followed Ready about. Ready whipped his right to the body. Creedon planted right and left to the body and Ready closed. Ready slammed a right to the face and then jolted the Australian with a left to the jaw.

Ready's left visited Creedon's face as the eighth opened. It reached again. Creedon was after him and smashed his left to the side and then to the head. Ready rushed but did nothing. He swung a left that landed and Creedon shot in another and Ready's left cross. Ready reached with his left and backed away. He rushed into a mix and clinched.

As they broke, Creedon ripped up his right to the point of the jaw like a stroke. Ready went down in a heap and writhed in a vain endeavor to get up. There was a second more to go after the 10 seconds were ticked off.

PURTELL KNOCKS OUT NEEDHAM.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LEADVILLE, Col., Oct. 18.—Two thousand persons saw Paddy Purtell knock out Danny Needham of St. Paul in the sixth round of one of the hardest battles ever fought here.

the ghastly terror of consumption stares a man in the face who neglects a cold.

HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR

It's so simple to get rid of a cough or throat trouble by Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Acts like magic. Sold by druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.



REV. DR. WILLIAM H. P. FAUNCE NEW PRESIDENT OF BROWN UNIVERSITY.

TWO SAD DEATHS

Child Burned in Crib by Lighted Matches

A BROOKLINE CHILD HAD A LIKE DEATH

A Lesson to Parents About Stray Matches

By Associated Press to The Sun.

LACONIA, N. H., Oct. 18.—The little 4-year-old adopted daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Odell of Sanbornton met a tragic death yesterday.

The child was put upstairs to take its usual afternoon nap. While alone the little one got some matches and set a fire, and then innocently crept into her crib again to lie down to sleep.

After a time smoke permeated the house, giving the alarm. The room was entered by creeping along the floor beneath the dense smoke and the child removed.

The little one was untouched by fire, but life was extinct from suffocation.

The fire spread rapidly and burned two farm houses owned by Mr. Odell. The barns were saved by hard work. The loss will be from $2000 to $2600, partially covered by insurance.

ANOTHER CHILD BURNED.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

BOSTON, Oct. 18.—A sad tragedy, enacted under most distressing and mysterious circumstances, which deprived Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Heber Perkins of Walnut street, Brookline, of the joy of their home, a baby boy of 21 months, occurred at the residence of Mr. Perkins Saturday afternoon.

The father of the child is in the insurance business on Kilby street, Boston, and is reputed to be one of the wealthy residents of Brookline. His home in Walnut place is such as only a man of means could maintain. Saturday morning last, Mr. Perkins came to Boston as usual, and later in the day Mrs. Perkins joined him in order that they might together witness the parade and exercises in honor of Admiral Dewey.

Upon leaving home the mother left her infant son in the care of a nurse, with instructions such as only a mother can give regarding precautions for his safety. This was not due to any lack of confidence in the nurse, but it seems rather in the nature of something prompted by an intuitive sense of impending harm to the child.

A few hours elapsed without incident and the little boy, who had been christened John Anthony Perkins, lay quietly and contented in his cradle on the second floor, while the nurse, little dreaming of the presence in the chamber of the specter of death, sat beside him. Presently, however, she realized that the time had arrived when he should receive his customary afternoon nourishment, and she left the room and went down stairs to prepare it for her precious charge. This was the last time she saw the little fellow alive.

The child evidently got matches and started a fire in his crib in which he was burned to a crisp. The funeral occurred yesterday, and the parents are heartbroken.

ALLAN LINE.

NEW YORK to GLASGOW
Via Londonderry.

From company's Pier, foot West 21st St., New York.

Numidian, Oct. 7, Nov. 11. State of Nebraska Oct. 14, Nov. 18. Mongolian Oct. 28, Dec. 2.

First Cabin, $45 to $65 single. $85 to $117 round trip. Second cabin, $30 single. $57 return. Steerage, $23.50; prepaid, $24.

Glasgow and Boston, via Londonderry and Galway; Second Cabin, $30 prepaid; Steerage, $24 prepaid.

For descriptive circulars, plans of steamers and other information, apply to H. & A. Allen, 92 State street, Boston, or

Dennis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.

For Women.

Dr. Tolman's Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women; have never had a single failure; longest cases relieved in 2 to 5 days without fail; no other remedy will do this; no pain, no danger, no interference with work; by mail or at office $2, write for further particulars. All letters truthfully answered. Dr. E. M. TOLMAN CO., 170 Tremont St., Boston.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

Household Furniture

YOU SHOULD CALL AT

PETER DAVEY'S, on Market St.

He is selling the best and most economical Refrigerators and Ice Chests; the Crescent has no superior for a cold blast. Also a full line of Baby Carriages will be closed out at almost Cost Prices.

Call and examine before purchasing.

PETER DAVEY,

134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer

TELEPHONE. RESIDENCE—458-2. STORE—314-2.



Fifty Cents Per Box

TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.

stop forever all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and thrill with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, most as gold) $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSIO DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold at Goodale's Drug Store, the best and cheapest place in Lowell for drugs and medicines, 217 CENTRAL STREET.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Ten R. I. P. A. N. S. for five cents at druggists. One gives relief.

WAGONS—I will sell a high grade Democrat, Concord, top buggy and square wagon, less than cost, also new and second-hand wagons and carriages very low. Libby, 69 Robbins street.

FOR SALE—In Belvidere, cottage house, small barn and large lot of land; this is a bargain. Price $1250. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On the Boulevard and Varnum avenue, some of the best building lots in Lowell for a home. Very low and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—At a low price, cottage house with large lot of land near Salem street. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central st.

FOR SALE—On Moody street, one of the best boarding and lodging houses in Lowell. Lots of boarders and a good place to make money. Price very low. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On line of cars, small farm of 10 acres of good land with lots of fruit, fair house and barn. Price only $300. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

FOR SALE—On Bridge street, good house of 10 rooms, good sized lot of land. Price only $4000. G. L. Hubbard, 121 Central street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MICHAEL GROSSE, the Original and Celebrated Whistler will furnish music with the finest Hurdy-Gurdy in the country. The best of dancing music that can be had and the latest music played for dances, parties, fairs, etc., at reasonable rates. Michael Grosse, 15 Tyler street, Lowell.

LEONA—Celebrated card reader and palmist, has returned, can be consulted on love, marriage and business at 7 Merrimack street, room 7.

MADAM VONNIE the celebrated palmist and life reader reveals past, present and future. Call and be convinced, 35 Elliot street. Ladies, 25c; gentlemen, $1.00. Office hours from 2 p. m. until 9 p. m.

MRS LAUGHLIN, late of New York, the wonderful seer, born with a double veil, can be consulted on all affairs of life, at 119 Merrimack street, for a short time only. Hours 10 to 10. Sittings, 50c. Card reading, 25c. Sittings by mail, $1.00.

DR. J. H. Bruton of 101 Grand street has removed to 82 Jackson street.

SPOT Cash and highest prices for secondhand furniture at 402 Merrimack street. Tel. 638-4.

WATER CLOSETS and bath tubs from $5 up. All first class plumbing at lowest prices. J. H. Darry, 435 Market street.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOPLE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS, upon their own names, without security, easy payments. TOLMAN, room 20, Associate Building.

WE WILL EITHER buy or store second hand furniture at No. 50 Charles street. When we buy we pay the highest price and make a specialty of antique pieces. Will be on premises every day from 2 to 6 p. m. E. O'Heir, attorney.

RUBBER STAMPS — At wholesale prices. 1 inch one line stamps 10c; ½ inch 15c; 35c ink pads 25c; 25c ink pads 15c; 50c linen markers 25c; business stamps 15c. per line. J. M. Fellows, 168 Merrimack street.

A WONDERFUL WOMAN.

Madam Oler, the clairvoyant, the queen of life readers, the most marvelous of all marvels, nothing like it ever witnessed before. Madam Oler is not to be thought of in connection with that class who use a real or nominal power of clairvoyants as a means of misleading or deceiving the public.

No matter what troubles you may have with yourself or others, come and she will guide you, she will advise you with a certainty by a higher than human power.

Honest, fearless and capable, she is the foremost medium of the day.

Her readings are most wonderful and of the highest order. The troubled and unfortunate should seek her counsel. Thousands long separated have been reunited by her efforts. Call and be convinced of her superior power. Advice on business, love and marriage, law suits, divorces, death. Uniting the separated; restoring lost love. Not one failure. I am at the Bon Marche, Room 44. Take the Elevator. From 9 to 2, Sundays, 2 till 6.

$1.00 reading this week, 50c.

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

Office, 22 Shattuck St., Cor. Middle.

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; E. R. RAYMOND, Clerk.
DIRECTORS—Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cummock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, Edward M. Burke.

Price of Gas with the discount off for prompt payment, is

$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.

First class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. Coke broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash. No charge made for the use of meters. No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar. Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

Peter J. Brady, Grocer.

NEW STORE:
Cor. Gorham and South Highland Streets.

Choice Teas, Coffees, and Spices.

Try our New Brands of Flour, the Best in the City, "The King Arthur," "Crown of Gold," and Banquet."

Stable Pails

15 Cents.

25c.

35c.

Stable Pails

50 Cents.

C. B. Coburn & Co.

63 Market Street.

WANTED.

WANTED—House Girls at the Employment office, 653 Gorham street.

$10 A DAY CAN BE MADE CLIPPING Horses with our New Bicycle Clipper Attachment. Fits any bicycle. Price $6.75. Anyone can clip with it. Send for catalogue. It will pay young men to investigate this. Chicago Flexible Shaft Co., 153 Huron Street, Chicago or 97 Chambers street, New York.

WILL THE PERSON who found the revolver in the gentlemen's toilet room of the Middlesex street station Monday morning kindly return same to Officer Gauley at the police station and be rewarded.

WANTED—Woman with dependent family wishes position of trust, would take charge of store and have use of a few unfurnished rooms connected with same in part payment. Experienced nurse or housekeeper. Good references. Apply at 15 Walnut street.

WANTED—A Good Wife—A gentleman with four children, ages 8, 10, 13 and 15, wishes to correspond with a good and respectable lady of about 35 or 40 years of age, has a good home in town and a farm in the country. Please write and send photo of self and state your circumstances. Address to Box 117, Copemish, Michigan.

WOMEN Weavers wanted at once on satinet; either families or single women. Steady work. Good pay. Inexperienced families will be taken in and learned or families who have worked in cotton mills. Address H. M. Co., Box 238, Worcester, Mass.

WANTED—Experienced house girl. Must be capable and neat. No other need apply. Call at Sun office.

WANTED—Stone Masons and derrick men at once. Apply 54 Middlesex street, room 1, this afternoon or evening, W. H. Ward.

WANTED—Thomas Doig, 168 Merrimack street, opposite Hon. Marchs, wants reliable domestic help, all nationalities, white or colored.

WHEN you want a nice stiff hat and nice fit, come to De Lorme, 201 Middlesex street.

WANTED—Salesman drumming lithographers, printers, etc., can add line whereon N. Y. jaun earns $1800 yearly. Free outfit. P. O. 1378, New York.

WANTED—Old and young men to bring their old hats to Dulorme, the hatter, the only hatter in town where they make hats to order. 201 Middlesex street.

CALL AT GONZALES, the Cutler, 128 Gorham street, if you want a first-class razor or strap. He has the new Xavier razor which excels all others. Razors concaved and honed.

LADIES—Chichester English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best, safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

TO LET.

TENEMENT—Of five rooms, 49 Fremont street. Rent $7. Call 85 Central street, room 7.

TO LET—Tenement of 6 rooms at 163 Powell street, near Shaw's Hosiery. Inquire at 163 Powell street.

TO LET—Tenement with barn at 30 Fourth avenue, Pawtucketville.

TO LET—A pleasant room where the sun shines in all day, suitable for an invalid lady. Furnace heat, bath, hot and cold water, corner of Tolman avenue and Mammoth road. Rent reasonable. The lady of the house is a trained nurse.

TO LET—Some first-class tenements in all parts of the city. Apply to A. O. Bellarrell, Room 8, Bon Marche Block.

TO LET—A convenient 4-room tenement. Inquire at 70 Chestnut street.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opposite American House.
COUNSELLOR—AT—LAW.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 152 Merrimack street.
PHOTOGRAPHERS

W. A. LEW, 49 John St.
CLOTHING CLEANED, DYED AND PRESSED

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge St.
MEATS AND PROVISIONS

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A gold watch with monogram L. S. Saturday afternoon between Merrimack and Central street. Finder return to 7 Clark street and receive reward.

NEW CONFECTIONERY STORE

218 Merrimack Street

Will open this afternoon with tons of Pure Candies. Everything bright, fresh, and new. Do not fail to call today and purchase your candies for Sunday.

INCANDESCENT GAS LAMPS and MANTLES,

BURNERS, SHADES, CHIMNEYS AND GLASSWARE.

Wholesale and Retail.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 Central Street.

NOTICE.

We have just received a large line of up-to-date Goods, Clocks, Rich Cut Glass and a complete line of Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry. Ask to see our 65c. Umbrellas. We are headquarters for Fine Watch Repairing. Eyes examined free, by F. E. Walker, Optician.

J. D. Grant

84 Merrimack Street.

This is the Season for Ball Parties and Weddings

And of course it is quite necessary to have a supply of sweet bread for these occasion, and Peter Watson's, the king baker of the city, is the place to get your Bakery Supplies. There is none better in the city than you can get at

PETER WATSON'S Home Made Bakeries
52 to 60 Charles St.,
46 Lawrence St.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE SUN ON SALE IN BOSTON.

The five o'clock edition of The Sun is on sale at the news stand in the Union Station, Boston.

V. A. MARET.

Merchant-Tailor, Dyeing, Cleansing, Repairing, Pressing, etc. Goods called for and returned. 49 Cheever street, Lowell.

YOUR SUGAR BILL

Will be much less if you trade with us. 19 lbs. best granulated for $1.00. Delivered free to our tea and coffee customers. Dickson Bros., 63 Merrimack street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS AND DRAFTS.

Steamship tickets to and from Boston, New York, Queenstown, Liverpool and all parts of the world sold on the Cunard Dominion, White Star, American Anchor, Allan, French and German lines. Drafts issued for £1 and upwards on Ireland, England and all parts of Europe. English sovereigns bought and sold at Murphy's, steamship agency, 15 Appleton street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Try Horne's Coal.

BURN WILSON'S COAL.

Hot advertising—Stanley's coal.

Have you had Pelham cigars?

Dress Suit cases at Devine's, 88 Merr'k.

Coat Maker Wanted, 49 Cheever St Telephone 823-3.

Elegant rubber tired hacks at O'Donnell's. Telephone, 594-4.

And now about coal. We can sell you any of the standard grades as low as they can be sold. D. T. Sullivan, 984 Gorham St. Tel. 713-2.

City treasurer's office will be open for receipt of taxes on the evenings of Monday, Tuesday, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 9, 10, 13 and 14, and on evenings of Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday Thursday and Friday, Oct. 16 to 20, inclusive from 7 to 9.

LABOR NEWS

The committee appointed at the last regular meeting of the woolen spinners' union to make preparations for a smoke talk, met last night at Bay State hall. The smoke talk will be given Nov. 7, and all the woolen spinners of the city are cordially invited to be present. Refreshments will be served.

The Carpenters' union met last night in Spinners' hall and admitted 25 men to membership. A committee was appointed to wait on the master builders in an effort to induce them to recognize the union.

The Carders and Pickers' union was addressed last night by President George Conley of the Mule Spinners' union. Mr. Conley congratulated them on their recent rapid growth in members, finance and influence and assured them that it is their destiny to become the strongest link in the chain of the textile unions. As a mule spinner he felt a just pride in finding them in pleasant, well furnished quarters for it is a proof that the efforts of the mule spinners and their example has had good results with their brothers and sisters of the card room. Messrs. Coppinger, Frayne and Callaghan entertained the members with appropriate songs that received the tumultuous plaudits of the members and they were given a rising vote of thanks. Fifteen new members were admitted and the union voted to postpone the pending social until Saturday, Nov. 7, 1899. After the meeting an hour was spent in dancing to the music of Vezina's orchestra by the members and their guests.

Pay your taxes now and avoid interest.

ANOTHER BREAK

Said to Have Been Made Saturday Night

BARBER ARRESTED FOR ASSAULT

Mr. Batchelder Finds His Pocket Book

It is now reported that an attempt was made last Saturday night to break into the house of Frank P. Flint, 16 Belmont street, in the Highlands.

When questioned last night concerning the report Capt. Kew stated that a telephone message was received at the police station at a late hour Saturday night stating that an attempt had been made to enter the house but that when he investigated he came to the conclusion that it was a false alarm notwithstanding the fact that the women servants who were alone in the house at the time with the child, declared that they had heard someone at the back door and windows.

Capt. Kew says the women found the back door unlocked and that they shut and locked it and then went to an up stairs window and gave an alarm by calling to some of the neighbors. He also says that if there had been any person at the rear of the house he must have made his escape past the front of the house for there was no sign of a track in the back yard.

The next night it was again reported that a man was seen at a late hour sitting on the back fence apparently sizing up the premises but that he was scared off before making any attempt to break and enter.

MONEY GONE.

The pocketbook which was picked from George W. Batchelder's pocket, Saturday, while he was boarding a car in the square, a story of which appeared in Monday's Sun, was found in a Prescott street doorway later and taken to the police station. The thieves took the money from the purse before throwing it away.

EXCITING CHASE.

Patrolman John A. Walsh had a warrant for the arrest of a man yesterday noon and the latter taking to his heels, they had an exciting race from Tilden street to the Tremont and Suffolk mills. The officer won in an exciting finish.

ARRESTED FOR ASSAULT.

Patrick J. Costello, a barber, was arrested yesterday by Officer Redmond Welch for assault and battery on an Armenian barber on Charles street.

FOR EMBEZZLEMENT.

Deputy Moffatt brought from Cambridge last night a man named George Milmolel who is charged by a woman named Mary Chase, with having embezzled nearly $5000 from her.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Dr. Corliss DENTIST 81 MERK. ST.

BURKES AND P.A.C.

Will Battle For Basket Ball Supremacy

AT ASSOCIATE HALL FRIDAY NIGHT

An Exciting Game is Anticipated

On next Friday night the patrons of basket ball will have an opportunity of witnessing one of the greatest games ever played in Lowell. The contesting teams will be the champion Burkes and the strong P. A. C. team and the game will be played at Associate Hall as the feature of the annual harvest fete of the Mathews.

The game promises to be a corker in every respect and will undoubtedly be the most hotly contested basket ball game ever played in this city. The reason for this assumption is the fact that great rivalry exists between the opposing teams and as victory means everything, both teams will play, for all they are worth to win.

The Burkes are the champions of Lowell and their right to the championship cannot be questioned. They defeated all opposing teams for the title last season including the P. A. C. and in consequence the coveted title is theirs until they are defeated by a local team. The Burkes have been the champion of the city for four years, since they were organized.

The most conspicuous aspirants for the title this season are the P. A. C. They say they are going to win it, too. That, however, is a matter of conjecture. While their rivals from the other side of the river may be determined, it is safe to wager that the Burkes with a stronger team than ever, are not going to dispense with their laurels so easily as some people think. On the other hand they are just as determined they will retain the championship, as their opponents in the coming game are that they will gain it, so there you are.

At all events it will be a great game and one worth witnessing. Both teams have been training faithfully for more than a month in preparation for the contest and when they get on the floor Friday night, it is expected that they will be in fine shape. They will need to be certainly.

But who will win?

That is a very delicate question to discuss at this time, to be sure, but there are opinions and prophecies in all lines of sport, and basket ball, I am sure, is no exception. The admirers of the champions, of course, one and all can see only the Burkes winning and with the P. A. admirers it is P. A. C. in a walk. This, however, is only to be expected.

That both teams are pretty evenly matched goes without saying, yet the Burkes have a slight advantage over the Pawtucketville boys. From all reports the Burkes have been playing much faster than their coming opponents in practice.

The P. A. C. are handicapped by the loss of adequate quarters for practice as the Burkes were until within the past three weeks.

The P. A. C. players are crowded up in a little gym, where they can only play a close game and when they get into a large hall such as the Burkes use, they are bewildered for a time. With the Burkes this lack of practice room does not exist. They practice two nights each week in Urban hall where the floor space is entirely inadequate for the game to be played as it should be. There is plenty of room and the boys can do some fine passing and work several other good plays, which would be impossible at the Burkes own gymnasium. You will find that their practicing in Urban hall will be a big advantage for the Burkes in the coming game.

The P. A. C. rooters say their team will have a decided advantage over the Burkes on the baskets. They claim that the champions have been accustomed to play with 14-inch baskets, while the P. A. C. have always played with the 18-inch baskets. But it is only fair to reason that if the Burkes can roll up such large scores as they have been with the small baskets, why can't they make a still larger score with larger baskets, as the 18-inch are. While the Burkes have not played many games with the 18-inch, yet in practice they always use two 14-inch and two 18-inch baskets, so they ought to be quite accustomed to the large baskets.

Both teams will play their strongest players. The P. A. C. will in all likelihood have "Andy" Allard at centre, Mike Mack and Jack Halloran as guards, and John Dixon as forwards. These are the best players that the P. A. C. are capable of putting on the floor and all of them are capable of giving a good account of themselves.

The Burkes will, like their opponents, have their best players on the floor. At centre they will have Jack O'Neil while the forwards will be the little phenom, "Pete" Reagan and John Tierney, and Bill Kelleher and either Neville or Bill Marley will play guards. The latter has until this season always been a member of the P. A. C. team. He was not satisfied, however, with the way the affairs of the team were being managed and left it. He was considered one of the best players in the team and is one of the best guards in the state. Marley was not long idle, when Manager Redmond signed him for the Burkes. That he will greatly strengthen the team is a fact admitting of no debate. He may play only one half and the only Bill Neville the other. Neville needs no other introduction to the local basket ball lovers. He played great ball all last season and was considered one of the best players in Massachusetts.

He is not yet in fit condition, however. If the Burkes think that they are going to have a walkover, they are gravely mistaken, for the P. A. C. are going to give them the battle of their lives. The champions, however, are not over confident and are leaving no stone unturned in the way of getting into the best possible shape for the game. Both teams are confident and are fit for the game of their lives.

The game will be refereed by that well known basket ball authority, Dr. Urban Bowers of Hudson. He has no favorites in either team and will give both an equal deal, which means that the best team will win.

MATRIMONIAL.

Mr. Timothy Vincent Wholly and Miss Elizabeth Veruenda Skeffington were united in matrimony yesterday morning at 11 o'clock at the parochial residence of St. Patrick's parish, Rev. John J. McHugh performing the matrimonial ceremony.

The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Catharine Skeffington, and the best man was Horace Flynn of Fitchburg, a cousin of the groom.

The ceremony was followed by a reception at the home of the bride's parents, 63 Mt. Grove street, where the numerous friends and relatives of the contracting parties gathered to wish them good luck and partake of the refreshments.

The young couple left on the 1.45 train for Orange, N. J., where they will reside for a short time. They will be at home to their friends at their new home on South Loring street in about two weeks.

HANSBURY—FOY.

Mr. James W. Hansbury and Miss Anna M. Foy were joined in marriage last evening at 6.30 o'clock at St. Peter's parochial residence Rev. Michael Ronan officiating. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Julia G. Foy, and Mr. Joseph Hansbury, a brother of the groom, was best man. The bride looked charming in a gray traveling dress and carried bride's roses. The bridesmaid was attired in a becoming dress of blue silk and wore white pinks.

Immediately after the marriage ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, 469 Pine street. A bountiful wedding repast was served by the D. L. Page company. Among the out-of-town guests present were Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Foy of Hillsboro Bridge, N. H., and Miss Kittie Mason of Springfield.

At about nine o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Hansbury took their departure for an extended honeymoon which will include New York and Old Point Comfort. Upon their return they will reside at 488 Fletcher street where they will be at home to their friends Thursdays in December.

MERCIER—PIGEON.

At the parochial residence of St. Jean de Baptiste church, yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, Mr. Joseph A. Mercier and Miss Ida Pigeon were united in marriage by Rev. Fr. Perron, O. M. I.

Miss Evangeline Demers was bridesmaid. The bride wore white silk muslin over silk and carried bride's roses. The bridesmaid wore a like costume and carried pink roses. Mr. Edward Mercier, nephew of the groom, was best man. A wedding supper was served from 4 to 8 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, 129 Summer street.

A reception was held in the evening and the guests were entertained with vocal and instrumental music. Among the out-of-town friends present were: Mr. Romeo Godbois of Worcester and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Smith of Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. Mercier left Lowell on a late train bound for Boston. They will also visit New York and Washington and will be at home to their friends at 3 West Eleventh street after Nov. 15.



CHARLES E. MACRUM, UNITED STATES CONSUL IN THE TRANSVAAL, TO WHOM IS INTRUSTED THE CARE OF BRITISH INTERESTS THERE DURING THE WAR.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

Only routine business was transacted at the regular meeting of Garfield colony, U. O. P. F., last night.

At the regular meeting of Oberlin lodge, I. O. O. F., last night, the first degree was conferred on three candidates.

Routine business only was transacted at the regular meeting of Lincoln lodge, I. O. O. F., last night.

There was a large attendance at the meeting of Lowell commandery Knights of Malta, last night. The Malta degree was worked on eight candidates and ten applications were received.

Only regular business was transacted last night at the regular meeting of Samuel H. Hines lodge, K. of P.

One candidate was initiated at the regular meeting of Court Samuel de Champlain, F. of A. last night.

Five candidates were initiated and six propositions received last night at the regular meeting of Star of Lowell circle, C. of F.

Elrene lodge of Good Templars recently appointed the following committee to have charge of the coming public entertainment: Hector Turnbull, Frank Kipp, Robert Smith, Charles A. L. Dane, C. F. Tilton, Jr., Thomas A. Dickson, A. W. Snow, Robert Day, Mrs. Ada E. Craigie, Mrs. Eva Johnson, Mrs. Lizzie Woodman, Misses Lucia Craigie, Jessie Frost, Etta Bernhardt and Cora Burton.

FUNERAL OF MR. LYONS.

The funeral of Mr. J. F. M. Lyons, the Boston newspaper man, who died at St. John's hospital from injuries sustained in a runaway accident, took place from his late home in Dorchester yesterday, the Boston newspaper and insurance fraternities being largely represented. Interment was in Mt. Auburn cemetery.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

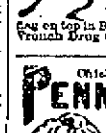


The most valuable medicine for all Stomach Ills is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It has hundreds of dangerous imitators. Be sure you get the genuine if you want to get rid of dyspepsia or any stomach ill.



Dr. Simmons, Dentist, 210 Central street. This is a good time to attend to your TEETH. If you need a tooth filled or a new set of teeth, go to the Lowell Dental Rooms. You can avoid wearing a plate if you go to The best teeth $8.00. Tooth reset on new base $5.00.

DR. MARTELE'S BOOK. "Relief for Women" Best ever in plain, sealed envelope. Write to-day for this Book, containing valuable advice and Testimonials of DR. MARTELE'S French Female Pills. Praised by thousands of satisfied ladies all over. Always reliable and without an equal. Sold by all druggists in metal box. Price $2.00. Can be had in Black, White and Red. Take no other. French Drug Co., 381 & 383 Pearl St., New York City.



Chichester's English Diamond Brand. PENNYROYAL PILLS Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, Always reliable. LADIES ask for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Sq., Phila., Pa. Sold by all Local Druggists. ☞GUARDA. Sold by Geo. C. Goodwin & Co., Boston, Mass. General Agents.

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

The Central Street Store, Centrally Located,

Offers This Week

Handsome Plaids, New Black Dress Goods, New Shades in Satin, Prunella Cloth, Poplins, Serges, Cheviots, Imperial Twill Homespuns, Camel Hair, Coverts, etc.

Your careful inspection of our very large stock of both Black and Colors in Dress Goods is earnestly solicited.

We are without question giving our customers the very best value in Black Storm Serge at 59c a yard, and Black Cheviot at 50c a yard, ever offered in Lowell.

Black Camel Hair is the coming thing for Suits or Separate Skirts. Its a little rough, very glossy handsome Black and our price is only $1.25 a yard. Boston houses get $1.50 for same goods.

If you would see our Black Storm Serge, (English goods) 54 inch wide, which we are selling at 89c a yard, you would be satisfied to buy without spending time to look elsewhere.

We've got the best line of Plaids in Lowell, (so say the ladies) the prices range from 25c to $1.50 per yard; and our line of Plaids at 49c contains the choicest styles in town. Come and see.

Our reputation of having the best line of Black Crepons, the handsomest designs and dainty patterns still holds good. Would like to show you some of the choice bargains at $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 a yard; worth 25c a yard more.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Notwithstanding the warm and rather unfavorable weather, our Basement is doing its share of business, and a little more in Blankets and Comfortables. There is good reason for it too. Prices when they are all right always draw the people.

Come to the Popular Low Price Bargain Giving House.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

CENTRAL STREET STORE.

ACKNOWLEDGED HEADQUARTERS

Bon Marché

HEADQUARTERS FOR NOTIONS, FANCY GOODS AND DRESS TRIMMINGS.

We can tell quite a story on Millinery—This store conceded "The Millinery Store." The most stupendous assortment of Hats an d Hat Trimmings ever shown in Lowell. Paris, London, New York, and Berlin latest styles are shown as fast as brough tout. Our odd little prices are quite a feature.

Dress Makers' Supplies, Dress Trimmings, Notions Fancy Goods

SMALL WARES.

Hump hook and eye, black and white, 5c card.

4-yard piece dress bottom braid, 8c piece.

Brush binding, all colors and black, 5c yard.

Cantopen hooks and eyes, black and white, 1c card.

100-yard spool silk, all colors and black, 5c spool.

Best waste silk put up in card boxes, all colors and black, 5c box.

New home linen fine thread, 3c spool.

Bone buttons, all colors, 2 dozen on card, 5c card.

Fancy black buttons, 2 dozen on card, 2c card.

Brooks' thread, 100 yards, all colors, black and white, 2c spool.

Le Bon Ton dress stays will never break, rust or push through the ends, 10c set.

Buttonhole twist, all colors and black, 12c a dozen spools.

200 yards basting cotton, 2c spool.

Velveteen binding, 4-yard pieces, a 10c quality, not all colors, 7c piece.

Dress shields, 10c pair.

Ball and socket fastener, 25c a doz.

1-2 doz. spool silk, black and white, 25c spool.

1 doz. spool silk, black and white, 40c a spool.

Button sets for backs of skirts, 25c a set.

Taffeta binding, black and colors, 12 1-2c roll.

The famous Warren Featherbone, gros grain silk, covered, all colors, black and white, 15c a yard.

NOTIONS.

10 packages hair pins, 5c.

Fancy silk elastic, all colors, 15c

Pins, full count, 2c paper.

Kingston safety pins, No. 1, for 4c dozen.

Kingston safety pins, No. 2, 6c dozen.

Pin tablet, 4 dozen on card, heads warranted not to come off, black, white and colors, 5c card.

Darning cotton, 1c card.

Cubes of pins, 5c cube.

Thimbles, all kinds, 5c.

Hair pins, assorted in box, 5 styles, all for 10c box.

Needle cases, contains crochet, darning and machine needles, also 14 hat pins, all for 15c.

Mourning pins, 2 boxes for 5c.

Morse & Kaley mending worsteds 5c ball.

Side elastics, fancy and plain black, 10c pair.

The hook-on hose supporters, with bodice, metal hook, 19c pair.

Madam Loui hair crimpers, 5c bunch.

Fine tooth combs, 5c each.

Pocket hair combs, small size, 3c each.

Large rubber and horn hair combs 10c each.

Goodyear unbreakable hair combs, 19c each.

Tooth brushes, 5c.

Curling tongs, 5c.

Hair brushes 10c.

A good bristle Hair Brush for 25c.

TYPES of FEET

There are several distinct types of feet the "Crooked" the "Straight" the "Long and Thin," the "Short and Thick," the "High Arched" the "Low Arched." Queen quality shoes furnish special shapes for these various types. That is why women find in these shoes a delightful ease in walking. Our price



$3.00

SOROSIS SHOES the new shoe for women, $3.50. New fall lasts all in. We are sole agents.

MEN'S SHOES. Still we can fit you in Men's Box Calf and Patent Leather Shoes. Box Calf, $4.00, now $2.69. Patent leather, $4.50, now $2.25.

DRESS TRIMMINGS

No question about it. We are headquarters for Dress Trimmings.

Special lots of corded and tucked all over silks in black, white and colors, at 98c, $1.48, $1.97, $2.40, and $2.98 a yard.

BRAID TRIMMINGS in all the new and fancy designs in blacks at very low prices commencing at 19c a yard and running upwards to 98c a yard.

NARROW GIMP TRIMMINGS. We make a specialty of narrow gimp trimmings in white and colors. Start the price at 5c and run up to 25c yard.

PLAIN BRAID TRIMMINGS. These are very desirable. Used extensively for skirt trimmings, all widths, 18 to 2 1-2 inches wide in black and colors. The prices talk, sell—1c yard to 39c yd.

FUR TRIMMINGS Great variety including Mink, Persian, Sable, Marten, Astrachan, Thibet, Skunk, Angora, Swanndown, Beaver, Coney, Black and Brown Bear, Lambswool, Opossum, Chinchilla and Electric Seal, etc., in various widths. A selection to suit "most anybody" at prices ranging from 25c to $2.00 per yard.

JET BELTS. Immense variety lots, cut, bodice and fancy clasp at prices from 39c to $2.00. These are very stylish in popular prices. We can scarcely meet the demand. Also the black corded silk belts, they are among the late arrivals. The price is 59c.

JET TRIMMINGS—Never any more used than now for better dresses and the spangle. All our laces and trimmings are very stylish, our line most replete. The prices a feature, 10c and almost any price as high as $5 a yard anyway.

FANCY GOODS.

All linen stamped tray cloths, 25c.

New embroidered hemstitched doylies in all shades of embroidery, size 12 x12, 25c.

A very large assortment of vellings at prices that the people like, judging from our sales. The newest thing is the large dots. Our price 25c yard.

We have a tremendous assortment of handkerchiefs. See the hand drawn all linen handkerchiefs, our special at 12 1-2c.

Initial handkerchiefs at 12 1-2c.

A regular 15c, fine embroidered handkerchief now 2 for 25c.

VERY SPECIAL! A very pretty Japanette handkerchief with neat silk initial and lace inserted corner, 5c.

Fancy tinted table covers, with fringe to match, 25c.

Art prints one lot mounted in a variety of subjects, only 6c.

Matted art prints, beautiful pictures, various subjects, 14c.

All linen stamped tray cloths 12 1-2c

Eureka knitting silk, 35c spool, for 12 1-2c.

Pretty sash buckles in jet, gilt, steel, silver, enamel, grey and fancy stone, our price 25c.

The new "ZaZa" comb, in shell our price 49c.

See the stone rings we sell at 17c.

Special sale of perfume, Rickseckers' Renaud's and Browns at 21c an ounce. Special counter front of main entrance.

STORY ABOUT CLOAKS.

Scheyer, Potts & Co.'s Stock to be placed on Sale Friday. Read Friday's Papers.

ABOUT INFANTS' WARE.

Children's Bonnets, Coats and Dresses. Special showing just now. Going fast.